



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 13, 2023 – 03:10 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4B0H  
Title : B. subtilis dUTPase YncF in complex with dU, PPi and Mg b (P212121)  
Authors : Timm, J.; Garcia-Nafria, J.; Harrison, C.; Turkenburg, J.P.; Wilson, K.S.  
Deposited on : 2012-07-02  
Resolution : 1.18 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

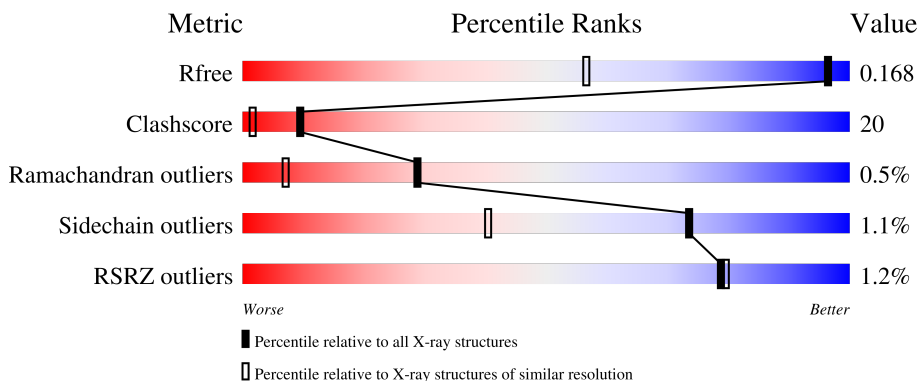
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.18 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1123 (1.20-1.16)
Clashscore	141614	1182 (1.20-1.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1134 (1.20-1.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1134 (1.20-1.16)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1102 (1.20-1.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	144	 3% 75% 13% 10%
1	B	144	 82% 17% ..
1	C	144	 3% 80% 15% ..

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	PG4	A	1134	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

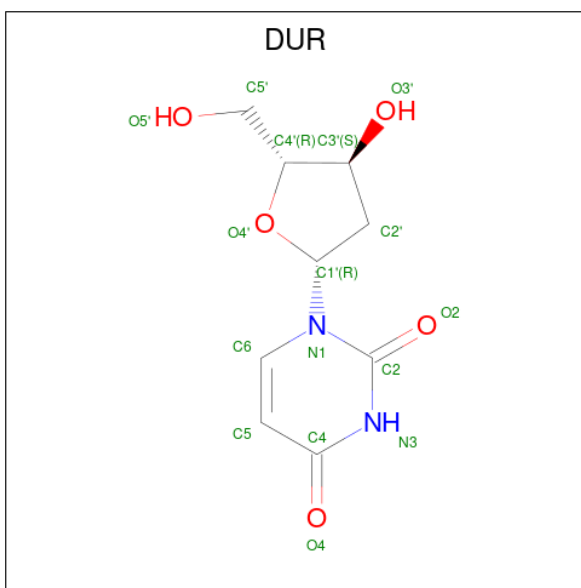
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4626 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROBABLE DEOXYURIDINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE NUCLEOTIDOHYDROLASE YNCF.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	130	Total 1130	C 736	N 181	O 205	S 8	0	11	0
1	B	143	Total 1205	C 771	N 201	O 225	S 8	0	10	0
1	C	143	Total 1266	C 815	N 209	O 234	S 8	0	19	0

- Molecule 2 is 2'-DEOXYURIDINE (three-letter code: DUR) (formula: C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>).

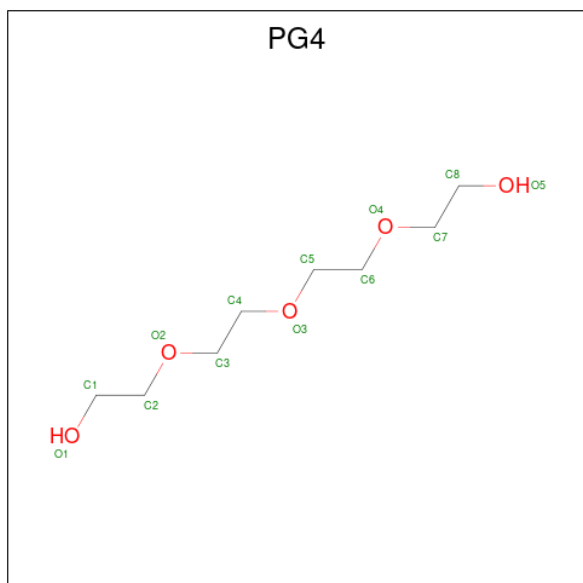


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	Total 16	C 9	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	B	1	Total 16	C 9	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	C	1	Total 16	C 9	N 2	O 5	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

