

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Apr 20, 2024 – 12:41 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	8FKJ
EMDB ID	:	EMD-29250
Title	:	Yeast ATP Synthase in conformation-3, at pH 6
Authors	:	Sharma, S.; Patel, H.; Luo, M.; Mueller, D.M.; Liao, M.
Deposited on	:	2022-12-21
Resolution	:	4.20  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev92
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	${ m EM~structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	Y	166	16%	6%
2	А	507	89%	11%
2	В	507	91%	8%
2	С	507	93%	7%
3	D	473	86%	14%
3	Е	473	88%	12%
3	F	473	93%	7%
4	Κ	74	30%	8% •
4	L	74	31%	11% •

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
4	м	74	20%	
4	M	74	86%	12% •
4	Ν	74	01%	8%
			51%	0,0 -
4	0	74	95%	5%
4	D	74	50%	
4	Г	14		7% •
4	Q	74	91%	8% •
	2	_ /	30%	
4	R	74	96%	• •
4	S	74	93%	5% •
	~		39%	570 -
4	Т	74	93%	7%
5	7	155	53%	
0		100		•
6	7	171	94%	6%
-	0	00	67%	
1	6	89	94%	6%
8	U	85	92%	8%
			32%	
9	8	41	90%	10%
10	x	224	40%	
10			32%	•
11	J	37	100%	
10	0	970	15%	
	G	270	91%	6% •
13	Н	132	80%	20%
	-		37%	
14		59	86%	14%

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# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 25001 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit 5, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace	
1	Y	166	Total 817	C 485	N 166	O 166	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
9	Λ	507	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
	Л	507	2488	1474	507	507	0	0
9	В	506	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
	D	500	2483	1471	506	506	0	0
9	С	505	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
2	U	505	2478	1468	505	505	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	Л	473	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
0	D	415	2319	1373	473	473	0	0
2	F	472	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
0	Ľ	475	2319	1373	473	473	0	0
2	Б	479	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
5	Г	412	2314	1370	472	472	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit 9, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
4	R	73	Total         C         N         O           356         210         73         73	0	0
4	S	73	Total         C         N         O           356         210         73         73	0	0
4	Т	74	Total         C         N         O           360         212         74         74	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues		Atom	ıs		AltConf	Trace
4	K	73	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
	Т	15	356	210	73	73	0	0
4	1 T.	73	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
-1	Ľ	15	356	210	73	73	0	0
4	М	73	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
-1	101	10	356	210	73	73	0	0
4	Ν	73	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
-1	11	15	356	210	73	73	0	0
4	0	74	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
	U	14	360	212	74	74	0	0
4	Р	73	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
	T	10	356	210	73	73	0	0
4	0	73	Total	C	N	O	0	0
, T	Ŷ	10	356	210	73	73		U

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• Molecule 5 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit 4, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
5	Z	155	Total 772	C 462	N 155	O 155	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit d, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace	
6	7	171	Total 851	C 509	N 171	0 171	0	0

• Molecule 7 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit H, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace	
7	6	89	Total 442	C 264	N 89	O 89	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit f, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
8	U	85	Total 419	C 249	N 85	O 85	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called ATP synthase protein 8.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
9	8	41	Total 204	C 122	N 41	O 41	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit a.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
10	Х	224	Total 1104	C 656	N 224	O 224	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Х	167	PHE	ILE	conflict	UNP A0A0H3WKN0
Х	192	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP A0A0H3WKN0
Х	206	LEU	PHE	conflict	UNP A0A0H3WKN0

• Molecule 11 is a protein called ATP18 isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
11	J	37	Total 183	C 109	N 37	O 37	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit gamma.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace	
12	G	261	Total 1295	C 773	N 261	O 261	0	0

• Molecule 13 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit delta, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace	
13	Н	132	Total 652	C 388	N 132	O 132	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit epsilon, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
14	Ι	59	Total 293	C 175	N 59	O 59	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit 5, mitochondrial











