

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 21, 2023 – 03:00 AM JST

PDB ID : 7EHU

Title: Chitin oligosaccharide binding protein

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Deposited on : 2021-03-30

Resolution : 1.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

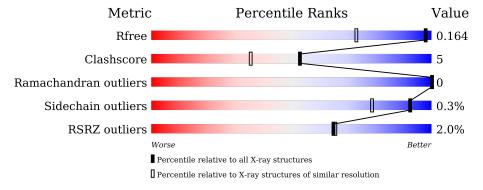
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1223 (1.22-1.18)
Clashscore	141614	1286 (1.22-1.18)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1240 (1.22-1.18)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1239 (1.22-1.18)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1200 (1.22-1.18)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	440	83%	8% • 8%					
2	В	3	67%	33%					



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6997 atoms, of which 3193 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Chitin oligosaccharide binding protein NagB2.

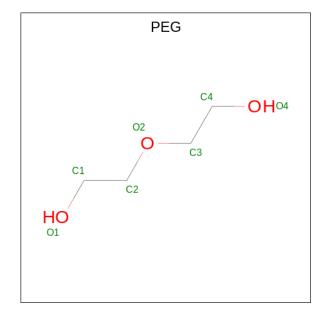
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	405	Total	C 1006	H 2144	N 510	0	S	0	7	0
			6259	1996	3144	518	596	Э			

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	D	2	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	0
Δ	2 B	$\mathbf{B} \mid 3 \mid$	82	24	39	3	16	0	U	

• Molecule 3 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula: C₄H₁₀O₃).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	Δ	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0
	11	1	17	4	10	3	U	

• Molecule 4 is water.

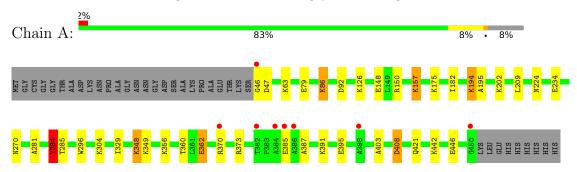
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	639	Total O 639 639	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Chitin oligosaccharide binding protein NagB2



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose opyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 67% 33%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	50.24Å 69.62Å 56.20Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 108.37° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.15 - 1.20	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	29.15 - 1.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (29.15-1.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (29.15-1.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.62 (at 1.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.2_3874	Depositor
D D.	0.141 , 0.164	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.140 , 0.164	DCC
R_{free} test set	5779 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	11.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.302	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40, 50.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	6997	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.68% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PEG, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.67	10/3198 (0.3%)	1.94	$25/4321 \ (0.6\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	284	TYR	CE1-CZ	-11.90	1.23	1.38
1	A	284	TYR	CD2-CE2	10.29	1.54	1.39
1	A	284	TYR	CG-CD2	9.94	1.52	1.39
1	A	284	TYR	CG-CD1	-9.90	1.26	1.39
1	A	284	TYR	CD1-CE1	-9.30	1.25	1.39
1	A	362	GLU	CD-OE1	-7.92	1.17	1.25
1	A	362	GLU	CD-OE2	6.17	1.32	1.25
1	A	284	TYR	CE2-CZ	-5.64	1.31	1.38
1	A	348	LYS	CB-CG	5.51	1.67	1.52
1	A	157	LYS	CD-CE	5.27	1.64	1.51

All (25) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	284	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	82.90	170.74	121.00
1	A	284	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-58.87	85.68	121.00
1	A	284	TYR	CD1-CG-CD2	-26.83	88.39	117.90

