

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 30, 2024 - 08:05 pm BST

PDB ID	:	4C0U
EMDB ID	:	EMD-2397
Title	:	Cryo-EM reconstruction of enterovirus 71 in complex with a neutralizing an-
		tibody E18
Authors	:	Plevka, P.; Perera, R.; Cardosa, J.; Suksatu, A.; Kuhn, R.J.; Rossmann, M.G.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	10.00 Å(reported)
Based on initial model	:	3ZFE

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

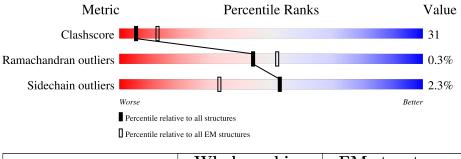
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1. dev 92
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 10.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	EM structures
Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Qualit	y of chain			
1	٨	000	5%				
	A	298	53%	21%	•	24%	
	-		19%				
2	В	254	77%			18%	•••
			15%				
3	С	242	67%			32%	•
			11%				
4	Y	217	68%			31%	•
			8%				
5	Z	220	65%			35%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8074 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called VP1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
1	А	225	Total 1786	C 1144	N 302	O 329	S 11	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called VP2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
2	В	244	Total 1893	C 1212	N 313	O 359	S 9	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called VP3.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
3	С	242	Total 1866	C 1198	N 311	0 345	S 12	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called FAB EV18 4 D6-1 F1 G9.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
4	Y	217	Total 1265	C 831	N 217	O 217	0	0

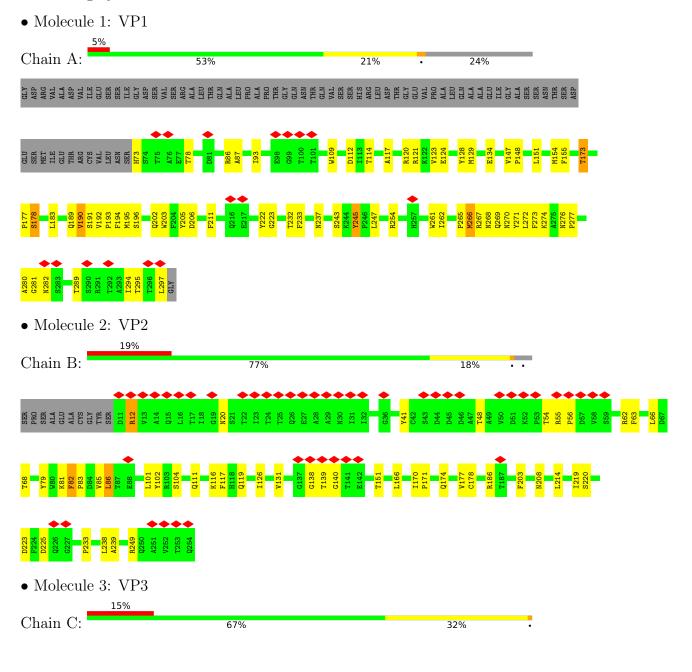
• Molecule 5 is a protein called FAB EV18 4 D6-1 F1 G9.

Mol C	Chain	Residues		Ato	\mathbf{ms}		AltConf	Trace
5	Ζ	220	Total 1264	C 824	N 220	O 220	0	0

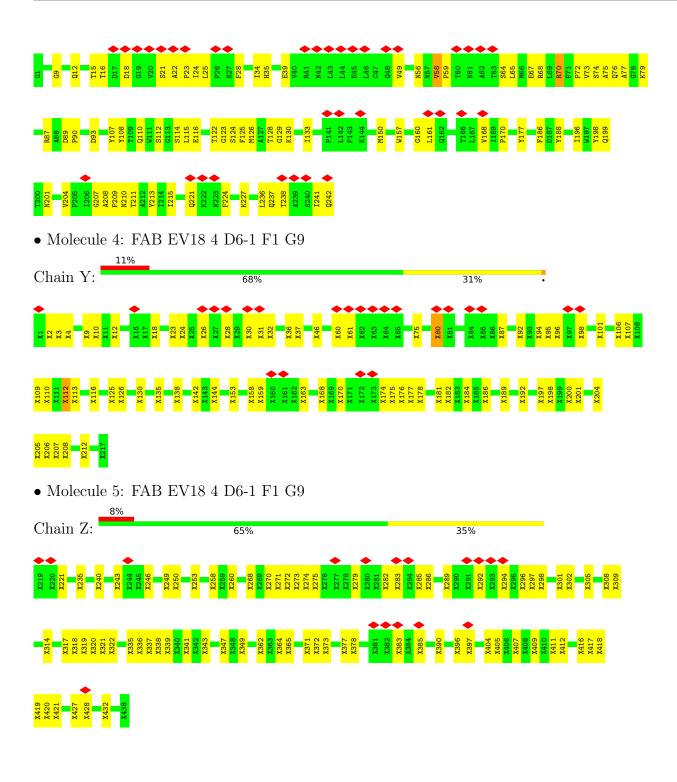


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.









