



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 13, 2023 – 03:38 PM EST

PDB ID : 8FCP
EMDB ID : EMD-28989
Title : Cryo-EM structure of p97:UBXD1 para state
Authors : Braxton, J.R.; Tucker, M.R.; Tse, E.; Southworth, D.R.
Deposited on : 2022-12-01
Resolution : 3.52 Å (reported)

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We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

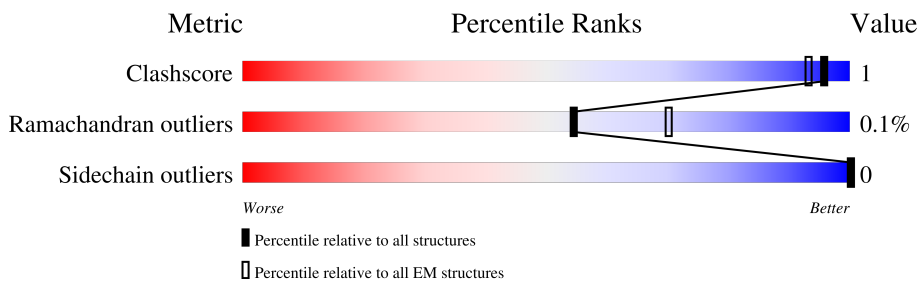
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.52 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	806	
1	B	806	
1	C	806	
1	D	806	
1	E	806	
1	F	806	
2	G	441	
2	H	441	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 39494 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	E	721	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5640	3551	990	1069	30		
1	D	721	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5640	3551	990	1069	30		
1	C	712	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5565	3499	979	1058	29		
1	B	721	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5640	3551	990	1069	30		
1	A	721	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5640	3551	990	1069	30		
1	F	712	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5565	3499	979	1058	29		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called UBX domain-containing protein 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	H	341	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2740	1736	477	518	9		
2	G	341	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2740	1736	477	518	9		

- Molecule 3 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

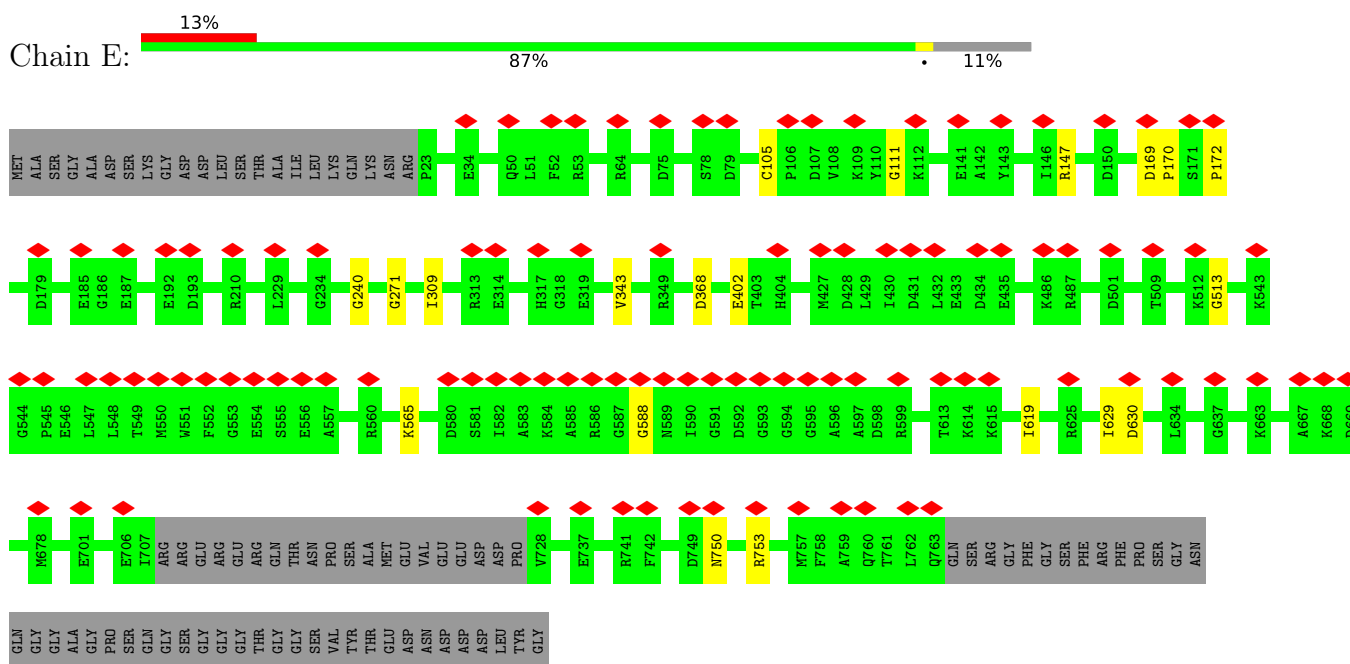


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
3	E	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	E	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	F	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
3	F	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	

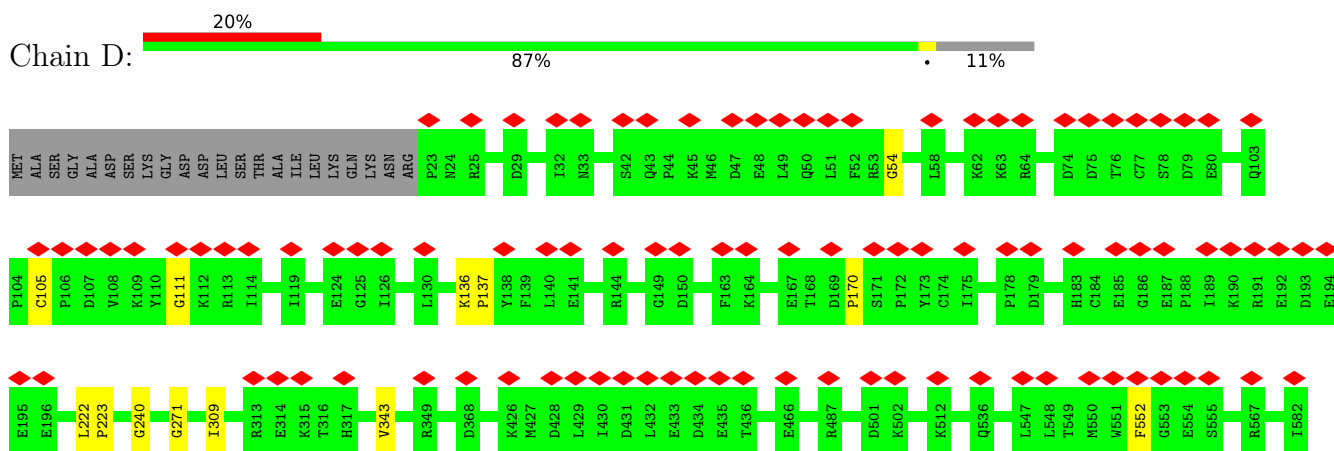
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

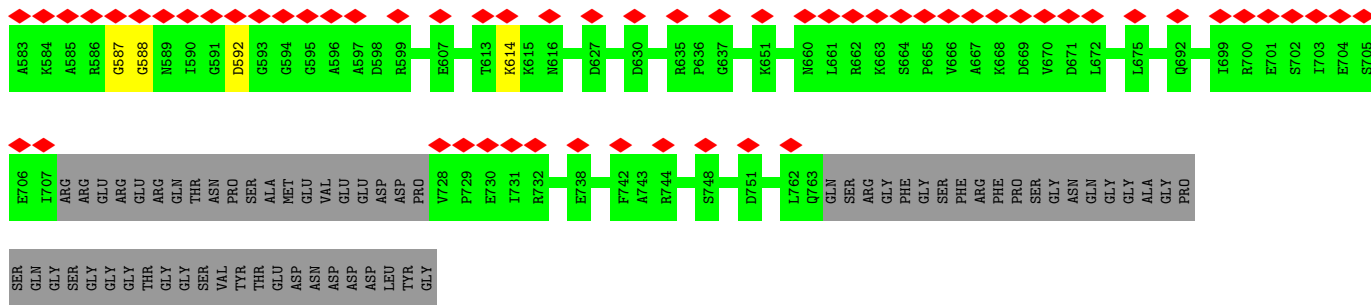
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase

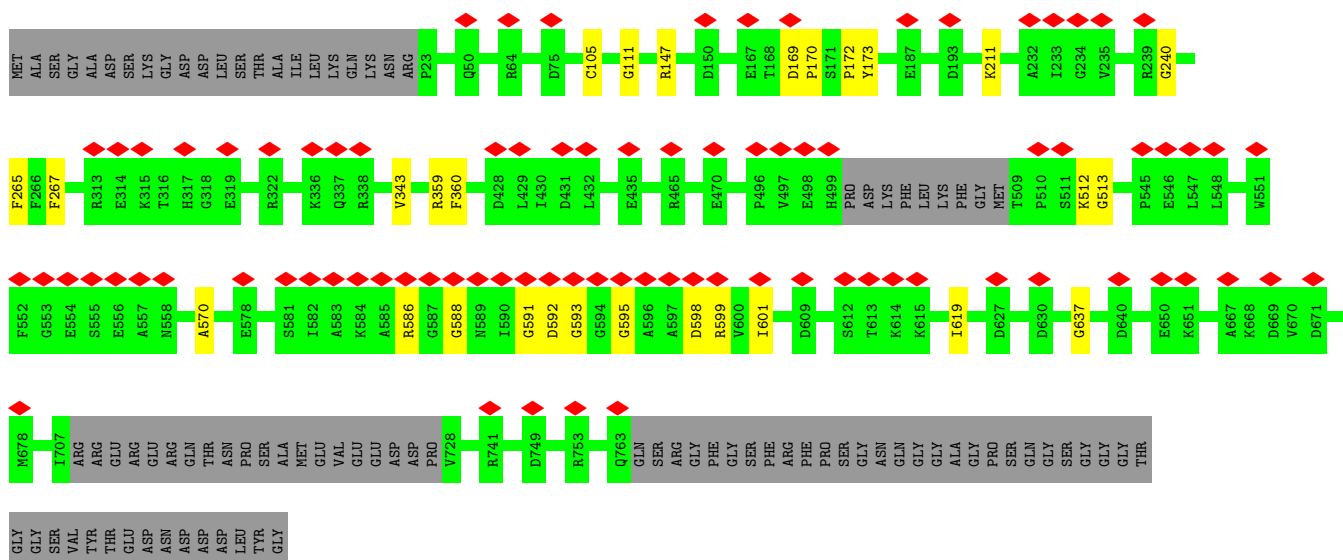
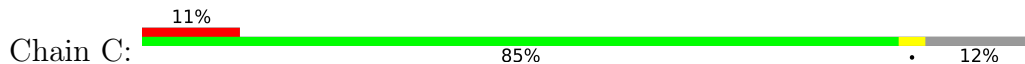


- Molecule 1: Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase

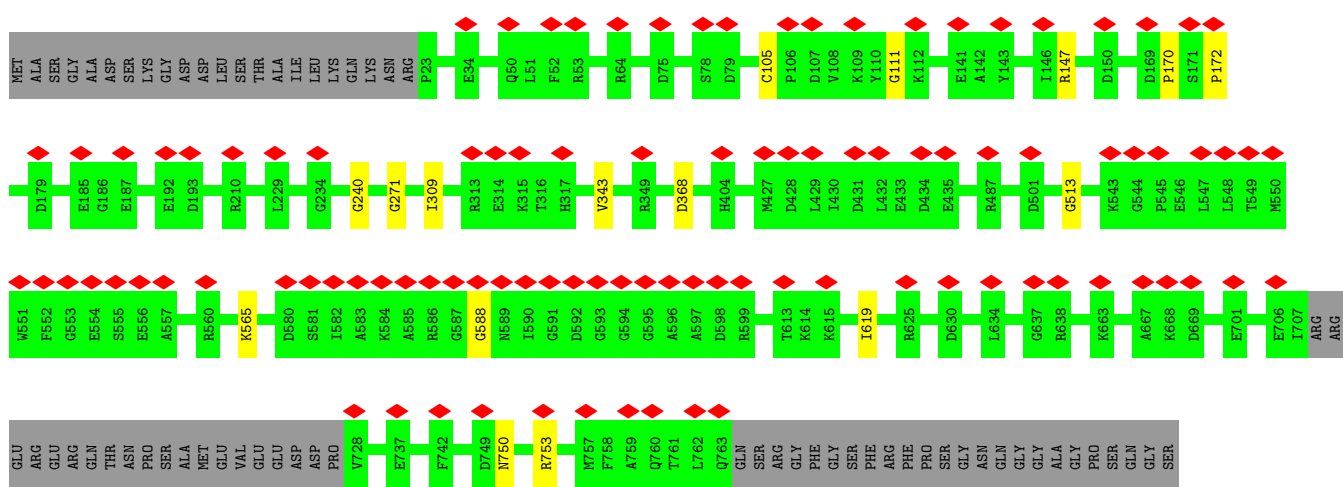
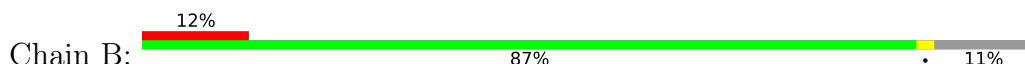




