

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### May 16, 2020 – 02:58 am BST

PDB ID : 2AAQ

Title: Crystal Structure Analysis of the human Glutahione Reductase, complexed

with GoPI

Authors: Urig, S.; Fritz-Wolf, K.; Reau, R.; Herold-Mende, C.; Toth, K.; Davioud-

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Deposited on : 2005-07-14

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

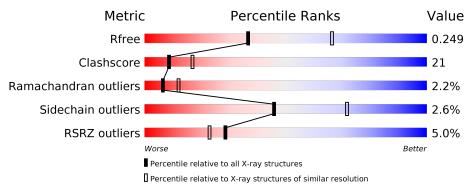
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



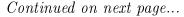
Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			5%					
1	A	479	60%	33% • •				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	PO4	A	502	-	-	X	-
2	PO4	A	504	-	-	X	-





## $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	CL	A	700	_	-	X	-
8	GOL	A	804	-	X	-	-
8	GOL	A	805	-	X	X	-
8	GOL	A	806	-	X	-	-
8	GOL	A	807	-	X	-	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

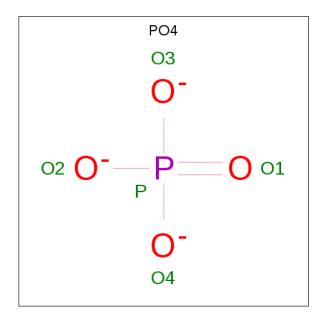
There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3783 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called glutathione reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{t}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	461	Total 3498	C 2212	N 603	O 659	S 24	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

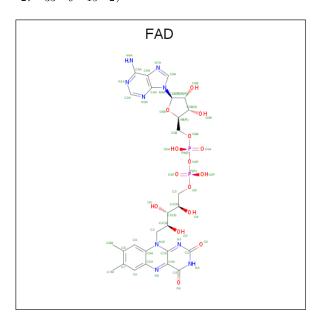


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

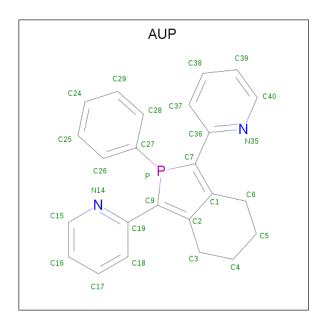
• Molecule 5 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula:  $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
9	A	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	U

• Molecule 6 is 2-(2-PHENYL-3-PYRIDIN-2-YL-4,5,6,7-TETRAHYDRO-2H-ISOPHOSPHI NDOL-1-YL)PYRIDINE (three-letter code: AUP) (formula:  $C_{24}H_{21}N_2P$ ).



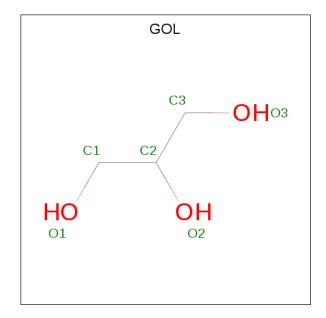


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 27	C 24	N 2	P 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is GOLD ION (three-letter code: AU) (formula: Au).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	2	Total Au 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
8	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
8	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
8	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

## • Molecule 9 is water.

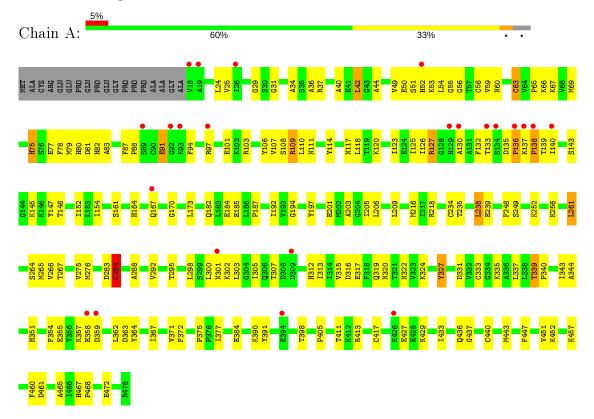
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	157	Total O 157 157	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: glutathione reductase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	120.31Å 62.72Å 83.99Å	Danagitan
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $122.47^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	14.98 - 2.60	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.91 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (14.98-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (19.91-2.50)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.32 (at 2.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
D D.	0.201 , 0.259	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.192 , $0.249$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	921 reflections $(5.00\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	33.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.521	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 54.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3783	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	37.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, CL, K, AUP, AU, PO4, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
			RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
	1	Α	0.36	0/3565	0.62	0/4824	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3498	0	3537	147	2
2	A	20	0	0	6	1
3	A	1	0	0	2	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	53	0	31	4	0
6	A	27	0	21	5	0
7	A	2	0	0	0	0
8	A	24	0	16	4	0
9	A	157	0	0	26	0
All	All	3783	0	3605	148	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 21.



