

# Full wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Report (i)

### May 13, 2020 - 07:21 am BST

PDB ID	:	6C78
Title	:	Substrate Binding Induces Conformational Changes In A Class A Beta Lacta-
		mase That Primes It For Catalysis
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Deposited on	:	2018-01-22
Resolution	:	1.75 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $NEUTRON\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$		
Clashscore	141614	2466 (1.76-1.76)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2437(1.76-1.76)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	2437(1.76-1.76)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	261	95%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4202 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 2147 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-lactamase Toho-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	259	Total 3921	С 1214	D 1969	N 348	0 384	S 6	0	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	27	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q47066
A	70	ALA	SER	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP Q47066
А	274	ASN	ARG	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP Q47066
А	276	ASN	ARG	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP Q47066

• Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	101	Total 281	D 178	O 103	0	2





# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are colorcoded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: Beta-lactamase Toho-1





# 4 Model quality (i)

# 4.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DOD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.48	0/1981	0.70	0/2691	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 4.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3921	0	1969	8	0
2	А	281	0	0	7	0
All	All	4202	0	1969	8	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (8) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:158:GLU:OE2	2:A:301:DOD:O	2.03	0.75
1:A:218:SER:O	2:A:302:DOD:O	2.09	0.70

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:201:GLU:OE1	2:A:304:DOD:O	2.19	0.60
1:A:272:ALA:O	2:A:303:DOD:O	2.19	0.59
1:A:105:TYR:OH	2:A:305:DOD:O	2.22	0.52
1:A:38:LYS:HG2	2:A:348:DOD:O	2.10	0.47
1:A:163:ASP:OD1	2:A:306:DOD:O	2.24	0.46
1:A:99:LYS:N	1:A:99:LYS:HD3	2.31	0.41

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 4.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 4.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	257/261~(98%)	251 (98%)	4 (2%)	2(1%)	19 6

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	105	TYR
1	А	103	VAL

#### 4.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	207/208~(100%)	205~(99%)	2(1%)	76 63



All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	94	ARG
1	А	99	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	83	GLN

#### 4.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 4.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 4.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 4.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 4.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

