

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 16, 2024 – 02:52 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	2C2C
Title	:	REFINEMENT OF THE CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF OXIDIZED RHO-
		DOSPIRILLUM RUBRUM CYTOCHROME C2
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Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

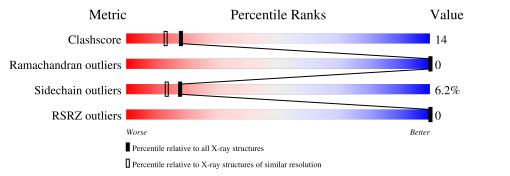
Mogul Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins)	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022) 1.20.1 2.37.1 1.1.7 (2018) 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)		
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	112	36%	46%	16%			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 962 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

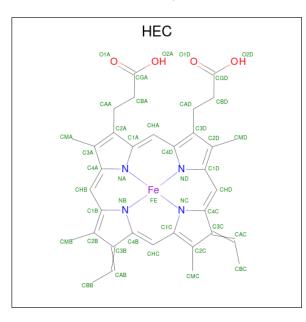
• Molecule 1 is a protein called CYTOCHROME C2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	112	Total 832	C 529	N 137	0 162	$\frac{S}{4}$	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	45	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP P00092
А	73	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP P00092

• Molecule 2 is HEME C (three-letter code: HEC) (formula: $C_{34}H_{34}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	А	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	0 4	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

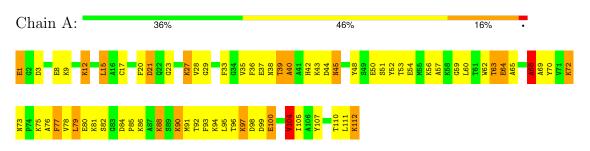


Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	87	Total O 87 87	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: CYTOCHROME C2



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	32.22Å 37.36Å 84.62Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	42.31 - 1.68	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)- 2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (42.31 - 1.68)	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.33 (at 1.68 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PROLSQ	Depositor
D D.	0.172 , (Not available)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.162 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	12.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.232	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 62.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	962	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	16.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 12.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	2.35	36/848~(4.2%)	3.52	112/1144 (9.8%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	3	3

The worst 5 of 36 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	112	LYS	C-O	13.86	1.49	1.23
1	А	50	GLU	CD-OE1	11.93	1.38	1.25
1	А	91	MET	C-O	11.09	1.44	1.23
1	А	1	GLU	CA-CB	9.75	1.75	1.53
1	А	37	GLU	CD-OE1	9.41	1.36	1.25

The worst 5 of 112 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	99	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	30.19	145.47	118.30
1	А	98	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-24.36	96.38	118.30
1	А	98	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	22.29	138.36	118.30
1	А	44	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	19.04	135.43	118.30
1	А	50	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	18.55	145.56	123.30

All (3) chirality outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	А	39	THR	CB
1	А	110	THR	CB
1	А	112	LYS	CA

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	27	LYS	Mainchain
1	А	68	ALA	Mainchain
1	А	77	PHE	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	832	0	795	21	11
2	А	43	0	31	7	0
3	А	87	0	0	5	11
All	All	962	0	826	23	11

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 23 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1:GLU:CA	1:A:1:GLU:CB	1.75	1.60
1:A:17:CYS:SG	2:A:113:HEC:CAC	2.13	1.35
1:A:88:LYS:CB	3:A:185:HOH:O	1.95	1.14
1:A:17:CYS:SG	2:A:113:HEC:HAC	2.00	0.97
1:A:100:GLU:O	1:A:104:VAL:HG23	1.71	0.88

The worst 5 of 11 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:90:LYS:CE	3:A:134:HOH:O[4_556]	1.20	1.00
1:A:63:THR:CB	3:A:203:HOH:O[3_745]	1.29	0.91
1:A:90:LYS:NZ	3:A:134:HOH:O[4_556]	1.32	0.88
1:A:112:LYS:CB	3:A:181:HOH:O[4_456]	1.43	0.77
1:A:64:GLU:OE2	3:A:200:HOH:O[3_745]	1.47	0.73

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	110/112~(98%)	103 (94%)	7~(6%)	0	100	100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	80/89~(90%)	75~(94%)	5~(6%)	18 13		

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	15	LEU
1	А	45	ASN
1	А	79	LEU
1	А	97	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	104	VAL