4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	8335	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	CTF DETERMINED FOR ALL PARTI- CLES FROM ONE FILM, PHASE FLIP	Depositor
Microscope	FEI/PHILIPS CM200FEG/UT	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	18	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	750	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	4500	Depositor
Magnification	4950	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.869	Depositor
Minimum map value	-4.858	Depositor
Average map value	0.023	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.918	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.0	Depositor
Map size (Å)	496.0, 496.0, 496.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	200, 200, 200	wwPDB
Map angles ($^{\circ}$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.48, 2.48, 2.48	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	nd angles
	Ullalli	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.32	0/1841	0.60	0/2509
2	В	0.32	0/1948	0.63	1/2670~(0.0%)
3	С	0.32	0/1920	0.59	0/2626
All	All	0.32	0/5709	0.61	1/7805~(0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
4	Y	0	4
5	Ζ	0	2
All	All	0	6

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	82	PHE	N-CA-C	6.68	129.03	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
4	Y	112	UNK	Mainchain
4	Y	46	UNK	Peptide
4	Y	80	UNK	Peptide
4	Y	98	UNK	Peptide
5	Ζ	338	UNK	Mainchain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1786	0	1735	142	0
2	В	1893	0	1827	93	0
3	С	1866	0	1832	244	0
4	Y	1265	0	1180	92	0
5	Ζ	1264	0	1120	166	0
All	All	8074	0	7694	487	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 31.

The worst 5 of 487 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:Y:92:UNK:CG	4:Y:92:UNK:CB	1.77	1.63
4:Y:138:UNK:CG	4:Y:138:UNK:CB	1.78	1.59
5:Z:365:UNK:CG	5:Z:365:UNK:CB	1.78	1.59
5:Z:314:UNK:CG	5:Z:314:UNK:CB	1.77	1.59
5:Z:240:UNK:HG1	5:Z:314:UNK:CG	1.10	1.58

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	223/298~(75%)	209~(94%)	13~(6%)	1 (0%)	34 72

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
2	В	242/254~(95%)	224 (93%)	18 (7%)	0	100	100
3	\mathbf{C}	240/242~(99%)	227~(95%)	12~(5%)	1 (0%)	34	72
All	All	705/794~(89%)	660 (94%)	43 (6%)	2~(0%)	44	77

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All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	С	58	VAL
1	А	262	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	194/253~(77%)	189~(97%)	5(3%)	46	66
2	В	208/215~(97%)	202~(97%)	6 (3%)	42	64
3	С	203/203~(100%)	200~(98%)	3(2%)	65	80
All	All	605/671~(90%)	591~(98%)	14 (2%)	53	70

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	86	LEU
2	В	102	TYR
3	С	150	MET
3	С	70	ARG
3	С	116	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	109	HIS
3	С	76	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	С	237	GLN
1	А	268	ASN
1	А	189	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
4	Y	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	Y	112:UNK	С	113:UNK	Ν	0.93



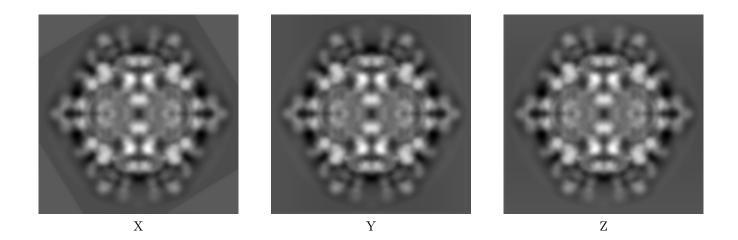
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-2397. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

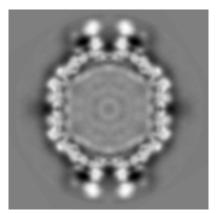
6.1.1 Primary map



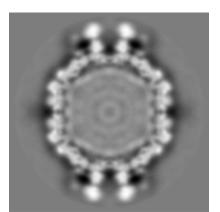
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

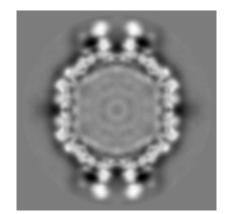
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 100



