

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 20, 2022 - 07:02 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4CRM EMDB ID : EMD-2598

Title : Cryo-EM of a pre-recycling complex with eRF1 and ABCE1

Authors: Preis, A.; Heuer, A.; Barrio-Garcia, C.; Hauser, A.; Eyler, D.; Berninghausen,

O.; Green, R.; Becker, T.; Beckmann, R.

Deposited on : 2014-02-28

Resolution : 8.75 Å(reported)

Based on initial model : 1DT9

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ: 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

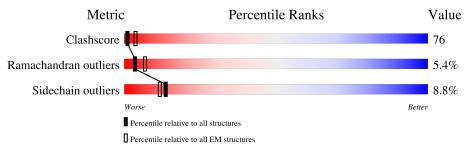
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 8.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	4297		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023		
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
			21%				
1	Р	608	31%	63%		5%	
			30%				
2	X	282	44%	32%	16%	9%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
Ī	3	ATP	Р	1609	-	-	X	-
Ī	4	SF4	Р	1610	-	-	X	-
	4	SF4	Р	1611	-	-	X	-
Ī	5	ADP	Р	1612	-	-	X	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	MG	P	1613	_	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7090 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR RLI1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
1	Р	608	Total 4804	C 3065	N 831	O 884	S 24	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called EUKARYOTIC PEPTIDE CHAIN RELEASE FACTOR SUB-UNIT 1.

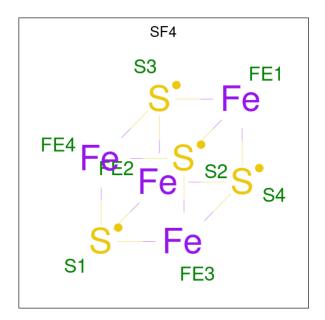
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
2	X	282	Total 2210	C 1406	N 366	O 433	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 3 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
3	Г	1	31	10	5	13	3	U

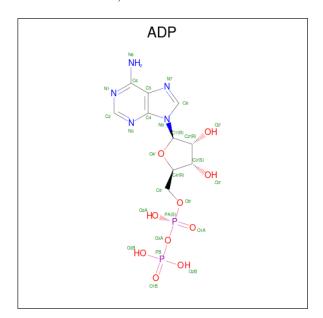
• Molecule 4 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe₄S₄).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	D	1	Total Fe S	0
4	1	1	16 8 8	0
4	D	1	Total Fe S	0
4	Г	1	16 8 8	

• Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf
5	Р	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0



• Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
6	Р	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

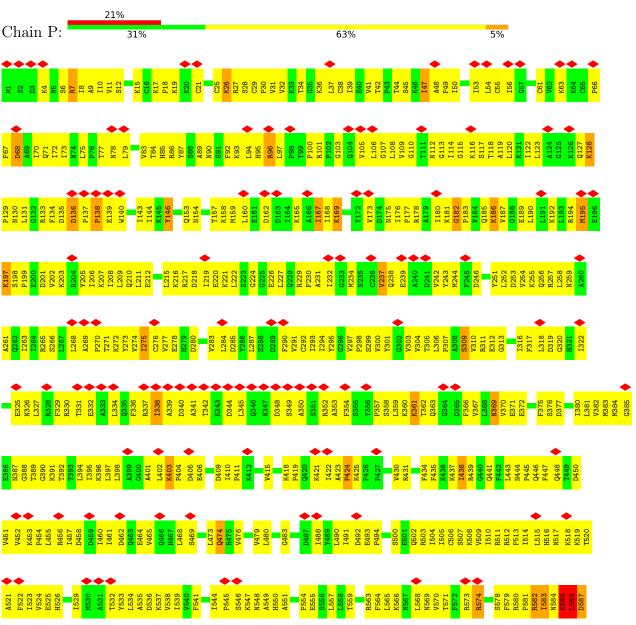
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
7	Р	1	Total O 1 1	0



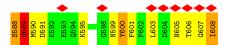
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

