

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Feb 4, 2025 – 12:13 PM EST

PDB ID : 9EAF

Title : Carboxyspermidine decarboxylase from Clostridium leptum

Authors: Jones, S.J.; Bell, D.J.; McFarlane, J.S.

Deposited on : 2024-11-10

Resolution : 1.41 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.21 EDS : 3.0

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.004 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

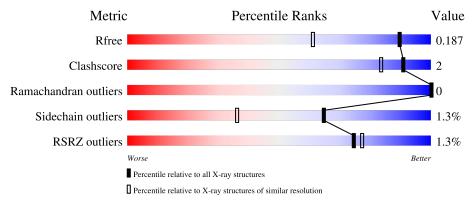
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.41 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	3500 (1.44-1.40)
Clashscore	180529	3801 (1.44-1.40)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	3734 (1.44-1.40)
Sidechain outliers	177891	3733 (1.44-1.40)
RSRZ outliers	164620	3499 (1.44-1.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	376	93%	
1	В	376	93%	5% •
2	С	8	12%	
2	D	8	88%	12%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	A	403	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12179 atoms, of which 5732 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Carboxynorspermidine decarboxylase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	366	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	S	0	0 7	0
1	A	300	5636	1814	2785	471	546	1	19			
1	D	368	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	S	0	6	0
1	Б	300	5689	1831	2815	474	548	1	20	0		0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called HIS-HIS-SER-SER-GLY-LEU-VAL.

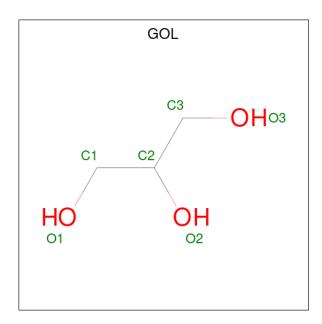
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	C	0	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	0
		0	117	37	56	14	10	U		
9	D	7	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	0
2	ש	1	97	31	46	11	9	U	0	U

• Molecule 3 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

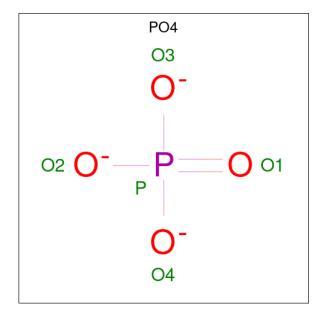
• Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
1	Λ	1	Total C H O	0	0	
4	Л	1	14 3 8 3	U		
1	Δ	1	Total C H O	0 0		
4	4 A	1	13 3 7 3	0		
1	Λ	1	Total C H O	0	0	
4	Λ	1	13 3 7 3	0	U	
1	B	1	Total C H O	0	0	
4	D	1	14 3 8 3	0	0	

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula:  $\mathrm{O_4P}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total 5	O 4	P 1	0	0

## $\bullet$ Molecule 6 is water.

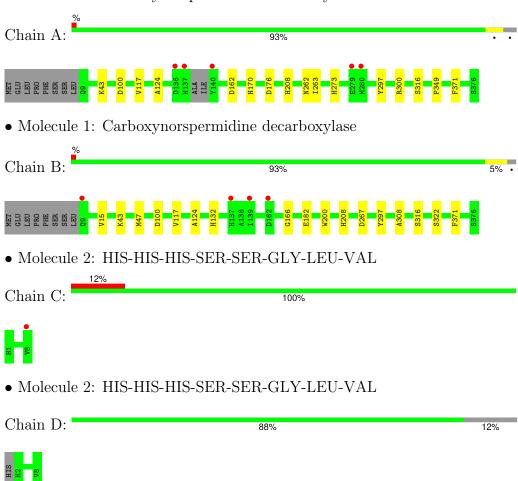
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	283	Total O 283 283	0	0
6	В	282	Total O 282 282	0	0
6	С	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
6	D	8	Total O 8 8	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Carboxynorspermidine decarboxylase





