

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 22, 2024 – 11:19 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5ER1

Title: A rational approach to the design of antihypertensives. X-ray studies of com-

plexes between aspartic proteinases and aminoalcohol renin inhibitors

Authors: Cooper, J.B.; Foundling, S.I.; Blundell, T.L.

Deposited on : 1990-11-07

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

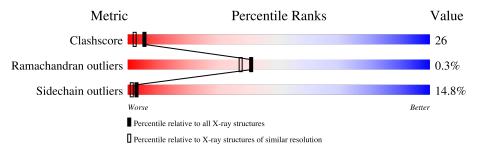
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

\mathbf{M}	l Chai	n Length	Quality of chain				
1	Е	330	58%	31%	10% •		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	0HT	E	327	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

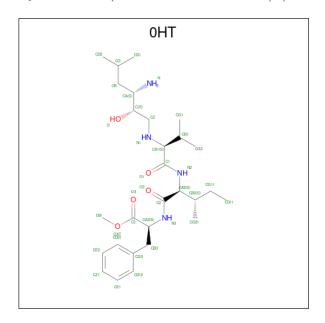
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2756 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ENDOTHIAPEPSIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Е	330	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
_	_		2389	1514	366	507	2			

• Molecule 2 is methyl N-[(2S,3S)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-5-methylhexyl]-L-valyl-L-isoleucyl-L-ph enylalaninate (three-letter code: 0HT) (formula: $C_{28}H_{48}N_4O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Е	1	Total 37	C 28	N 4	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	E	330	Total O 330 330	0	0

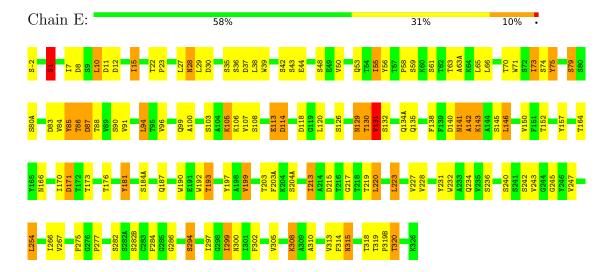


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: ENDOTHIAPEPSIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	53.50Å 73.90Å 45.70Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 109.60° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 2.00	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (20.00-2.00)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	(1100 available) (20.00 2.00)	Веровног	
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	PROLSQ	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.206 , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	2756	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	0.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 0HT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	Е	1.43	$15/2445 \ (0.6\%)$	1.77	52/3345 (1.6%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	E	0	1

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	Е	35	SER	CA-CB	-7.23	1.42	1.52
1	Е	192	TRP	NE1-CE2	-7.21	1.28	1.37
1	Е	85	TYR	CD1-CE1	6.66	1.49	1.39
1	Е	232	TRP	NE1-CE2	-6.64	1.28	1.37
1	Е	141	ASN	CG-OD1	6.42	1.38	1.24

The worst 5 of 52 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	Е	275	PHE	CG-CD2-CE2	-11.11	108.58	120.80
1	Е	157	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	10.21	127.13	121.00
1	Е	267	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	9.94	125.81	110.90
1	Е	215	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	9.82	127.14	118.30
1	Е	227	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	9.63	125.34	110.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	E	56	TYR	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Е	2389	0	2279	103	0
2	Е	37	0	48	24	0
3	Е	330	0	0	17	0
All	All	2756	0	2327	123	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

The worst 5 of 123 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:E:327:0HT:CD21	2:E:327:0HT:HD21	0.97	1.15
2:E:327:0HT:HD12	2:E:327:0HT:CD11	0.97	1.10
2:E:327:0HT:CD12	2:E:327:0HT:HD14	0.97	1.09
2:E:327:0HT:CD11	2:E:327:0HT:HD11	0.97	1.04
2:E:327:0HT:CD11	2:E:327:0HT:HD13	0.97	1.04

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	Е	328/330 (99%)	314 (96%)	13 (4%)	1 (0%)	41 37	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	171	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles		
1	E	263/263 (100%)	224 (85%)	39 (15%)	3 1		

5 of 39 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Е	203	THR
1	Е	299	ILE
1	Е	204(A)	SER
1	Е	240	SER
1	Е	315	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Ε	166	ASN
1	Ε	300	ASN
1	Ε	129	ASN
1	Е	134(A)	GLN
1	Ε	135	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

M	Mol Type Chain Res		Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles			
IVIC	Mol Type	pe	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	01	НΤ	Е	327	-	37,37,37	1.32	2 (5%)	43,49,49	1.17	5 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	0HT	Е	327	-	-	16/49/49/49	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	Е	327	0HT	CZ-N1	-6.02	1.32	1.47
2	Е	327	0HT	OXT-C3	3.79	1.42	1.33

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	Е	327	0HT	OXT-C3-CA3	3.32	120.00	111.52
2	Е	327	0HT	CB1-CA1-C1	-2.87	104.21	111.38

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	Ε	327	0HT	CM-OXT-C3	-2.63	109.99	115.94
2	Е	327	0HT	OXT-C3-O3	-2.46	119.03	123.84
2	Ε	327	0HT	CG21-CB2-CG11	-2.31	105.92	111.78

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	Е	327	0HT	O-C-CZ-N1
2	Е	327	0HT	CA-C-CZ-N1
2	Е	327	0HT	C-CA-CB-CG
2	Е	327	0HT	N-CA-CB-CG
2	Е	327	0HT	C1-CA1-N1-CZ

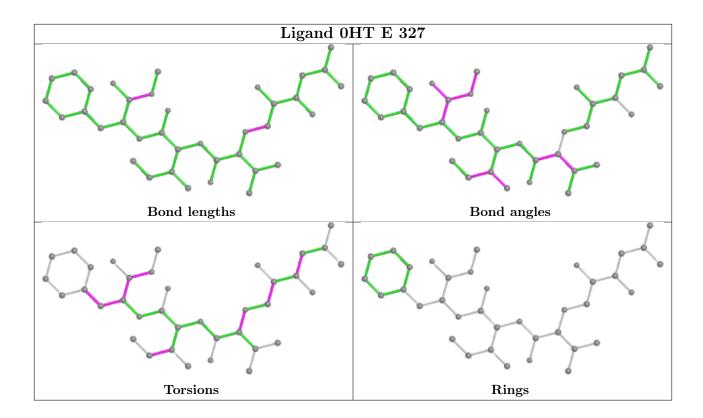
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 24 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Е	327	0HT	24	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