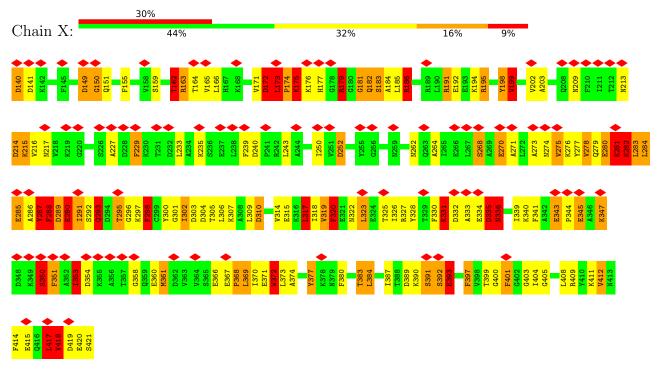








• Molecule 2: EUKARYOTIC PEPTIDE CHAIN RELEASE FACTOR SUBUNIT 1





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	39309	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	ON VOLUMES (SPIDER)	Depositor
Microscope	FEI MORGAGNI	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	20	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	147136	Depositor
Image detector	TVIPS TEMCAM-F416 (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.329	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.634	Depositor
Average map value	0.009	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.096	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.232	Depositor
Map size (Å)	455.4, 455.4, 455.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	368, 368, 368	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.2375, 1.2375, 1.2375	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP, ADP, SF4, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	Р	1.02	8/4893 (0.2%)	1.21	21/6603 (0.3%)
2	X	1.09	$10/2246 \ (0.4\%)$	1.57	53/3021 (1.8%)
All	All	1.04	18/7139 (0.3%)	1.34	74/9624 (0.8%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Р	0	2
2	X	1	17
All	All	1	19

The worst 5 of 18 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	X	150	GLY	C-N	18.11	1.75	1.34
1	P	608	ILE	C-O	-12.06	1.00	1.23
2	X	421	SER	C-OXT	-12.06	1.00	1.23
2	X	421	SER	C-O	-12.06	1.00	1.23
1	P	608	ILE	C-OXT	-12.03	1.00	1.23

The worst 5 of 74 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	X	149	ASP	O-C-N	-17.67	93.16	123.20
2	X	149	ASP	CA-C-N	14.81	145.82	116.20
2	X	298	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-13.00	111.70	120.80
1	Р	589	GLN	CA-CB-CG	12.85	141.68	113.40

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	Р	588	SER	N-CA-CB	12.81	129.71	110.50

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	X	331	LYS	CA

5 of 19 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Р	574	ARG	Sidechain
1	Р	589	GLN	Mainchain
2	X	140	ASP	Peptide
2	X	141	ASP	Sidechain, Peptide
2	X	149	ASP	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Р	4804	0	4945	829	0
2	X	2210	0	2182	251	0
3	Р	31	0	12	29	0
4	Р	16	0	0	16	0
5	Р	27	0	12	20	0
6	Р	1	0	0	2	0
7	Р	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	7090	0	7151	1078	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 76.

The worst 5 of 1078 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
2:X:302:ILE:HD11	2:X:325:THR:CB	1.26	1.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:P:589:GLN:C	1:P:589:GLN:CA	1.77	1.50
2:X:328:TYR:CD1	2:X:366:GLU:HG2	1.45	1.49
2:X:150:GLY:C	2:X:151:GLN:N	1.75	1.37
2:X:323:LEU:CD1	2:X:370:ILE:CG1	1.94	1.37

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	Р	606/608 (100%)	563 (93%)	35 (6%)	8 (1%)	12 48
2	X	$280/282 \ (99\%)$	197 (70%)	43 (15%)	40 (14%)	0 4
All	All	886/890 (100%)	760 (86%)	78 (9%)	48 (5%)	3 19

5 of 48 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Р	68	ASP
1	Р	138	PRO
1	Р	197	LYS
2	X	162	THR
2	X	172	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	Р	537/537 (100%)	516 (96%)	21 (4%)	32 56
2	X	234/234 (100%)	187 (80%)	47 (20%)	1 7
All	All	771/771~(100%)	703 (91%)	68 (9%)	13 31

5 of 68 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	X	347	LYS
2	X	353	ILE
2	X	415	GLU
2	X	172	ASP
2	X	164	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 17 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Р	599	ASN
2	X	151	GLN
1	Р	347	ASN
1	Р	369	ASN
1	Р	432	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ATP	Р	1609	6	26,33,33	2.19	8 (30%)	31,52,52	3.26	10 (32%)
4	SF4	Р	1611	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
5	ADP	Р	1612	-	24,29,29	1.16	4 (16%)	29,45,45	1.27	4 (13%)
4	SF4	Р	1610	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ATP	Р	1609	6	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	SF4	Р	1611	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
5	ADP	Р	1612	-	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	SF4	Р	1610	1	-	-	0/6/5/5