Y Index: 100



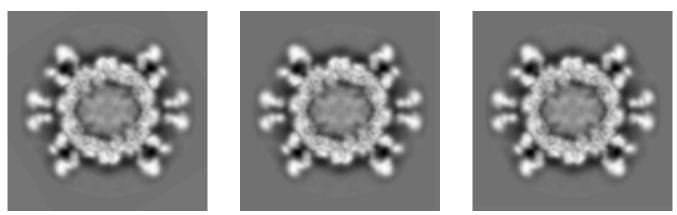
Z Index: 100



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 62

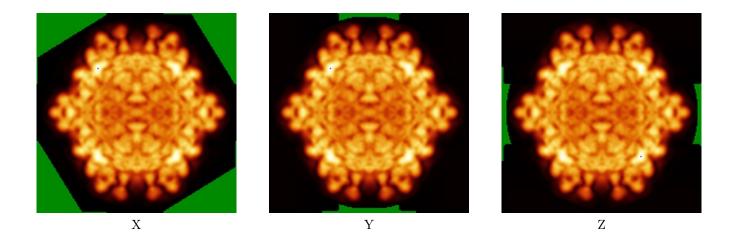
Y Index: 62

Z Index: 62

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map

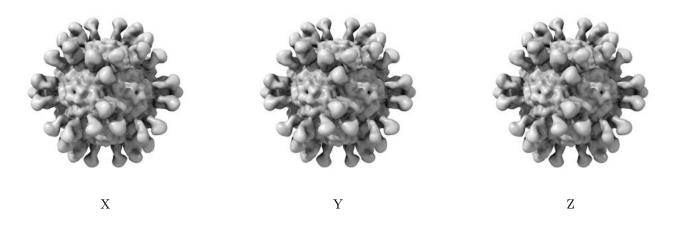


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

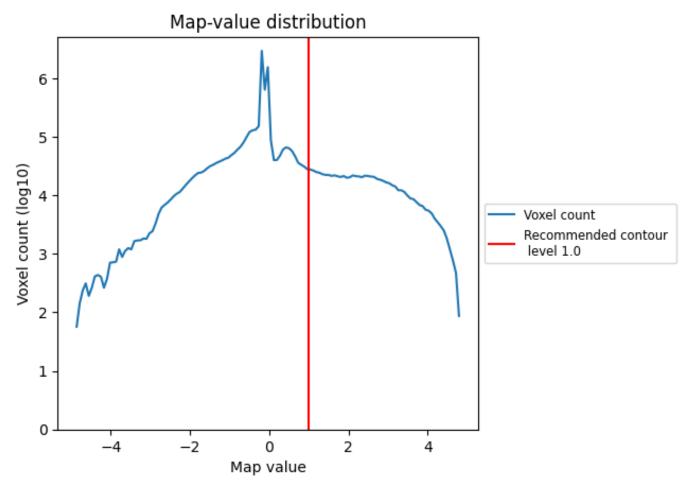
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

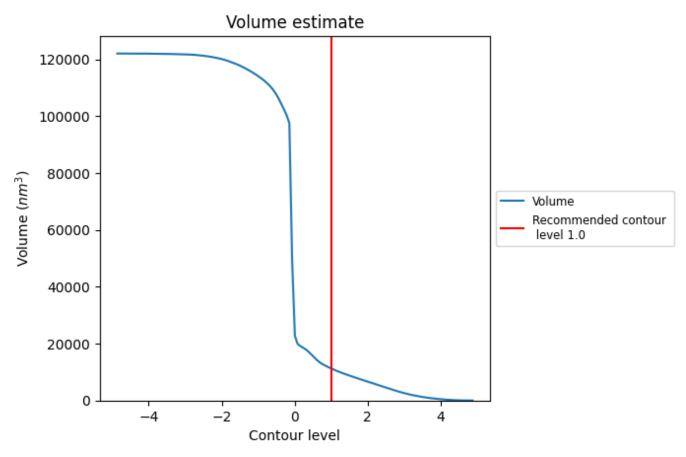
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