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	362	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-23.04	95.66	123.30
1	A	284	TYR	CG-CD1-CE1	22.77	139.52	121.30
1	A	408	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-20.56	99.80	118.30
1	A	408	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	20.54	136.79	118.30
1	A	362	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	-11.64	95.03	118.30
1	A	362	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	11.10	140.49	118.30
1	A	157	LYS	CG-CD-CE	-10.93	79.11	111.90
1	A	362	GLU	CB-CA-C	10.83	132.06	110.40
1	A	126	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	-10.35	87.89	111.70
1	A	408	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	-9.69	104.88	123.30
1	A	157	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	9.04	132.50	111.70
1	A	284	TYR	CG-CD2-CE2	7.68	127.44	121.30
1	A	348	LYS	CB-CG-CD	-7.51	92.06	111.60
1	A	224	ASN	CB-CA-C	6.82	124.03	110.40
1	A	194	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	-6.81	96.04	111.70
1	A	86	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	6.02	125.55	111.70
1	A	284	TYR	CZ-CE2-CD2	-5.39	114.95	119.80
1	A	86	LYS	CB-CA-C	5.37	121.13	110.40
1	A	284	TYR	CE1-CZ-CE2	-5.21	111.46	119.80
1	A	86	LYS	CA-CB-CG	-5.17	102.01	113.40
1	A	92	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.15	122.93	118.30
1	A	209	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	5.13	119.72	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	284	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	362	GLU	Sidechain
1	A	408	ASP	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3115	3144	3144	34	0
2	В	43	39	39	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	7	10	10	0	0
4	A	639	0	0	20	6
All	All	3804	3193	3193	34	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (34) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		$\operatorname{distance} (\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:304:LYS:NZ	4:A:701:HOH:O	1.90	1.04
1:A:157:LYS:NZ	4:A:703:HOH:O	1.95	0.98
1:A:175:LYS:NZ	4:A:705:HOH:O	2.02	0.91
1:A:421:GLN:OE1	4:A:702:HOH:O	1.91	0.89
1:A:150:ARG:NH1	4:A:706:HOH:O	2.04	0.87
1:A:150:ARG:HG2	1:A:150:ARG:HH11	1.44	0.82
1:A:395:GLU:OE2	4:A:704:HOH:O	1.99	0.79
1:A:373[B]:ARG:NH2	4:A:710:HOH:O	2.31	0.64
1:A:442:LYS:NZ	1:A:446:GLU:OE2	2.35	0.60
1:A:86:LYS:HD3	1:A:86:LYS:C	2.23	0.60
1:A:391:LYS:HD3	4:A:1175:HOH:O	2.01	0.58
1:A:284:TYR:HD1	1:A:285:THR:HG23	1.71	0.56
1:A:385:GLU:O	1:A:385:GLU:HG3	2.06	0.55
1:A:387:ALA:CB	4:A:715:HOH:O	2.58	0.52
1:A:270:ASN:HB2	4:A:1050:HOH:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:79:GLU:OE1	1:A:356:LYS:HE2	2.14	0.47
1:A:387:ALA:HB3	4:A:715:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:360[B]:THR:HG21	4:A:993:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:202:LYS:NZ	4:A:722:HOH:O	2.48	0.46
1:A:348:LYS:HE3	1:A:348:LYS:HB2	1.44	0.45
1:A:234[B]:GLU:HG3	4:A:1161:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:270:ASN:CB	4:A:1050:HOH:O	2.63	0.45
1:A:281:ALA:HA	1:A:284:TYR:CD1	2.52	0.44
1:A:175:LYS:CE	4:A:705:HOH:O	2.62	0.43
1:A:46:GLY:HA2	1:A:47:ASP:C	2.37	0.43
1:A:182:ILE:HD13	1:A:195:ALA:HB1	2.01	0.43
1:A:175:LYS:HE3	4:A:1156:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:329:ILE:O	1:A:403:ALA:HA	2.19	0.42
1:A:370:ARG:NH2	4:A:730:HOH:O	2.53	0.42
1:A:148:GLU:HG2	4:A:1178:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:194:LYS:HA	1:A:194:LYS:HD2	1.86	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:296:TRP:HB2	2:B:1:NAG:H3	2.01	0.41
1:A:349:LYS:NZ	4:A:708:HOH:O	2.28	0.41
1:A:349:LYS:HE2	1:A:349:LYS:HB2	1.78	0.41

