

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 11, 2023 – 02:29 PM EST

| PDB ID | : | 8E6X |
|--------------|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EMDB ID | : | EMD-27930 |
| Title | : | Escherichia coli Rho-dependent transcription pre-termination complex con- |
| | | taining 18 nt long RNA spacer, lambda-tR1 rut RNA, Mg-ADP-BeF3, and |
| | | NusG; TEC part |
| Authors | : | Molodtsov, V.; Wang, C. |
| Deposited on | : | 2022-08-23 |
| Resolution | : | 4.27 Å(reported) |
| | | |
| This is a | ww | PDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry. |
| | | |
| | | We welcome your comments at validation @mail www.ndb.org |

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

| EMDB validation analysis | : | 0.0.1. dev 43 |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MolProbity | : | 4.02b-467 |
| Percentile statistics | : | 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) |
| MapQ | : | 1.9.9 |
| Ideal geometry (proteins) | : | Engh & Huber (2001) |
| Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) | : | Parkinson et al. (1996) |
| Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) | : | 2.32.1 |
| | | |

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.27 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



| Metric | $egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$ | ${f EM} {f structures} \ (\#{f Entries})$ |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Clashscore | 158937 | 4297 |
| Ramachandran outliers | 154571 | 4023 |
| Sidechain outliers | 154315 | 3826 |
| RNA backbone | 4643 | 859 |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for $\geq=3, 2, 1$ and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq=5\%$ The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

| Mol | Chain | Length | | Qual | ity of chain | | |
|-----|-------|--------|-----|------|--------------|---------------------|-----|
| 1 | 5 | 60 | 17% | 30% | 8% | 45% | _ |
| 2 | 6 | 60 | 22% | 35% | 5% | 38% | _ |
| 3 | 7 | 35 | • | 51% | 239 | 6 23% | _ |
| 4 | А | 1342 | i. | 81% | | 18% | |
| 5 | В | 1407 | • | 66% | | 25% • | 5% |
| 6 | С | 329 | | 60% | 7% | 33% | |
| 6 | D | 329 | | 54% | 12% | 34% | _ |
| L | 1 | 1 | 1 | | Ca | ontinued on next po | age |



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| Mol | Chain | Length | Quali | Quality of chain | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|--------|------------------|------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7 | Е | 91 | 67% | 12% | 21% | | | | | | |
| 8 | F | 181 | <u>6%</u> 46% | 38% | 11% • • | | | | | | |



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 39532 atoms, of which 11239 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called NT DNA.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | | | AltConf | Trace | | | | |
|-----|-------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---|---|
| 1 | 5 | 33 | Total 913 | C 322 | Н 237 | N 125 | 0 196 | Р 33 | 0 | 0 |

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called T DNA.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | | | AltConf | Trace | | | | |
|-----|-------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---|---|
| 2 | 6 | 37 | Total 1029 | C 357 | Н 281 | N 126 | 0 228 | Р 37 | 0 | 0 |

• Molecule 3 is a RNA chain called RNA with 18 nt long spacer.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | | | AltConf | Trace | | | | |
|-----|-------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---|---|
| 3 | 7 | 27 | Total 676 | C 253 | Н 109 | N 84 | O 203 | Р 27 | 0 | 0 |

• Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | | Α | AltConf | Trace | | | |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|------|---------|-------|----|---|---|
| 4 | А | 1340 | Total | С | N | 0 | S | 0 | 0 |
| | _ | | 10567 | 6631 | 1841 | 2052 | 43 | | |

• Molecule 5 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta'.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | | | AltConf | Trace | | | | |
|-----|-------|----------|----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|---|
| 5 | В | 1335 | Total 21000 | C 6526 | H 10612 | N 1854 | O 1958 | S 50 | 0 | 0 |

• Molecule 6 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | | Ate | AltConf | Trace | | | |
|-----|-------|----------|---------------|-----------|----------|----------|--------|---|---|
| 6 | С | 221 | Total 1698 | C 1060 | N 299 | O 333 | S 6 | 0 | 0 |

