

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 25, 2023 – 09:25 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3CRB

Title : Crystal structure of the complex of C-lobe of lactoferrin with 2-chromenone at

2.6 A resolution

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Deposited on : 2008-04-05

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

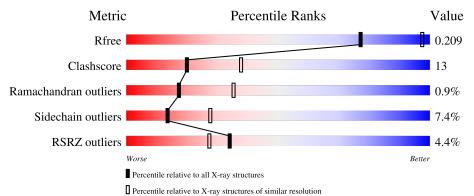
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	345	72%	24%	• •				
2	В	2	100%						
2	С	2	100%						
2	D	2	50%	50%					

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NAG	В	2	-	-	-	X
2	NAG	С	2	-	-	-	X
7	COU	A	693	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2852 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactotransferrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	341	Total 2604	C 1622	N 454	O 507	S 21	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	565	LYS	ASN	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P24627
A	608	GLU	LYS	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P24627

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



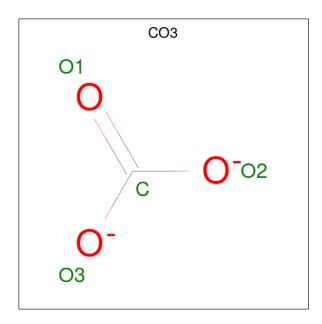
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
2	С	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
2	D	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CARBONATE ION (three-letter code: CO3) (formula: CO₃).



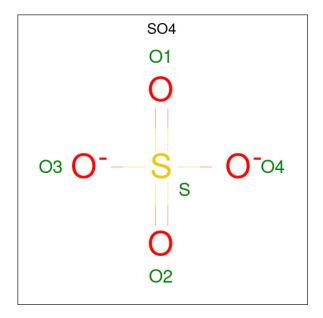


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 4	C 1	O 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	2	Total Zn 2 2	0	0

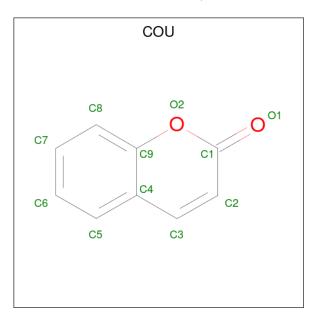
 \bullet Molecule 6 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: $\mathrm{O_4S}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atom	.S	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C 5 4) S 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 7 is COUMARIN (three-letter code: COU) (formula: $\mathrm{C_9H_6O_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total 11	C 9	O 2	0	0

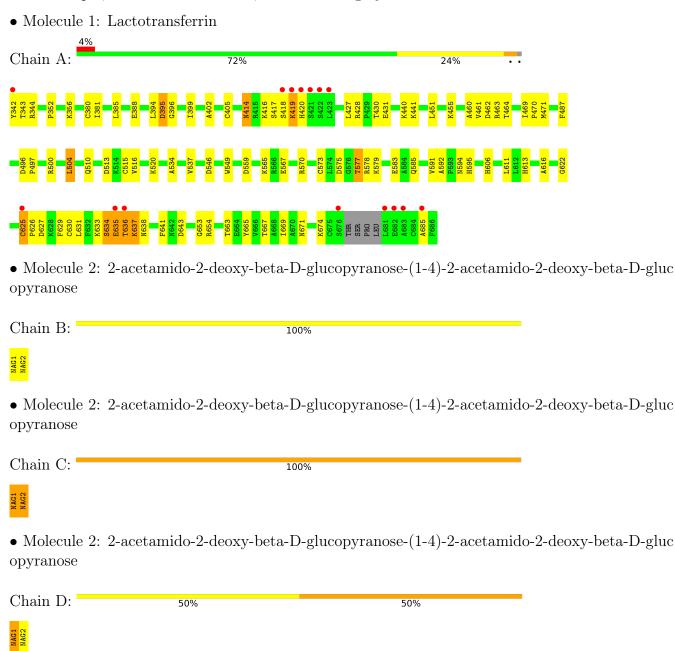
• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	141	Total O 141 141	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	63.37Å 50.37Å 65.84Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 107.81° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 2.60	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.82 - 2.58	EDS
% Data completeness	86.8 (20.00-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.8 (19.82-2.58)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.10	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.01 (at 2.56Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.183 , 0.211	Depositor
Tt, Ttfree	0.182 , 0.209	DCC
R_{free} test set	583 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	31.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.252	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.32\;,52.4$	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.029 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	2852	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.20% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, NAG, ZN, COU, CO3, FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond lengths		Bond angles	
Moi Cha	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.51	$2/2652 \ (0.1\%)$	0.84	1/3591 (0.0%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	388	GLU	CB-CG	5.33	1.62	1.52
1	A	388	GLU	CG-CD	5.28	1.59	1.51