• Molecule 1: Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase



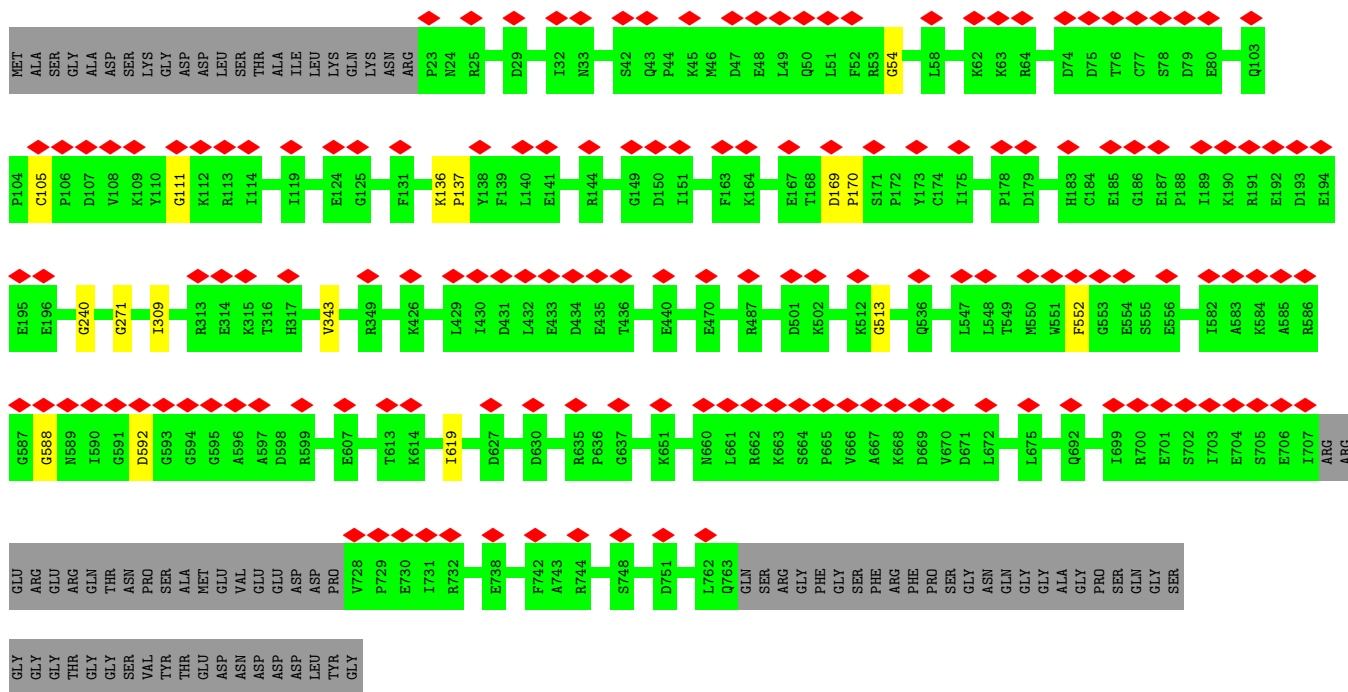
• Molecule 1: Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase



GLY
GLY
GLY
THR
GLY
GLY
SER
VAL
TYR
THR
GLU
ASP
LEU
SER
ASN
ASP
ASP
ASP
TYR
LEU
TYR
GLY

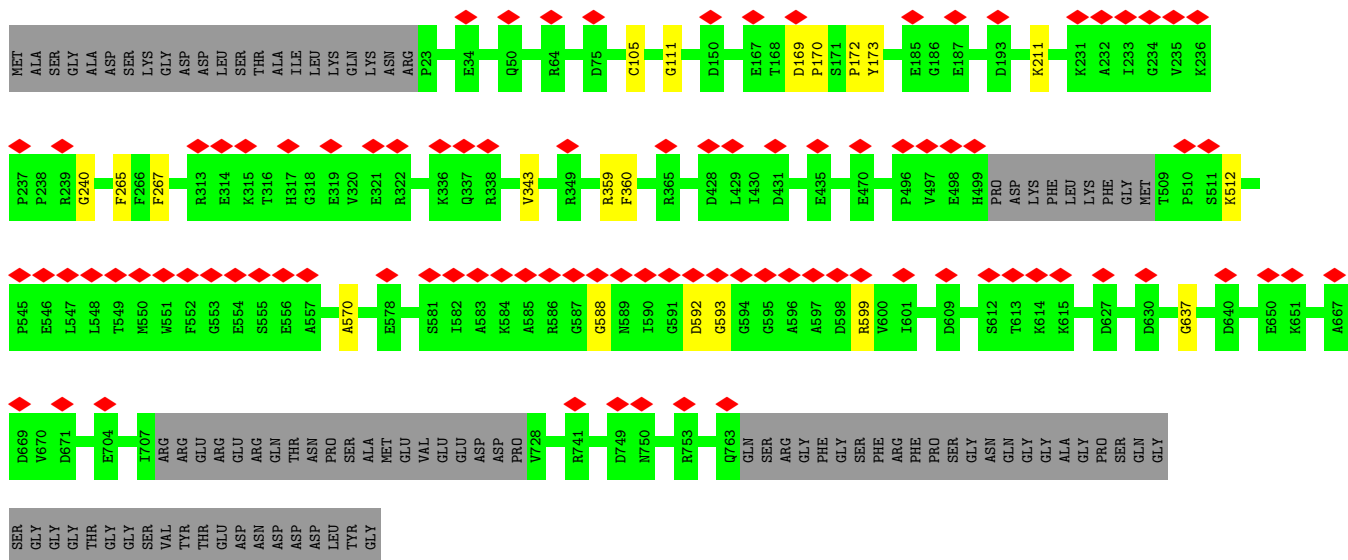
- Molecule 1: Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase

Chain A: 19% 87% 11%

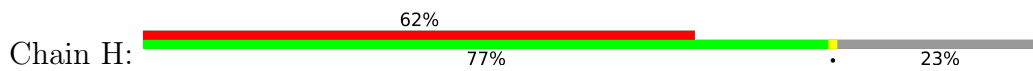


- Molecule 1: Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase

Chain F: 12% 86% 12%

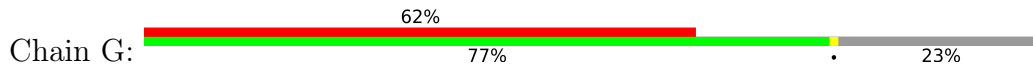


- Molecule 2: UBX domain-containing protein 6

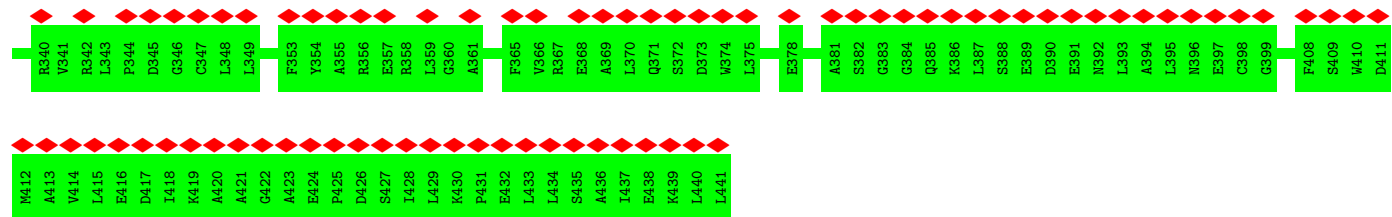


MET	LYS	LYS	PHE	PHE	GLN	GLU	PHE	LYS	ALA	ASP	ILE	LYS	PHE	LYS	SER	SER	ALA	GLN	GLY	PRO	THR	ASP	GLY	PRO	GLN	LEU	LEU	LYS	GLU	GLY	VAL	LYS	SER	ARG	T49	N50	E51	A52	Q53	A56	A57	A58	A59	L60	A61																	
R62	L63	E64	Q65	K66	Q67	S68	ALA	ALA	TRP	GLY	THR	LYS	THR	GLN	ALA	ASP	THR	ILE	LEU	ASN	LEU	VAL	ARG	LYS	GLU	GLY	LEU	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	V121															
Y122	F123	T124	C125	P126	L127	T128	G129	A130	A130	T131	L132	R133	K134	D135	Q136	R137	I138	D138	LYS	ASN	GLN	VAL	ARG	LYS	GLU	LEU	VAL	THR	H148	F149	S150	T151	D152	P153	V154	A155	A156	S157	I158	M159	K160	I161	Y162	T163	F164	N165	K166	D167	Q168	D169	R170	V171	K172	L173	G174	V175	D176	T177	I178	A179	K180	Y181
L182	D183	N184	I185	H186	L187	H188	P189	E190	A190	E191	E192	K193	Y194	R195	K196	I197	K198	L199	Q200	N201	K202	V203	F204	Q205	E206	R207	I208	N209	C210	L211	E212	G213	Q213	T214	H215	E216	F217	F218	E219	A220	I221	G222	F223	Q224	K225	V226	L227	L228	P229	A230	Q231	D232	Q233	E234	D235	P236	E237	E238	F239	Y240	V241	
L242	S243	E244	T245	T246	L247	A248	Q249	P250	Q251	Q251	S252	L253	E254	R255	H256	K257	E258	L259	Q259	L260	L261	A262	E264	P265	V266	R267	A268	K269	L270	D271	R272	Q273	R274	R275	Q278	P279	S280	P281	A283	Q285	F286	E287	L288	R323	E324	K325	E326	E327	Q328	R329	G330	L331	R332	K333	Y334	N335						
R340	V341	R342	L343	P344	D345	G346	C347	L348	L349	F353	Y354	A355	H356	K357	R358	L359	G360	A361	F365	V366	R367	A369	Q371	S372	D373	W374	L375	E378	A381	S382	G383	G384	Q385	K386	L387	S388	E389	D390	N391	N392	L393	A394	L395	N396	E397	C398	G399	F408	S409	W410	D411											
M412	A413	V414	L415	L416	D417	I418	K419	A420	A421	G422	A423	E424	P425	D426	S427	I428	L429	K430	P431	L432	E433	L434	S435	A436	I437	E438	K439	L440	L441																																	

• Molecule 2: UBX domain-containing protein 6



MET	LYS	LYS	PHE	PHE	GLN	GLU	PHE	LYS	ALA	ASP	ILE	LYS	PHE	LYS	SER	SER	ALA	GLN	GLY	PRO	THR	ASP	GLY	PRO	GLN	LEU	LEU	LYS	GLU	SER	ARG	T49	N50	E51	A52	Q53	A56	A57	A58	A59	L60	A61																				
R62	L63	E64	Q65	K66	Q67	S68	ALA	ALA	TRP	GLY	THR	LYS	THR	GLN	ALA	ASP	THR	ILE	LEU	ASN	LEU	VAL	ARG	LYS	GLU	LEU	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	V121									
Y122	F123	T124	C125	P126	L127	T128	G129	A130	A130	T131	L132	R133	K134	D135	Q136	R137	I138	D138	LYS	ASN	GLN	VAL	ARG	LYS	GLU	LEU	VAL	THR	H148	F149	S150	T151	D152	P153	V154	A155	A156	S157	I158	M159	K160	I161	Y162	T163	F164	N165	K166	D167	Q168	D169	R170	V171	K172	L173	G174	V175	D176	T177	I178	A179	K180	Y181
L182	D183	N184	I185	H186	L187	H188	P189	E190	A190	E191	E192	K193	Y194	R195	K196	I197	K198	L199	Q200	N201	K202	V203	F204	Q205	E206	R207	I208	N209	C210	L211	E212	G213	Q213	T214	H215	E216	F217	F218	E219	A220	I221	G222	F223	Q224	K225	V226	L227	L228	P229	A230	Q231	D232	Q233	E234	D235	P236	E237	E238	F239	Y240	V241	
L242	S243	E244	T245	T246	L247	A248	Q249	P250	Q251	Q251	S252	L253	E254	R255	H256	K257	E258	L259	Q259	L260	L261	A262	E264	P265	V266	R267	A268	K269	L270	D271	R272	Q273	R274	R275	Q278	P279	S280	P281	A283	Q285	F286	E287	L288	R323	E324	K325	E326	E327	Q328	R329	G330	L331	R332	K333	Y334	N335						
R340	V341	R342	L343	P344	D345	G346	C347	L348	L349	F353	Y354	A355	H356	K357	R358	L359	G360	A361	F365	V366	R367	A369	Q371	S372	D373	W374	L375	E378	A381	S382	G383	G384	Q385	K386	L387	S388	E389	D390	N391	N392	L393	A394	L395	N396	E397	C398	G399	F408	S409	W410	D411											



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C2	Depositor
Number of particles used	45628	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	43	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1800	Depositor
Magnification	59952	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.766	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.999	Depositor
Average map value	-0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.056	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.3	Depositor
Map size (Å)	333.6, 333.6, 333.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.834, 0.834, 0.834	Depositor

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.77	0/5732	0.48	0/7741
1	B	0.77	0/5732	0.46	0/7741
1	C	0.77	0/5653	0.47	0/7635
1	D	0.77	0/5732	0.48	0/7741
1	E	0.77	0/5732	0.46	0/7741
1	F	0.77	0/5653	0.47	0/7635
2	G	0.80	0/2787	0.60	0/3758
2	H	0.80	0/2787	0.60	0/3758
All	All	0.77	0/39808	0.49	0/53750

