

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 12, 2024 – 09:14 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1EHK

Title: CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE ABERRANT BA3-CYTOCHROME-C

OXIDASE FROM THERMUS THERMOPHILUS

Authors: Soulimane, T.; Buse, G.; Bourenkov, G.P.; Bartunik, H.D.; Huber, R.; Than,

M.E.

Deposited on : 2000-02-21

Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

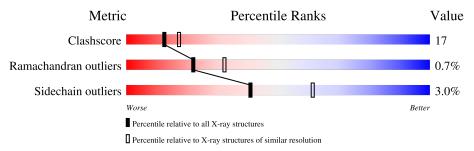
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	562	67%	28%	
2	В	168	68%	31%	
3	С	33	64%	30%	6%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
7	HAS	A	801	X	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6144 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called BA3-TYPE CYTOCHROME-C OXIDASE.

M	[ol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	1	A	544	Total 4294	C 2916	N 687	O 675	S 16	72	0	0

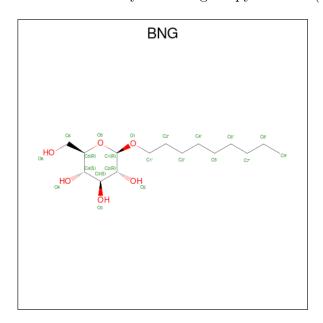
• Molecule 2 is a protein called BA3-TYPE CYTOCHROME-C OXIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	166	Total 1298	C 844	N 216	O 234	S 1	57	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called BA3-TYPE CYTOCHROME-C OXIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	33	Total 259	C 179	N 39	O 41	4	0	0

• Molecule 4 is nonyl beta-D-glucopyranoside (three-letter code: BNG) (formula: C₁₅H₃₀O₆).



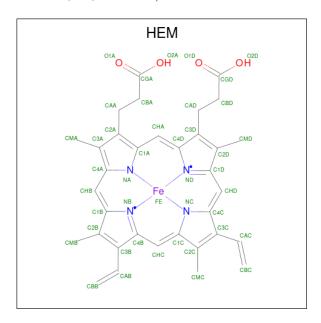


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 21 15 6	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 21 15 6	2	0
4	A	1	Total C O 21 15 6	4	0

• Molecule 5 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

Me	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5		A	1	Total Cu	1	0	0

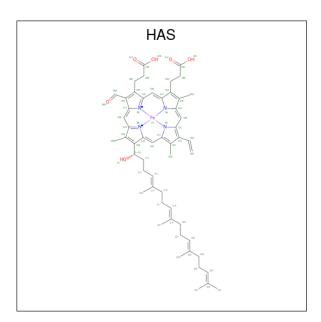
• Molecule 6 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
	11		43	34	1	4	4		

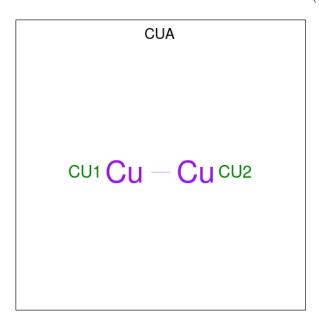
 \bullet Molecule 7 is HEME-AS (three-letter code: HAS) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{54}\mathrm{H}_{64}\mathrm{FeN_4O_6}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	Δ	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
'	11	1	65	54	1	4	6		U

 \bullet Molecule 8 is DINUCLEAR COPPER ION (three-letter code: CUA) (formula: Cu2).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	В	1	Total Cu 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 9 is water.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	88	Total O 88 88	0	0
9	В	30	Total O 30 30	0	0
9	С	1	Total O 1 1	0	0