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
3	Р	1609	ATP	C4-N3	6.03	1.44	1.35
3	Р	1609	ATP	O5'-C5'	-4.58	1.27	1.44
3	Р	1609	ATP	O4'-C1'	3.97	1.46	1.41
3	Р	1609	ATP	PA-O5'	-2.97	1.47	1.59
5	Р	1612	ADP	PB-O3B	2.62	1.64	1.54

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	Р	1609	ATP	O5'-C5'-C4'	12.29	151.28	108.99
3	Р	1609	ATP	O5'-PA-O1A	-6.50	83.69	109.07
3	Р	1609	ATP	PA-O5'-C5'	5.67	154.90	121.68
3	Р	1609	ATP	C5'-C4'-C3'	-5.23	95.58	115.18
3	Р	1609	ATP	O4'-C4'-C3'	4.72	114.45	105.11



There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	Р	1609	ATP	C4'-C5'-O5'-PA
5	Р	1612	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
5	Р	1612	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	Р	1609	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B
5	Р	1612	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B

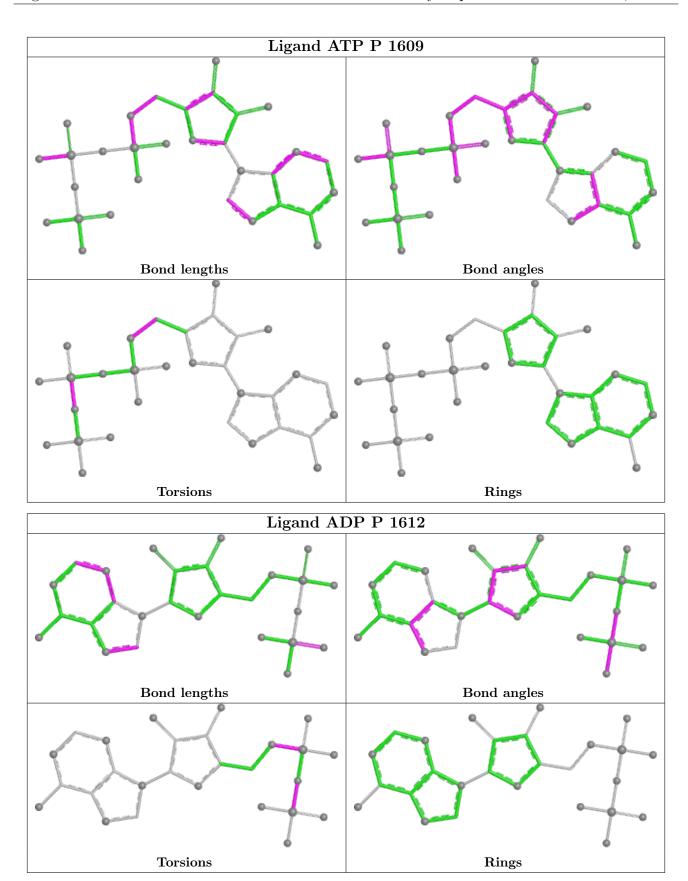
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 65 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	Р	1609	ATP	29	0
4	Р	1611	SF4	9	0
5	Р	1612	ADP	20	0
4	Р	1610	SF4	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
2	X	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	X	150:GLY	С	151:GLN	N	1.75



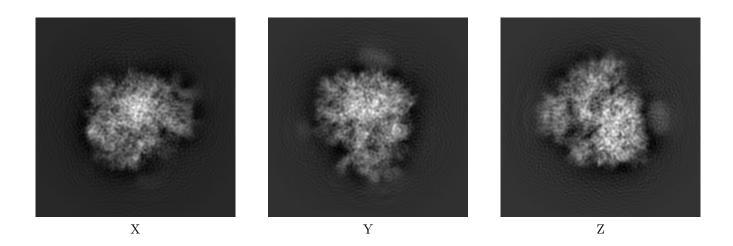
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-2598. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