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts i

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5640	0	5713	10	0
1	B	5640	0	5713	8	0
1	C	5565	0	5634	19	0
1	D	5640	0	5713	11	0
1	E	5640	0	5713	12	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	F	5565	0	5634	13	0
2	G	2740	0	2760	2	0
2	H	2740	0	2760	2	0
3	A	54	0	24	0	0
3	B	54	0	24	0	0
3	C	54	0	24	0	0
3	D	54	0	24	0	0
3	E	54	0	24	0	0
3	F	54	0	24	0	0
All	All	39494	0	39784	69	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 69 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:240:GLY:HA2	1:A:343:VAL:O	1.84	0.76
1:D:240:GLY:HA2	1:D:343:VAL:O	1.86	0.75
1:E:240:GLY:HA2	1:E:343:VAL:O	1.90	0.71
1:B:240:GLY:HA2	1:B:343:VAL:O	1.92	0.70
1:F:240:GLY:HA2	1:F:343:VAL:O	1.94	0.68

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	717/806 (89%)	701 (98%)	15 (2%)	1 (0%)	51 84
1	B	717/806 (89%)	701 (98%)	15 (2%)	1 (0%)	51 84

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	706/806 (88%)	694 (98%)	11 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	84
1	D	717/806 (89%)	698 (97%)	18 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	84
1	E	717/806 (89%)	700 (98%)	16 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	84
1	F	706/806 (88%)	693 (98%)	12 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	84
2	G	337/441 (76%)	337 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	H	337/441 (76%)	337 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	4954/5718 (87%)	4861 (98%)	87 (2%)	6 (0%)	54	84

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	588	GLY
1	A	588	GLY
1	F	588	GLY
1	C	588	GLY
1	E	588	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	613/678 (90%)	613 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	613/678 (90%)	613 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	605/678 (89%)	605 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	613/678 (90%)	613 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	613/678 (90%)	613 (100%)	0	100	100
1	F	605/678 (89%)	605 (100%)	0	100	100
2	G	293/374 (78%)	293 (100%)	0	100	100
2	H	293/374 (78%)	293 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	4248/4816 (88%)	4248 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ADP	B	901	-	24,29,29	0.68	0	29,45,45	0.69	1 (3%)
3	ADP	C	901	-	24,29,29	0.68	0	29,45,45	0.70	1 (3%)
3	ADP	D	901	-	24,29,29	0.72	1 (4%)	29,45,45	0.70	1 (3%)
3	ADP	F	901	-	24,29,29	0.68	0	29,45,45	0.69	1 (3%)
3	ADP	D	902	-	24,29,29	0.93	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.48	4 (13%)
3	ADP	B	902	-	24,29,29	0.93	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.49	4 (13%)
3	ADP	A	901	-	24,29,29	0.72	0	29,45,45	0.69	1 (3%)
3	ADP	A	902	-	24,29,29	0.93	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.47	4 (13%)
3	ADP	E	902	-	24,29,29	0.95	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.49	4 (13%)
3	ADP	E	901	-	24,29,29	0.69	0	29,45,45	0.69	1 (3%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ADP	F	902	-	24,29,29	0.93	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.47	4 (13%)
3	ADP	C	902	-	24,29,29	0.94	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.48	4 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ADP	B	901	-	-	5/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	C	901	-	-	7/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	D	901	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	F	901	-	-	7/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	D	902	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	B	902	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	A	901	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	A	902	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	E	902	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	E	901	-	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	F	902	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	C	902	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	B	902	ADP	C5-C4	2.47	1.47	1.40
3	E	902	ADP	C5-C4	2.42	1.47	1.40
3	C	902	ADP	C5-C4	2.39	1.47	1.40
3	D	902	ADP	C5-C4	2.37	1.47	1.40
3	A	902	ADP	C5-C4	2.37	1.47	1.40

The worst 5 of 30 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	D	902	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.69	106.53	100.98
3	B	902	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.68	106.52	100.98
3	C	902	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.68	106.52	100.98
3	A	902	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.67	106.50	100.98
3	E	902	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.66	106.49	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.

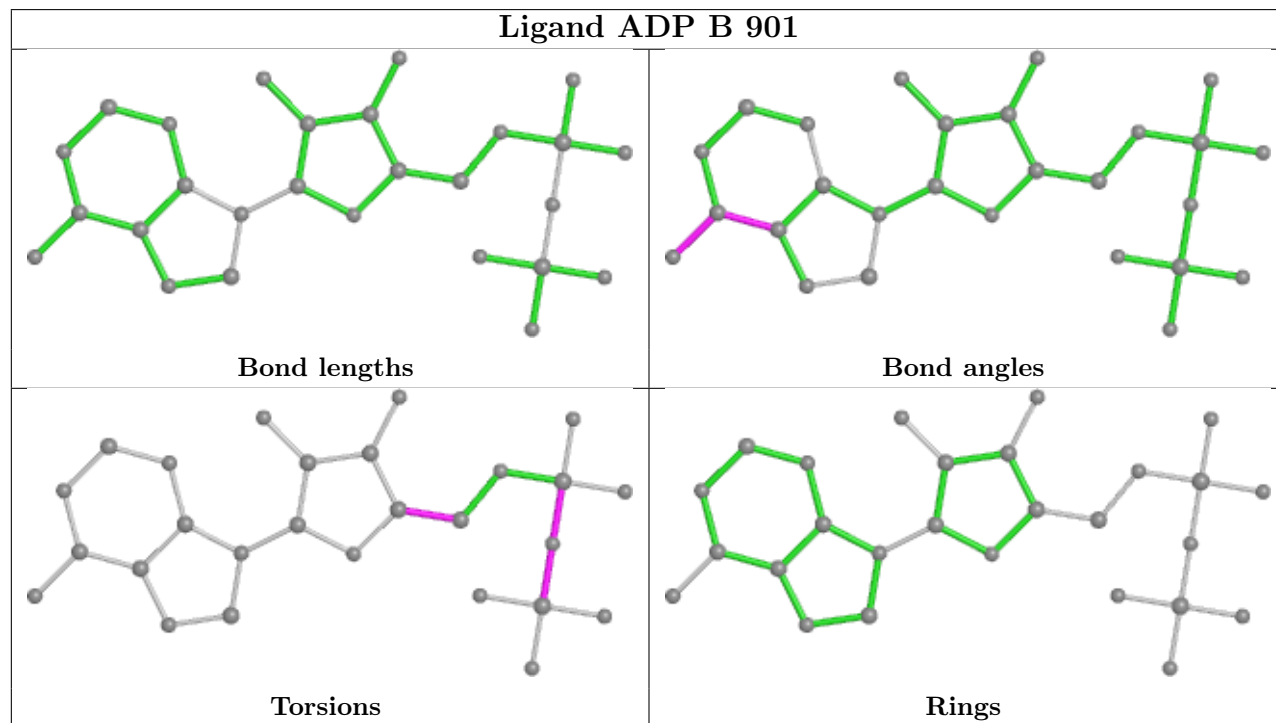
5 of 33 torsion outliers are listed below:

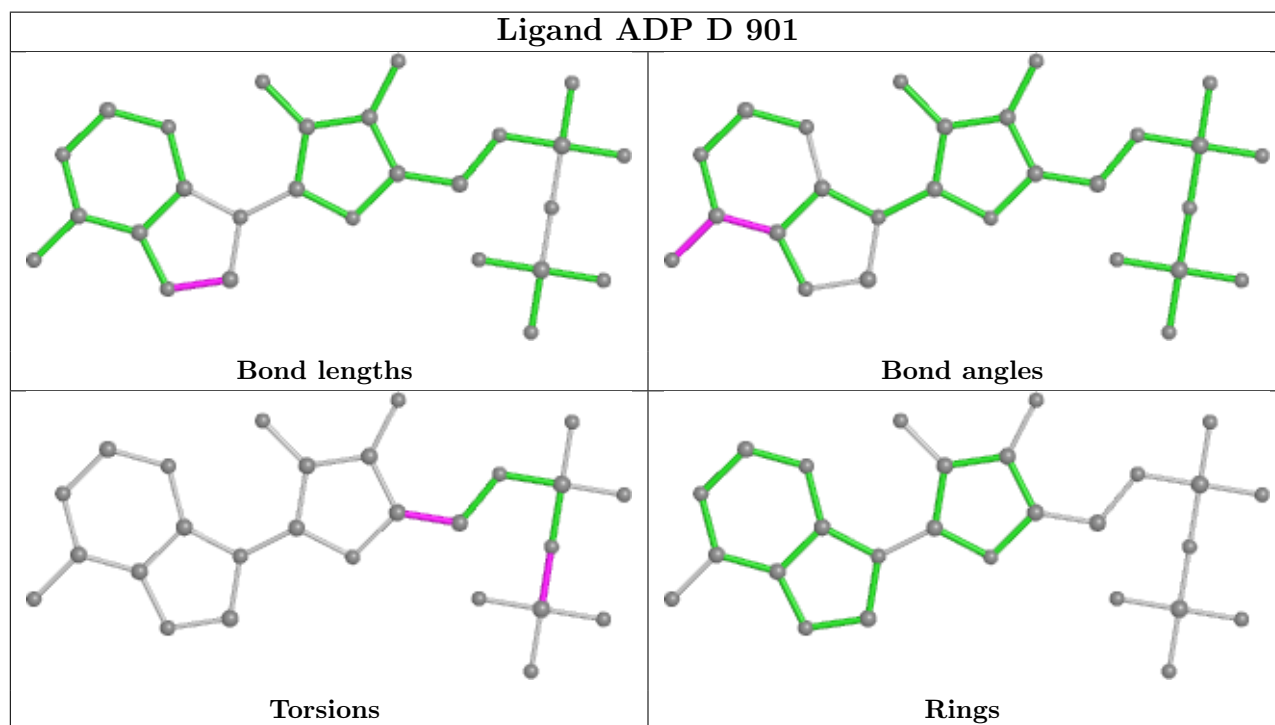
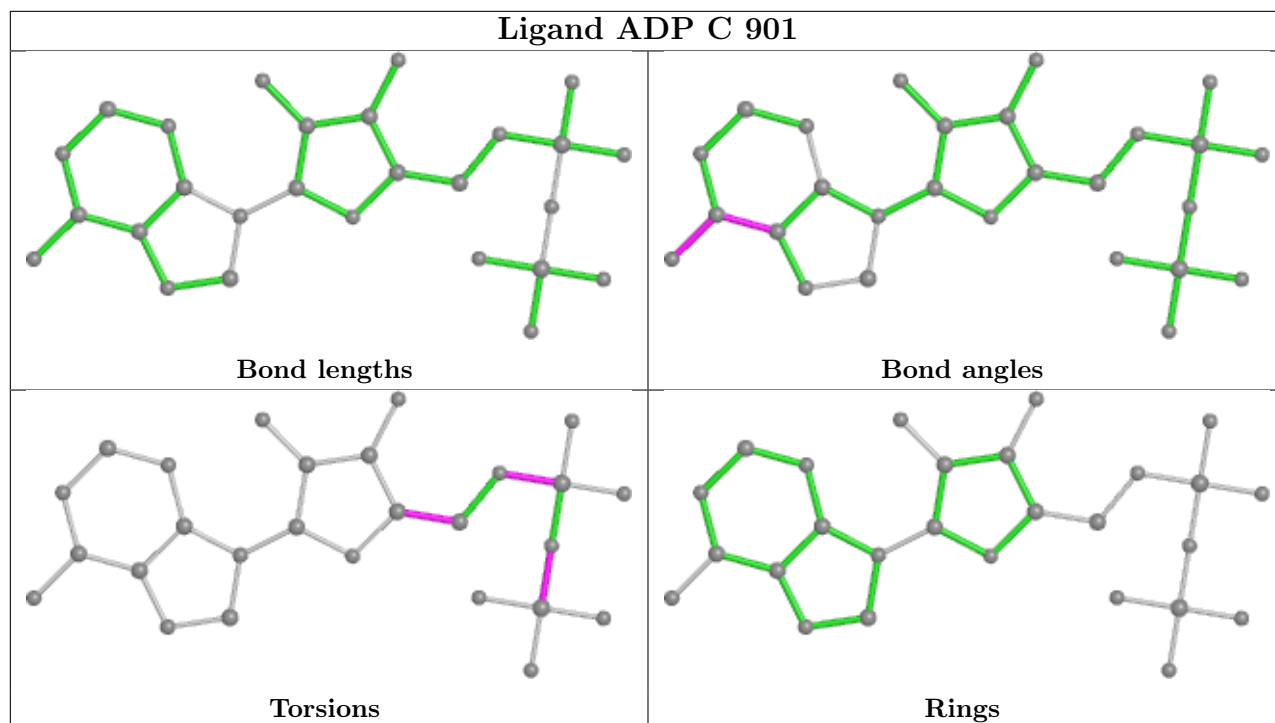
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	E	901	ADP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
3	C	901	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
3	C	901	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
3	C	901	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	C	901	ADP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'

