

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 17, 2025 – 12:11 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9CPR / pdb 00009cpr

Title: Crystal structure of SARS-CoV-2 receptor binding domain in complex with

antibodies M22-90 and CC12.3

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Deposited on : 2024-07-18

Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1 EDS : 3.0

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

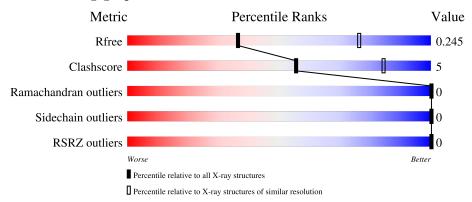
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	164625	1351 (3.10-3.10)
Clashscore	180529	1454 (3.10-3.10)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1391 (3.10-3.10)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1391 (3.10-3.10)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1351 (3.10-3.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	205	85%	9% 5%
2	F	220	86%	13% •
3	G	214	90%	9% •
4	Н	222	82%	14% •
5	L	220	86%	13% •



Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
6	В	2	100%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8117 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike protein S1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	194	Total 1536	C 985	N 256	O 287	S 8	0	0	0

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	531	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	532	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	533	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	534	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	535	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	536	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	537	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

• Molecule 2 is a protein called CC12.3 Fab heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	F	217	Total 1623	C 1028	N 268	O 321	S 6	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called CC12.3 Fab light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	G	212	Total 1626	C 1016	N 278	O 328	S	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called M22-90 Fab heavy chain.

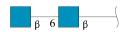
Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	Н	214	Total 1595	C 1014	N 259	O 314	S 8	0	0	0



• Molecule 5 is a protein called M22-90 Fab light chain.

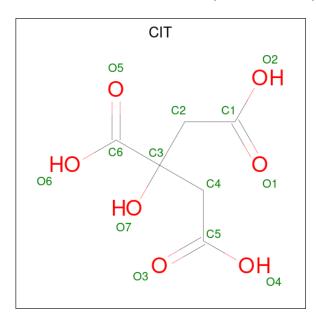
Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	L	217	Total 1694	C 1066	N 280	O 344	S	0	0	0

• Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-6)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	В	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 7 is CITRIC ACID (CCD ID: CIT) (formula: C₆H₈O₇).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Aton	ıs	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	G	1	Total C	C O 7	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



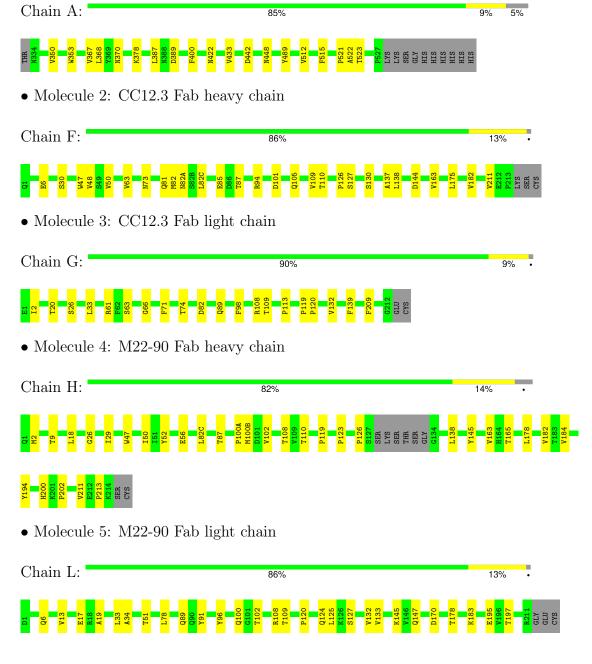
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	F	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S1





 \bullet Molecule 6: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

NAG1 NAG2



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	55.37Å 102.31Å 136.48Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 100.41° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.07 - 3.10	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.07 - 3.10	EDS
% Data completeness	81.0 (48.07-3.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	81.4 (48.07-3.10)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.32	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.79 (at 3.07Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.21rc1_5127: ???)	Depositor
D.D.	0.194 , 0.247	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.194 , 0.245	DCC
R_{free} test set	25345 reflections $(8.91%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	71.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.311	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 44.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.45, < L^2> = 0.27$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.056 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	8117	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	77.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.97% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, CIT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.10	0/1580	0.27	0/2151
2	F	0.08	0/1663	0.24	0/2265
3	G	0.08	0/1661	0.25	0/2254
4	Н	0.09	0/1635	0.27	0/2228
5	L	0.07	0/1732	0.25	0/2356
All	All	0.08	0/8271	0.26	0/11254

