

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 3, 2023 – 11:00 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6BAM BMRB ID : 30354

Title : NMR solution structure of Defensin1 from Centruroides limpidus limpidus

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Deposited on : 2017-10-13

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-ShiftChecker} &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

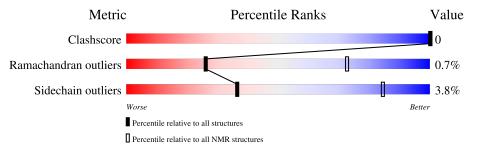
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 40%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive	
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451	
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	34	82%	9%	9%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 13 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues				
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model	
1	A:4-A:34 (31)	1.53	13	

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 6, 9, 12, 13
2	1, 4, 5, 8, 16, 18
3	7, 10, 15, 17
4	11, 14
5	19, 20



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 516 atoms, of which 244 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Defensin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			Trace			
1	Λ	2.4	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	34	516	167	244	50	49	6	U

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q6GU94
A	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q6GU94
A	22	LYS	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP Q6GU94

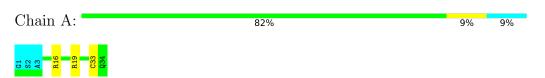


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1



4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

Chain A: 85% 6% 9%

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1







4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 85% 6% 9%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

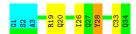
Chain A: 82% 9% 9%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 76% 12% • 9%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 76% 12% • 9%



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 82% 9% 9%





4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 82% 9% 9%



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 82% 9% 9%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 85% . . 9%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 82% 9% 9%



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 79% 12% 9%





4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 85% 6% 9%



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 82% 9% 9%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 79% 12% 9%



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 82% 9% 9%



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

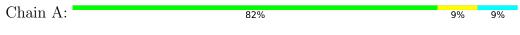
Chain A: 88% • 9%





4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1





4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1





4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Defensin-1

Chain A: 82% 9% 9%





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 500 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	173
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	173
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	40%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.83 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/264~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	1.14 ± 0.05	$2\pm1/351~(~0.5\pm~0.2\%)$
All	All	0.83	0/5280 (0.0%)	1.14	37/7020 (0.5%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0 ± 0.0	0.1 ± 0.2
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dog	Type	Atoma	$f Z = f Observed(^o)$		$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Models	
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	L	Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	19	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.71	124.65	120.30	10	19
1	A	16	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.05	124.33	120.30	3	15
1	A	16	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.61	116.99	120.30	7	2
1	A	28	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.25	117.85	121.00	5	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	18	TYR	Sidechain	1



6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	5140	4580	4580	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Chain Analysed Favoured Allower		Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	30/34 (88%)	27±1 (90±4%)	3±1 (9±4%)	0±0 (1±1%)	26 73
All	All	600/680 (88%)	542 (90%)	54 (9%)	4 (1%)	26 73

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	26	ILE	3
1	A	25	GLY	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	28/29 (97%)	27±1 (96±3%)	1±1 (4±3%)	36 84
All	All	560/580 (97%)	539 (96%)	21 (4%)	36 84

All 8 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	33	CYS	12
1	A	19	ARG	2
1	A	24	TRP	2
1	A	20	GLN	1
1	A	28	TYR	1
1	A	7	TRP	1
1	A	29	LYS	1
1	A	9	CYS	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 40% for the well-defined parts and 40% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: m1d1.str

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	173
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	173
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 40%, i.e. 165 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 412. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	62/158~(39%)	62/65~(95%)	0/62~(0%)	0/31 (0%)
Sidechain	99/193 (51%)	99/122 (81%)	0/57 (0%)	0/14 (0%)
Aromatic	4/61 (7%)	4/29 (14%)	0/30 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	$165/412 \ (40\%)$	$165/216 \ (76\%)$	0/149 (0%)	0/47 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 40%, i.e. 172 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 435. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	66/174 (38%)	66/72~(92%)	0/68 (0%)	0/34 (0%)
Sidechain	102/200 (51%)	102/127 (80%)	0/59 (0%)	0/14 (0%)
Aromatic	4/61 (7%)	4/29~(14%)	0/30 (0%)	0/2~(0%)
Overall	172/435 (40%)	172/228 (75%)	0/157 (0%)	0/50 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

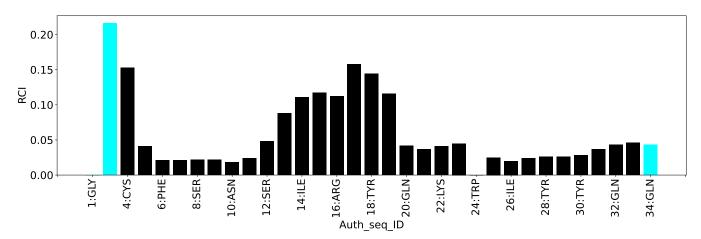
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	22	LYS	HE2	1.85	1.95 - 3.88	-5.5
1	A	22	LYS	HE3	1.85	1.92 - 3.89	-5.4

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

No restraints data found



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

No distance restraints data found



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value