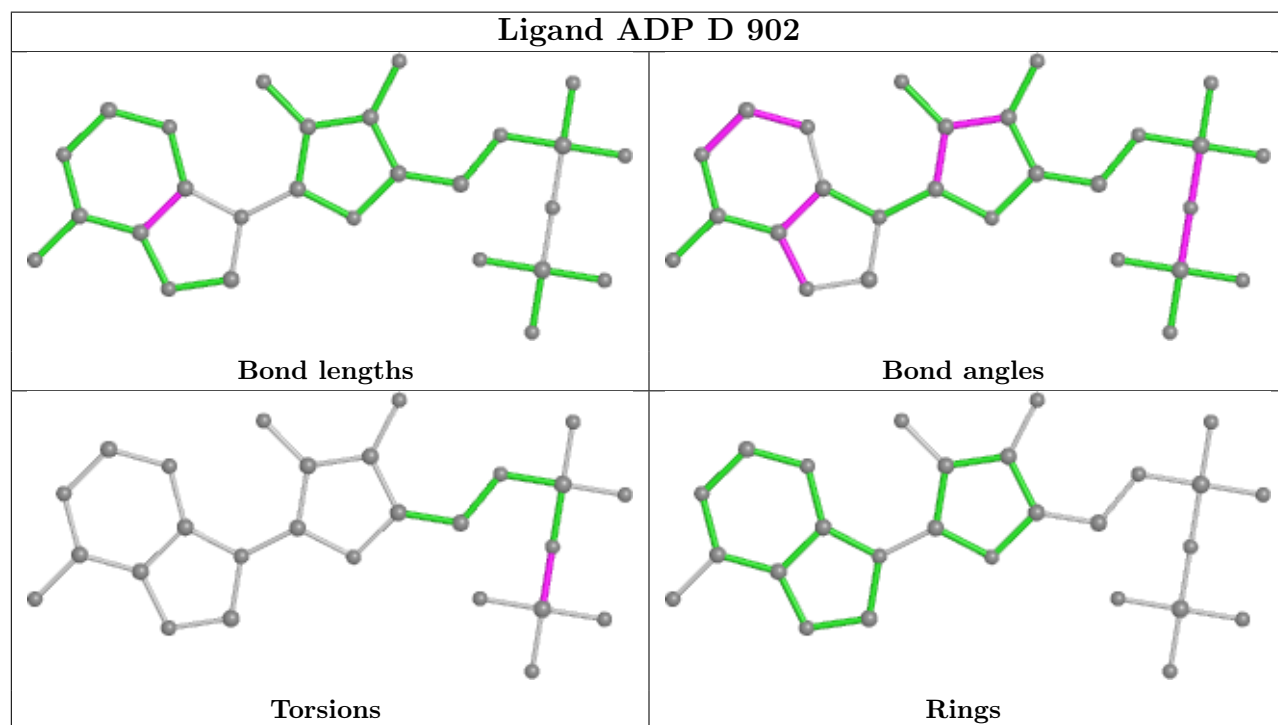
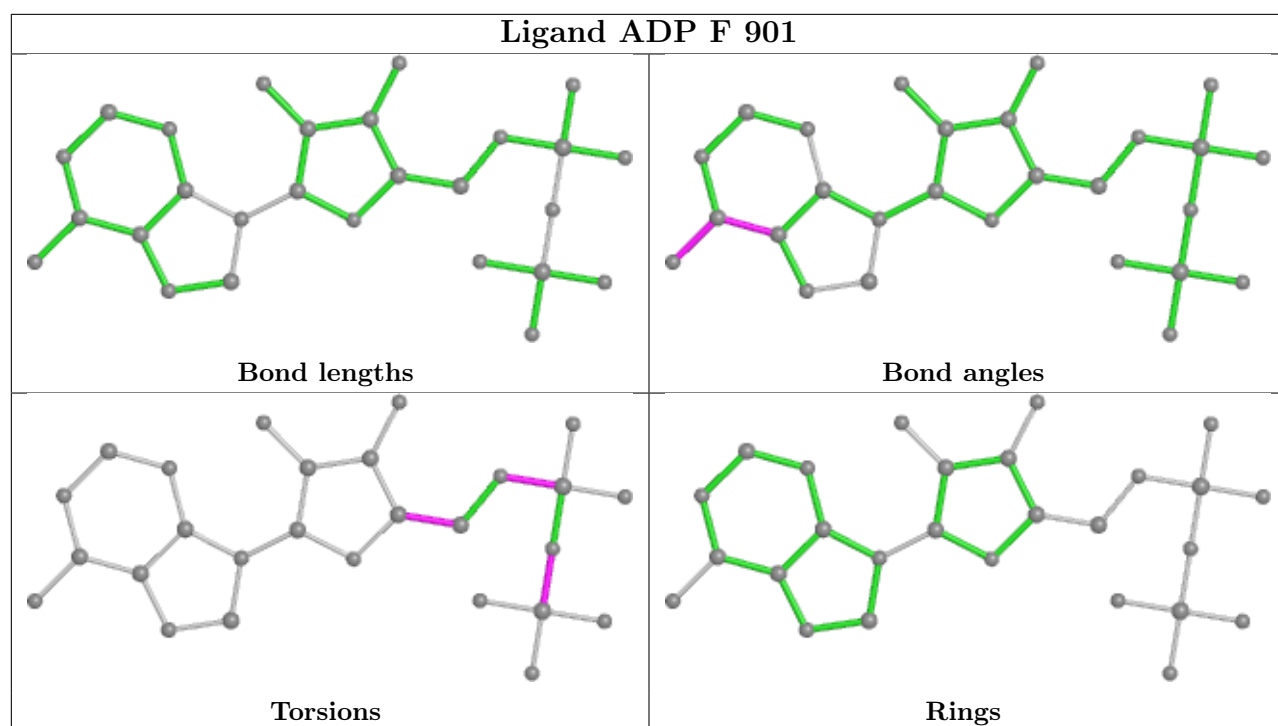
There are no ring outliers.

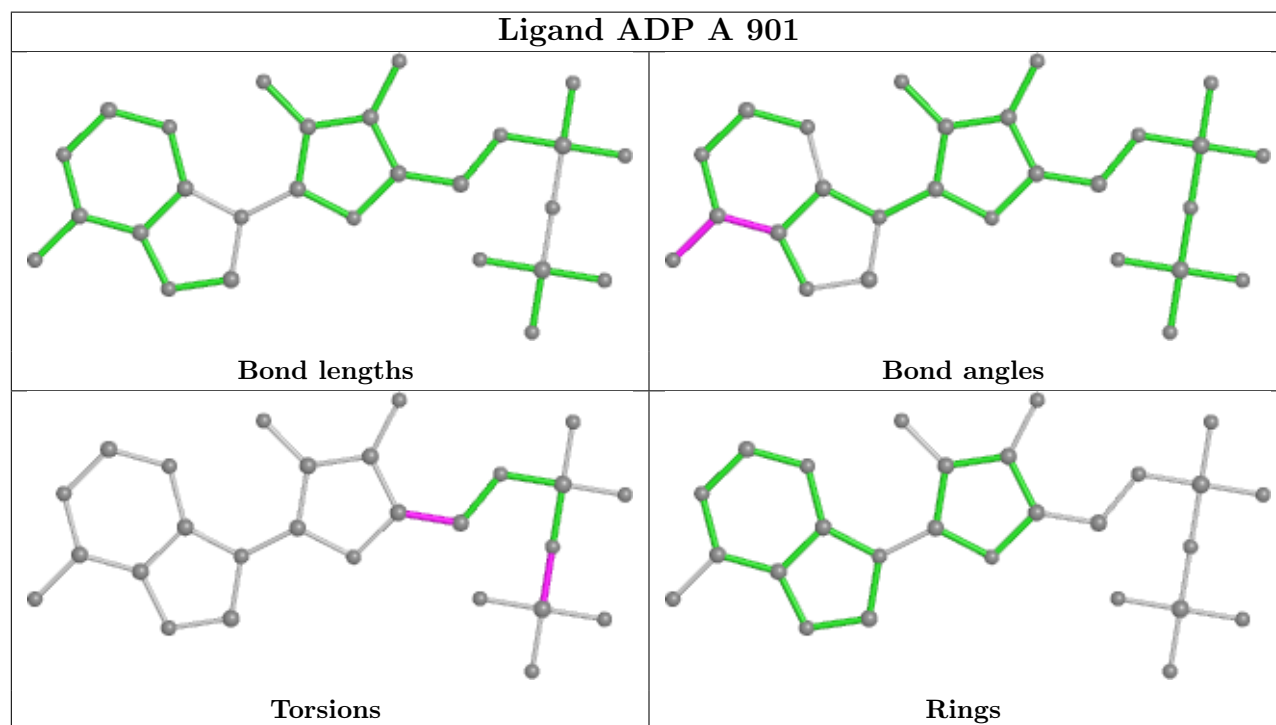
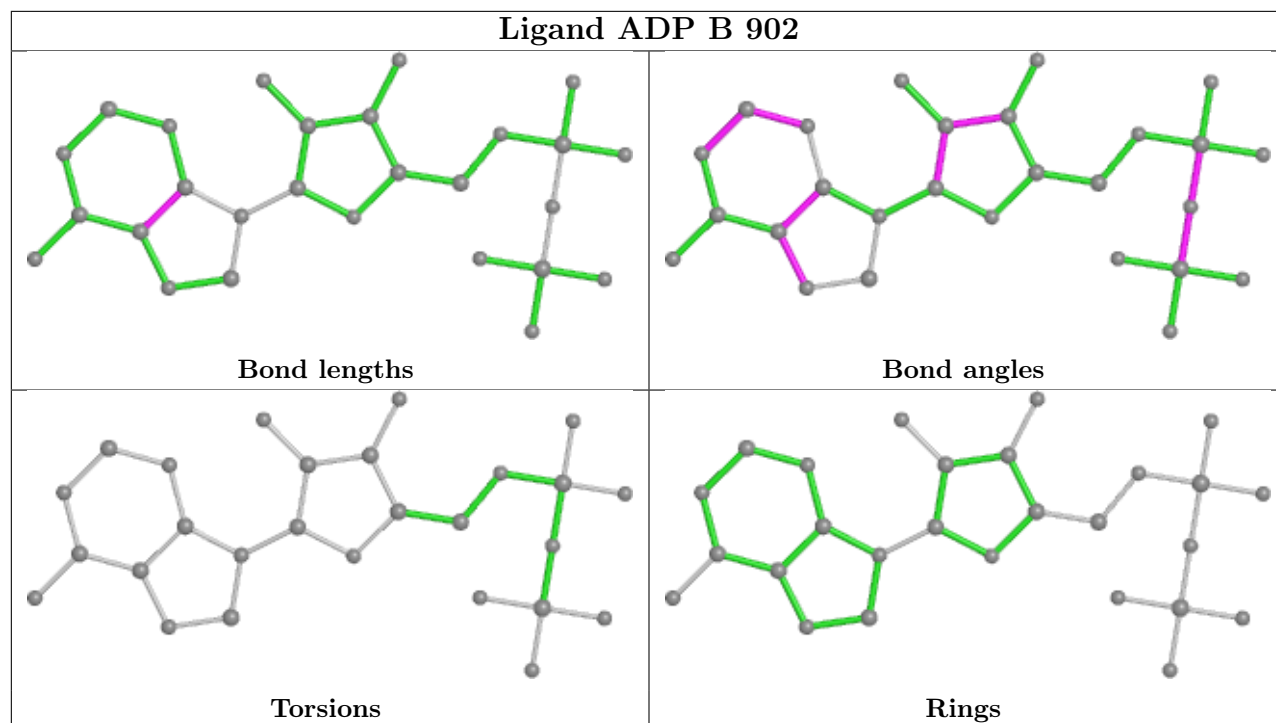
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

