

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 20, 2024 – 10:53 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7BEL

Title : Crystal structure of the receptor binding domain of SARS-CoV-2 Spike glyco-

protein in a ternary complex with COVOX-88 and COVOX-45 Fabs

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Deposited on : 2020-12-23

Resolution : 2.53 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

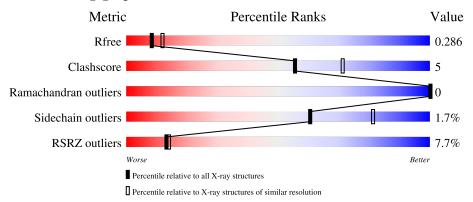
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.53 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5743 (2.54-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	6463 (2.54-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6335 (2.54-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6337 (2.54-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5630 (2.54-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length			Quality of cha	in		
1	R	205	7%					
1	n	200	7%		82%		12%	5%
1	X	205			82%		12%	5%
9	Λ	226	10%					
2	A	226	9%		81%		14%	•
2	С	226			85%		10%	• •
	-	2.17	3%					
3	E	245		43%	9%	48%		

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Mol	Chain	Length			Quality of ch	ain		
9	TT	0.45	2%					
3	Н	245		42%	10%	48%		
1	Б	990	7%					
4	F	229		42%	7%	51%		
	_		5%					
4	L	229		42%	7%	51%		
			5%					
5	В	227			82%	1	1%	6%
			4%					
5	D	227			81%	1	3%	6%
6	G	6	17%		50%	33%		
6	I	6		33%	33%	33%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13568 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	D	194	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		194	1534	983	256	287	8	U		0
1	v	194	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	194	1534	983	256	287	8	0	0	0	

There are 20 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	324	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	325	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	326	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	327	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	328	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	329	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	330	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	331	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	332	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
R	527	LYS	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
X	324	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	325	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	326	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	327	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	328	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	329	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	330	HIS		expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	331	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	332	HIS		expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
X	527	LYS	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2

• Molecule 2 is a protein called COVOX-45 heavy chain.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	Λ	216	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
2	Λ	210	1631	1037	272	315	7	0	0		
2	С	216	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0	
		210	1634	1039	272	316	7		1		

• Molecule 3 is a protein called COVOX-88 heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	П	128	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
3	п	120	968	605	167	191	5	0	0	
9	E	190	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
3	Ŀ	128	968	605	167	191	5	0	0	U

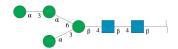
• Molecule 4 is a protein called COVOX-88 light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	L	113	Total 836	C 523		O 172	S 2	0	1	0
4	F	113	Total 840	C 525		O 173	S 2	0	1	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called COVOX-45 light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
5	D	213	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0	
9	Б	213	1643	1029	271	338	5	0	2		
5	D	019	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0	
9	D	213	1643	1029	271	338	5	0	2	U	

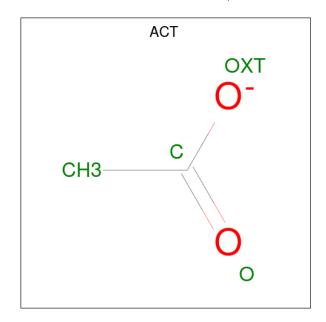
• Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
6	C	6	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0	
0	G	0	72	40	2	30	0	U	U	
6	Т	6	Total	С	N	O	0	0	0	
0	1	U	72	40	2	30	U	U	U	

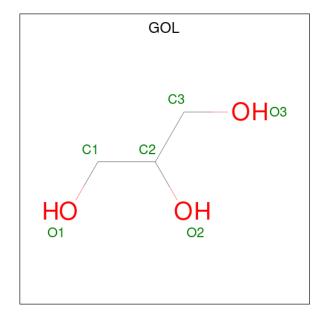


• Molecule 7 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $C_2H_3O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	R	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
7	X	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
7	X	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