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| Mol | Chain | Residues | | At | AltConf | Trace | | | |
|-----|-------|----------|---------------|-----------|----------|----------|--------|---|---|
| 6 | D | 218 | Total 1677 | C 1048 | N 297 | O 326 | S 6 | 0 | 0 |

• Molecule 7 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | AltConf | Trace | |
|-----|-------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-------|---|
| 7 | Е | 72 | Total 577 | C 352 | N 110 | 0 114 | S 1 | 0 | 0 |

• Molecule 8 is a protein called Transcription termination/antitermination protein NusG.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | AltConf | Trace | |
|-----|-------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-------|---|
| 8 | F | 175 | Total 1392 | C 881 | N 249 | O 255 | S 7 | 0 | 0 |

• Molecule 9 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | AltConf |
|-----|-------|----------|-----------------|---------|
| 9 | В | 1 | Total Mg 1 1 | 0 |

• Molecule 10 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | AltConf |
|-----|-------|----------|-----------------|---------|
| 10 | В | 2 | Total Zn 2 2 | 0 |



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.















• Molecule 8: Transcription termination/antitermination protein NusG







4 Experimental information (i)

| Property | Value | Source |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| EM reconstruction method | SINGLE PARTICLE | Depositor |
| Imposed symmetry | POINT, Not provided | |
| Number of particles used | 69316 | Depositor |
| Resolution determination method | FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF | Depositor |
| CTF correction method | PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE | Depositor |
| | CORRECTION | |
| Microscope | FEI TITAN KRIOS | Depositor |
| Voltage (kV) | 300 | Depositor |
| Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$ | 52 | Depositor |
| Minimum defocus (nm) | 1250 | Depositor |
| Maximum defocus (nm) | 2500 | Depositor |
| Magnification | Not provided | |
| Image detector | GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k) | Depositor |
| Maximum map value | 0.031 | Depositor |
| Minimum map value | -0.011 | Depositor |
| Average map value | -0.000 | Depositor |
| Map value standard deviation | 0.001 | Depositor |
| Recommended contour level | 0.0035 | Depositor |
| Map size (Å) | 410.496, 410.496, 410.496 | wwPDB |
| Map dimensions | 384, 384, 384 | wwPDB |
| Map angles (°) | 90.0, 90.0, 90.0 | wwPDB |
| Pixel spacing (Å) | 1.069, 1.069, 1.069 | Depositor |



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mal | Chain | Bo | ond lengths | B | ond angles |
|------|-------|------|-----------------|------|---------------------|
| WIOI | Unam | RMSZ | # Z > 5 | RMSZ | # Z > 5 |
| 1 | 5 | 1.12 | 8/757~(1.1%) | 0.95 | 1/1163~(0.1%) |
| 2 | 6 | 1.09 | 4/834~(0.5%) | 1.44 | 7/1283~(0.5%) |
| 3 | 7 | 0.66 | 1/630~(0.2%) | 1.24 | 10/978~(1.0%) |
| 4 | А | 0.43 | 1/10736~(0.0%) | 0.60 | $1/14487 \ (0.0\%)$ |
| 5 | В | 0.52 | 3/10545~(0.0%) | 0.66 | 5/14236~(0.0%) |
| 6 | С | 0.41 | 0/1718 | 0.62 | 0/2328 |
| 6 | D | 0.36 | 0/1696 | 0.62 | 0/2298 |
| 7 | Ε | 0.34 | 0/579 | 0.59 | 0/779 |
| 8 | F | 0.44 | 2/1421 (0.1%) | 0.67 | 6/1914 (0.3%) |
| All | All | 0.52 | 19/28916~(0.1%) | 0.70 | 30/39466~(0.1%) |

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

| Mol | Chain | #Chirality outliers | #Planarity outliers |
|-----|-------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 5 | В | 0 | 5 |
| 6 | С | 0 | 1 |
| 6 | D | 0 | 1 |
| All | All | 0 | 7 |