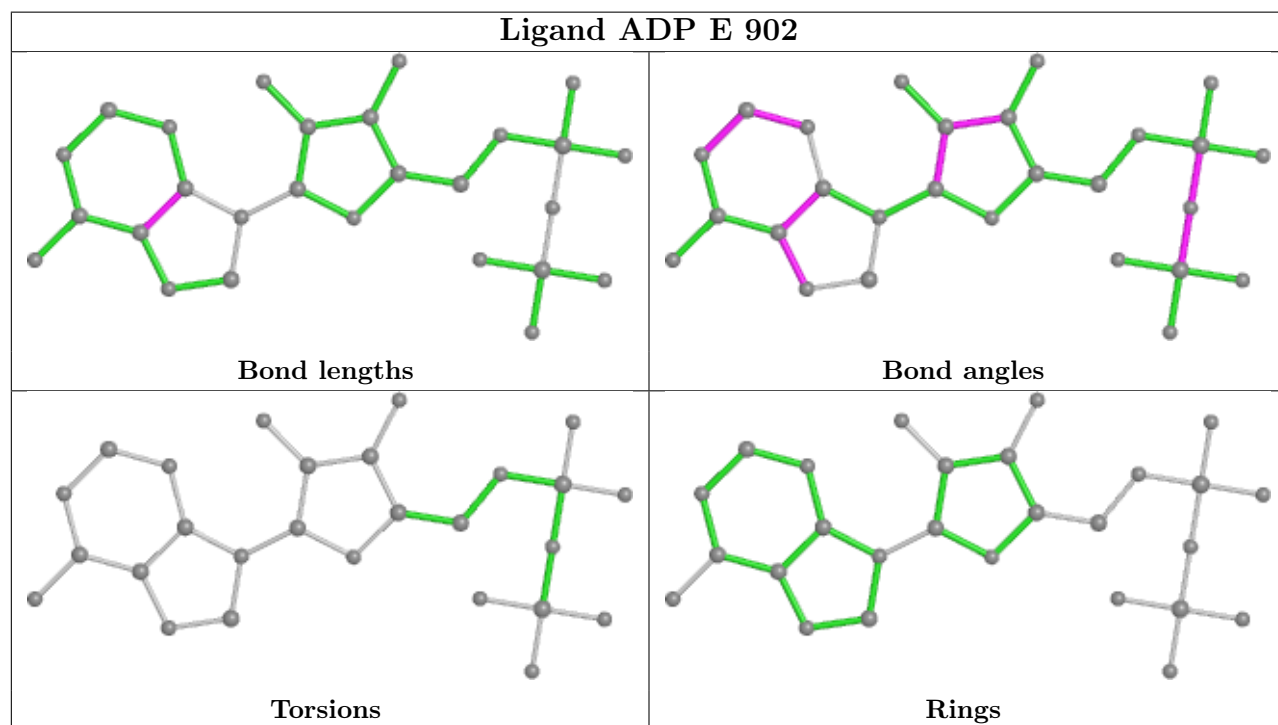
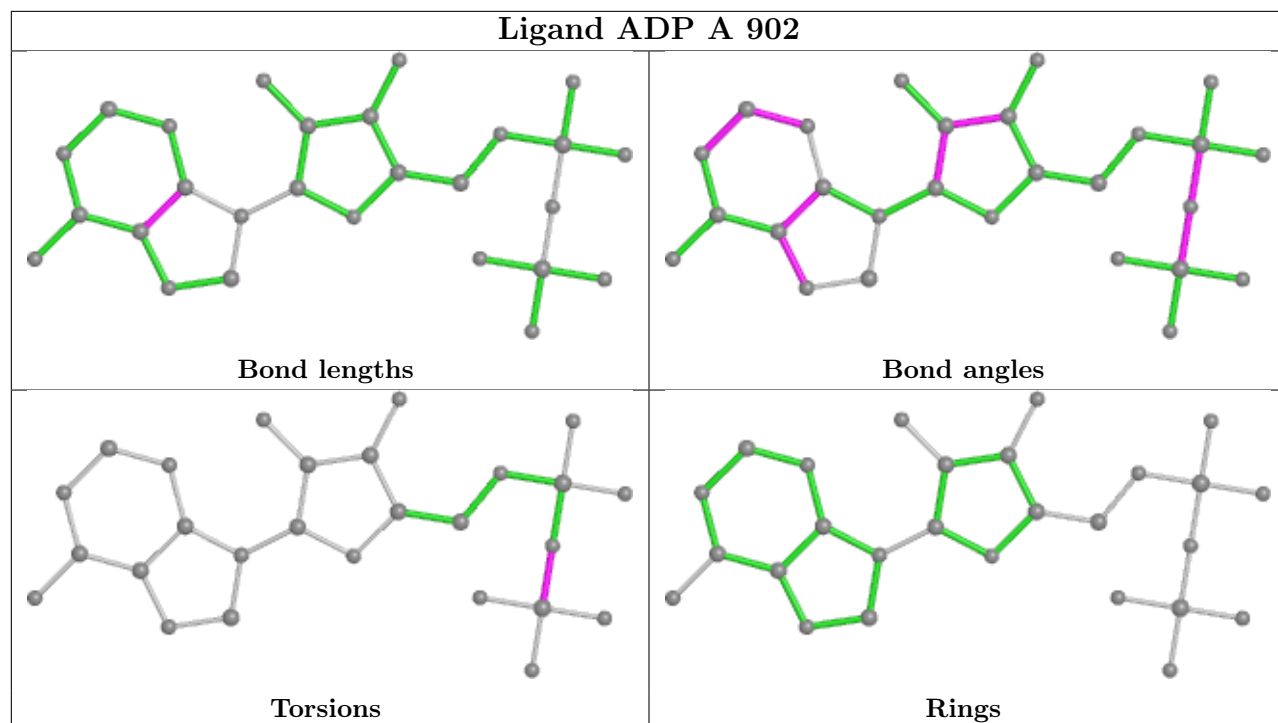
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

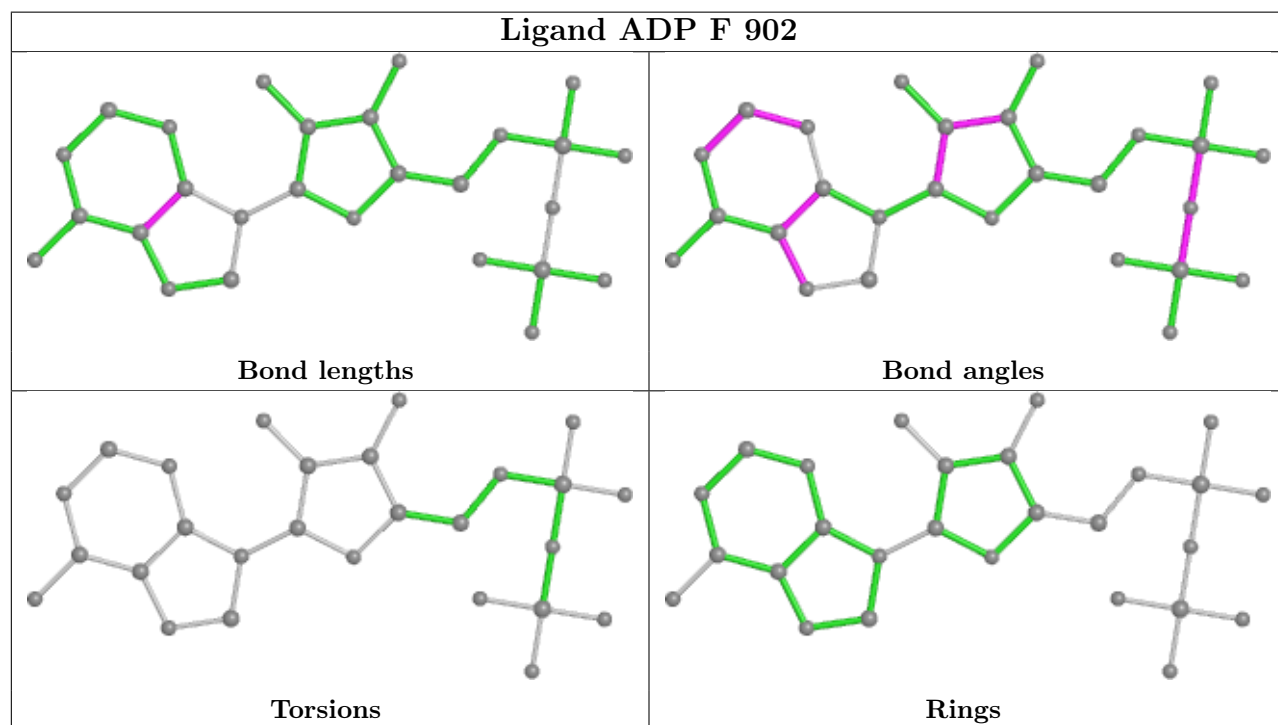
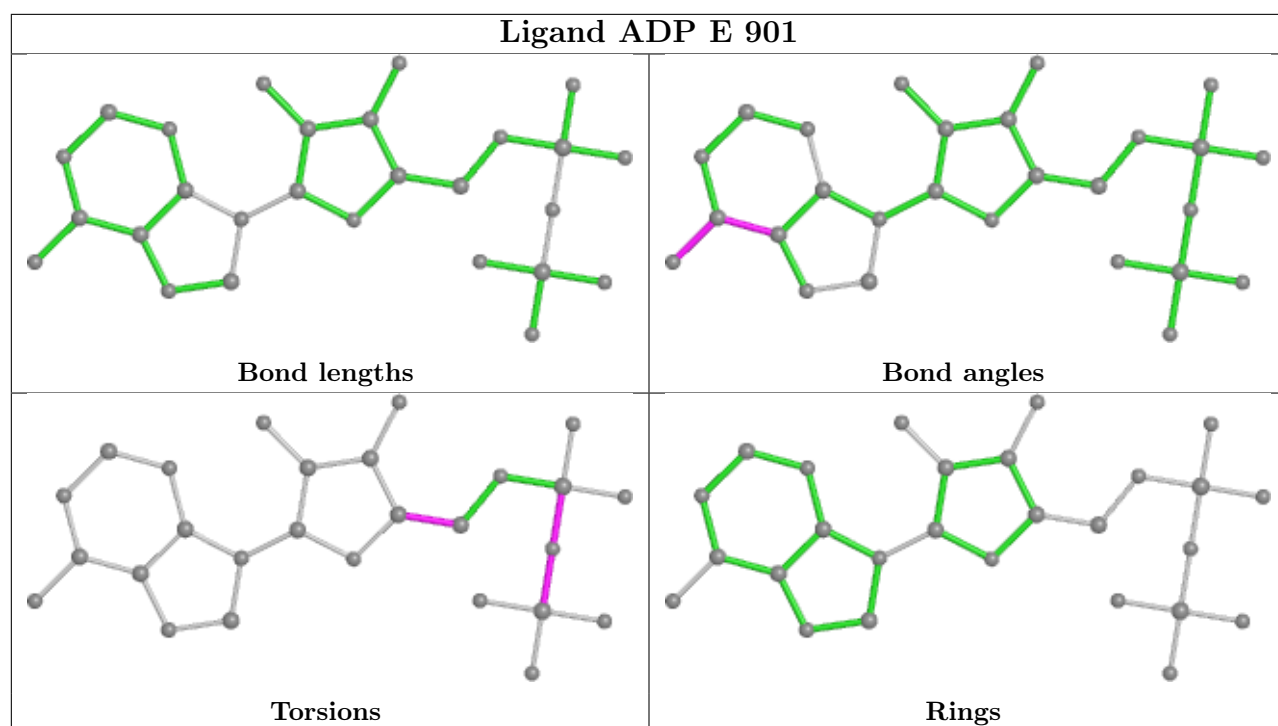


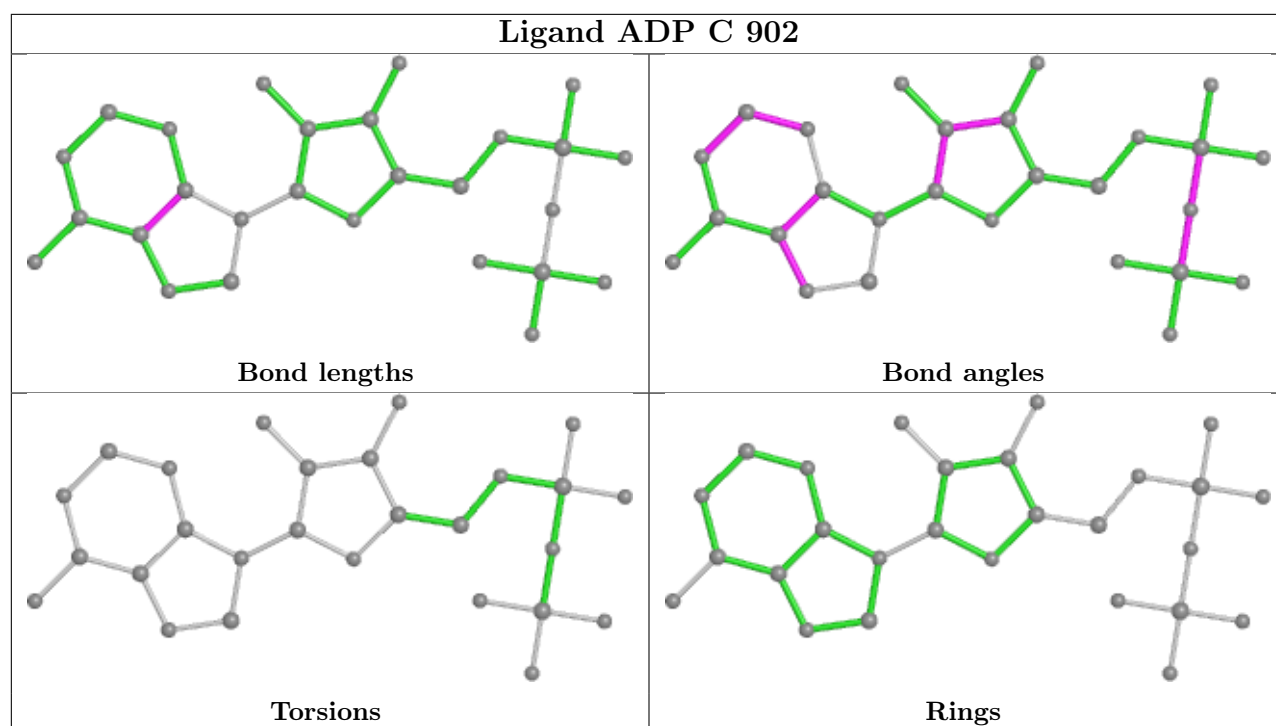












5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

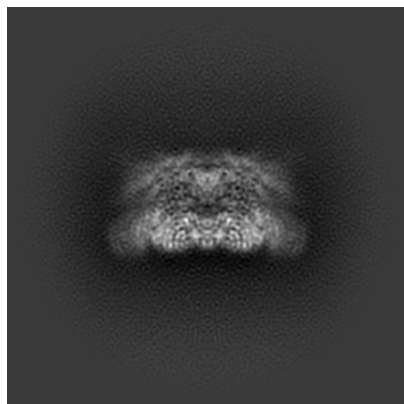
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-28989. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