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	510	GLN	CA-CB-CG	5.48	125.46	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2604	0	2518	64	0
2	В	28	0	25	0	0
2	С	28	0	25	3	0
2	D	28	0	25	5	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	4	0	0	0	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	A	5	0	0	0	0
7	A	11	0	6	0	0
8	A	141	0	0	4	0
All	All	2852	0	2599	67	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

The worst 5 of 67 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:1:NAG:H61	2:C:2:NAG:C7	1.87	1.02
1:A:343:THR:HA	1:A:606:HIS:NE2	1.75	1.00
1:A:585:GLN:HE21	2:D:1:NAG:H81	1.25	0.98
1:A:585:GLN:NE2	2:D:1:NAG:H81	1.79	0.95
1:A:417:SER:HB3	1:A:431:GLU:OE2	1.71	0.90

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	S
1	A	337/345 (98%)	313 (93%)	21 (6%)	3 (1%)	17 35	

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	685	ALA
1	A	625	CYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	634	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	282/286 (99%)	261 (93%)	21 (7%)	13 28

5 of 21 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	591	VAL
1	A	633	LYS
1	A	637	LYS
1	A	635	GLU
1	A	627	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	360	GLN
1	A	414	ASN
1	A	585	GLN
1	A	638	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res				Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	14,14,15	1.61	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.03	6 (35%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	1.57	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.28	7 (41%)
2	NAG	С	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	0.99	1 (5%)
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	1.14	1 (5%)
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	14,14,15	1.59	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.28	7 (41%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.66	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	В	1	NAG	O4-C4	-3.77	1.34	1.43
2	D	1	NAG	C1-C2	3.54	1.57	1.52
2	В	2	NAG	C1-C2	3.48	1.57	1.52
2	D	1	NAG	O7-C7	-3.10	1.16	1.23
2	В	2	NAG	O7-C7	-3.08	1.16	1.23

The worst 5 of 22 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-4.93	98.94	110.35
2	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.81	129.75	122.90
2	В	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.78	129.71	122.90
2	D	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.94	105.25	111.02
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.92	105.27	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
	2	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
Ī	2	С	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

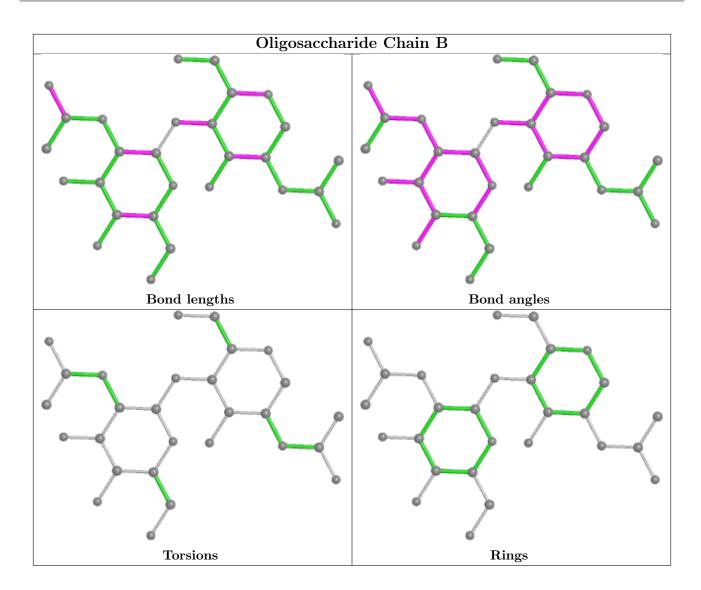
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