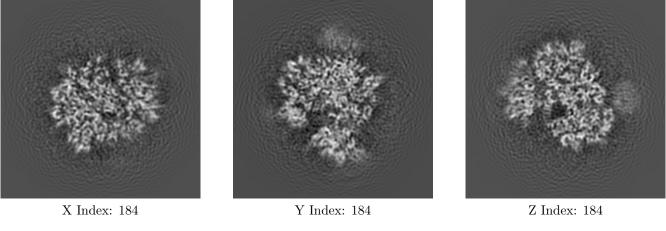
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map

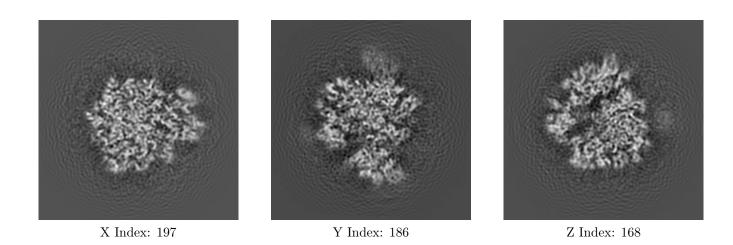




The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

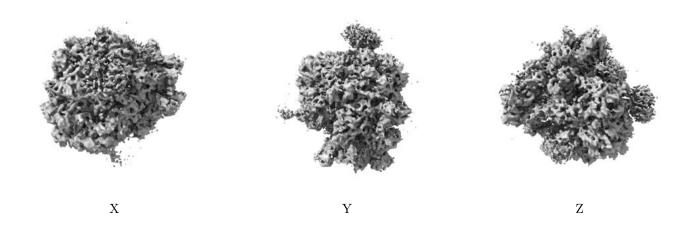
6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.232. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

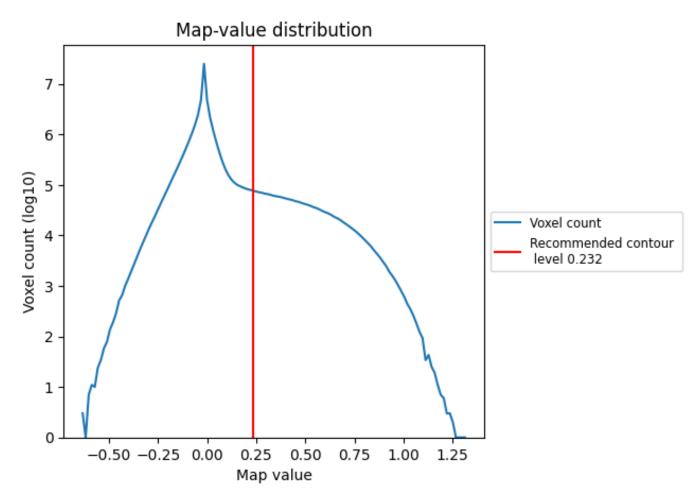
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

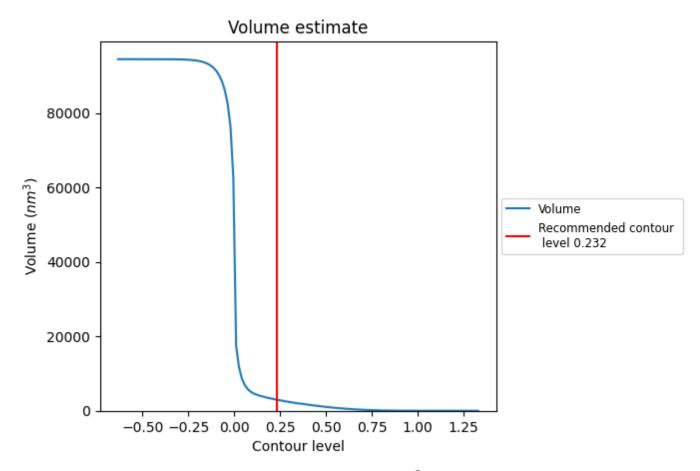
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