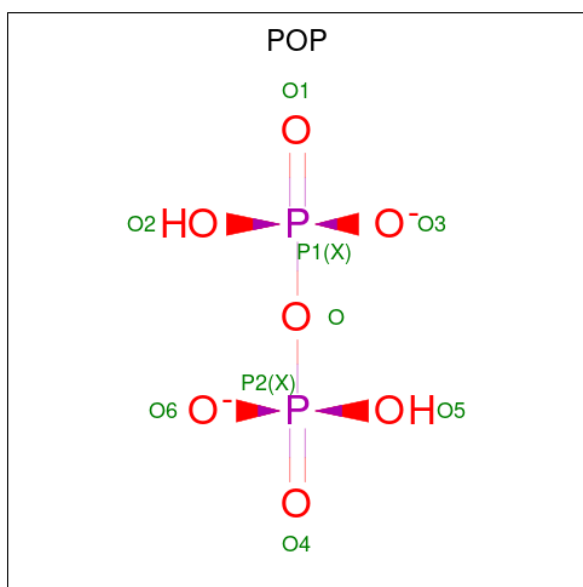
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
3	C	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PG4) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>5</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 13 8 5	0	0

- Molecule 5 is PYROPHOSPHATE 2- (three-letter code: POP) (formula: H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>P<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total O P 9 7 2	0	0
5	C	1	Total O P 9 7 2	0	0

- Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
6	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

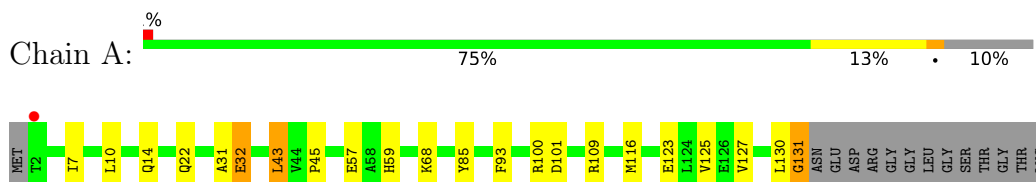
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	326	Total O 332 332	0	6
7	B	297	Total O 303 303	0	6
7	C	301	Total O 307 307	0	6

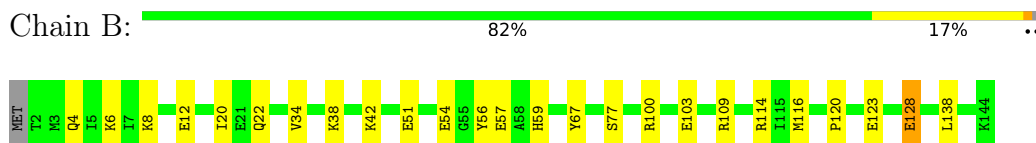
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

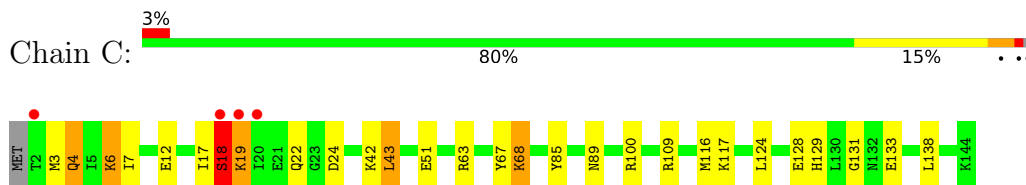
- Molecule 1: PROBABLE DEOXYURIDINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE NUCLEOTIDOHYDROLASE YNCF



- Molecule 1: PROBABLE DEOXYURIDINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE NUCLEOTIDOHYDROLASE YNCF



- Molecule 1: PROBABLE DEOXYURIDINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE NUCLEOTIDOHYDROLASE YNCF



## 4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	70.03Å 71.31Å 91.88Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.04 – 1.18 35.02 – 1.18	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.8 (35.04-1.18) 92.8 (35.02-1.18)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.15	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.23 (at 1.18Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0025	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.117 , 0.160 0.130 , 0.168	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	7058 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	9.0	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.216	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.29 , 43.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.017 for k,h,-l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	4626	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.59% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DUR, CL, MG, POP, PG4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	1.11	2/1188 (0.2%)	1.11	11/1594 (0.7%)
1	B	1.11	4/1249 (0.3%)	1.15	7/1675 (0.4%)
1	C	1.14	1/1336 (0.1%)	1.20	9/1791 (0.5%)
All	All	1.12	7/3773 (0.2%)	1.16	27/5060 (0.5%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	51	GLU	CD-OE2	-7.38	1.17	1.25
1	C	89	ASN	CG-ND2	-6.72	1.16	1.32
1	B	128	GLU	CD-OE1	6.67	1.32	1.25
1	B	77	SER	CB-OG	-6.66	1.33	1.42
1	B	128	GLU	CG-CD	6.40	1.61	1.51

The worst 5 of 27 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	109	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.84	114.38	120.30
1	C	43[A]	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	7.24	123.30	111.00
1	C	43[B]	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	7.24	123.30	111.00
1	A	68	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	7.03	127.87	111.70
1	A	101	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.72	124.35	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	130	LEU	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1130	0	1180	57	0
1	B	1205	0	1232	42	0
1	C	1266	0	1298	67	0
2	A	16	0	12	2	0
2	B	16	0	12	0	0
2	C	16	0	12	1	0
3	A	1	0	0	1	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	13	0	18	13	0
5	B	9	0	0	0	0
5	C	9	0	0	0	0
6	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	C	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	332	0	0	30	0
7	B	303	0	0	24	0
7	C	307	0	0	33	0
All	All	4626	0	3764	146	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 20.