The worst 5 of 19 bond length outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed(Å) | Ideal(Å) |
|-----|-------|-----|------|--------|--------|-------------|----------|
| 5 | В | 88 | CYS | CB-SG | -10.16 | 1.65 | 1.82 |
| 1 | 5 | 109 | DT | O3'-P | 8.68 | 1.71 | 1.61 |
| 4 | А | 828 | PHE | C-N | 8.65 | 1.53 | 1.34 |
| 2 | 6 | 10 | DG | C1'-N9 | -8.10 | 1.35 | 1.47 |
| 8 | F | 102 | PRO | C-N | 8.06 | 1.52 | 1.34 |



| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Ζ | $Observed(^{o})$ | $Ideal(^{o})$ |
|-----|-------|-----|------|-----------|--------|------------------|---------------|
| 2 | 6 | 27 | DG | O3'-P-O5' | 23.17 | 148.02 | 104.00 |
| 2 | 6 | 27 | DG | OP1-P-O3' | -20.72 | 59.62 | 105.20 |
| 2 | 6 | 28 | DA | P-O3'-C3' | 13.79 | 136.24 | 119.70 |
| 2 | 6 | 28 | DA | O3'-P-O5' | 11.61 | 126.05 | 104.00 |
| 3 | 7 | 9 | U | C2-N3-C4 | -11.35 | 120.19 | 127.00 |

The worst 5 of 30 bond angle outliers are listed below:

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Group |
|-----|-------|------|------|---------|
| 5 | В | 1184 | ASP | Peptide |
| 5 | В | 1326 | GLN | Peptide |
| 5 | В | 313 | GLY | Peptide |
| 5 | В | 416 | ILE | Peptide |
| 5 | В | 804 | ALA | Peptide |

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|-----|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|--------------|
| 1 | 5 | 676 | 237 | 373 | 52 | 0 |
| 2 | 6 | 748 | 281 | 419 | 52 | 0 |
| 3 | 7 | 567 | 109 | 280 | 55 | 0 |
| 4 | А | 10567 | 0 | 10585 | 230 | 0 |
| 5 | В | 10388 | 10612 | 10611 | 388 | 0 |
| 6 | С | 1698 | 0 | 1718 | 15 | 0 |
| 6 | D | 1677 | 0 | 1713 | 23 | 0 |
| 7 | Е | 577 | 0 | 588 | 10 | 0 |
| 8 | F | 1392 | 0 | 1369 | 251 | 0 |
| 9 | В | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | В | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| All | All | 28293 | 11239 | 27656 | 915 | 0 |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 915 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by



| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic distance (Å) | Clash overlap (Å) |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| 8:F:44:VAL:HG21 | 8:F:69:VAL:CG1 | 1.26 | 1.64 |
| 8:F:52:ILE:HD12 | 8:F:57:ARG:CD | 1.27 | 1.57 |
| 8:F:44:VAL:CG2 | 8:F:69:VAL:HG13 | 1.09 | 1.55 |
| 8:F:52:ILE:CD1 | 8:F:57:ARG:HD2 | 1.25 | 1.54 |
| 8:F:51:GLU:HB2 | 8:F:147:VAL:CG2 | 1.37 | 1.48 |

their clash magnitude.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Favoured | Allowed | Outliers | Perce | entiles |
|-----|-------|------------------|------------|----------|----------|-------|---------|
| 4 | А | 1338/1342~(100%) | 1221 (91%) | 116 (9%) | 1 (0%) | 51 | 85 |
| 5 | В | 1329/1407~(94%) | 1200 (90%) | 120 (9%) | 9 (1%) | 22 | 62 |
| 6 | С | 217/329~(66%) | 203~(94%) | 12 (6%) | 2(1%) | 17 | 56 |
| 6 | D | 214/329~(65%) | 198 (92%) | 16 (8%) | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 7 | Е | 70/91~(77%) | 67~(96%) | 3 (4%) | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 8 | F | 173/181~(96%) | 142 (82%) | 22 (13%) | 9(5%) | 2 | 22 |
| All | All | 3341/3679~(91%) | 3031 (91%) | 289 (9%) | 21 (1%) | 29 | 65 |