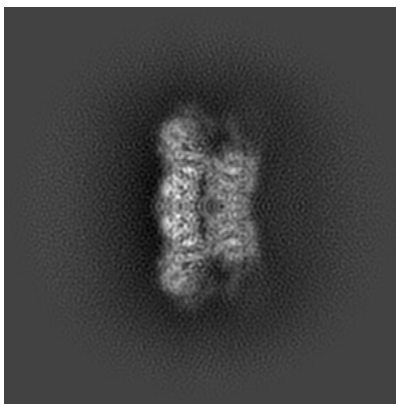
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

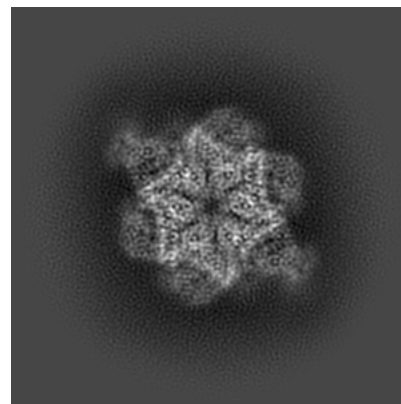
6.1.1 Primary map



X

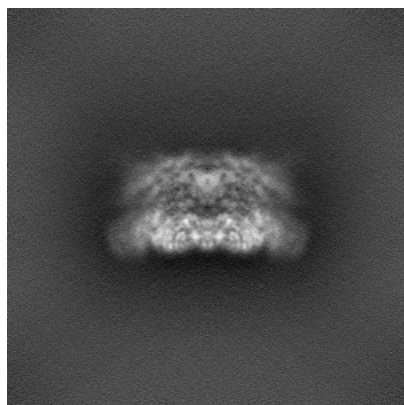


Y

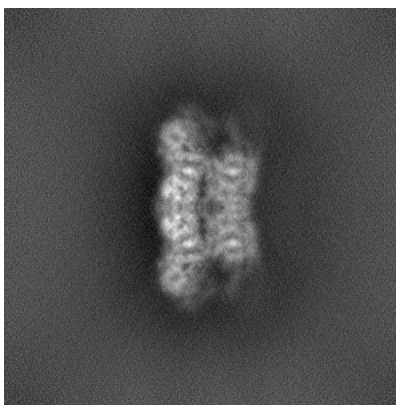


Z

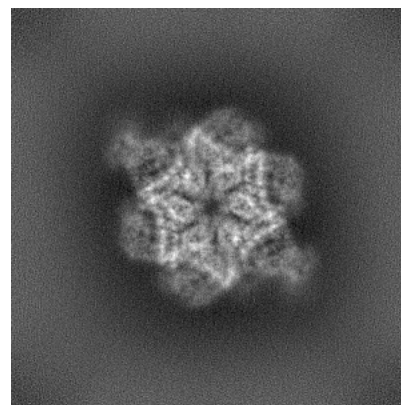
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

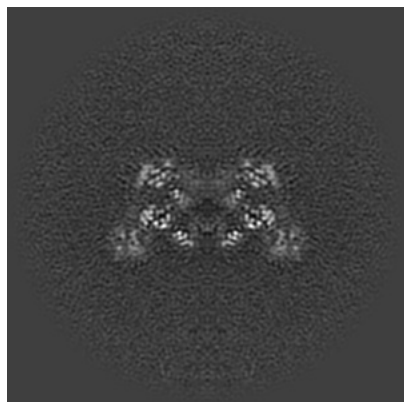


Z

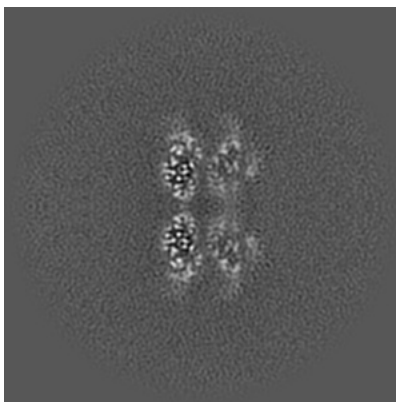
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

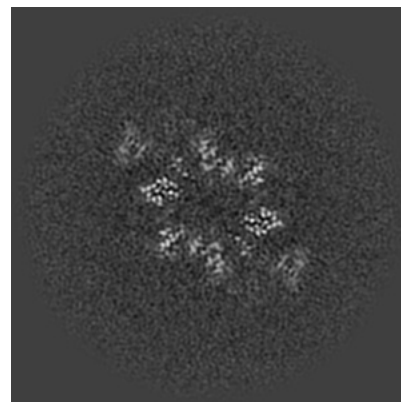
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200

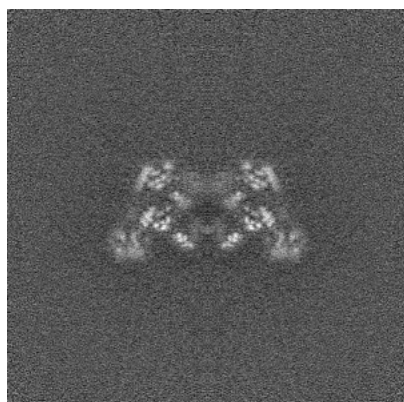


Y Index: 200

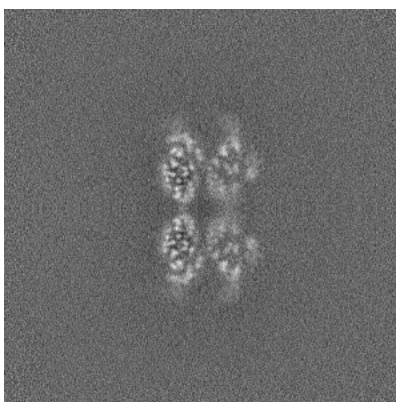


Z Index: 200

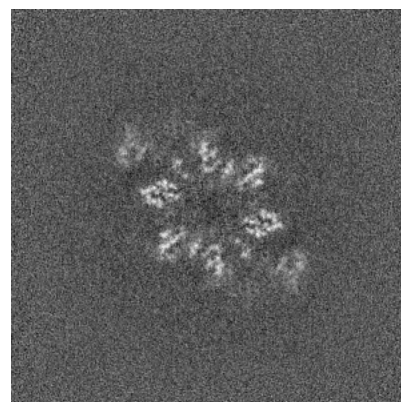
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200

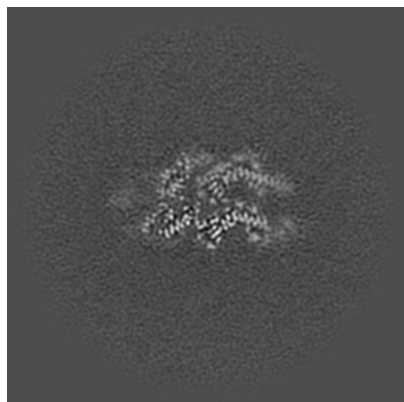


Z Index: 200

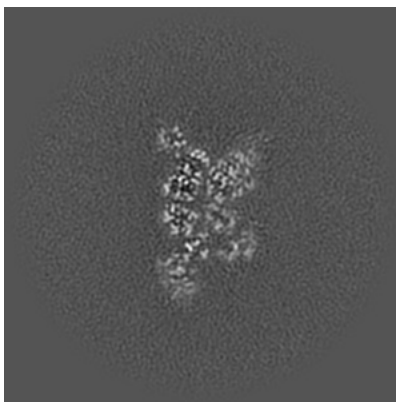
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

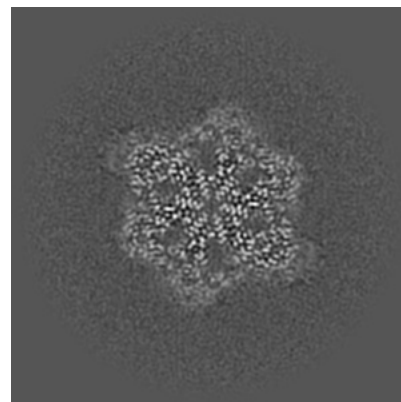
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 237

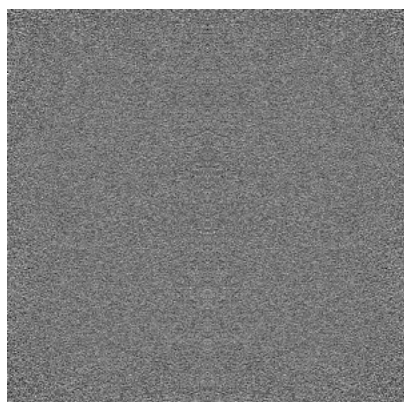


Y Index: 174

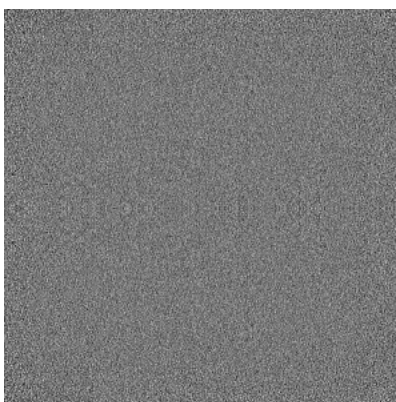


Z Index: 174

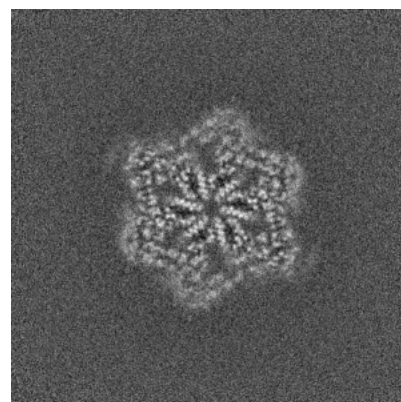
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 0

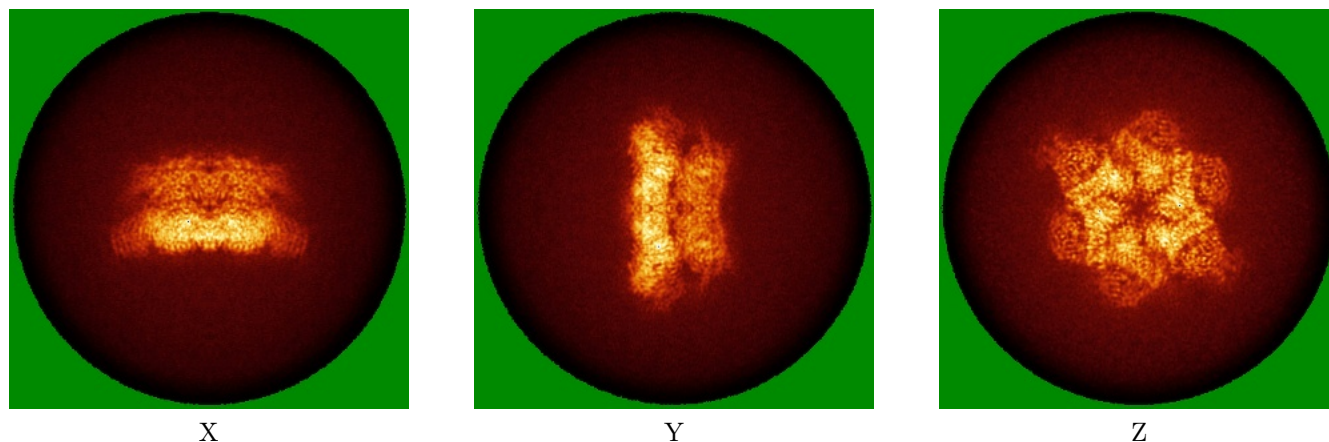


Z Index: 172

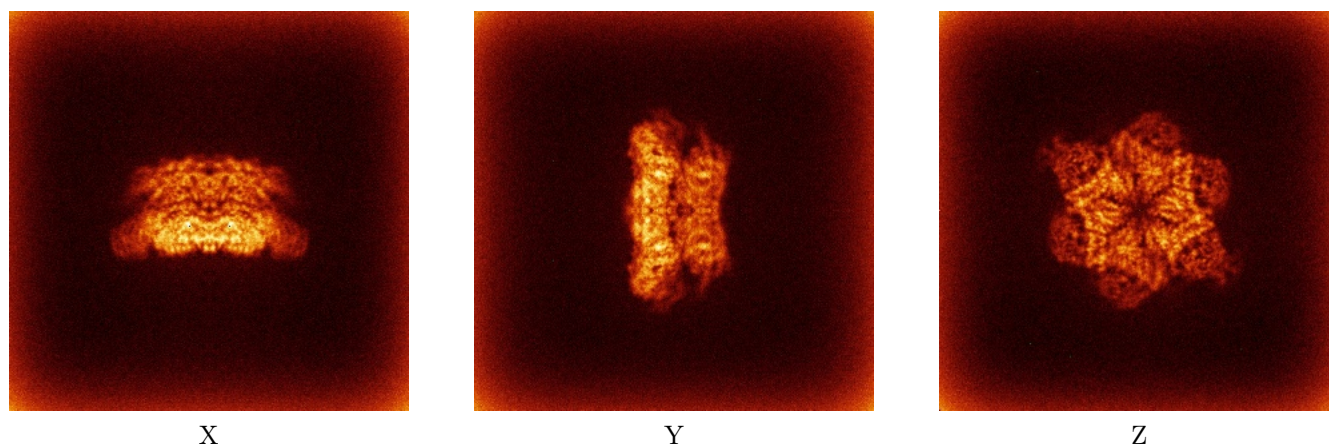
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