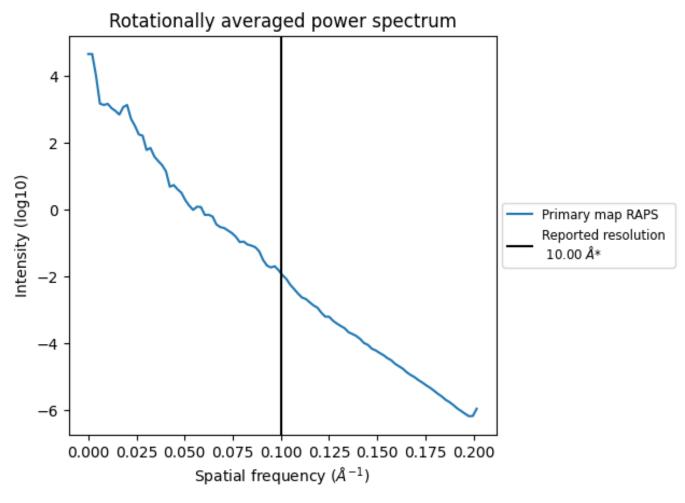


The volume at the recommended contour level is 11256 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 10168 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.100 ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

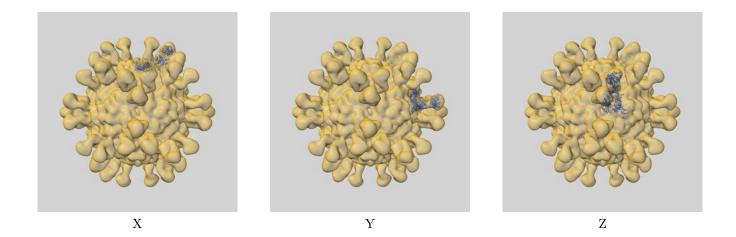


9 Map-model fit (i)

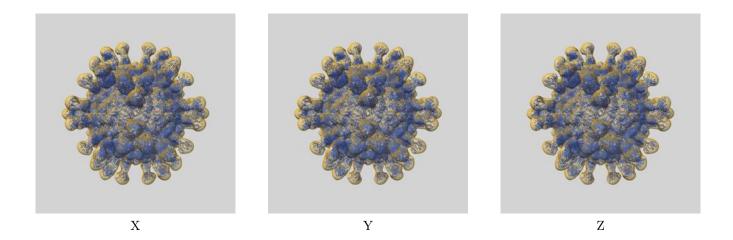
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-2397 and PDB model 4C0U. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlays

9.1.1 Map-model overlay (i)



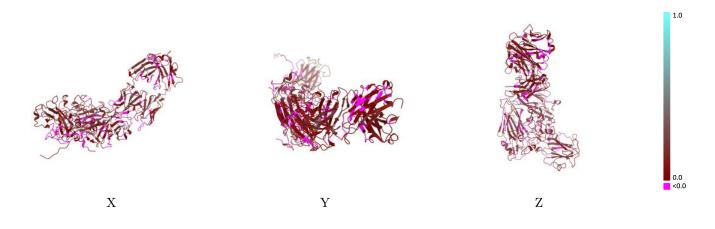
9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

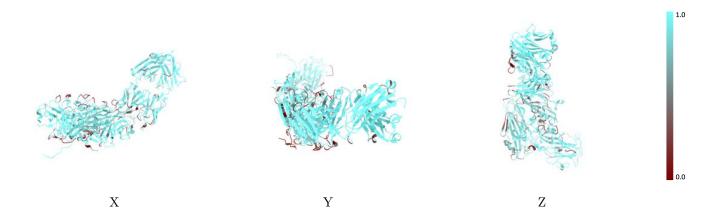


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

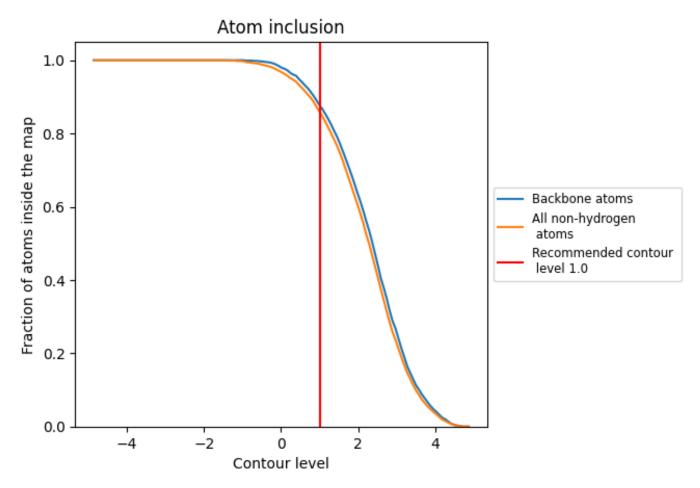
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.0).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 88% of all backbone atoms, 86% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



1.0

0.0 <0.0

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.0) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8590	0.0730
А	0.9010	0.0820
В	0.7960	0.0670
С	0.8310	0.0750
Y	0.8790	0.0620
Z	0.9150	0.0770

