

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 25, 2023 – 04:53 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	3BQC
Title	:	High pH-value crystal structure of emodin in complex with the catalytic sub-
		unit of protein kinase CK2
Authors	:	Niefind, K.; Raaf, J.; Issinger, OG.
Deposited on	:	2007-12-20
Resolution	:	1.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

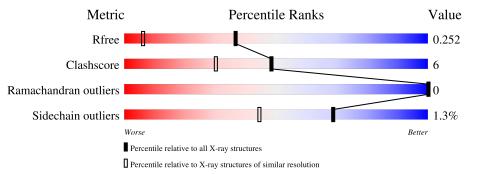
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)		
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	А	335	89%	8% ••					



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3150 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

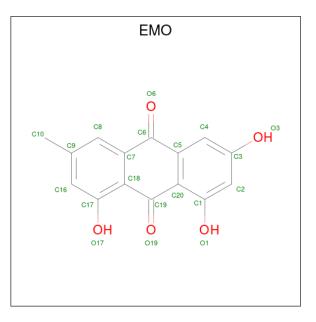
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Casein kinase II subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	328	Total 2828	C 1809	N 497	0 511	S 11	0	7	0

• Molecule 2 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	2	Total 2	Cl 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 3-METHYL-1,6,8-TRIHYDROXYANTHRAQUINONE (three-letter code: EMO) (formula: $C_{15}H_{10}O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 20	C 15	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.



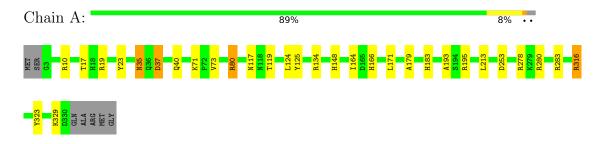
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	300	Total (300 30) 10	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Casein kinase II subunit alpha





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	58.87Å 45.74Å 63.50Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 111.78° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	34.26 - 1.50	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	34.25 - 1.50	EDS	
% Data completeness	98.8 (34.26-1.50)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	98.8 (34.25-1.50)	EDS	
R _{merge}	0.04	Depositor	
R _{sym}	0.04	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.51 (at 1.50 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor	
D D.	0.130 , 0.197	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.205 , 0.252	DCC	
R_{free} test set	2557 reflections $(5.10%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	19.1	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.173	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.42 , 63.5	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS	
Total number of atoms	3150	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	26.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.20% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, EMO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.58	0/2904	0.77	7/3928~(0.2%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	80	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.83	116.39	120.30
1	А	316	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	7.34	123.97	120.30
1	А	80	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.06	123.83	120.30
1	А	316	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.92	117.34	120.30
1	А	280	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.72	123.16	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2828	0	2759	33	0
2	А	2	0	0	1	0
3	А	20	0	7	1	0
4	А	300	0	0	14	0
All	All	3150	0	2766	34	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 34 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:316:ARG:HD2	4:A:675:HOH:O	1.59	1.03
1:A:164:ILE:HD11	1:A:171:LEU:HD12	1.51	0.93
1:A:17:THR:HG21	4:A:656:HOH:O	1.81	0.80
1:A:316:ARG:CD	4:A:675:HOH:O	2.20	0.78
1:A:119[A]:THR:HG23	1:A:164:ILE:O	1.87	0.74

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	333/335~(99%)	320 (96%)	13~(4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	309/307~(101%)	305~(99%)	4 (1%)	69 44	



All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	35	ASN
1	А	37	ASP
1	А	40	GLN
1	А	125	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	183	HIS
1	А	186	GLN
1	А	291	HIS
1	А	270	ASN
1	А	123	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Dog	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	B	ond ang	les
	Type	Ullalli	Chain Res Link		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	EMO	А	400	-	22,22,22	1.51	4 (18%)	34,34,34	0.82	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	EMO	А	400	-	-	-	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
3	А	400	EMO	C5-C6	-3.58	1.40	1.48
3	А	400	EMO	C7-C6	-3.25	1.41	1.48
3	А	400	EMO	C20-C19	-2.80	1.41	1.47
3	А	400	EMO	C18-C19	-2.51	1.41	1.47

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

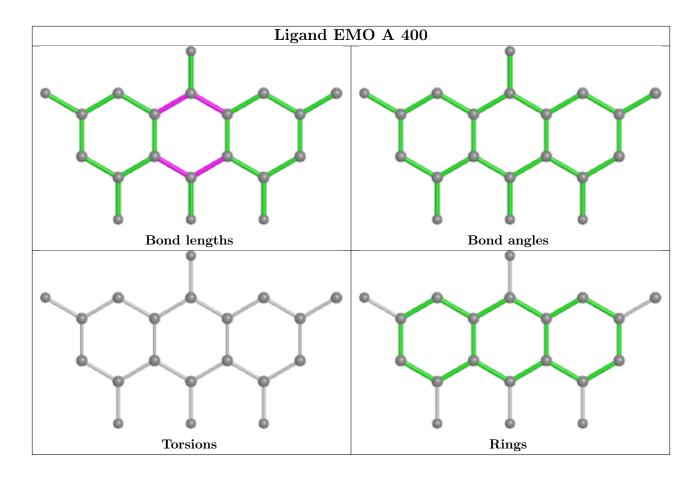
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	400	EMO	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

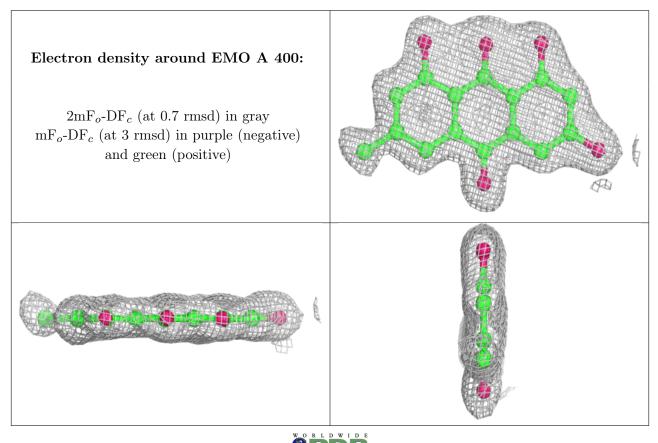
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

