

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

### Jan 7, 2023 – 09:30 AM EST

:	8F5P
:	EMD-28867
:	Structure of Leishmania tarentolae IFT-A (state 2)
:	Zhou, H.; Brown, A.
:	2022-11-14
:	3.40 Å(reported)
	: : : : :

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

:	0.0.1. dev 43
:	4.02b-467
:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
:	1.9.9
:	Engh & Huber (2001)
:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
:	2.31.2
	: : : : :

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Motrie	Whole archive	EM structures
Metric	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length			Qual	ity of chain			
1	А	368	6% 14%	6%		80%		_	_
2	В	1247	6%		69%		21%	•	10%
3	С	1292	12%	•	70%		20%	·	9%
4	D	1642	• <b></b>	28%	9% •	6	3%	_	
5	Е	1654	17%		51%	13%	36%	_	
6	F	1376		4	16% 59%	11%	30%	, D	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 39437 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called NET domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	$\mathbf{oms}$			AltConf	Trace
1	А	75	Total 585	C 361	N 97	0 120	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Intraflagellar transport protein 122B, putative.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
2	В	1198	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
	D	1120	8917	5645	1557	1652	63	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Intraflagellar transport protein 122 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
2	C	1176	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
5	3 C 1176	9337	5918	1619	1732	68	0	0	

• Molecule 4 is a protein called TPR\_REGION domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
4	D	612	Total 4826	C 3026	N 862	0 912	S 26	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called WD\_REPEATS\_REGION domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
5	Е	1057	Total 8269	C 5228	N 1430	O 1561	S 50	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called WD\_REPEATS\_REGION domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				AltConf	Trace
6	Б	070	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
0	Г	970	7499	4713	1315	1436	35	0	0



• Molecule 7 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
7	В	2	Total Zn 2 2	0
7	С	2	Total Zn 2 2	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: NET domain-containing protein







PROTEIN DATA BANK











• Molecule 5: WD\_REPEATS\_REGION domain-containing protein













F241 L242 A243 F245 F245 F246 A246 F246 A246 F246 F246 F249 F254 F254 F254 F255 F254 F256 F254 F256 F256 F256 F256 F256 F256 F256 F256
D301         D301           C302         A304           A304         P306           A304         P305           P305         F305           P306         F305           P306         F305           P306         F305           F306         F305           F306         F306           F306         F306           F306         F310           F306         F311           F306         F312           F312         F322           A316         F332           F3316         F332           F332         F332           F3331         F323           F3331         F332           F3332         F332           F3335         F333           F334         F334           F344         F344
1367         1368         1372         1372         1372         1372         1372         1372         1375         1375         1375         1375         1375         1375         1375         1376         1378         1378         1382         1382         1382         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1380         1390         1390         1390         1390         1390         1390         1405         1405         1406         1400         1400         1410 <t< td=""></t<>
T441         T441         F443         F444         F444         F445         F446         F475         F476         F476      <
II526         I532         I532         I533         N535         S548         S548         A560         I564         A566         B667         B613         B614         B614         B614         B614         B614         B622         B623         B624         B623         B623
Pe25 Pe25 Pe25 Pe25 Pe25 Pe26
718       721       723       723       723       723       723       723       723       723       733       734       735       736       737       738       738       738       739 </td
GLU     VAL     V33       LEU     VAL     V34       LEU     VAL     V34       LEU     VAL     V34       LEU     LEU     P34       ALA     A94       ASN     A94
ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA
PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR P
PHE ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASSN KER ALLA ALLA ALLA ALLA ALLA ALLA ALLA AL
ALA ALA THA THA THA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA THA THA THA THA THA THA THA THA THA TH



#### ILLE ASP ILLE SER ASN ASN ASN ARG GLU FLR GLU CLEU LEU LEU



# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	563466	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	57.8	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	74.154	Depositor
Minimum map value	-32.225	Depositor
Average map value	0.007	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.778	Depositor
Recommended contour level	7.0	Depositor
Map size (Å)	514.6, 514.6, 514.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	620, 620, 620	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.83, 0.83, 0.83	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.25	0/592	0.47	0/800
2	В	0.28	0/9108	0.50	0/12341
3	С	0.26	0/9531	0.50	0/12900
4	D	0.26	0/4905	0.51	0/6650
5	Ε	0.25	0/8429	0.50	0/11438
6	F	0.24	0/7633	0.49	0/10368
All	All	0.26	0/40198	0.50	0/54497

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	585	0	565	22	0
2	В	8917	0	8815	162	0
3	С	9337	0	9275	168	0
4	D	4826	0	4799	105	0
5	Е	8269	0	8212	125	0
6	F	7499	0	7503	91	0
7	В	2	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	С	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	39437	0	39169	636	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 636 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:E:539:GLY:HA3	5:E:551:GLU:O	1.71	0.91
3:C:1061:CYS:HB3	3:C:1064:CYS:SG	2.19	0.82
3:C:62:ILE:HA	3:C:78:GLY:HA2	1.66	0.76
5:E:656:LEU:HB2	5:E:671:TRP:HB2	1.68	0.76
2:B:1174:CYS:HB3	2:B:1177:CYS:SG	2.26	0.75

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	73/368~(20%)	69 (94%)	4 (6%)	0	100	100
2	В	1120/1247 (90%)	1070 (96%)	50 (4%)	0	100	100
3	С	1170/1292 (91%)	1133 (97%)	37 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	596/1642~(36%)	567 (95%)	27 (4%)	2(0%)	41	72
5	Ε	1039/1654~(63%)	1001 (96%)	38~(4%)	0	100	100
6	F	966/1376~(70%)	946 (98%)	20 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	4964/7579~(66%)	4786 (96%)	176 (4%)	2 (0%)	100	100

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	1058	VAL
4	D	1057	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{ntiles}$
1	А	64/288~(22%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100
2	В	956/1046~(91%)	927~(97%)	29~(3%)	41	68
3	$\mathbf{C}$	1012/1094~(92%)	987~(98%)	25~(2%)	47	72
4	D	505/1320~(38%)	487~(96%)	18 (4%)	35	63
5	Ε	892/1373~(65%)	879~(98%)	13~(2%)	65	82
6	F	822/1177~(70%)	809~(98%)	13~(2%)	62	81
All	All	4251/6298~(68%)	4153 (98%)	98 (2%)	53	74

5 of 98 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	1031	ARG
4	D	1624	THR
4	D	1118	GLU
4	D	1404	LEU
5	Е	325	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	С	417	GLN
4	D	1221	ASN
4	D	1223	ASN
4	D	1622	HIS



### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis. There are no bond length outliers. There are no bond angle outliers. There are no chirality outliers. There are no torsion outliers. There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



#### 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-28867. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

#### Orthogonal projections (i) 6.1

#### 6.1.1Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

#### 6.2Central slices (i)

#### 6.2.1**Primary** map



X Index: 310

Y Index: 310



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 306

Y Index: 328

Z Index: 330

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 7.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



## 6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

## 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 303  $\rm nm^3;$  this corresponds to an approximate mass of 273 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294  $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-28867 and PDB model 8F5P. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

## 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 7.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (7.0).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 75% of all backbone atoms, 67% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



1.0

0.0 <0.0

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (7.0) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6664	0.3860
А	0.6463	0.3640
В	0.8720	0.4660
С	0.7463	0.4180
D	0.9017	0.3900
Ε	0.5746	0.3960
F	0.2758	0.2390