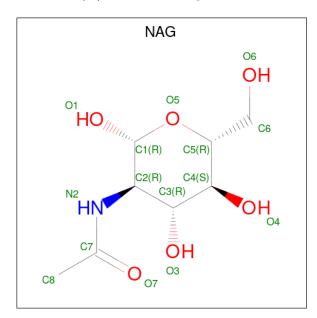
 $\bullet$  Molecule 8 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	R	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 9 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
0	R	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	11	1	14	8	1	5	0	
0	v	1	Total	С	N	O	0	0
9	Λ	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

• Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	R	13	Total O 13 13	0	0
10	A	16	Total O 16 16	0	0
10	Н	13	Total O 13 13	0	0
10	L	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
10	В	21	Total O 21 21	0	0
10	X	16	Total O 16 16	0	0

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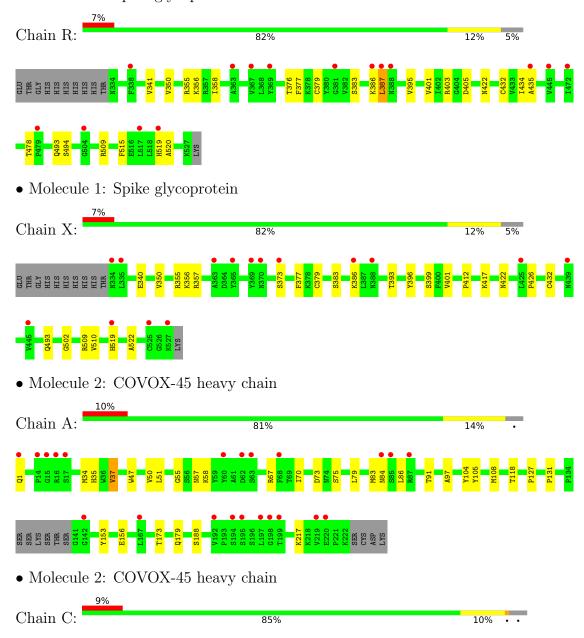
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	С	17	Total O 17 17	0	0
10	E	12	Total O 12 12	0	0
10	F	8	Total O 8 8	0	0
10	D	26	Total O 26 26	0	0



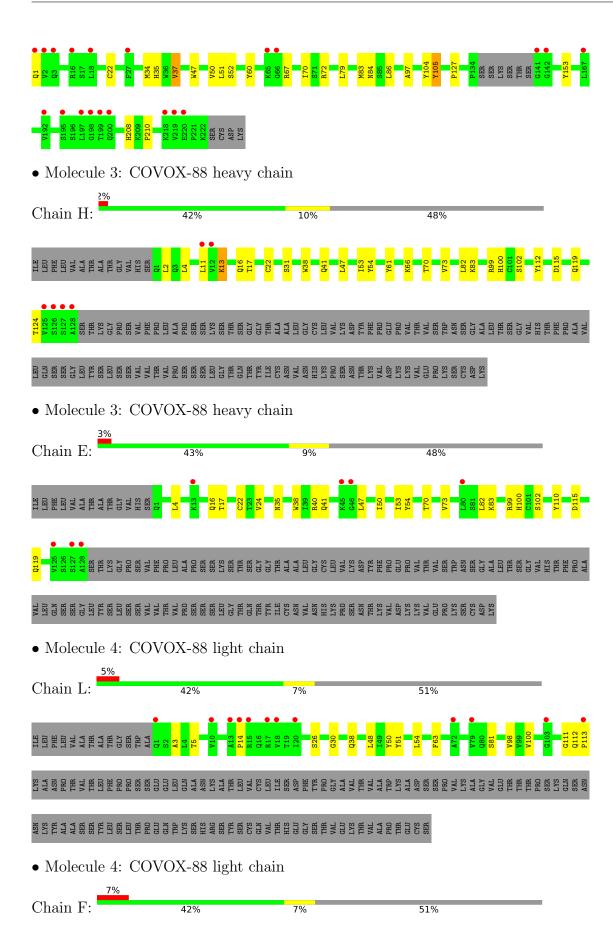
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

