Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 25, 2020 – 01:00 pm BST

PDB ID	:	1DKT
Title	:	CKSHS1: HUMAN CYCLIN DEPENDENT KINASE SUBUNIT, TYPE 1 COMPLEX WITH METAVANADATE
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Deposited on	:	1995-11-22
Resolution	:	2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

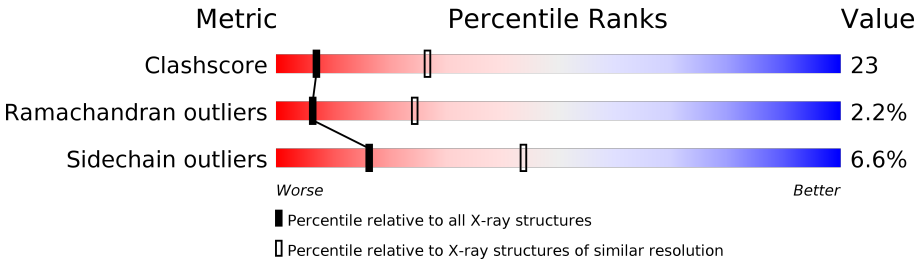
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	79	61% 27% • 9%
1	B	79	56% 30% • 10%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	V7O	A	100	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

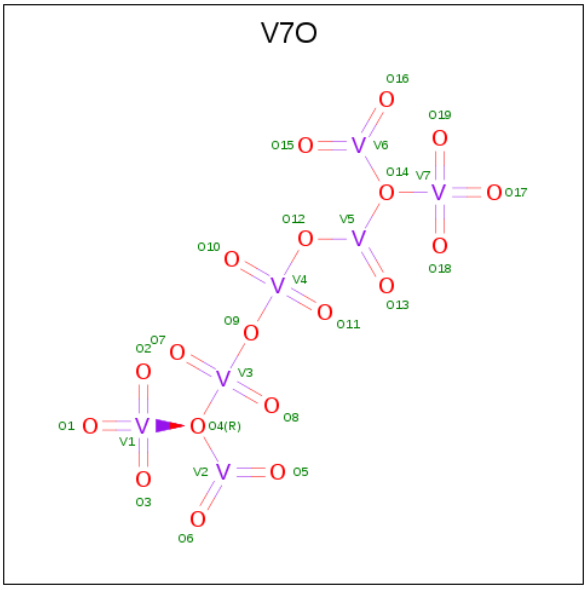
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1325 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CYCLIN DEPENDENT KINASE SUBUNIT, TYPE 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	72	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			623	404	107	109	3			
1	B	71	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			614	398	105	108	3			

- Molecule 2 is META VANADATE (three-letter code: V7O) (formula: $O_{19}V_7$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	O	V	0	0
			26	19	7		

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	45	Total	O	0	0
			45	45		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	17	Total O 17 17	0	0

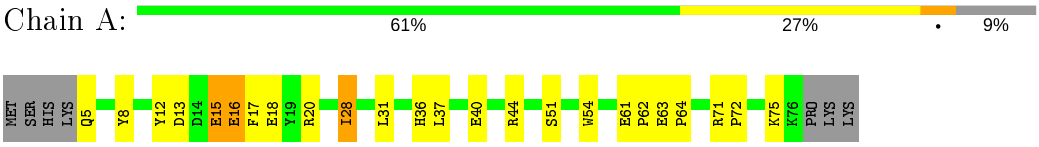
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

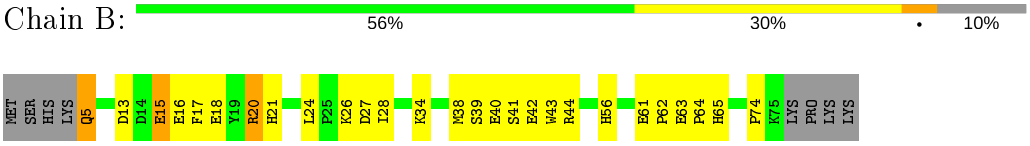
- Molecule 1: CYCLIN DEPENDENT KINASE SUBUNIT, TYPE 1

Chain A:



- Molecule 1: CYCLIN DEPENDENT KINASE SUBUNIT, TYPE 1

Chain B:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	94.00Å 94.00Å 131.60Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 2.90	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.0 (6.00-2.90)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.195 , 0.258	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	1325	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	32.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: V7O

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.43	0/644	0.66	0/871
1	B	0.41	0/635	0.71	0/860
All	All	0.42	0/1279	0.69	0/1731