The worst 5 of 146 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:116[A]:MET:HE1	1:B:116[A]:MET:CE	1.59	1.32
1:A:116[A]:MET:CE	1:B:116[A]:MET:HE3	1.62	1.28
1:A:116[C]:MET:CE	7:A:2282:HOH:O	1.73	1.27
1:A:93[A]:PHE:HE1	7:A:2246:HOH:O	1.20	1.25

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:67[A]:TYR:CZ	7:C:2191:HOH:O	1.92	1.22

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	141/144 (98%)	138 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	150/144 (104%)	148 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	160/144 (111%)	155 (97%)	3 (2%)	2 (1%)	12	1
All	All	451/432 (104%)	441 (98%)	8 (2%)	2 (0%)	29	12

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	18	SER
1	C	19	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	128/125 (102%)	128 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	133/125 (106%)	131 (98%)	2 (2%)	65	28

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	140/125 (112%)	137 (98%)	3 (2%)	53	15
All	All	401/375 (107%)	396 (99%)	5 (1%)	73	36

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	103	GLU
1	B	120	PRO
1	C	4[A]	GLN
1	C	4[B]	GLN
1	C	68	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	59	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
2	DUR	C	1148	-	17,17,17	1.13	2 (11%)	24,24,24	1.09	2 (8%)
2	DUR	A	1132	-	17,17,17	0.93	1 (5%)	24,24,24	0.89	0
2	DUR	B	1145	-	17,17,17	0.79	1 (5%)	24,24,24	0.86	2 (8%)
5	POP	C	1149	6	6,8,8	0.93	0	13,13,13	0.99	0
4	PG4	A	1134	-	12,12,12	0.68	0	11,11,11	1.76	4 (36%)
5	POP	B	1146	6	6,8,8	0.71	0	13,13,13	1.07	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	DUR	C	1148	-	-	0/6/18/18	0/2/2/2
2	DUR	A	1132	-	-	0/6/18/18	0/2/2/2
2	DUR	B	1145	-	-	4/6/18/18	0/2/2/2
5	POP	C	1149	6	-	3/6/6/6	-
4	PG4	A	1134	-	-	4/10/10/10	-
5	POP	B	1146	6	-	3/6/6/6	-

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	C	1148	DUR	O2-C2	2.53	1.27	1.23
2	C	1148	DUR	C1'-N1	2.48	1.54	1.48
2	A	1132	DUR	C2'-C3'	-2.23	1.47	1.52
2	B	1145	DUR	C4-N3	-2.22	1.34	1.38

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	1134	PG4	O3-C5-C6	3.46	125.99	110.39
2	C	1148	DUR	N3-C2-N1	2.66	118.42	114.89
4	A	1134	PG4	C3-O2-C2	-2.41	102.86	113.29
2	B	1145	DUR	O2-C2-N1	-2.21	119.86	122.79
2	C	1148	DUR	C4-N3-C2	-2.18	123.71	126.58

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	B	1146	POP	P2-O-P1-O2
5	B	1146	POP	P2-O-P1-O3
5	C	1149	POP	P2-O-P1-O2
5	C	1149	POP	P2-O-P1-O3
4	A	1134	PG4	O2-C3-C4-O3

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	1148	DUR	1	0
2	A	1132	DUR	2	0
4	A	1134	PG4	13	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	130/144 (90%)	-0.08	1 (0%) 86 87	5, 10, 24, 43	1 (0%)
1	B	143/144 (99%)	-0.04	0 100 100	5, 10, 21, 35	0
1	C	143/144 (99%)	0.10	4 (2%) 53 54	5, 10, 28, 55	0
All	All	416/432 (96%)	-0.01	5 (1%) 79 79	5, 10, 24, 55	1 (0%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	20	ILE	7.9
1	C	18	SER	4.4
1	A	2	THR	3.4
1	C	19	LYS	3.4
1	C	2	THR	2.8

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	PG4	A	1134	13/13	0.86	0.25	21,26,30,35	13
3	CL	A	1133	1/1	0.98	0.06	21,21,21,21	1
2	DUR	C	1148	16/16	0.99	0.07	4,5,7,7	0
2	DUR	A	1132	16/16	0.99	0.06	5,6,8,8	0
2	DUR	B	1145	16/16	0.99	0.06	5,6,9,11	0
5	POP	B	1146	9/9	0.99	0.06	5,6,6,7	0
5	POP	C	1149	9/9	0.99	0.06	6,7,8,8	0
3	CL	C	1145	1/1	1.00	0.09	10,10,10,10	1
6	MG	B	1147	1/1	1.00	0.07	6,6,6,6	0
6	MG	C	1150	1/1	1.00	0.05	7,7,7,7	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.