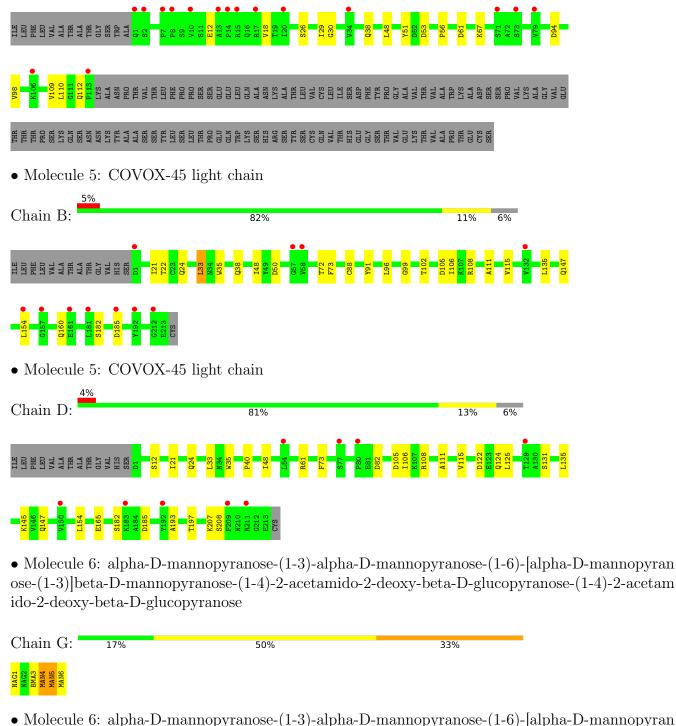
• Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein











Chain I: 33% 33% 33%



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	180.08Å 140.72Å 130.98Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $124.56^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.41 - 2.53	Depositor
Resolution (A)	58.93 - 2.53	EDS
% Data completeness	94.8 (49.41-2.53)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.0 (58.93-2.53)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.19	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.00 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.1_3865	Depositor
D D	0.249 , 0.286	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.250 , $0.286$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4201 reflections (4.92%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	55.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.213	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.28 , 29.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.46, < L^2>=0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	13568	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	69.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 46.68 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.1054e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, BMA, ACT, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	R	0.26	0/1577	0.45	0/2146
1	X	0.26	0/1577	0.46	0/2146
2	A	0.25	0/1672	0.47	0/2276
2	С	0.25	0/1678	0.47	0/2284
3	Е	0.26	0/990	0.50	0/1348
3	Н	0.26	0/990	0.51	0/1348
4	F	0.25	0/861	0.45	0/1174
4	L	0.25	0/857	0.44	0/1169
5	В	0.26	0/1683	0.47	0/2289
5	D	0.25	0/1683	0.47	0/2289
All	All	0.25	0/13568	0.47	0/18469

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	R	1534	0	1447	15	0
1	X	1534	0	1447	15	0
2	A	1631	0	1596	20	0

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Mol	Chain		H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	1634	0	1601	13	0
3	Е	968	0	944	13	0
3	Н	968	0	944	15	0
4	F	840	0	810	10	0
4	L	836	0	804	8	0
5	В	1643	0	1594	15	0
5	D	1643	0	1594	16	0
6	G	72	0	61	4	0
6	I	72	0	61	4	0
7	R	4	0	3	0	0
7	X	8	0	6	0	0
8	R	6	0	8	0	0
9	R	14	0	13	0	0
9	X	14	0	13	0	0
10	A	16	0	0	0	0
10	В	21	0	0	1	0
10	С	17	0	0	0	0
10	D	26	0	0	0	0
10	Е	12	0	0	0	0
10	F	8	0	0	1	0
10	Н	13	0	0	0	0
10	L	5	0	0	0	0
10	R	13	0	0	0	0
10	X	16	0	0	0	0
All	All	13568	0	12946	134	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 134 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} & ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:X:519:HIS:O	2:C:1:GLN:N	2.12	0.82
4:F:38:GLN:HB2	4:F:48:LEU:HD12	1.67	0.77
1:R:383:SER:HB2	1:R:386:LYS:HG2	1.69	0.74
1:R:403:ARG:HG3	1:R:405:ASP:OD1	1.88	0.74
5:D:40:PRO:HG3	5:D:165:GLU:HG2	1.69	0.74