• Molecule 2: ATP synthase subunit alpha



• Molecule 3: ATP synthase subunit beta



• Molecule 3: ATP synthase subunit beta

















#### • Molecule 9: ATP synthase protein 8





14%



• Molecule 14: ATP synthase subunit epsilon, mitochondrial

37%

••	<b>** *</b>	*******	• ••••••
S1 A2 W3	R4 K5 A6 G7	L25 K26 K26 F28 E28 C29 C30 C30 C33 S33 S33 S33 S33 S33 C35 L35 L35 L35 L35 C135 C135 C135 C135 C135 C135 C135 C1	q39 A42 F43 T44 T44 q46 q46 q46 q46 q46 q46 q46 q46 q55 a53 a53 a53 a53 a53 a53 a53 a53 a53 a

86%



# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	15189	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	52	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.138	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.079	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.007	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.034	Depositor
Map size (Å)	320.0, 320.0, 320.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0, 1.0, 1.0	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Ullalli	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	Y	0.25	0/816	0.41	0/1133	
2	А	0.27	0/2487	0.45	0/3452	
2	В	0.27	0/2482	0.47	0/3445	
2	С	0.28	0/2477	0.47	0/3438	
3	D	0.30	0/2318	0.47	0/3216	
3	Е	0.27	0/2318	0.46	0/3216	
3	F	0.27	0/2313	0.44	0/3209	
4	Κ	0.25	0/355	0.39	0/490	
4	L	0.24	0/355	0.40	0/490	
4	М	0.24	0/355	0.38	0/490	
4	Ν	0.24	0/355	0.37	0/490	
4	0	0.24	0/359	0.36	0/495	
4	Р	0.24	0/355	0.38	0/490	
4	Q	0.25	0/355	0.40	0/490	
4	R	0.24	0/355	0.40	0/490	
4	S	0.24	0/355	0.39	0/490	
4	Т	0.24	0/359	0.43	0/495	
5	Ζ	0.23	0/771	0.34	0/1076	
6	7	0.24	0/850	0.38	0/1186	
7	6	0.25	0/441	0.45	0/614	
8	U	0.26	0/418	0.42	0/580	
9	8	0.23	0/203	0.37	0/282	
10	Х	0.24	0/1103	0.42	0/1533	
11	J	0.25	0/182	0.39	0/252	
12	G	0.25	0/1293	0.41	0/1801	
13	Н	0.25	0/651	0.48	0/905	
14	Ι	0.23	0/292	0.42	0/406	
All	All	0.26	0/24973	0.44	0/34654	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.



There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	${ m H}({ m model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Y	817	0	379	5	0
2	А	2488	0	1190	31	0
2	В	2483	0	1188	22	0
2	С	2478	0	1183	21	0
3	D	2319	0	1103	36	0
3	Е	2319	0	1103	32	0
3	F	2314	0	1101	18	0
4	K	356	0	182	5	0
4	L	356	0	182	8	0
4	М	356	0	182	10	0
4	N	356	0	182	7	0
4	0	360	0	185	4	0
4	Р	356	0	182	4	0
4	Q	356	0	182	5	0
4	R	356	0	182	2	0
4	S	356	0	182	4	0
4	Т	360	0	185	6	0
5	Ζ	772	0	352	1	0
6	7	851	0	373	5	0
7	6	442	0	193	3	0
8	U	419	0	204	4	0
9	8	204	0	81	2	0
10	Х	1104	0	501	5	0
11	J	183	0	90	0	0
12	G	1295	0	602	10	0
13	Н	652	0	304	17	0
14	Ι	293	0	153	5	0
All	All	25001	0	11926	245	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 245 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:207:ALA:HB3	2:A:236:ALA:H	1.42	0.85
12:G:128:LEU:HA	14:I:46:GLN:HA	1.58	0.84
4:M:21:GLY:HA3	4:N:20:LEU:HA	1.65	0.79
12:G:231:SER:O	12:G:235:ASN:N	2.17	0.78
3:E:253:LEU:O	3:E:307:VAL:N	2.19	0.76