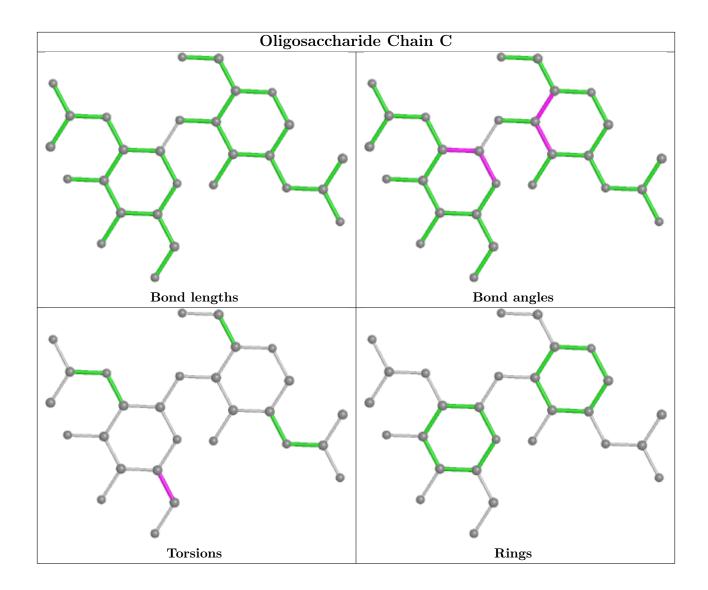
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	2	NAG	3	0
2	С	1	NAG	3	0
2	D	2	NAG	1	0
2	D	1	NAG	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

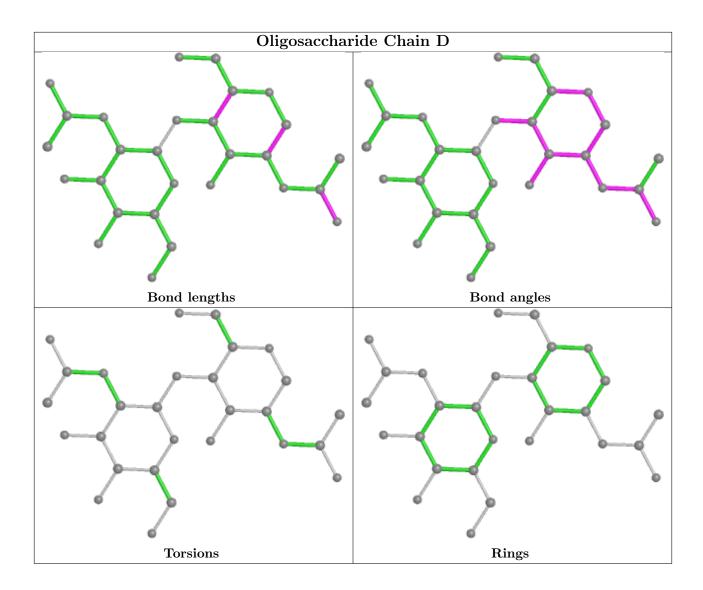












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	gths	Bond angles		
MIOI				DILL	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
4	CO3	A	692	3	2,3,3	0.36	0	2,3,3	0.12	0
7	COU	A	693	-	8,12,12	2.43	4 (50%)	9,16,16	0.94	1 (11%)
6	SO4	A	5	-	4,4,4	0.25	0	6,6,6	0.10	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

M	ol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7		COU	A	693	-	-	-	0/2/2/2

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
7	A	693	COU	C2-C1	4.20	1.45	1.37
7	A	693	COU	C3-C4	3.58	1.50	1.41
7	A	693	COU	C7-C8	2.14	1.41	1.36
7	A	693	COU	C7-C6	2.06	1.43	1.38

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
7	A	693	COU	C5-C4-C9	2.08	119.02	116.61

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	341/345 (98%)	-0.31	15 (4%) 34	27	13, 29, 54, 78	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 15 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	421	SER	5.5
1	A	682	GLU	5.4
1	A	681	LEU	5.0
1	A	342	TYR	4.9
1	A	420	HIS	4.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