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	623	0	607	17	0
1	B	614	0	594	20	0
2	A	26	0	0	19	0
3	A	45	0	0	2	0
3	B	17	0	0	2	0
All	All	1325	0	1201	56	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:100:V7O:O16	2:A:100:V7O:O15	1.70	1.07
2:A:100:V7O:O10	2:A:100:V7O:O11	1.73	1.03
2:A:100:V7O:O8	2:A:100:V7O:O9	1.79	1.00
2:A:100:V7O:O5	2:A:100:V7O:O6	1.82	0.97
2:A:100:V7O:O2	2:A:100:V7O:O3	1.84	0.95
2:A:100:V7O:O17	2:A:100:V7O:O18	1.96	0.83
1:B:24:LEU:HD22	1:B:28:ILE:HD11	1.60	0.82
2:A:100:V7O:V7	2:A:100:V7O:O18	1.46	0.72
2:A:100:V7O:V4	2:A:100:V7O:O11	1.48	0.70
2:A:100:V7O:O12	2:A:100:V7O:O11	2.09	0.69
2:A:100:V7O:V4	2:A:100:V7O:O10	1.50	0.69
2:A:100:V7O:V1	2:A:100:V7O:O3	1.52	0.66
1:A:13:ASP:HB3	1:A:18:GLU:HA	1.76	0.66
2:A:100:V7O:O15	2:A:100:V7O:V6	1.50	0.66
2:A:100:V7O:O16	2:A:100:V7O:V6	1.53	0.66
1:A:28:ILE:HG13	1:A:31:LEU:HD12	1.78	0.66
2:A:100:V7O:O13	2:A:100:V7O:V5	1.53	0.64
2:A:100:V7O:O8	2:A:100:V7O:V3	1.54	0.63
1:B:20:ARG:HG3	1:B:21:HIS:N	2.11	0.63
2:A:100:V7O:V7	2:A:100:V7O:O19	1.55	0.62
2:A:100:V7O:O5	2:A:100:V7O:V2	1.56	0.62
2:A:100:V7O:O17	2:A:100:V7O:O19	2.17	0.61
2:A:100:V7O:V2	2:A:100:V7O:O6	1.58	0.58
1:A:51:SER:HB3	1:A:54:TRP:CD1	2.41	0.56
1:A:61:GLU:HB2	1:A:62:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.56
1:A:71:ARG:HB2	1:A:72:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.54
1:A:36:HIS:HD2	1:A:37:LEU:O	1.91	0.54
1:B:61:GLU:N	1:B:62:PRO:HD2	2.22	0.54
1:B:13:ASP:HB3	1:B:18:GLU:HA	1.89	0.53
1:A:13:ASP:HB2	1:A:17:PHE:O	2.09	0.53
1:A:5:GLN:OE1	1:A:5:GLN:HA	2.10	0.51
1:B:5:GLN:N	3:B:586:HOH:O	2.45	0.49
1:B:16:GLU:HG3	1:B:17:PHE:CD2	2.48	0.49
1:B:39:SER:OG	1:B:42:GLU:HG3	2.13	0.48
1:A:20:ARG:HG2	3:A:584:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:15:GLU:O	1:A:16:GLU:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:A:5:GLN:N	3:A:572:HOH:O	2.47	0.46
1:B:38:MET:HB3	1:B:42:GLU:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:B:21:HIS:HB3	3:B:538:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:8:TYR:HB3	1:A:20:ARG:HE	1.81	0.45
1:B:13:ASP:CB	1:B:18:GLU:HA	2.46	0.45
1:B:65:HIS:CD2	1:B:65:HIS:H	2.35	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:40:GLU:O	1:A:44:ARG:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:B:40:GLU:HG2	1:B:44:ARG:HE	1.83	0.44
1:A:13:ASP:CB	1:A:18:GLU:HA	2.47	0.43
1:B:13:ASP:HB2	1:B:17:PHE:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:8:TYR:CD1	1:A:8:TYR:N	2.87	0.43
1:B:34:LYS:HB3	1:B:34:LYS:NZ	2.33	0.42
1:A:63:GLU:HA	1:A:64:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.42
1:B:61:GLU:OE1	1:B:61:GLU:HA	2.20	0.42
1:B:43:TRP:CZ3	1:B:44:ARG:HG2	2.54	0.41
1:A:15:GLU:O	1:A:15:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:B:15:GLU:HG3	1:B:15:GLU:H	1.64	0.41
1:B:24:LEU:HD22	1:B:28:ILE:CD1	2.42	0.40
1:B:26:LYS:HD2	1:B:26:LYS:HA	1.82	0.40
1:B:63:GLU:HA	1:B:64:PRO:HD2	1.81	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	70/79 (89%)	63 (90%)	5 (7%)	2 (3%)	4 18
1	B	69/79 (87%)	64 (93%)	4 (6%)	1 (1%)	11 36
All	All	139/158 (88%)	127 (91%)	9 (6%)	3 (2%)	6 24