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	А	22	GLN	
1	А	45	ASN	

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Link	Bond lengths		Bond angles				
Moi Type Cr	Unam	Chain Kes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
2	HEC	А	113	1	32,50,50	2.39	11 (34%)	30,82,82	2.45	14 (46%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEC	A	113	1	-	0/10/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	113	HEC	C3C-C2C	-6.57	1.33	1.40
2	А	113	HEC	CAA-C2A	6.45	1.63	1.52
2	А	113	HEC	CBC-CAC	-3.57	1.36	1.49
2	А	113	HEC	C1B-NB	3.38	1.43	1.36
2	А	113	HEC	CMA-C3A	3.12	1.59	1.51

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	113	HEC	CMD-C2D-C1D	-5.33	120.64	128.46
2	А	113	HEC	CMC-C2C-C3C	5.09	131.80	125.82
2	А	113	HEC	CMC-C2C-C1C	-4.59	121.74	128.46
2	А	113	HEC	CBB-CAB-C3B	-3.74	118.73	127.49
2	А	113	HEC	CBC-CAC-C3C	-3.48	119.34	127.49

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

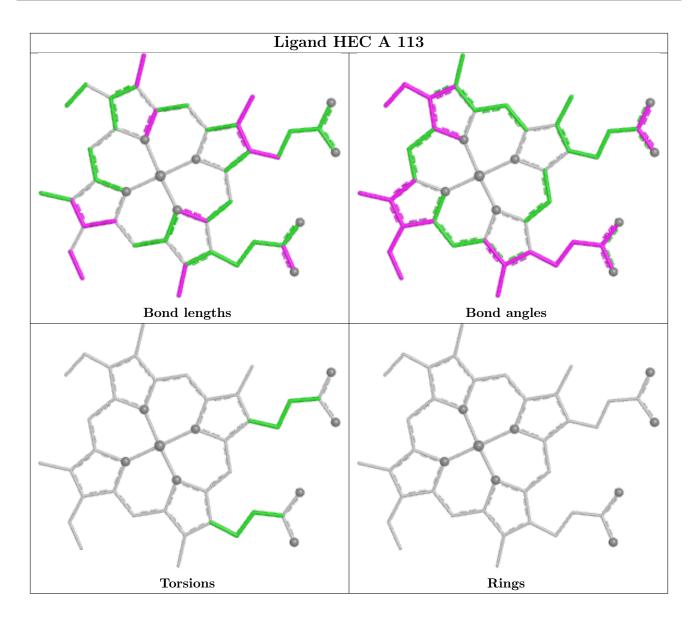
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	А	113	HEC	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle \mathbf{RSRZ} \rangle \# \mathbf{RSRZ} \rangle$		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	112/112~(100%)	-1.12	0 100 100	7, 14, 25, 51	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

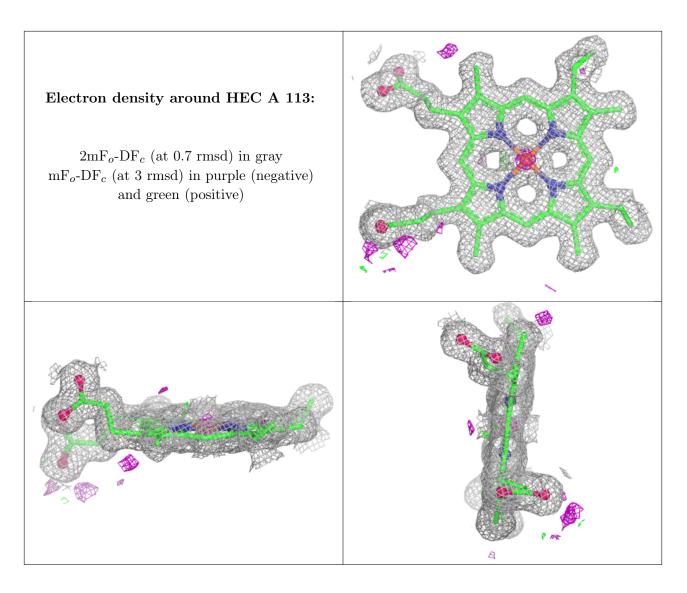
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	HEC	А	113	43/43	0.99	0.05	$3,\!6,\!12,\!17$	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