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	Y	164/166~(99%)	143 (87%)	21~(13%)	0	100	100
2	А	505/507~(100%)	440 (87%)	63~(12%)	2 (0%)	34	72
2	В	504/507~(99%)	442 (88%)	61~(12%)	1 (0%)	47	80
2	С	503/507~(99%)	437 (87%)	66~(13%)	0	100	100
3	D	471/473~(100%)	413 (88%)	58~(12%)	0	100	100
3	Е	471/473~(100%)	419 (89%)	52 (11%)	0	100	100
3	F	470/473~(99%)	433 (92%)	37~(8%)	0	100	100
4	K	71/74~(96%)	70 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	L	71/74~(96%)	69~(97%)	2(3%)	0	100	100
4	М	71/74~(96%)	67 (94%)	4 (6%)	0	100	100
4	Ν	71/74~(96%)	70~(99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	Ο	72/74~(97%)	70 (97%)	2(3%)	0	100	100
4	Р	71/74~(96%)	71 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	Q	71/74~(96%)	70 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	R	$\overline{71/74} \ (96\%)$	68 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
4	S	$7\overline{1}/74~(96\%)$	71 (100%)	0	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
4	Т	72/74~(97%)	71~(99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
5	Z	153/155~(99%)	150 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
6	7	169/171~(99%)	155~(92%)	13 (8%)	1 (1%)	25	64
7	6	87/89~(98%)	79~(91%)	8 (9%)	0	100	100
8	U	83/85~(98%)	67 (81%)	14 (17%)	2 (2%)	6	36
9	8	39/41~(95%)	34 (87%)	5 (13%)	0	100	100
10	Х	222/224~(99%)	192 (86%)	30 (14%)	0	100	100
11	J	35/37~(95%)	32 (91%)	3 (9%)	0	100	100
12	G	257/270~(95%)	236 (92%)	21 (8%)	0	100	100
13	Н	130/132~(98%)	106 (82%)	24 (18%)	0	100	100
14	Ι	57/59~(97%)	51 (90%)	6 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	5032/5109~(98%)	4526 (90%)	500 (10%)	6 (0%)	54	85

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5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
8	U	47	ARG
2	В	440	THR
8	U	40	PRO
2	А	365	PRO
6	7	80	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-29250. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

# 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



## 6.2 Central slices (i)

### 6.2.1 Primary map









Z Index: 160

#### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160

Y Index: 160

Z Index: 160

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

#### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 166





Z Index: 212

#### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 166

Y Index: 147



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



### 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.034. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

#### 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

# 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 278  $\rm nm^3;$  this corresponds to an approximate mass of 251 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.238  ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.238  $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$ 



### 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

$\begin{bmatrix} Bosolution ostimato (Å) \end{bmatrix}$	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	4.20	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-	
Unmasked-calculated*	7.25	10.03	7.55	

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 7.25 differs from the reported value 4.2 by more than 10 %



# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-29250 and PDB model 8FKJ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

# 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.034 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.034).



### 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 75% of all backbone atoms, 71% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



1.0

0.0 <0.0

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.034) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7130	0.3210
6	0.3120	0.1930
7	0.4100	0.2180
8	0.6570	0.2450
А	0.7990	0.3600
В	0.7710	0.3760
С	0.8750	0.4100
D	0.8100	0.3830
Ε	0.6330	0.3230
F	0.8860	0.4260
G	0.7690	0.2550
Н	0.6930	0.2500
Ι	0.5940	0.2170
J	0.6340	0.2210
K	0.6630	0.2020
L	0.6630	0.2320
М	0.7360	0.2400
Ν	0.7360	0.2550
0	0.4830	0.2140
Р	0.5030	0.2310
Q	0.7580	0.3050
R	0.6660	0.2850
S	0.4490	0.1980
Т	0.5920	0.2060
U	0.4100	0.1820
Х	0.5680	0.2550
Y	0.7530	0.3370
Z	0.4730	0.2110