All (6) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:931:HOH:O	4:A:1175:HOH:O[1_655]	1.71	0.49
4:A:943:HOH:O	4:A:1277:HOH:O[1_455]	2.07	0.13
4:A:979:HOH:O	4:A:1087:HOH:O[1_656]	2.11	0.09
4:A:731:HOH:O	4:A:1168:HOH:O[2_758]	2.14	0.06
4:A:1038:HOH:O	4:A:1130:HOH:O[2_747]	2.14	0.06
4:A:1040:HOH:O	4:A:1154:HOH:O[2_747]	2.16	0.04

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	410/440 (93%)	405 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	323/342 (94%)	321 (99%)	2 (1%)	86 63	

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	63[A]	LYS
1	A	63[B]	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	cles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	В	1	2	15,15,15	0.54	0	21,21,21	0.88	1 (4%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.75	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.65	0
2	NAG	В	3	2	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.71	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	3	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C1	-2.74	1.39	1.43

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	ype Atoms		$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	-2.13	104.01	109.30
2	В	3	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.09	115.03	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

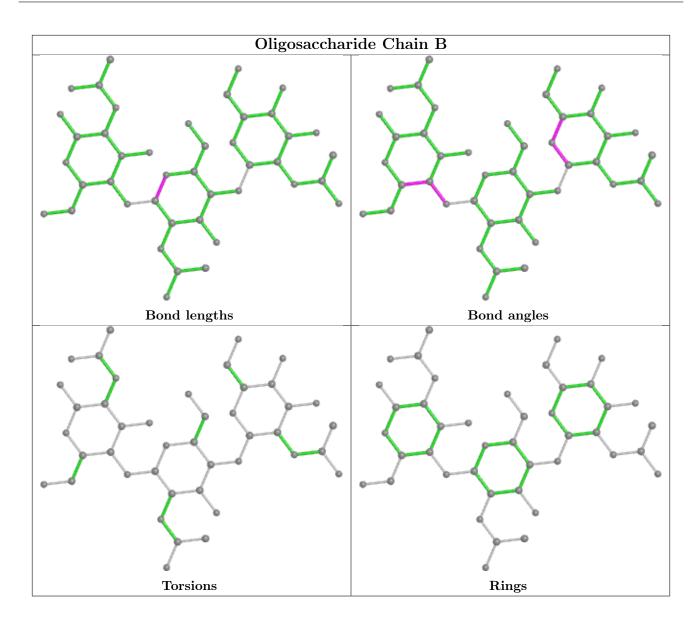
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Chain	Res I	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI			nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
3	PEG	A	601	-	6,6,6	0.50	0	5,5,5	0.40	0	



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PEG	A	601	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	601	PEG	C1-C2-O2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	405/440 (92%)	-0.23	8 (1%) 65	66	8, 14, 27, 80	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	46	GLY	4.8
1	A	450	GLY	4.6
1	A	386	ALA	3.9
1	A	385	GLU	3.7
1	A	370	ARG	3.6
1	A	398	ALA	2.8
1	A	384	ALA	2.4
1	A	382	THR	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

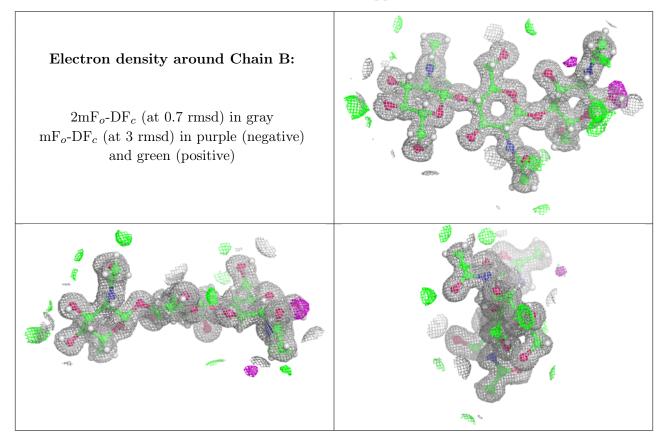
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	1	15/15	0.98	0.05	9,12,16,22	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.99	0.06	7,9,12,12	0
2	NAG	В	3	14/15	0.99	0.08	7,9,12,12	0



The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	PEG	A	601	7/7	0.77	0.14	39,47,48,48	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