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percent	iles
1	R	192/205 (94%)	179 (93%)	13 (7%)	0	100 1	100
1	X	192/205 (94%)	179 (93%)	13 (7%)	0	100 1	100
2	A	212/226 (94%)	203 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100 1	100
2	С	213/226 (94%)	204 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100 1	100
3	E	126/245~(51%)	117 (93%)	9 (7%)	0	100 1	100
3	Н	126/245~(51%)	117 (93%)	9 (7%)	0	100 1	100
4	F	112/229 (49%)	106 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100 1	100
4	L	112/229~(49%)	106 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100 1	100
5	В	213/227 (94%)	205 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100 1	100
5	D	213/227 (94%)	205 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100 1	100
All	All	1711/2264 (76%)	1621 (95%)	90 (5%)	0	100 1	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	R	166/177~(94%)	163 (98%)	3 (2%)	59 80
1	X	166/177~(94%)	165 (99%)	1 (1%)	86 94
2	A	179/189~(95%)	177 (99%)	2 (1%)	73 88
2	С	180/189 (95%)	177 (98%)	3 (2%)	60 81

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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	${ m E}$	108/209 (52%)	107 (99%)	1 (1%)	78 91
3	Н	108/209 (52%)	104 (96%)	4 (4%)	34 57
4	F	94/192 (49%)	91 (97%)	3 (3%)	39 63
4	L	93/192 (48%)	90 (97%)	3 (3%)	39 63
5	В	189/198 (96%)	187 (99%)	2 (1%)	73 88
5	D	189/198 (96%)	186 (98%)	3 (2%)	62 82
All	All	1472/1930 (76%)	1447 (98%)	25 (2%)	60 81

5 of 25 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	X	377	PHE
2	С	105	TYR
5	D	33	LEU
2	С	51	LEU
3	Е	119	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	С	172	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

12 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

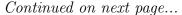
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	Bond lengths			ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	NAG	G	1	6,3	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.63	0
6	NAG	G	2	6	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	0.40	0
6	BMA	G	3	6	11,11,12	1.43	1 (9%)	15,15,17	2.25	4 (26%)
6	MAN	G	4	6	11,11,12	1.08	0	15,15,17	1.17	2 (13%)
6	MAN	G	5	6	11,11,12	0.93	1 (9%)	15,15,17	0.87	1 (6%)
6	MAN	G	6	6	11,11,12	0.79	0	15,15,17	1.35	1 (6%)
6	NAG	I	1	6,3	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
6	NAG	I	2	6	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
6	BMA	I	3	6	11,11,12	1.69	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.56	5 (33%)
6	MAN	I	4	6	11,11,12	0.79	0	15,15,17	1.21	3 (20%)
6	MAN	I	5	6	11,11,12	0.76	0	15,15,17	0.78	0
6	MAN	I	6	6	11,11,12	1.31	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.75	3 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	G	1	6,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	G	2	6	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	G	3	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	G	4	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	G	5	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	G	6	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	I	1	6,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	I	2	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	I	3	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	I	4	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	I	5	6	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	I	6	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$			V 1			$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({ ilde{\mathbf{A}}})$
6	G	3	BMA	O5-C5	3.54	1.50	1.43





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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
6	I	3	BMA	O3-C3	2.81	1.49	1.43
6	I	3	BMA	C4-C5	2.75	1.58	1.53
6	I	6	MAN	O5-C1	2.64	1.47	1.43
6	I	6	MAN	C1-C2	2.47	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 19 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
6	I	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	7.75	122.69	112.19
6	G	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	6.64	121.19	112.19
6	I	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	5.00	118.97	112.19
6	G	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.69	117.19	112.19
6	I	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6	-3.28	102.06	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	G	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	G	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	G	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	I	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	I	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