The worst 5 of 148 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} & ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:335:LYS:HB3	8:A:805:GOL:H12	1.34	1.02
1:A:29:GLY:HA3	5:A:499:FAD:H52A	1.62	0.82
1:A:405:PRO:HG3	9:A:827:HOH:O	1.83	0.78
1:A:59:VAL:HG23	1:A:60:ASN:H	1.49	0.77
1:A:335:LYS:HB3	8:A:805:GOL:C1	2.16	0.75

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:79:MET:SD	1:A:79:MET:SD[2_557]	2.10	0.10
1:A:82:HIS:ND1	2:A:502:PO4:O4[2_557]	2.17	0.03

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	459/479 (96%)	410 (89%)	39 (8%)	10 (2%)	6 12		

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	91	GLU
1	A	63	CYS
1	A	94	PHE
1	A	138	PRO
1	A	284	CYS



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	382/394 (97%)	372 (97%)	10 (3%)	46 72		

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	133	THR
1	A	238	LEU
1	A	284	CYS
1	A	127	ARG
1	A	261	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	ASN
1	A	425	ASN
1	A	117	ASN
1	A	82	HIS
1	A	250	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 10 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		es Link Bond lengths			Bond angles				
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	PO4	A	502	-	4,4,4	2.34	3 (75%)	6,6,6	0.46	0
5	FAD	A	499	-	51,58,58	1.74	9 (17%)	60,89,89	2.14	11 (18%)
6	AUP	A	601	-	27,31,31	3.59	19 (70%)	31,43,43	6.63	23 (74%)
8	GOL	A	806	4	5,5,5	4.50	5 (100%)	5,5,5	5.71	3 (60%)
2	PO4	A	501	-	4,4,4	1.65	0	6,6,6	0.44	0
8	GOL	A	805	_	5,5,5	5.04	5 (100%)	5,5,5	5.72	3 (60%)
2	PO4	A	504	4	4,4,4	1.87	2 (50%)	6,6,6	0.42	0
2	PO4	A	503	-	4,4,4	1.70	1 (25%)	6,6,6	0.44	0
8	GOL	A	804	-	5,5,5	4.51	5 (100%)	5,5,5	5.75	3 (60%)
8	GOL	A	807	-	5,5,5	4.50	5 (100%)	5,5,5	5.78	3 (60%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	FAD	A	499	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
6	AUP	A	601	-	-	0/0/63/63	0/5/5/5
8	GOL	A	806	4	-	3/4/4/4	_
8	GOL	A	805	_	-	3/4/4/4	_
8	GOL	A	804	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	A	807	-	-	3/4/4/4	-

The worst 5 of 54 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
8	A	805	GOL	C3-C2	-7.97	1.18	1.51

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
8	A	806	GOL	C3-C2	-7.37	1.21	1.51
8	A	804	GOL	C3-C2	-7.36	1.21	1.51
8	A	807	GOL	C3-C2	-7.35	1.21	1.51
6	A	601	AUP	C36-N35	-6.24	1.39	1.47

The worst 5 of 46 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
6	Α	601	AUP	C15-N14-C19	22.94	125.94	111.62
6	A	601	AUP	C40-N35-C36	19.13	123.56	111.62
8	A	807	GOL	O3-C3-C2	10.47	160.42	110.20
8	A	804	GOL	O3-C3-C2	10.41	160.12	110.20
8	A	805	GOL	O3-C3-C2	10.35	159.83	110.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	499	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
8	A	806	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
8	A	807	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
8	A	804	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
8	A	804	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

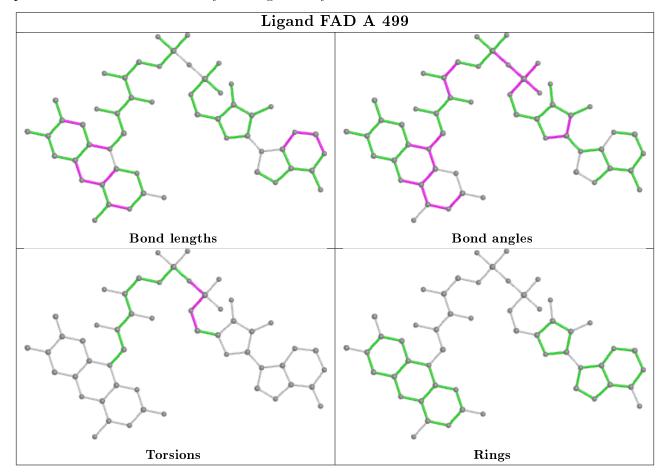
6 monomers are involved in 20 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	502	PO4	3	1
5	A	499	FAD	4	0
6	A	601	AUP	5	0
8	A	805	GOL	4	0
2	A	504	PO4	2	0
2	A	503	PO4	1	0