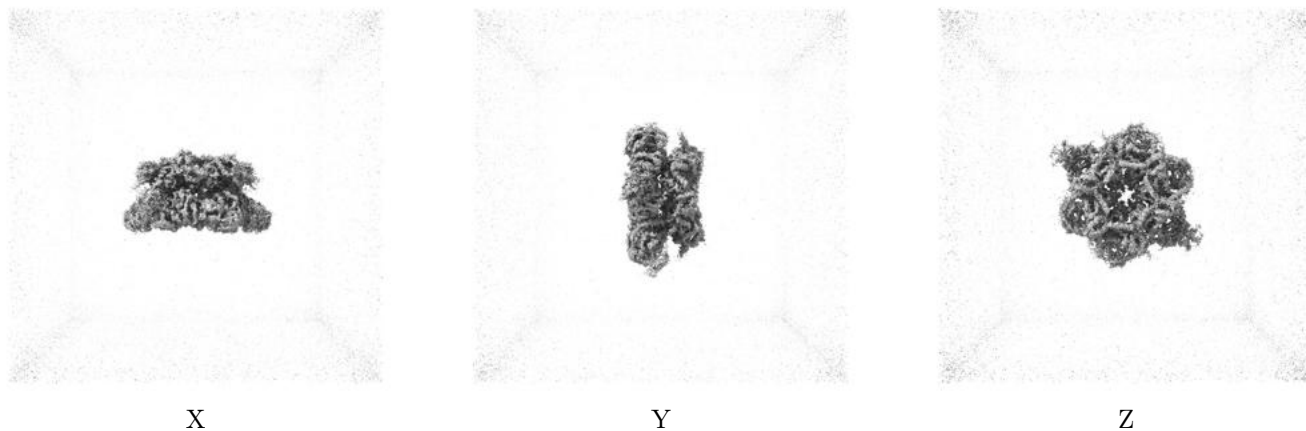
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.3. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

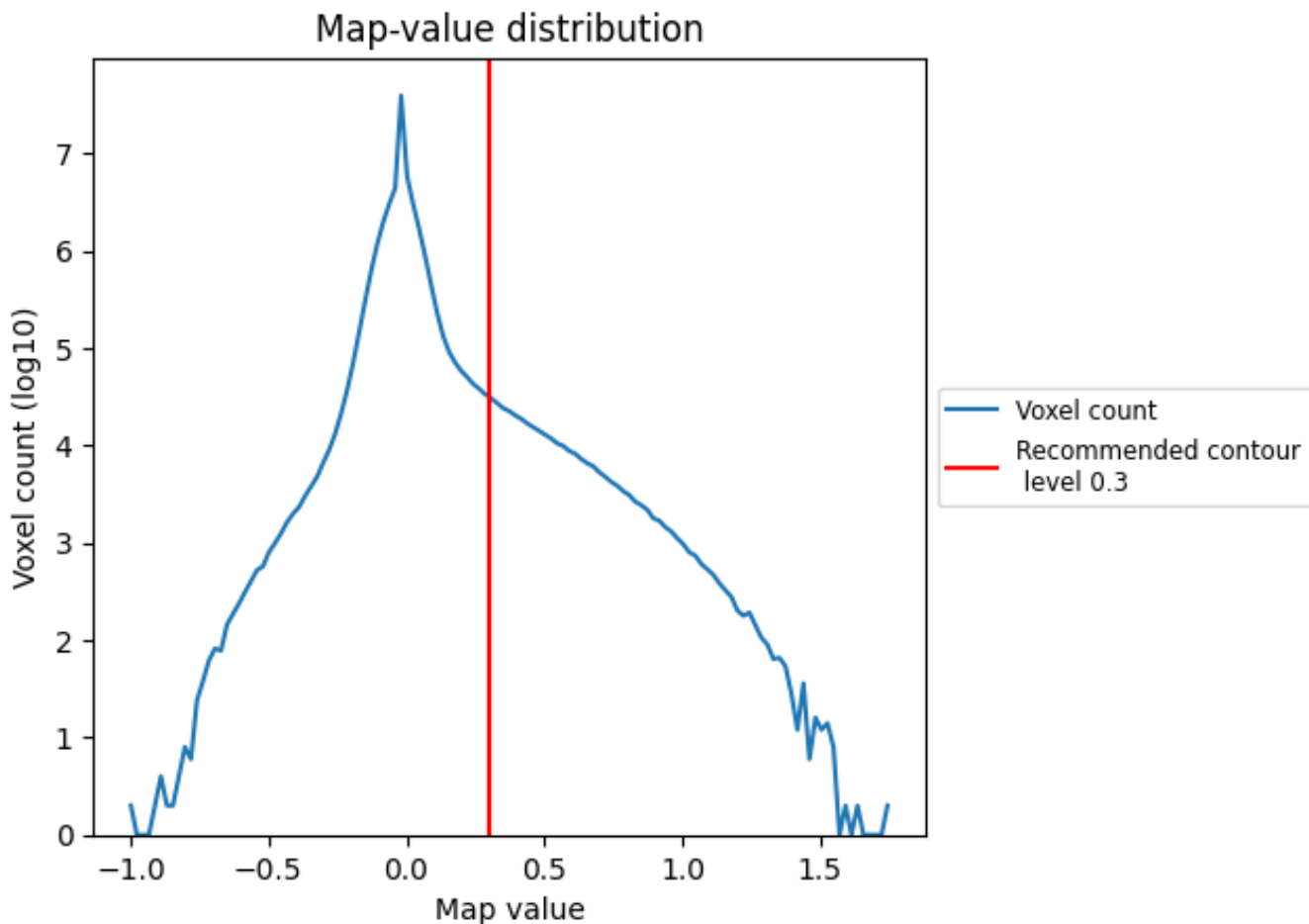
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

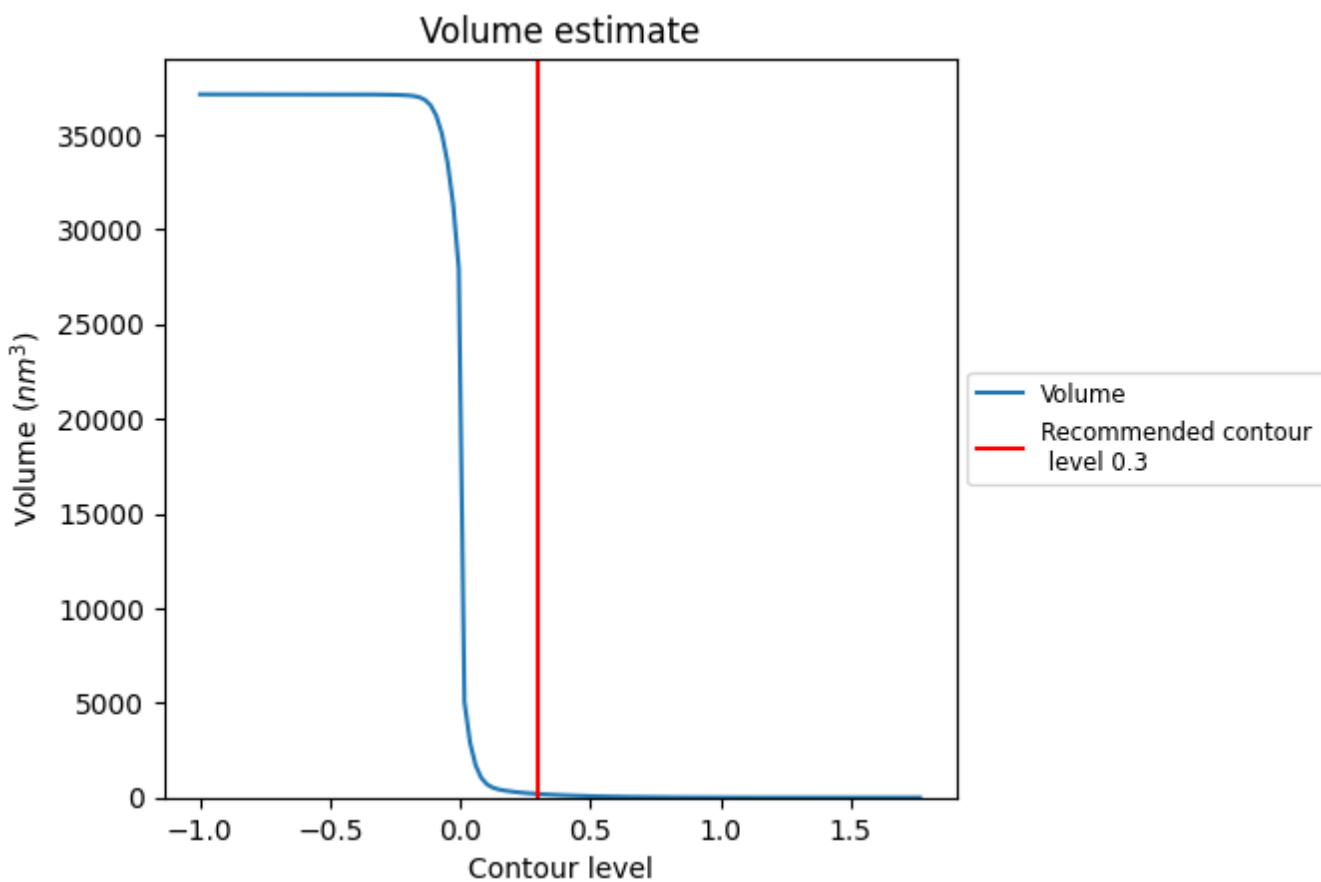
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

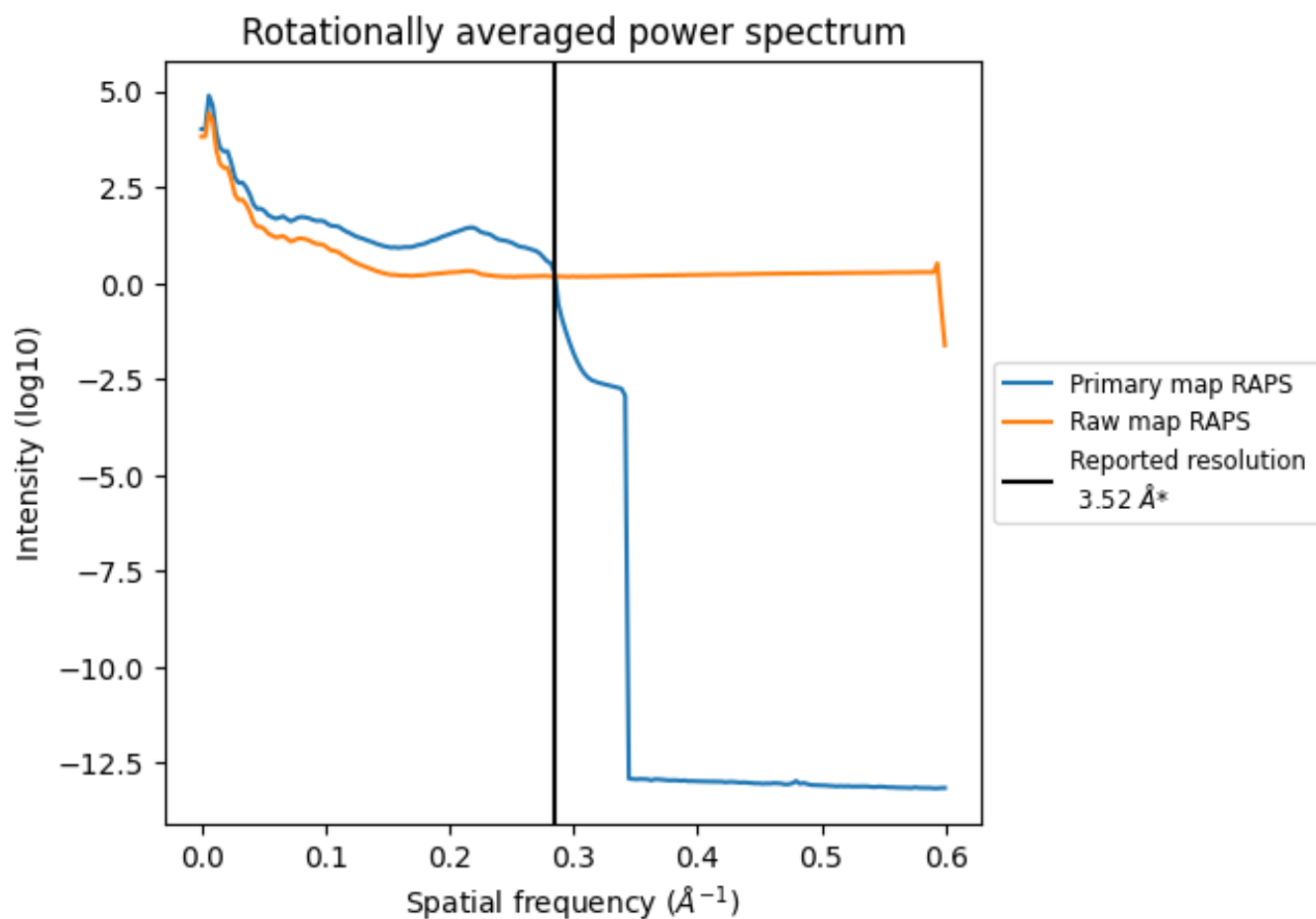
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 191 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 172 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