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	63.57Å 80.85Å 140.53Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.85 - 1.41	Depositor
Resolution (A)	38.85 - 1.41	EDS
% Data completeness	95.5 (38.85-1.41)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.7 (38.85-1.41)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.29 (at 1.41Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D D.	0.150 , 0.189	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.150 , 0.187	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	137896 reflections (1.49%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	10.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.001	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.44 , 41.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.53, < L^2>=0.37$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	12179	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 51.00 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 5.9748e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, LLP, K, PO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.29	0/2912	0.56	0/3946	
1	В	0.29	0/2934	0.56	0/3977	
2	С	0.29	0/63	0.51	0/84	
2	D	0.19	0/52	0.52	0/69	
All	All	0.29	0/5961	0.56	0/8076	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2851	2785	2782	7	0
1	В	2874	2815	2811	9	0
2	С	61	56	56	0	0
2	D	51	46	46	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	18	22	24	6	0
4	В	6	8	8	0	0
5	В	5	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	283	0	0	1	0
6	В	282	0	0	2	0
6	С	6	0	0	0	0
6	D	8	0	0	0	0
All	All	6447	5732	5727	18	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (18) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:262:ASN:C	1:A:263:ILE:HD13	2.20	0.61
1:B:132:HIS:NE2	1:B:182:GLU:OE2	2.33	0.61
1:A:262:ASN:O	1:A:263:ILE:HD13	2.06	0.55
1:B:322[A]:SER:OG	6:B:501:HOH:O	2.20	0.48
1:A:117:VAL:HG11	1:A:124:ALA:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:170:HIS:HE2	4:A:403:GOL:H2	1.79	0.46
4:A:404:GOL:H11	1:B:267:ASP:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:297:TYR:O	1:A:316:SER:HA	2.16	0.45
4:A:403:GOL:H32	1:B:308:ALA:H	1.81	0.45
1:B:117:VAL:HG11	1:B:124:ALA:HB2	1.98	0.45
4:A:403:GOL:C3	1:B:308:ALA:H	2.30	0.44
4:A:403:GOL:O2	6:A:501:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:B:297:TYR:O	1:B:316:SER:HA	2.18	0.44
1:B:15:VAL:HG21	1:B:47[A]:MET:SD	2.59	0.43
1:A:263:ILE:HD12	1:A:300:ARG:HB3	2.03	0.41
1:A:273:HIS:CD2	1:A:349:PRO:HD3	2.56	0.41
1:B:166:GLY:HA3	1:B:200:TRP:CE2	2.54	0.41
4:A:404:GOL:H2	6:B:638:HOH:O	2.20	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the r	number of residu	ies for which	the backbone	conformation	was
analysed, and the total number of	residues.				

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{ntiles}$
1	A	368/376~(98%)	362 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	371/376 (99%)	365 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
2	С	6/8 (75%)	5 (83%)	1 (17%)	0	100	100
2	D	5/8 (62%)	4 (80%)	1 (20%)	0	100	100
All	All	750/768~(98%)	736 (98%)	14 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	309/314~(98%)	304 (98%)	5 (2%)	58 28		
1	В	311/314 (99%)	308 (99%)	3 (1%)	73 47		
2	C	7/7 (100%)	7 (100%)	0	100 100		
2	D	6/7~(86%)	6 (100%)	0	100 100		
All	All	633/642 (99%)	625 (99%)	8 (1%)	65 36		

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	100	ASP
1	A	162	ASP
1	A	176	ASP
1	A	208	HIS
1	A	371	PHE
1	В	100	ASP
1	В	208	HIS
1	В	371	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are



no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trimo	Chain	Des	Timle	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	LLP	A	43	1	23,24,25	2.36	5 (21%)	25,32,34	1.29	4 (16%)
1	LLP	В	43	1	23,24,25	2.31	6 (26%)	25,32,34	1.28	4 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	LLP	A	43	1	-	3/16/17/19	0/1/1/1
1	LLP	В	43	1	-	2/16/17/19	0/1/1/1