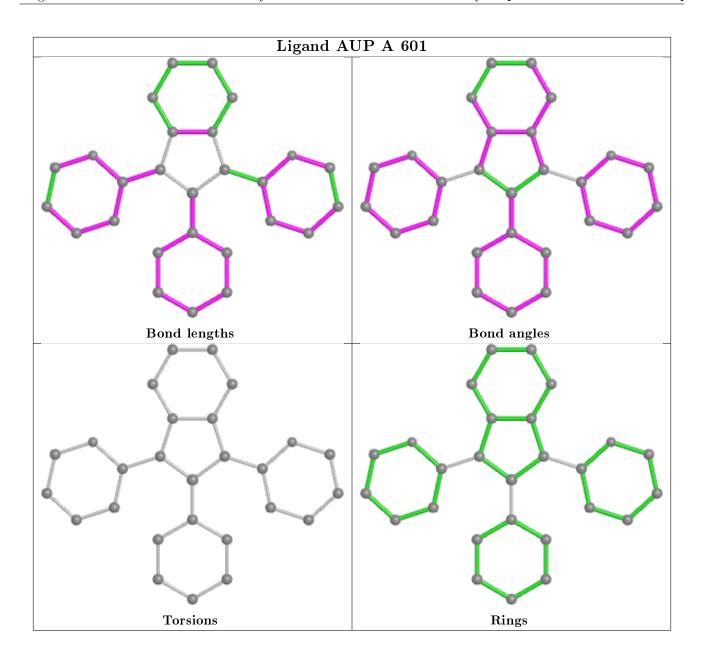
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be



highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB( m \AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	461/479 (96%)	-0.07	23 (4%) 28	23	11, 34, 63, 77	0

The worst 5 of 23 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	134	SER	3.9
1	A	92	GLY	3.8
1	A	18	VAL	3.7
1	A	19	ALA	3.6
1	A	136	PRO	3.2

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
8	GOL	A	806	6/6	0.66	0.39	53,57,57,58	0
8	GOL	A	804	6/6	0.79	0.21	47,50,51,51	0

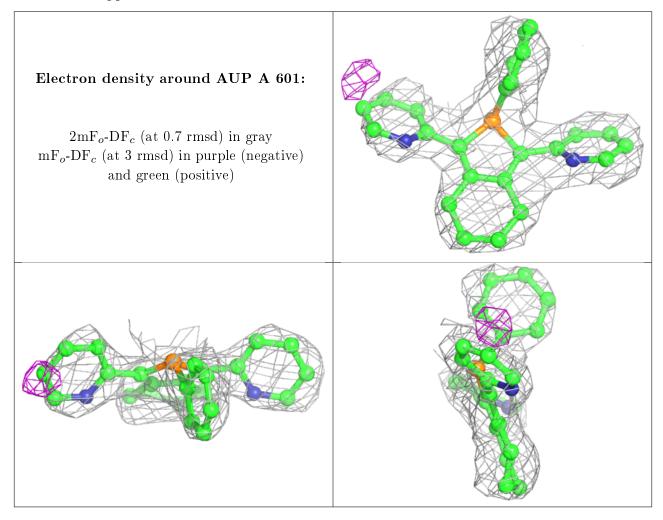
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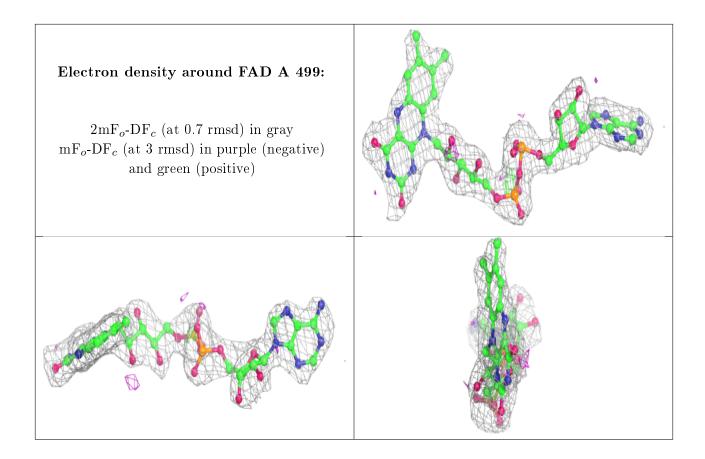
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({\rm \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
8	GOL	A	805	6/6	0.88	0.26	$9,\!12,\!25,\!27$	0
8	GOL	A	807	6/6	0.89	0.20	49,50,50,51	0
6	AUP	A	601	27/27	0.92	0.24	$49,\!51,\!54,\!55$	0
3	CL	A	700	1/1	0.94	0.08	$51,\!51,\!51,\!51$	0
2	PO4	A	504	5/5	0.94	0.17	37,38,39,42	0
4	K	A	701	1/1	0.95	0.20	37,37,37,37	0
5	FAD	A	499	53/53	0.95	0.17	32,39,44,45	0
2	PO4	A	502	5/5	0.97	0.20	14,18,28,29	0
2	PO4	A	501	5/5	0.98	0.10	$54,\!55,\!55,\!56$	0
2	PO4	A	503	5/5	0.99	0.12	39,40,40,43	0
7	AU	A	602	1/1	1.00	0.04	47,47,47,47	0
7	AU	A	603	1/1	1.00	0.04	46,46,46,46	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