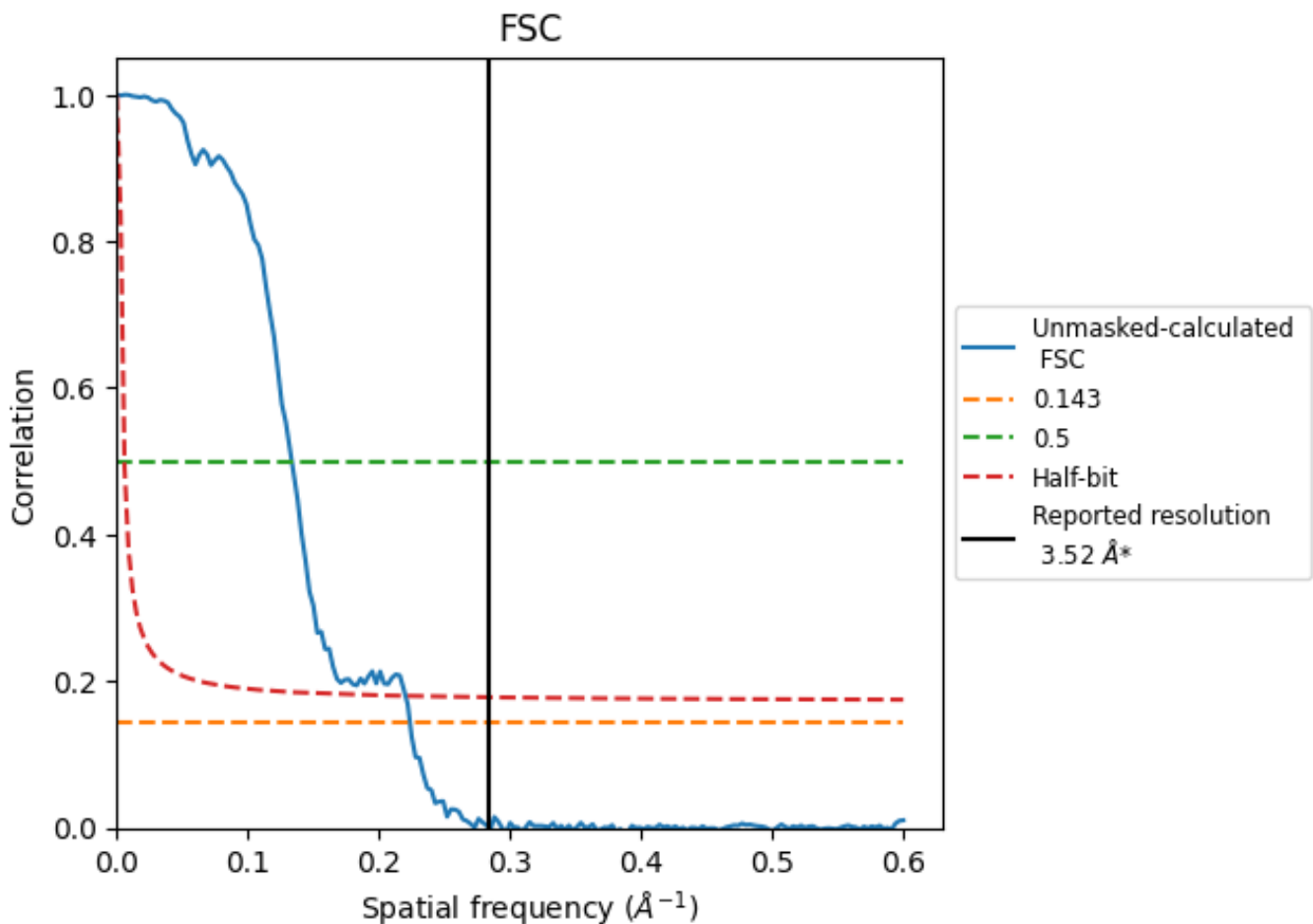


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.284 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.284 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

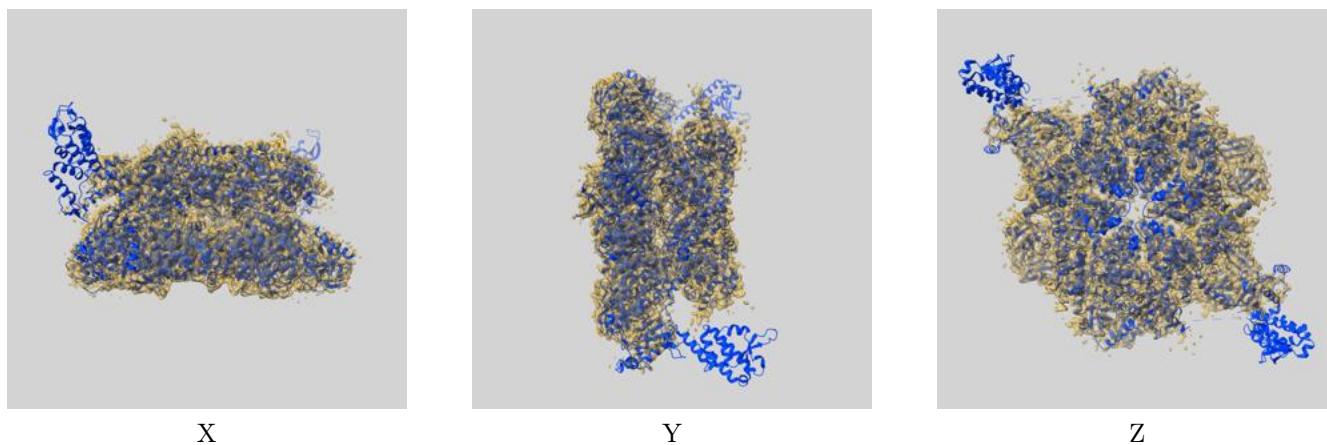
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.52	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.47	7.50	4.54

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.47 differs from the reported value 3.52 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

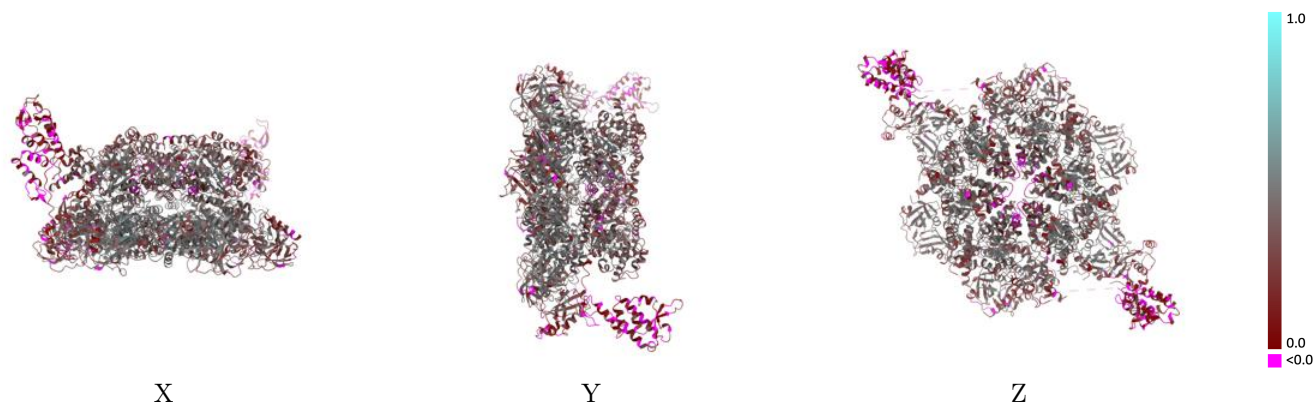
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-28989 and PDB model 8FCP. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



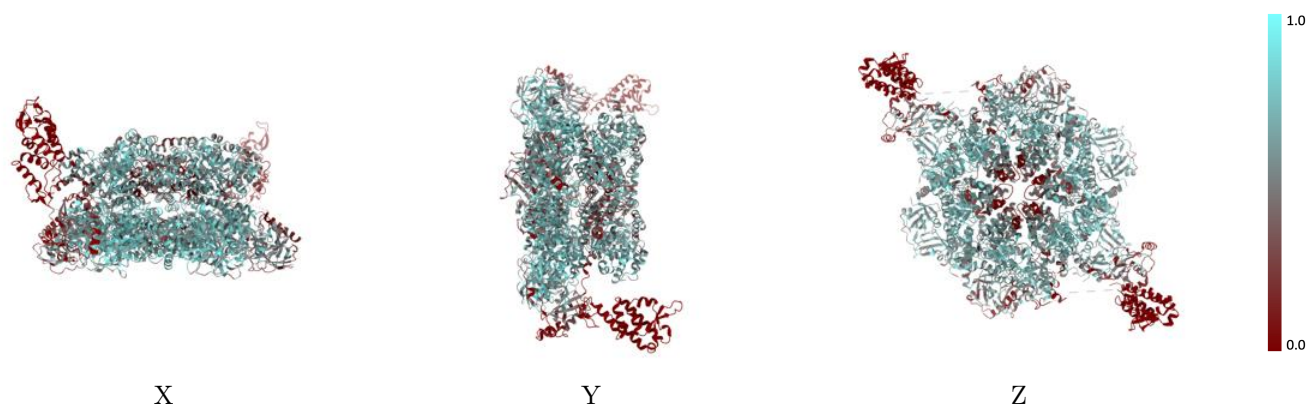
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.3 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



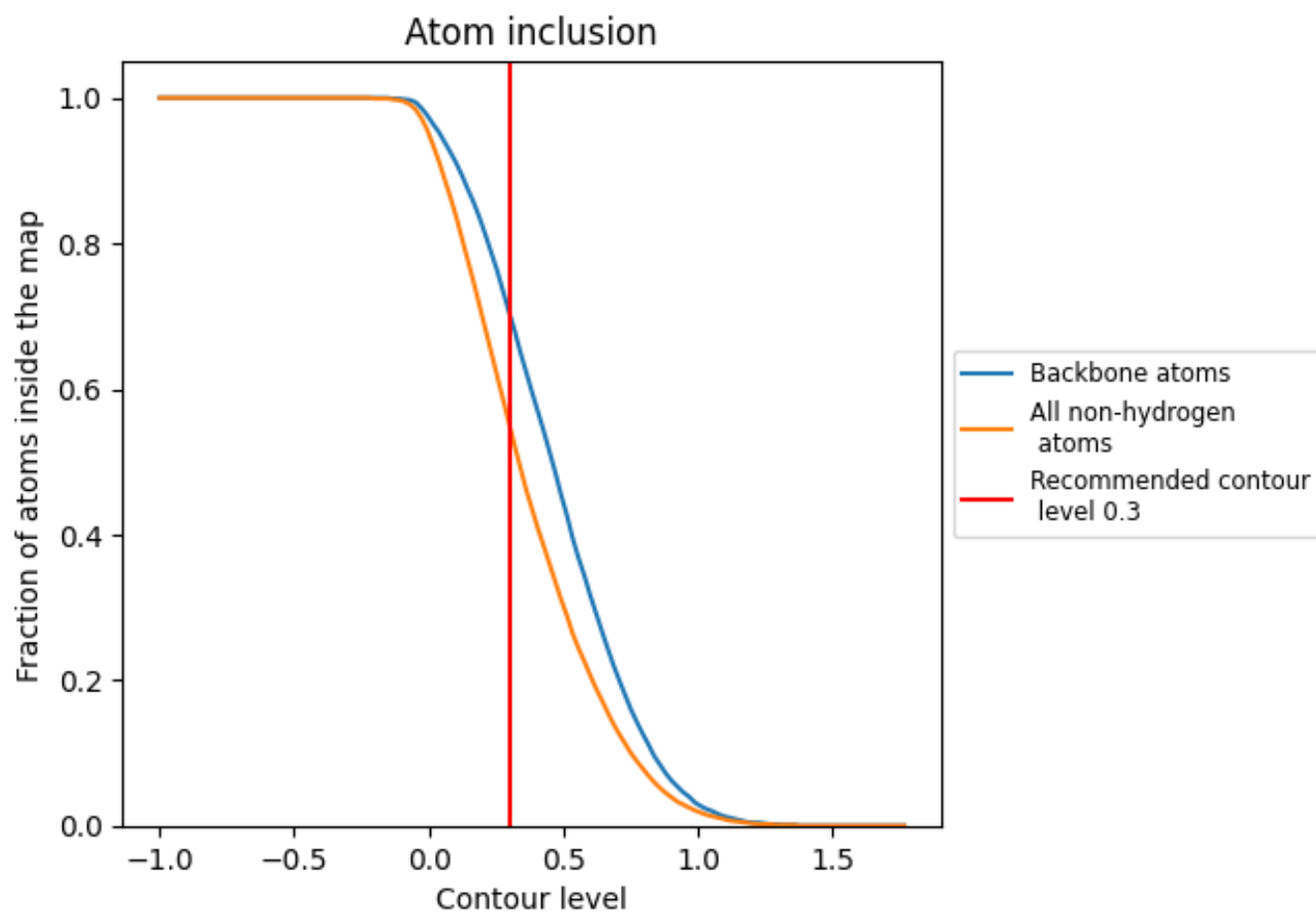
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.3).



















9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 70% of all backbone atoms, 55% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.3) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.5500	 0.3440
A	 0.5620	 0.3540
B	 0.6300	 0.3780
C	 0.6430	 0.3890
D	 0.5600	 0.3530
E	 0.6300	 0.3790
F	 0.6390	 0.3890
G	 0.1730	 0.1580
H	 0.1720	 0.1570