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1536	0	1452	14	0
2	F	1623	0	1581	17	0
3	G	1626	0	1586	11	0
4	Н	1595	0	1578	19	0
5	L	1694	0	1646	18	0
6	В	28	0	25	0	0
7	G	13	0	5	0	0
8	A	1	0	0	0	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	F	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	8117	0	7873	74	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (74) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1 2:F:126:PRO:HG3 5:L:145:LYS:HB3 3:G:120:PRO:HD3 5:L:6:GLN:O	Atom-2 2:F:138:LEU:HB3 5:L:197:THR:HB 3:G:132:VAL:HG22 5:L:100:GLN:NE2 2:F:94:ARG:NH2	1.67 1.70 1.72	overlap (Å) 0.74 0.73
5:L:145:LYS:HB3 3:G:120:PRO:HD3 5:L:6:GLN:O	5:L:197:THR:HB 3:G:132:VAL:HG22 5:L:100:GLN:NE2	1.70 1.72	0.73
3:G:120:PRO:HD3 5:L:6:GLN:O	3:G:132:VAL:HG22 5:L:100:GLN:NE2	1.72	
5:L:6:GLN:O	5:L:100:GLN:NE2		0.70
		2 22	0.72
	$9 \cdot \text{F} \cdot 04 \cdot \text{ABC} \cdot \text{NH}$	2.22	0.72
1:A:489:TYR:OH	2.1 .94.AIIG.NII2	2.23	0.71
2:F:138:LEU:HD13	2:F:211:VAL:HG21	1.78	0.66
1:A:442:ASP:O	1:A:448:ASN:ND2	2.30	0.63
3:G:2:ILE:HG13	3:G:26:SER:HB3	1.79	0.63
2:F:130:SER:OG	2:F:137:ALA:O	2.20	0.60
5:L:120:PRO:HD3	5:L:132:VAL:HG22	1.84	0.60
5:L:147:GLN:HB2	5:L:195:GLU:HB3	1.84	0.57
4:H:87:THR:HG23	4:H:110:THR:HA	1.85	0.57
3:G:61:ARG:NE	3:G:82:ASP:OD2	2.35	0.56
1:A:522:ALA:O	1:A:523:THR:OG1	2.17	0.56
5:L:133:VAL:HG22	5:L:178:THR:HG22	1.86	0.56
4:H:138:LEU:HD13	4:H:211:VAL:HG21	1.88	0.55
5:L:108:ARG:NH1	5:L:109:THR:OG1	2.40	0.55
4:H:200:HIS:CD2	4:H:202:PRO:HD2	2.42	0.54
5:L:13:VAL:HB	5:L:78:LEU:HD22	1.90	0.53
2:F:127:SER:H	2:F:130:SER:HB3	1.74	0.53
3:G:63:SER:OG	3:G:74:THR:OG1	2.27	0.52
1:A:378:LYS:NZ	4:H:56:GLU:OE1	2.44	0.51
5:L:33:LEU:HB3	5:L:51:THR:HG22	1.92	0.51
2:F:47:TRP:HZ2	2:F:50:VAL:HG12	1.76	0.49
2:F:163:VAL:HG22	2:F:182:VAL:HG12	1.95	0.49
1:A:367:VAL:HG23	1:A:368:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.49
2:F:87:THR:HG23	2:F:110:THR:HA	1.95	0.48
2:F:82:MET:HB3	2:F:82(C):LEU:HD21	1.95	0.48
1:A:368:LEU:C	1:A:370:ASN:H	2.21	0.48
2:F:6:GLU:H	2:F:105:GLN:HE22	1.62	0.48
2:F:48:VAL:HG13	2:F:63:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.48
4:H:165:THR:HG23	4:H:178:LEU:HD21	1.94	0.48