5 of 21 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type |
|-----|-------|-----|------|
| 8 | F | 42 | VAL |
| 8 | F | 44 | VAL |
| 8 | F | 122 | PRO |
| 8 | F | 123 | ARG |
| 5 | В | 175 | GLU |



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Rotameric | Outliers | Percentiles |
|-----|-------|------------------|------------|----------|-------------|
| 4 | А | 1155/1157~(100%) | 1143 (99%) | 12 (1%) | 76 86 |
| 5 | В | 1120/1168~(96%) | 1049 (94%) | 71 (6%) | 18 45 |
| 6 | С | 186/286~(65%) | 186 (100%) | 0 | 100 100 |
| 6 | D | 185/286~(65%) | 185 (100%) | 0 | 100 100 |
| 7 | Е | 63/75~(84%) | 63 (100%) | 0 | 100 100 |
| 8 | F | 150/158~(95%) | 123~(82%) | 27 (18%) | 1 11 |
| All | All | 2859/3130~(91%) | 2749~(96%) | 110 (4%) | 36 58 |

 $5~{\rm of}~110$ residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | \mathbf{Res} | Type |
|-----|-------|----------------|------|
| 5 | В | 215 | LYS |
| 5 | В | 291 | ILE |
| 8 | F | 176 | SER |
| 8 | F | 143 | ASP |
| 5 | В | 222 | LYS |

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 18 such sidechains are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type |
|-----|-------|-----|------|
| 6 | D | 117 | HIS |
| 8 | F | 116 | GLN |
| 7 | Е | 31 | GLN |
| 4 | А | 894 | GLN |
| 6 | D | 66 | HIS |

5.3.3 RNA (i)

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Backbone Outliers | Pucker Outliers |
|-----|-------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 3 | 7 | 26/35~(74%) | 12~(46%) | 0 |



| \mathbf{Mol} | Chain | \mathbf{Res} | Type |
|----------------|-------|----------------|------|
| 3 | 7 | 13 | U |
| 3 | 7 | 14 | U |
| 3 | 7 | 15 | U |
| 3 | 7 | 17 | U |
| 3 | 7 | 19 | U |

5 of 12 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-27930. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192



Z Index: 192

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192

Y Index: 192

Z Index: 192

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 161



Y Index: 209



Z Index: 167

6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 161

Y Index: 207



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0035. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 606 $\rm nm^3;$ this corresponds to an approximate mass of 547 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.234 ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.234 $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

| $\begin{bmatrix} Bosolution ostimato (Å) \end{bmatrix}$ | Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off) | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|----------|--|
| resolution estimate (A) | 0.143 | 0.5 | Half-bit | |
| Reported by author | 4.27 | - | - | |
| Author-provided FSC curve | - | - | - | |
| Unmasked-calculated* | 7.38 | 10.24 | 7.55 | |

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 7.38 differs from the reported value 4.27 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-27930 and PDB model 8E6X. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0035 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0035).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 92% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0035) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

| Chain | Atom inclusion | Q-score | 1.0 |
|-------|----------------|---------|----------|
| All | 0.9217 | 0.2640 | |
| 5 | 0.9098 | 0.1460 | |
| 6 | 0.9051 | 0.2030 | |
| 7 | 0.5908 | 0.1390 | |
| A | 0.9423 | 0.2910 | |
| В | 0.9232 | 0.2550 | |
| С | 0.9549 | 0.3360 | |
| D | 0.9513 | 0.3050 | |
| E | 0.6827 | 0.2190 | 0.0 < |
| F | 0.8924 | 0.1370 | |