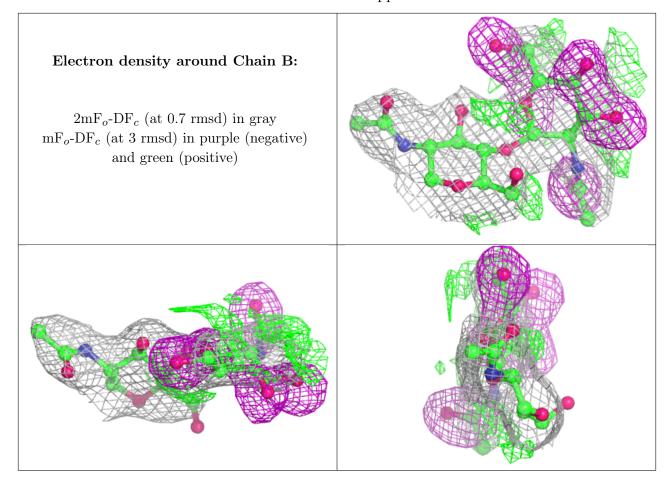
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.57	0.47	20,20,20,20	0
2	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.73	0.27	54,57,60,63	0
2	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.77	0.41	76,77,78,80	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.78	0.23	60,61,64,67	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.79	0.28	20,20,20,20	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.85	0.18	49,55,57,60	0

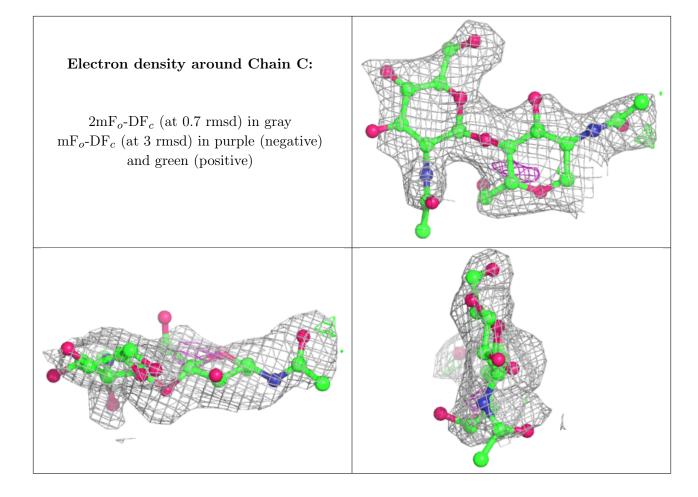
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosac-



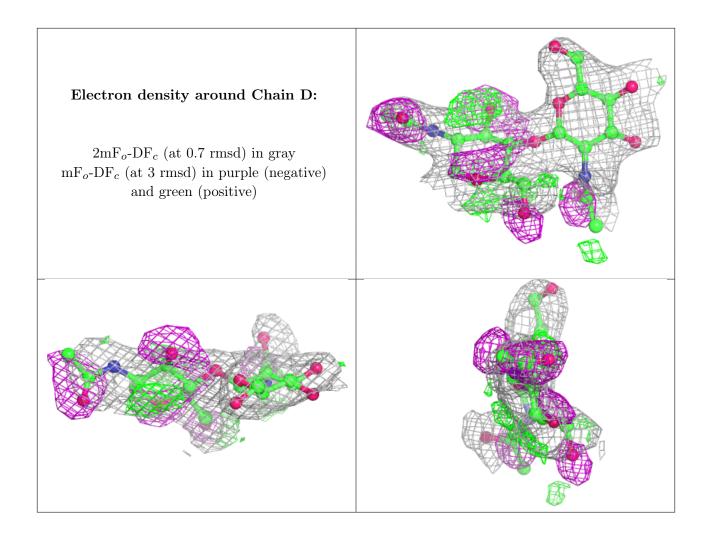
charide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
7	COU	A	693	11/11	0.79	0.81	56,56,57,57	0
6	SO4	A	5	5/5	0.85	0.33	33,33,34,34	5
5	ZN	A	3	1/1	0.96	0.04	36,36,36,36	0
3	FE	A	691	1/1	0.97	0.08	27,27,27,27	0
5	ZN	A	4	1/1	0.97	0.05	41,41,41,41	0
4	CO3	A	692	4/4	0.98	0.11	20,21,22,22	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