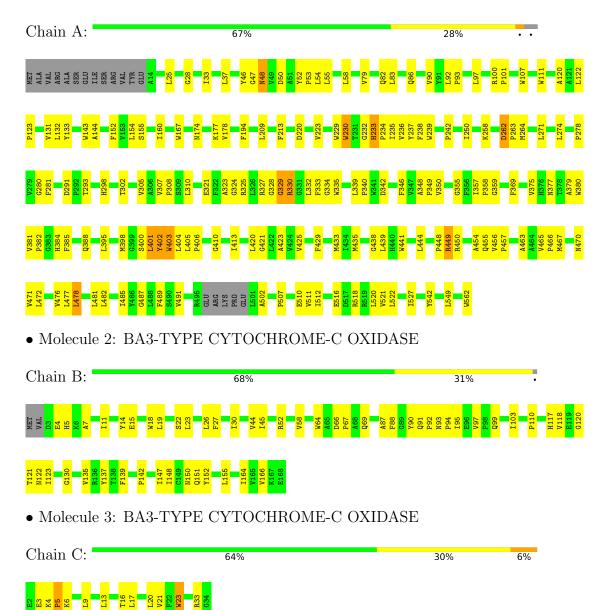


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: BA3-TYPE CYTOCHROME-C OXIDASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	112.11Å 112.11Å 161.41Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 2.40	Depositor	
% Data completeness	96.3 (20.00-2.40)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	30.3 (20.00-2.40)	Depositor	
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	CNS 0.3	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.222 , 0.264	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	6144	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	50.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BNG, CUA, HAS, HEM, CU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.43	0/4448	0.73	1/6106 (0.0%)
2	В	0.40	0/1335	0.69	0/1822
3	С	0.49	0/265	0.59	0/359
All	All	0.43	0/6048	0.71	1/8287 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	233	HIS	CA-CB-CG	-6.59	102.40	113.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	237	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	402	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	46	TYR	Sidechain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4294	0	4405	140	0
2	В	1298	0	1280	48	0
3	С	259	0	279	17	0
4	A	63	0	90	7	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	43	0	30	3	0
7	A	65	0	62	5	0
8	В	2	0	0	0	0
9	A	88	0	0	1	0
9	В	30	0	0	4	0
9	С	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	6144	0	6146	199	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 199 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:410:GLY:HA2	1:A:502:ALA:HB2	1.31	1.11
1:A:325:ARG:HA	1:A:329:GLY:HA3	1.46	0.93
1:A:449:ARG:HD2	1:A:450:ARG:HG3	1.54	0.87
7:A:801:HAS:HBC1	7:A:801:HAS:HMC1	1.53	0.87
1:A:355:GLY:O	1:A:358:PRO:HD2	1.80	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	5
1	A	540/562 (96%)	511 (95%)	26 (5%)	3 (1%)	25 36	
2	В	164/168 (98%)	152 (93%)	12 (7%)	0	100 100	
3	С	31/33 (94%)	26 (84%)	3 (10%)	2 (6%)	1 0	
All	All	735/763 (96%)	689 (94%)	41 (6%)	5 (1%)	22 32	

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	330	ARG
1	A	403	TRP
3	С	5	PRO
3	С	23	TRP
1	A	329	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	440/456 (96%)	427 (97%)	13 (3%)	41 61
2	В	136/138 (99%)	132 (97%)	4 (3%)	42 62
3	С	26/26 (100%)	25 (96%)	1 (4%)	33 51
All	All	602/620 (97%)	584 (97%)	18 (3%)	41 61

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	52	ARG
3	С	23	TRP
2	В	110	PRO
1	A	369	PHE
2	В	18	TRP



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 14 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	407	ASN
1	A	470	ASN
2	В	159	ASN
2	В	124	ASN
2	В	151	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain		Dec	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles				
MOI	Type	Chain	$ \operatorname{Res} $	nes	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	HEM	A	800	1	41,50,50	1.33	4 (9%)	45,82,82	0.94	1 (2%)		
7	HAS	A	801	1,9	69,72,72	1.25	7 (10%)	73,109,109	0.97	2 (2%)		
8	CUA	В	802	2	0,1,1	-	-	-				
4	BNG	A	901	-	21,21,21	0.57	0	26,26,26	0.93	2 (7%)		
4	BNG	A	903	-	21,21,21	0.72	0	26,26,26	0.79	0		
4	BNG	A	902	-	21,21,21	0.57	0	26,26,26	0.63	0		



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	HEM	A	800	1	-	2/12/54/54	-
7	HAS	A	801	1,9	1/1/8/18	7/40/82/82	-
4	BNG	A	901	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/1/1/1
4	BNG	A	903	-	-	1/12/32/32	0/1/1/1
4	BNG	A	902	_	_	3/12/32/32	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
7	A	801	HAS	C3C-CAC	-4.36	1.39	1.47
6	A	800	HEM	C3C-CAC	-4.26	1.39	1.47
7	A	801	HAS	C3C-C2C	-3.45	1.35	1.40
6	A	800	HEM	C3C-C2C	-3.40	1.35	1.40
7	A	801	HAS	C14-C15	3.24	1.40	1.33

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	901	BNG	C1'-O1-C1	-2.65	109.45	113.84
7	A	801	HAS	CMB-C2B-C3B	-2.46	125.66	130.34
7	A	801	HAS	C21-C22-C23	-2.29	122.14	127.66
6	A	800	HEM	C4C-CHD-C1D	2.20	125.46	122.56
4	A	901	BNG	C4-C3-C2	-2.11	107.14	110.82

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
7	A	801	HAS	NA

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	901	BNG	C2-C1-O1-C1'
4	A	901	BNG	O5-C1-O1-C1'
4	A	902	BNG	C2'-C1'-O1-C1
7	A	801	HAS	C3D-C2D-CMD-OMD
4	A	902	BNG	C2-C1-O1-C1'