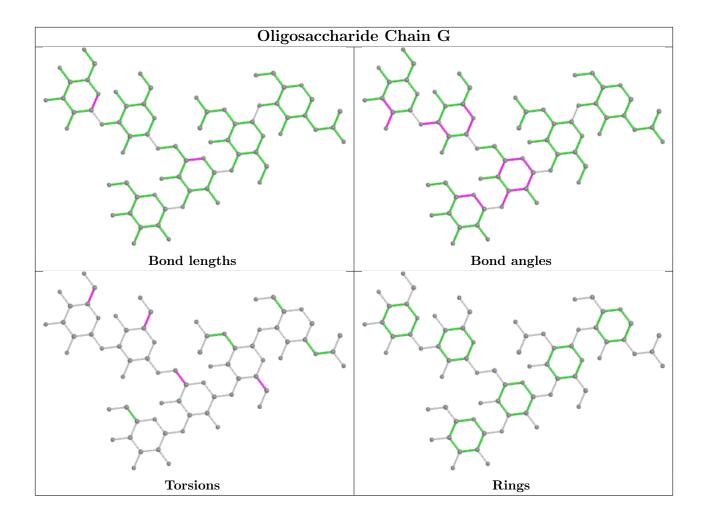
There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

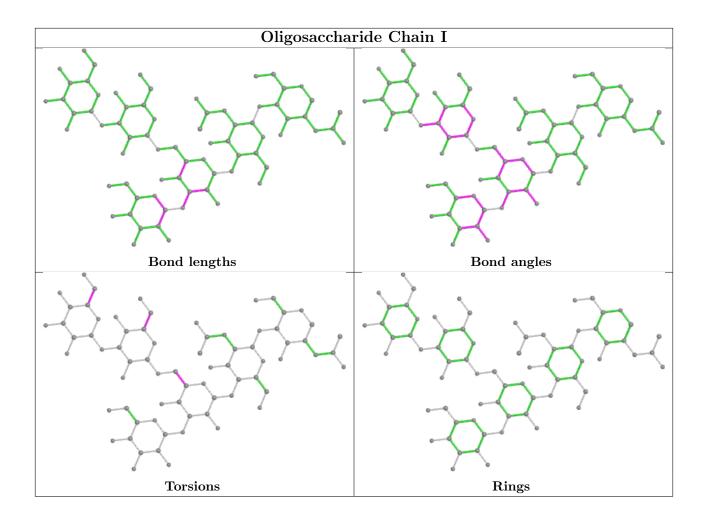
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	G	1	NAG	3	0
6	I	3	BMA	2	0
6	G	5	MAN	1	0
6	G	4	MAN	1	0
6	I	6	MAN	2	0
6	I	1	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trme	Chain	Des	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
9	NAG	X	603	1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
8	GOL	R	602	-	5,5,5	0.89	0	5,5,5	0.86	0
7	ACT	X	602	-	3,3,3	1.27	0	3,3,3	1.38	0
7	ACT	X	601	-	3,3,3	1.34	0	3,3,3	1.35	0
9	NAG	R	603	1	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
7	ACT	R	601	-	3,3,3	1.38	1 (33%)	3,3,3	1.50	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	NAG	X	603	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	R	603	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	GOL	R	602	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
7	R	601	ACT	СН3-С	2.03	1.57	1.49

