Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 18, 2020 – 06:46 pm BST

PDB ID	:	6EH8
Title	:	HA1.7 Human T-Cell Receptor specific for Influenza virus epitope PKYVKQNTLKLAT presented by Human Leukocyte Antigen HLA-DR0101
Authors	:	Rizkallah, P.J.; Cole, D.K.
Deposited on	:	2017-09-12
Resolution	:	2.51 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

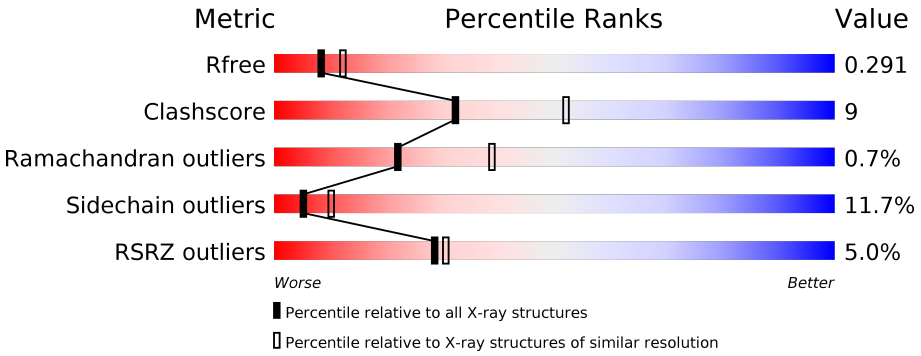
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.51 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	201	7% 78% 18%
2	B	241	3% 75% 21%

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3540 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Human T Cell Receptor Alpha Chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	201	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1577	997	260	312	8			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Human T Cell Receptor Beta Chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	241	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1938	1227	332	370	9			

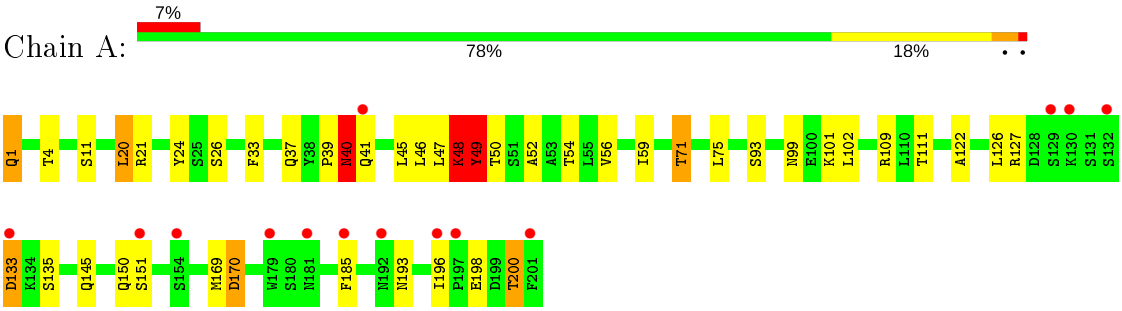
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	14	Total	O	0	0
			14	14		
3	B	11	Total	O	0	0
			11	11		

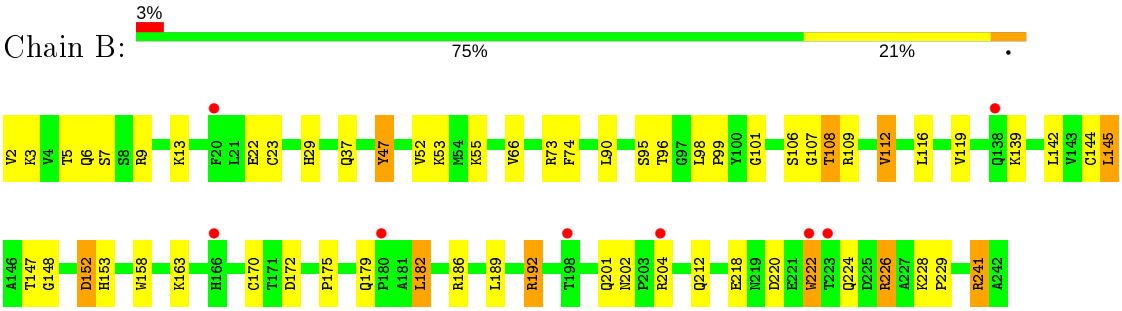
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Human T Cell Receptor Alpha Chain