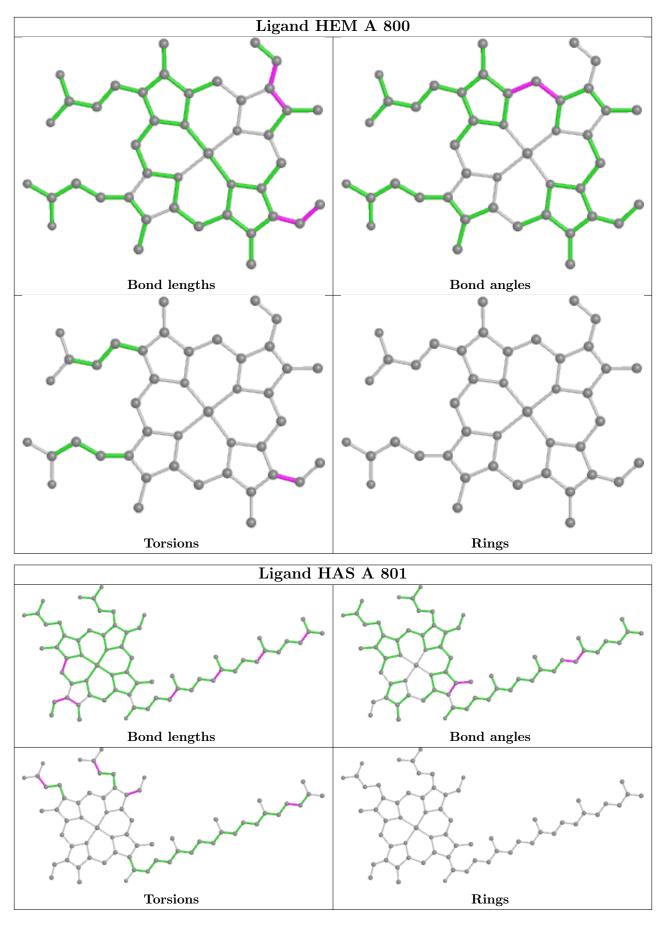
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

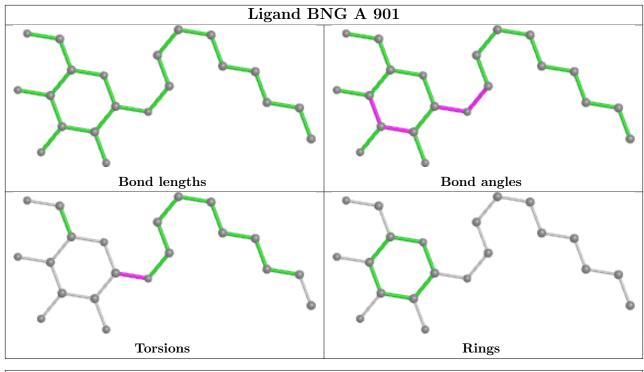
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	800	HEM	3	0
7	A	801	HAS	5	0
4	A	901	BNG	2	0
4	A	902	BNG	5	0

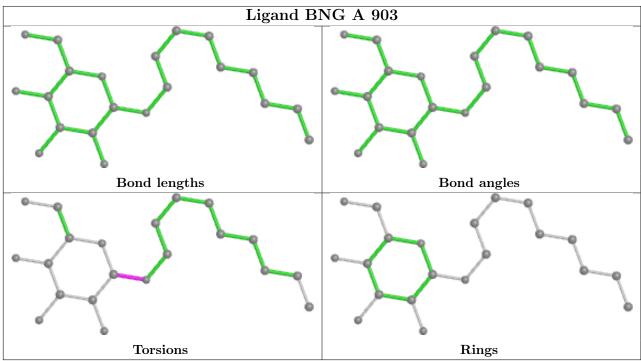
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



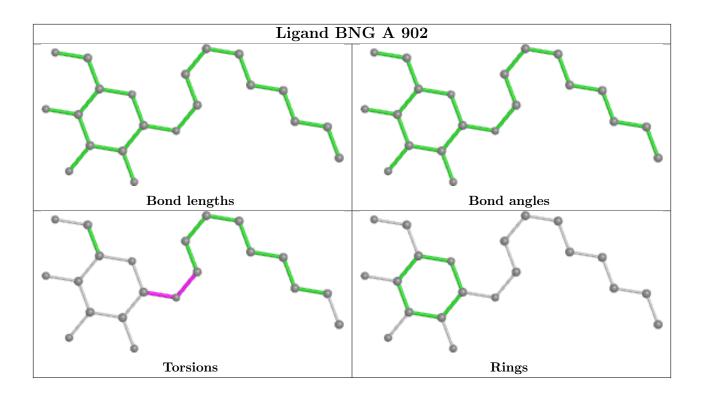












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