All (11) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	43	LLP	C4-C4'	6.82	1.61	1.46
1	В	43	LLP	C4-C4'	6.72	1.60	1.46
1	В	43	LLP	C4'-NZ	4.85	1.43	1.27
1	A	43	LLP	C4'-NZ	4.83	1.43	1.27
1	A	43	LLP	C4-C5	-4.04	1.36	1.42
1	В	43	LLP	C4-C5	-3.94	1.36	1.42
1	A	43	LLP	C2'-C2	3.44	1.55	1.50
1	В	43	LLP	C2'-C2	3.25	1.55	1.50

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	43	LLP	C6-N1	2.89	1.40	1.34
1	В	43	LLP	C6-N1	2.60	1.39	1.34
1	В	43	LLP	C5'-C5	2.02	1.56	1.50

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	43	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ	-3.14	109.54	124.04
1	В	43	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ	-2.90	110.68	124.04
1	A	43	LLP	CE-NZ-C4'	-2.68	110.13	118.72
1	В	43	LLP	CE-NZ-C4'	-2.60	110.40	118.72
1	В	43	LLP	C5-C6-N1	-2.49	119.77	123.83
1	A	43	LLP	C5-C6-N1	-2.42	119.89	123.83
1	В	43	LLP	C5-C4-C4'	-2.11	118.21	121.47
1	A	43	LLP	C3-C4-C5	2.02	119.90	118.28

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	В	43	LLP	C-CA-CB-CG
1	A	43	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ-CE
1	В	43	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ-CE
1	A	43	LLP	C-CA-CB-CG
1	A	43	LLP	C3-C4-C4'-NZ

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	PO4	В	403	-	4,4,4	0.93	0	6,6,6	0.48	0
4	GOL	A	404	-	5,5,5	1.03	0	5,5,5	0.94	0
4	GOL	A	402	-	5,5,5	1.05	0	5,5,5	0.89	0
4	GOL	A	403	-	5,5,5	0.86	0	5,5,5	0.97	0
4	GOL	В	402	-	5,5,5	0.89	0	5,5,5	1.01	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	A	403	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	404	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	402	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	В	402	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	402	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	A	404	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
4	A	402	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
4	A	402	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	A	404	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
4	A	402	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	404	GOL	2	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	403	GOL	4	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	365/376~(97%)	-0.65	5 (1%) 73 76	7, 13, 25, 50	6 (1%)
1	В	367/376 (97%)	-0.63	4 (1%) 77 80	6, 13, 26, 49	5 (1%)
2	С	8/8 (100%)	0.38	1 (12%) 9 8	18, 18, 27, 28	0
2	D	7/8 (87%)	0.07	0 100 100	15, 16, 23, 27	0
All	All	747/768 (97%)	-0.62	10 (1%) 74 77	6, 13, 25, 50	11 (1%)

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	137	HIS	4.8
1	A	140	TYR	3.9
1	В	9	GLN	3.1
1	В	137	HIS	2.4
1	В	162	ASP	2.3
1	A	279	GLU	2.2
1	A	280	MET	2.2
1	В	139	ILE	2.2
1	A	136	ASP	2.1
2	С	8	VAL	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ m \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	LLP	A	43	24/25	0.98	0.05	7,10,15,15	0
1	LLP	В	43	24/25	0.98	0.05	7,10,16,17	0



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	PO4	В	403	5/5	0.78	0.19	54,55,55,55	0
4	GOL	A	403	6/6	0.79	0.17	39,42,50,51	0
4	GOL	A	402	6/6	0.86	0.12	36,44,45,46	0
4	GOL	В	402	6/6	0.87	0.12	31,37,38,39	0
4	GOL	A	404	6/6	0.88	0.11	26,31,35,36	0
3	K	В	401	1/1	1.00	0.01	11,11,11,11	0
3	K	A	401	1/1	1.00	0.02	11,11,11,11	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