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash overlap (Å)	
		distance (Å)		
5:L:125:LEU:HD12	5:L:183:LYS:HG3	1.96	0.48	
5:L:89:GLN:HE21	5:L:96:TYR:HB3	1.78	0.47	
5:L:6:GLN:NE2	5:L:102:THR:OG1	2.43	0.47	
1:A:389:ASP:N	1:A:389:ASP:OD1	2.48	0.47	
5:L:13:VAL:HG12	5:L:17:GLU:HB2	1.96	0.47	
4:H:100(A):PRO:HD3	5:L:91:TYR:CZ	2.50	0.46	
1:A:433:VAL:HG12	1:A:512:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.45	
3:G:20:THR:HG22	3:G:74:THR:HG22	1.98	0.45	
3:G:66:GLY:HA3	3:G:71:PHE:HA	1.98	0.45	
5:L:34:ALA:HB2	5:L:91:TYR:HE1	1.82	0.45	
1:A:378:LYS:HG2	4:H:52:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.45	
2:F:82:MET:HE1	2:F:109:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.45	
3:G:119:PRO:HB3	3:G:209:PHE:CE2	2.52	0.44	
4:H:18:LEU:HB2	4:H:82(C):LEU:HD11	2.00	0.44	
4:H:184:VAL:HG11	4:H:194:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.44	
4:H:123:PRO:HB3	4:H:211:VAL:HG12	2.00	0.44	
3:G:113:PRO:HB3	3:G:139:PHE:HB3	2.00	0.44	
4:H:47:TRP:CD1	4:H:100(B):MET:HE1	2.53	0.44	
2:F:81:GLN:NE2	2:F:82(A):ASN:OD1	2.48	0.44	
3:G:108:ARG:NE	3:G:109:THR:O	2.48	0.44	
3:G:33:LEU:HD22	3:G:71:PHE:CG	2.54	0.43	
4:H:47:TRP:HZ2	4:H:50:ILE:HB	1.83	0.43	
1:A:350:VAL:HG22	1:A:422:ASN:HB3	2.00	0.43	
2:F:144:ASP:HA	2:F:175:LEU:HB3	2.00	0.43	
4:H:9:THR:HG23	4:H:108:THR:HB	2.01	0.43	
5:L:13:VAL:HG21	5:L:19:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.43	
1:A:350:VAL:HA	1:A:400:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.42	
3:G:89:GLN:HB2	3:G:98:PHE:CD2	2.54	0.42	
4:H:26:GLY:H	4:H:29:ILE:HD11	1.83	0.42	
4:H:163:VAL:HG22	4:H:182:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.42	
4:H:119:PRO:HB3	4:H:145:TYR:HB3	2.01	0.42	
1:A:387:LEU:HD21	1:A:515:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.42	
5:L:124:GLN:O	5:L:127:SER:OG	2.38	0.42	
2:F:30:SER:HB3	2:F:73:ASN:CG	2.45	0.41	
5:L:170:ASP:OD1	5:L:170:ASP:N	2.37	0.41	
2:F:101:ASP:OD1	2:F:101:ASP:N	2.42	0.41	
4:H:100(A):PRO:HD3	5:L:91:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.41	
4:H:2:MET:HB3	4:H:102:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.40	
1:A:353:TRP:CD1	1:A:353:TRP:H	2.40	0.40	
1:A:521:PRO:O	1:A:523:THR:HG23	2.21	0.40	
2:F:85:GLU:H	2:F:85:GLU:HG2	1.71	0.40	



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap} & (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
4:H:126:PRO:HD2	4:H:213:PRO:HA	2.02	0.40	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	192/205 (94%)	181 (94%)	11 (6%)	0	100 100
2	F	215/220 (98%)	213 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100 100
3	G	210/214 (98%)	203 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 100
4	Н	210/222 (95%)	207 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100 100
5	L	215/220 (98%)	208 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 100
All	All	1042/1081 (96%)	1012 (97%)	30 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	167/177 (94%)	167 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	183/186 (98%)	183 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	183/185 (99%)	183 (100%)	0	100	100



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
4	Н	181/188 (96%)	181 (100%)	0	100	100
5	L	194/196 (99%)	194 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	908/932 (97%)	908 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	394	ASN
4	Н	164	HIS
5	L	137	ASN
5	L	199	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	in Res	Link	Во	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	NAG	В	1	6,1	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	1.68	4 (23%)
6	NAG	В	2	6	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	1.42	3 (17%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	В	1	6,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	В	2	6	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
6	В	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.59	118.34	112.19
6	В	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.89	105.27	111.29
6	В	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.57	114.48	110.43
6	В	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.29	125.97	122.90
6	В	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.10	114.05	110.23
6	В	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.09	108.06	111.29
6	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6	-2.02	103.72	107.66