- Molecule 2: Human T Cell Receptor Beta Chain



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	69.21Å 49.50Å 72.59Å 90.00° 94.66° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	52.08 – 2.51 52.08 – 2.51	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.4 (52.08-2.51) 97.4 (52.08-2.51)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.12	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.29 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.223 , 0.296 0.225 , 0.291	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	837 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	50.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.599	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.33 , 40.1	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.028 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3540	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	64.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.47% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.61	0/1617	0.82	3/2195 (0.1%)
2	B	0.56	0/1988	0.74	0/2696
All	All	0.58	0/3605	0.78	3/4891 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.73	116.94	120.30
1	A	49	TYR	N-CA-C	5.78	126.61	111.00
1	A	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.02	122.81	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	127	ARG	Peptide
1	A	40	ASN	Peptide
1	A	48	LYS	Peptide
1	A	49	TYR	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1577	0	1515	31	0
2	B	1938	0	1865	37	0
3	A	14	0	0	2	0
3	B	11	0	0	1	0
All	All	3540	0	3380	61	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (61) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:37:GLN:HE22	2:B:37:GLN:HE22	1.25	0.84
2:B:226:ARG:NH1	3:B:301:HOH:O	2.16	0.78
2:B:201:GLN:HA	2:B:241:ARG:O	1.84	0.78
2:B:172:ASP:OD1	2:B:192:ARG:NH2	2.18	0.77
1:A:37:GLN:HE22	2:B:37:GLN:NE2	1.88	0.72
1:A:122:ALA:HB1	1:A:200:THR:HG22	1.71	0.71
2:B:220:ASP:O	2:B:228:LYS:NZ	2.13	0.71
1:A:49:TYR:CD2	1:A:50:THR:O	2.47	0.68
2:B:52:VAL:HG12	2:B:53:LYS:HD2	1.76	0.67
1:A:122:ALA:CB	1:A:200:THR:HG22	2.27	0.65
1:A:1:GLN:HB3	1:A:26:SER:HA	1.82	0.61
2:B:222:TRP:CZ2	2:B:229:PRO:HD3	2.36	0.61
2:B:47:TYR:CB	2:B:66:VAL:HG21	2.31	0.61
1:A:40:ASN:N	1:A:40:ASN:OD1	2.33	0.60
1:A:24:TYR:O	1:A:71:THR:HG23	2.05	0.57
1:A:11:SER:HA	1:A:111:THR:O	2.06	0.56
2:B:116:LEU:O	2:B:116:LEU:HD13	2.07	0.54
2:B:9:ARG:O	2:B:108:THR:HA	2.10	0.52
1:A:49:TYR:CG	1:A:50:THR:O	2.63	0.51
2:B:224:GLN:HB3	2:B:226:ARG:HD2	1.92	0.51
2:B:172:ASP:HB2	2:B:189:LEU:HD12	1.90	0.51
1:A:49:TYR:OH	1:A:52:ALA:HB3	2.12	0.49
1:A:49:TYR:HB2	1:A:56:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:196:ILE:HD12	1:A:196:ILE:H	1.78	0.49
1:A:71:THR:O	1:A:71:THR:CG2	2.61	0.48
1:A:49:TYR:CE2	1:A:52:ALA:HB3	2.47	0.48
1:A:33:PHE:CD2	1:A:48:LYS:HB2	2.49	0.48
2:B:66:VAL:HG13	2:B:74:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.47
1:A:126:LEU:HD12	1:A:126:LEU:N	2.28	0.47
1:A:49:TYR:CZ	1:A:52:ALA:HB3	2.50	0.47
2:B:13:LYS:O	2:B:112:VAL:HA	2.13	0.47
1:A:41:GLN:CB	2:B:106:SER:O	2.63	0.47
2:B:2:VAL:O	2:B:2:VAL:HG12	2.13	0.47
1:A:20:LEU:HD23	1:A:75:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.46
1:A:133:ASP:HA	3:A:303:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
2:B:148:GLY:HA2	2:B:186:ARG:HD2	1.97	0.46
1:A:48:LYS:HG2	1:A:49:TYR:HA	1.98	0.46
1:A:99:ASN:HD22	2:B:101:GLY:HA2	1.81	0.45
1:A:99:ASN:HD21	2:B:101:GLY:H	1.62	0.45
1:A:37:GLN:NE2	2:B:37:GLN:HE22	2.04	0.45
2:B:145:LEU:HD22	2:B:147:THR:HG23	1.99	0.45
2:B:202:ASN:OD1	2:B:204:ARG:HG2	2.17	0.44
2:B:29:HIS:HD2	2:B:95:SER:HB2	1.83	0.44
2:B:222:TRP:CH2	2:B:229:PRO:HG3	2.51	0.44
2:B:7:SER:HB3	2:B:22:GLU:HB2	2.00	0.44
1:A:93:SER:HB2	1:A:102:LEU:CD2	2.47	0.44
2:B:142:LEU:HD12	2:B:142:LEU:N	2.33	0.44
1:A:41:GLN:HB3	2:B:106:SER:O	2.17	0.43
2:B:29:HIS:CD2	2:B:95:SER:HB2	2.53	0.43
2:B:66:VAL:CG1	2:B:74:PHE:CE1	3.00	0.43
2:B:47:TYR:HB3	2:B:66:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.42
2:B:152:ASP:OD1	2:B:175:PRO:HG2	2.20	0.42
1:A:133:ASP:CA	3:A:303:HOH:O	2.68	0.41
2:B:6:GLN:NE2	2:B:107:GLY:H	2.17	0.41
1:A:169:MET:O	1:A:170:ASP:C	2.59	0.41
2:B:23:CYS:O	2:B:73:ARG:HA	2.21	0.41
2:B:144:CYS:HB2	2:B:158:TRP:CH2	2.56	0.41
2:B:47:TYR:HB2	2:B:66:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:A:47:LEU:C	1:A:47:LEU:HD12	2.41	0.40
2:B:179:GLN:HE21	2:B:182:LEU:CD2	2.34	0.40
1:A:49:TYR:CD1	1:A:50:THR:N	2.89	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	201/201 (100%)	182 (90%)	18 (9%)	1 (0%)	29 48
2	B	239/241 (99%)	227 (95%)	10 (4%)	2 (1%)	19 35
All	All	440/442 (100%)	409 (93%)	28 (6%)	3 (1%)	22 39