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

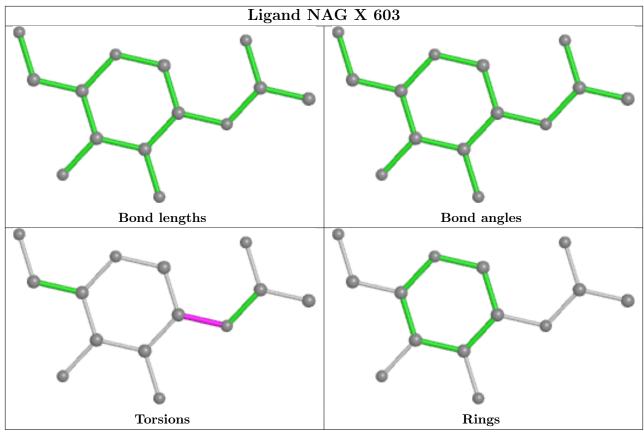
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	R	602	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
8	R	602	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
9	R	603	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
9	X	603	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

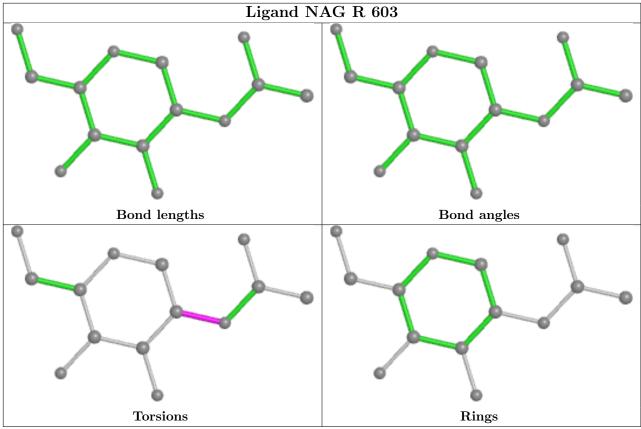
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	R	194/205 (94%)	0.53	15 (7%) 13 14	50, 66, 103, 144	0
1	X	194/205 (94%)	0.55	15 (7%) 13 14	45, 63, 98, 146	0
2	A	216/226 (95%)	0.73	22 (10%) 6 6	50, 67, 104, 130	0
2	С	$216/226 \ (95\%)$	0.72	20 (9%) 8 9	42, 69, 116, 134	0
3	E	128/245 (52%)	0.56	7 (5%) 25 27	47, 66, 93, 158	0
3	Н	128/245 (52%)	0.53	6 (4%) 31 34	48, 66, 96, 176	0
4	F	113/229 (49%)	0.74	16 (14%) 2 2	50, 71, 111, 152	0
4	L	113/229 (49%)	0.69	12 (10%) 6 6	55, 74, 104, 155	0
5	В	213/227 (93%)	0.38	11 (5%) 27 29	45, 61, 100, 125	0
5	D	213/227 (93%)	0.33	9 (4%) 36 40	48, 62, 99, 118	0
All	All	1728/2264 (76%)	0.56	133 (7%) 13 14	42, 66, 104, 176	0

The worst 5 of 133 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	Н	128	ALA	16.2
3	Е	128	ALA	9.0
3	Е	127	SER	7.6
2	A	198	GLY	7.3
2	С	1	GLN	6.9

