wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	3BT3
Title	:	Crystal structure of a glyoxalase-related enzyme from Clostridium phytofermentans
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Deposited on	:	2007-12-27
Resolution	:	2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

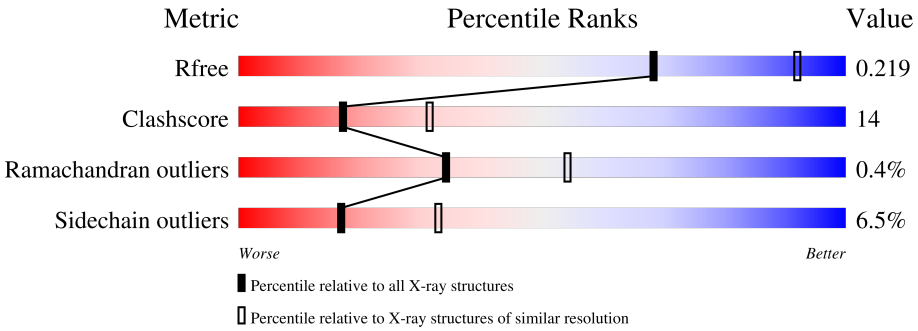
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.16
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.16

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	148	64% 19% 5% 13%
1	B	148	65% 21% • 13%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2169 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glyoxalase-related enzyme, AraC type.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1039	671	168	194	6			
1	B	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1039	671	168	194	6			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	120	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26
A	121	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26
A	266	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26
A	267	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26
B	120	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26
B	121	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26
B	266	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26
B	267	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q1FJ26

- Molecule 2 is water.

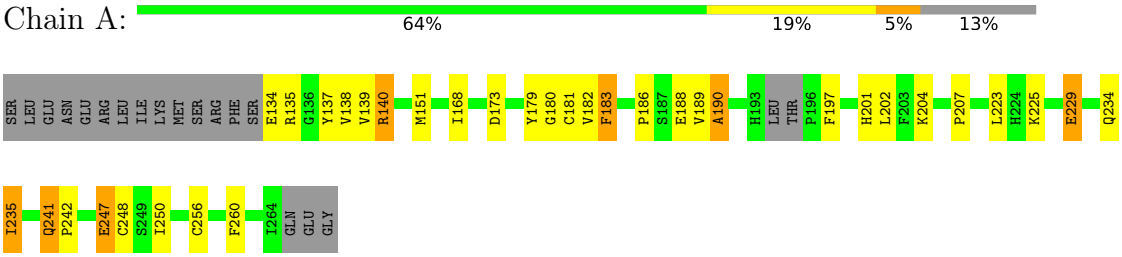
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	45	Total	O	0	0
			45	45		
2	B	46	Total	O	0	0
			46	46		

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

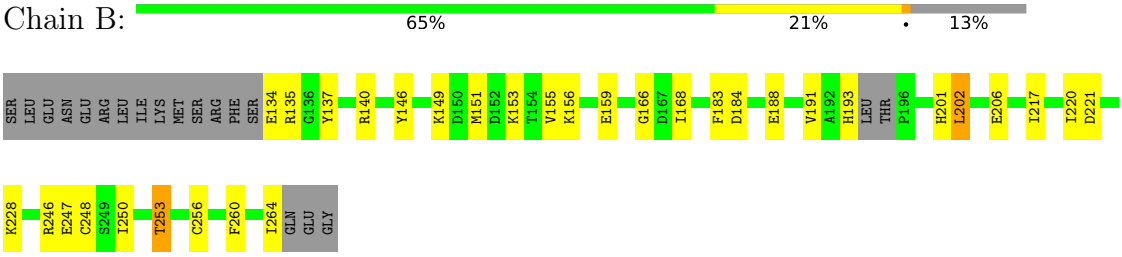
• Molecule 1: Glyoxalase-related enzyme, AraC type

Chain A:



• Molecule 1: Glyoxalase-related enzyme, AraC type

Chain B:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	86.41Å 87.10Å 50.70Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.82 – 2.50 43.82 – 1.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.6 (43.82-2.50) 96.0 (43.82-1.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.15	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.29 (at 1.60Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.222 , 0.270 0.229 , 0.219	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	971 reflections (1.02%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	15.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.690	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.38 , 55.1	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.51$, $< L^2 > = 0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	2169	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.44% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.47	0/1069	0.67	1/1443 (0.1%)
1	B	0.41	0/1069	0.59	0/1443
All	All	0.44	0/2138	0.63	1/2886 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	197	PHE	N-CA-CB	5.39	120.30	110.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1039	0	974	33	0
1	B	1039	0	974	25	0
2	A	45	0	0	3	0
2	B	46	0	0	0	0
All	All	2169	0	1948	56	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 56 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:235:ILE:HD13	1:A:250:ILE:HG12	1.57	0.84
1:B:188:GLU:O	1:B:191:VAL:HG12	1.80	0.80
1:A:135:ARG:NE	1:A:135:ARG:HA	2.08	0.68
1:A:134:GLU:HG2	1:A:137:TYR:CZ	2.31	0.65
1:A:138:VAL:HG21	1:A:140:ARG:NH1	2.14	0.62

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	125/148 (84%)	118 (94%)	6 (5%)	1 (1%)	19 35
1	B	125/148 (84%)	121 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100 100
All	All	250/296 (84%)	239 (96%)	10 (4%)	1 (0%)	34 54

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	190	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	108/126 (86%)	99 (92%)	9 (8%)	11 22

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	B	108/126 (86%)	103 (95%)	5 (5%)	27 50
All	All	216/252 (86%)	202 (94%)	14 (6%)	17 33

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	241	GLN
1	A	247	GLU
1	B	202	LEU
1	A	235	ILE
1	B	184	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	201	HIS
1	A	241	GLN
1	B	193	HIS
1	B	201	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.