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

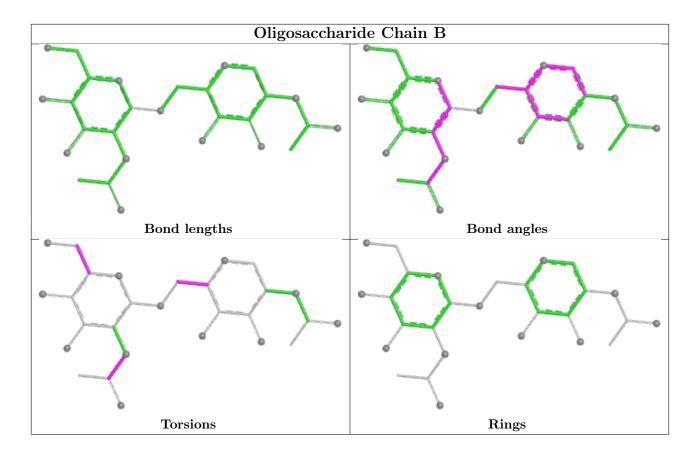
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	В	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	В	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
6	В	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	l Type Chain Res Link		Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles			
Mol	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	CIT	G	301	-	12,12,12	1.36	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.47	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	CIT	G	301	_	-	8/16/16/16	_



All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
7	G	301	CIT	C3-C6	3.00	1.56	1.53

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}({}^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
7	G	301	CIT	O5-C6-C3	-3.36	115.58	122.09
7	G	301	CIT	O6-C6-C3	2.72	118.36	113.14
7	G	301	CIT	O7-C3-C6	2.23	112.13	108.96

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	G	301	CIT	O1-C1-C2-C3
7	G	301	CIT	O2-C1-C2-C3
7	G	301	CIT	C2-C3-C6-O5
7	G	301	CIT	C2-C3-C6-O6
7	G	301	CIT	C4-C3-C6-O6
7	G	301	CIT	C4-C3-C6-O5
7	G	301	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O5
7	G	301	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	#RS	$\overline{ ext{RZ}{>}2}$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	194/205 (94%)	-0.37	0 100	100	41, 63, 104, 134	0
2	F	217/220 (98%)	-0.56	0 100	100	38, 58, 94, 114	0
3	G	212/214 (99%)	-0.52	0 100	100	43, 63, 82, 100	0
4	Н	214/222~(96%)	-0.36	0 100	100	52, 76, 128, 141	0
5	L	217/220 (98%)	-0.07	0 100	100	70, 111, 138, 153	0
All	All	1054/1081 (97%)	-0.38	0 100	100	38, 70, 128, 153	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

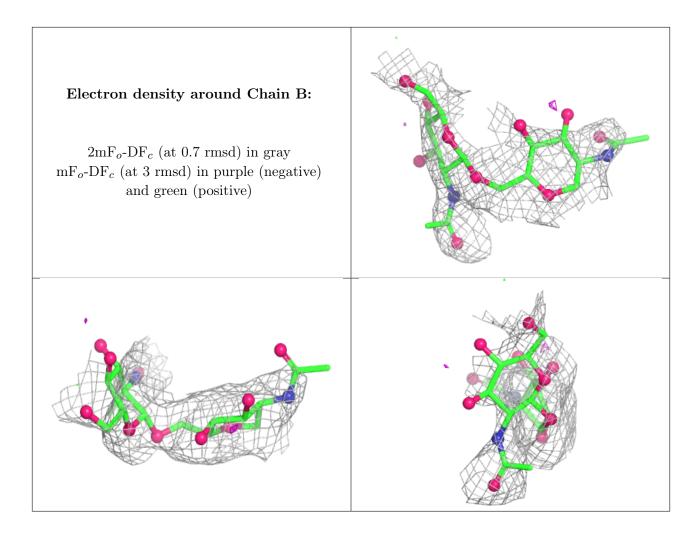
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	NAG	В	1	14/15	-	-	99,122,138,148	0
6	NAG	В	2	14/15	-	-	112,155,176,183	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
7	CIT	G	301	13/13	0.83	0.12	77,94,105,108	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