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	16	GLU
1	A	75	LYS
1	B	74	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	69/76 (91%)	66 (96%)	3 (4%)	29 62
1	B	68/76 (90%)	62 (91%)	6 (9%)	10 30
All	All	137/152 (90%)	128 (93%)	9 (7%)	16 44

All (9) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	12	TYR
1	A	15	GLU
1	A	28	ILE
1	B	5	GLN
1	B	15	GLU
1	B	20	ARG
1	B	27	ASP
1	B	41	SER
1	B	56	HIS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	HIS
1	B	45	ASN
1	B	56	HIS
1	B	65	HIS

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	V7O	A	100	-	5,25,25	3.19	4 (80%)	-		

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	100	V7O	O11-V4	-4.21	1.48	1.63
2	A	100	V7O	O10-V4	-3.71	1.50	1.63
2	A	100	V7O	O8-V3	-3.45	1.54	1.63
2	A	100	V7O	O7-V3	2.62	1.70	1.63

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

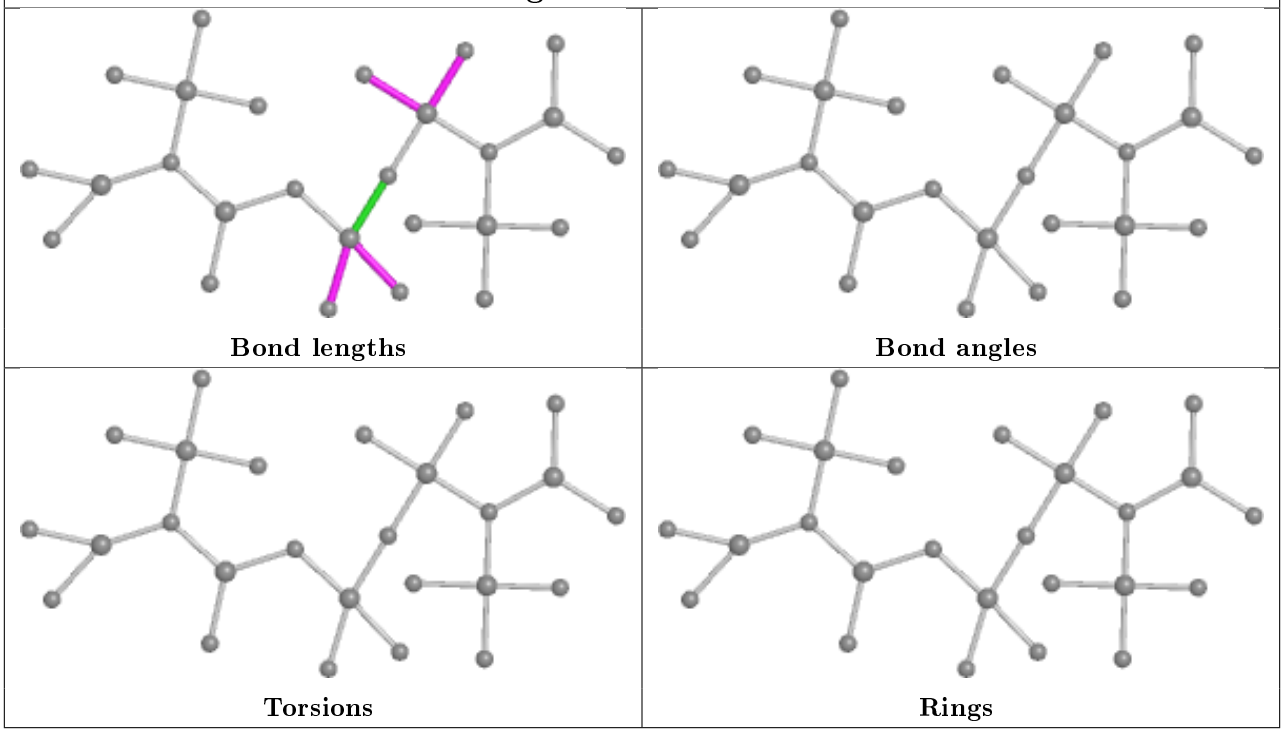
1 monomer is involved in 19 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	100	V7O	19	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier.

Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand V7O A 100



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.