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

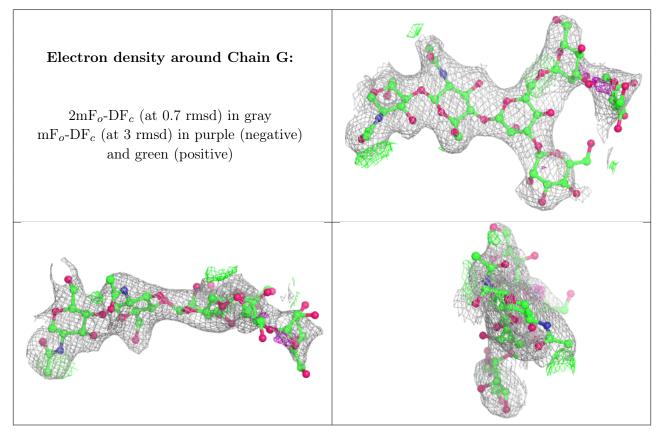


#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

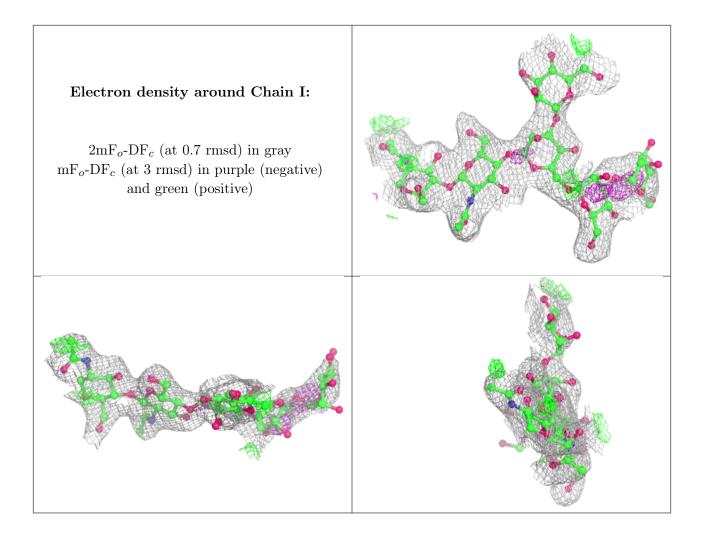
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	MAN	I	6	11/12	0.48	0.33	102,110,118,118	0
6	MAN	I	4	11/12	0.64	0.35	79,113,121,122	0
6	MAN	G	6	11/12	0.74	0.39	100,112,131,133	0
6	MAN	G	4	11/12	0.77	0.37	83,107,115,121	0
6	MAN	G	5	11/12	0.80	0.46	105,117,128,129	0
6	MAN	I	5	11/12	0.81	0.55	107,114,123,127	0
6	BMA	I	3	11/12	0.81	0.15	78,90,105,108	0
6	BMA	G	3	11/12	0.86	0.15	73,82,94,99	0
6	NAG	G	1	14/15	0.90	0.20	43,51,59,67	0
6	NAG	I	2	14/15	0.92	0.16	51,59,64,76	0
6	NAG	I	1	14/15	0.93	0.20	45,51,55,58	0
6	NAG	G	2	14/15	0.94	0.16	48,56,72,76	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







### 6.4 Ligands (i)

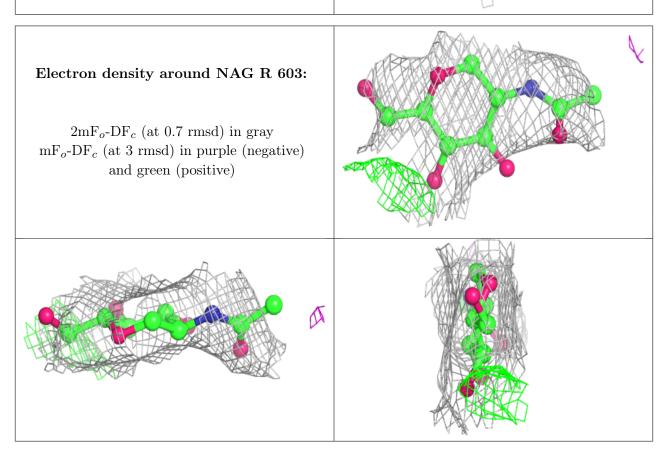
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
9	NAG	X	603	14/15	0.73	0.30	91,108,117,119	0
8	GOL	R	602	6/6	0.81	0.12	71,74,77,91	0
9	NAG	R	603	14/15	0.84	0.29	88,101,113,117	0
7	ACT	X	602	4/4	0.90	0.23	60,78,79,81	0
7	ACT	R	601	4/4	0.92	0.10	54,65,68,70	0
7	ACT	X	601	4/4	0.93	0.15	61,63,69,74	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



# Electron density around NAG X 603: 2mF<sub>o</sub>-DF<sub>c</sub> (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF<sub>o</sub>-DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