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	152	ASP
1	A	39	PRO
2	B	99	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	180/179 (101%)	156 (87%)	24 (13%)	4 7
2	B	215/215 (100%)	192 (89%)	23 (11%)	6 13
All	All	395/394 (100%)	348 (88%)	47 (12%)	5 10

All (47) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	GLN
1	A	4	THR
1	A	20	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	40	ASN
1	A	45	LEU
1	A	46	LEU
1	A	48	LYS
1	A	49	TYR
1	A	54	THR
1	A	59	ILE
1	A	71	THR
1	A	101	LYS
1	A	109[A]	ARG
1	A	109[B]	ARG
1	A	133	ASP
1	A	135	SER
1	A	145	GLN
1	A	150	GLN
1	A	151	SER
1	A	170	ASP
1	A	185	PHE
1	A	193	ASN
1	A	198	GLU
1	A	200	THR
2	B	3	LYS
2	B	5	THR
2	B	47	TYR
2	B	55	LYS
2	B	90	LEU
2	B	96	THR
2	B	98	LEU
2	B	108	THR
2	B	109	ARG
2	B	112	VAL
2	B	119	VAL
2	B	139	LYS
2	B	145	LEU
2	B	153	HIS
2	B	163	LYS
2	B	170	CYS
2	B	182	LEU
2	B	192	ARG
2	B	212	GLN
2	B	218	GLU
2	B	222	TRP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	226	ARG
2	B	241	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	GLN
1	A	37	GLN
1	A	99	ASN
1	A	125	GLN
1	A	145	GLN
1	A	189	ASN
1	A	192	ASN
2	B	138	GLN
2	B	179	GLN
2	B	212	GLN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	201/201 (100%)	0.43	14 (6%)	16	16	27, 55, 111, 128	0
2	B	241/241 (100%)	0.16	8 (3%)	46	50	32, 64, 97, 126	0
All	All	442/442 (100%)	0.28	22 (4%)	28	30	27, 62, 106, 128	0

All (22) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	133	ASP	6.7
1	A	129	SER	6.6
1	A	132	SER	6.5
2	B	20	PHE	4.3
1	A	196	ILE	3.5
1	A	179	TRP	3.0
1	A	197	PRO	2.9
1	A	181	ASN	2.7
2	B	223	THR	2.7
1	A	154	SER	2.6
2	B	166	HIS	2.6
1	A	41	GLN	2.5
1	A	192	ASN	2.3
1	A	130	LYS	2.3
2	B	222	TRP	2.3
1	A	201	PHE	2.2
2	B	204	ARG	2.2
2	B	138	GLN	2.2
1	A	185	PHE	2.2
1	A	151	SER	2.2
2	B	198	THR	2.1
2	B	180	PRO	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.