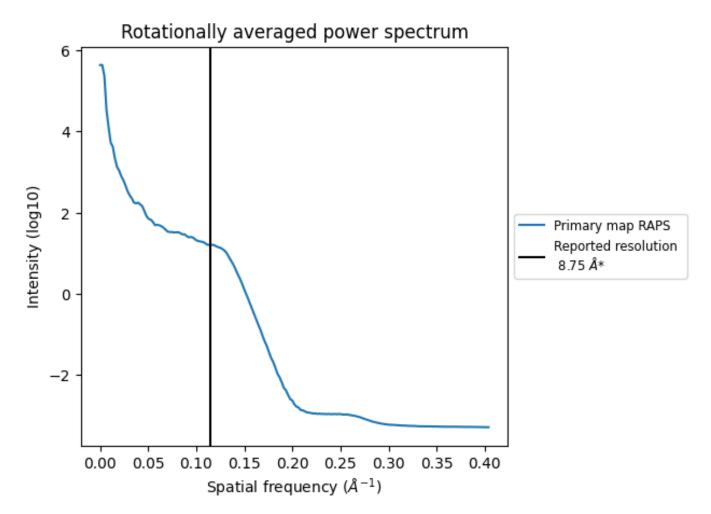


The volume at the recommended contour level is $2976~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $2688~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.114 $\rm \AA^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

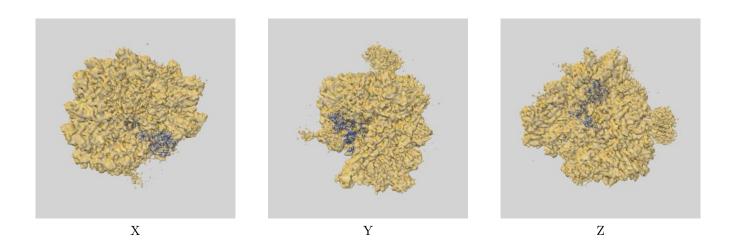
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-2598 and PDB model 4CRM. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

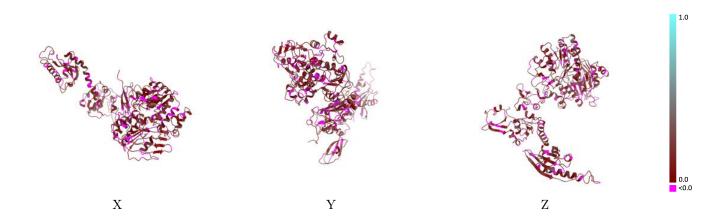
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.232 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

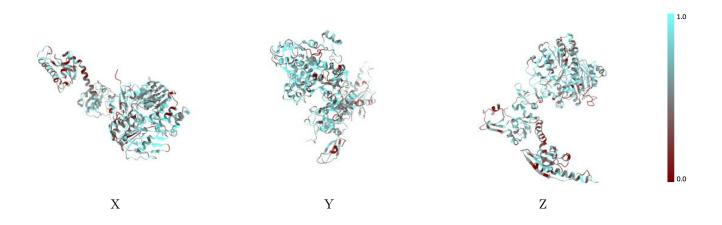


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

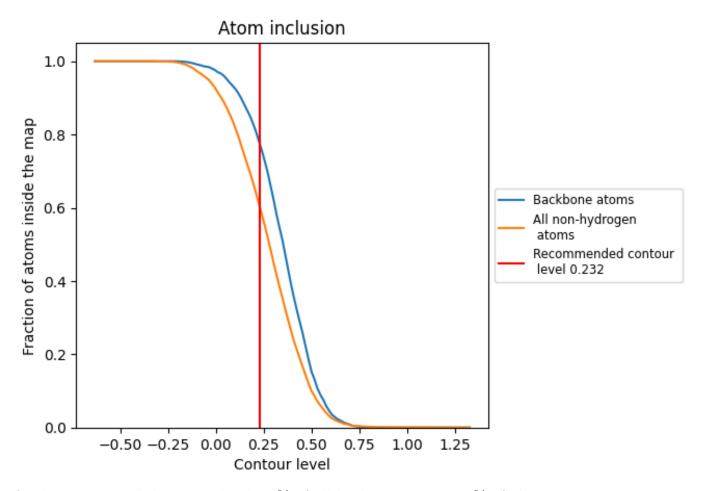
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.232).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 77% of all backbone atoms, 60% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.232) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5984	0.1170
Р	0.6382	0.1130
X	0.5163	0.1260



