

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

### Jan 4, 2024 – 11:11 pm GMT

PDB ID : 5A8E

Title: thermostabilised beta1-adrenoceptor with rationally designed inverse agonist

7-methylcyanopindolol bound

Authors: Sato, T.; Baker, J.G.; Warne, T.; Brown, G.A.; Congreve, M.; Leslie, A.G.W.;

Tate, C.G.

Deposited on : 2015-07-15

Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as 541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

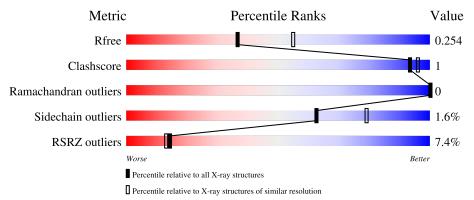
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	3907 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3811 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	• •				
			7%					
1	A	315	85%	5%	10%			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2436 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called BETA1 ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Δ	285	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	11	200	2273	1501	377	374	21		1	

There are 18 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	31	MET	-	- expression tag	
A	32	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P07700
A	369	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P07700
A	370	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P07700
A	371	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P07700
A	372	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P07700
A	373	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P07700
A	68	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	90	VAL	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	116	LEU	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	129	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	130	TRP	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	227	ALA	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	282	LEU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	327	ALA	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	338	MET	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	343	LEU	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P07700
A	358	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P07700

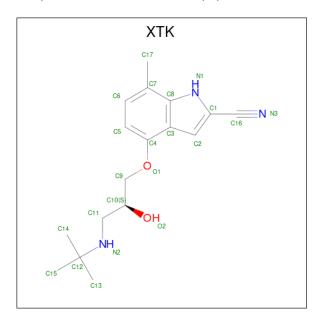
• Molecule 2 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	2	Total Na 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 4-[(2S)-3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-7-methyl-1H-indole-2-carbonit

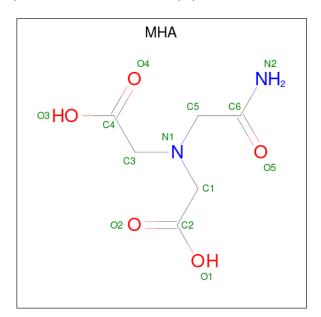


rile (three-letter code: XTK) (formula:  $C_{17}H_{23}N_3O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 22	C 17		O 2	0	0

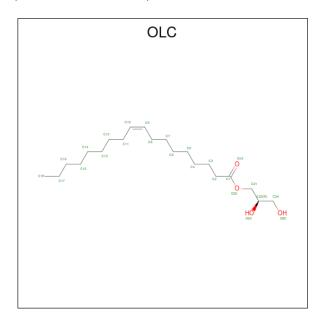
• Molecule 4 is (CARBAMOYLMETHYL-CARBOXYMETHYL-AMINO)-ACETIC ACID (three-letter code: MHA) (formula:  $C_6H_{10}N_2O_5$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 13	C 6	N 2	O 5	0	0



• Molecule 5 is (2R)-2,3-dihydroxypropyl (9Z)-octadec-9-enoate (three-letter code: OLC) (formula:  $C_{21}H_{40}O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C 16 16	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 25 21 4	0	0
5	A	1	Total C 13 13	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 21 17 4	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 25 21 4	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

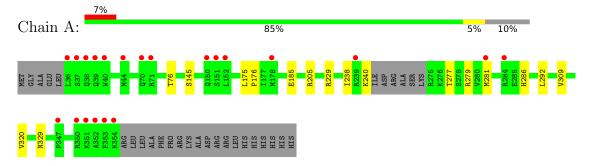
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	26	Total O 26 26	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: BETA1 ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	53.02Å 61.78Å 95.56Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.79 - 2.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	37.80 - 2.40	EDS
% Data completeness	98.0 (37.79-2.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.0 (37.80-2.40)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.16	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.13 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0107	Depositor
D D.	0.217 , 0.248	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.222 , $0.254$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	607 reflections (4.84%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.209	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40, 66.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.47, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	2436	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	39.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.75% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MHA, NA, XTK, OLC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	$\mathbf{lengths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.40	0/2331	0.59	0/3176	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2273	0	2365	7	1
2	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	A	22	0	23	0	0
4	A	13	0	8	0	0
5	A	100	0	161	1	0
6	A	26	0	0	0	0
All	All	2436	0	2557	7	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (7) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:205:ARG:H	5:A:2005:OLC:H21A	1.70	0.56
1:A:309:VAL:HG13	1:A:320:VAL:HG11	1.98	0.44
1:A:238:ILE:O	1:A:279:ARG:NH1	2.51	0.44
1:A:175:LEU:HB3	1:A:176:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44
1:A:76:THR:HG21	1:A:292:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:A:238:ILE:HG23	1:A:286:HIS:CE1	2.56	0.41
1:A:277:THR:HG22	1:A:281:MET:HB2	2.02	0.41

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:145:SER:OG	1:A:145:SER:OG[2_655]	1.82	0.38

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$282/315 \ (90\%)$	279 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles	
1	A	249/273 (91%)	245 (98%)	4 (2%)	62 79	

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	185	GLU
1	A	229	ARG
1	A	240	LYS
1	A	329	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Dec	Res Link Bond lengths				В	ond ang	les
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	OLC	A	2004	-	20,20,24	1.05	1 (5%)	21,21,25	0.86	1 (4%)



Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	XTK	A	501	-	19,23,23	1.50	3 (15%)	29,33,33	1.53	3 (10%)
5	OLC	A	2003	-	12,12,24	1.45	2 (16%)	11,11,25	1.02	0
5	OLC	A	2001	-	15,15,24	1.56	2 (13%)	14,14,25	1.12	3 (21%)
5	OLC	A	2005	-	24,24,24	0.92	1 (4%)	25,25,25	1.05	2 (8%)
5	OLC	A	2002	-	24,24,24	0.97	1 (4%)	25,25,25	0.93	1 (4%)
4	MHA	A	801	-	12,12,12	0.96	0	15,15,15	1.40	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	OLC	A	2004	-	-	7/20/20/24	-
3	XTK	A	501	-	-	0/11/13/13	0/2/2/2
5	OLC	A	2003	-	-	8/10/10/24	-
5	OLC	A	2001	-	-	6/13/13/24	-
5	OLC	A	2005	-	-	8/24/24/24	-
5	OLC	A	2002	-	-	9/24/24/24	-
4	MHA	A	801	-	-	0/12/12/12	-

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(\AA)$	Ideal(Å)
5	A	2001	OLC	C12-C11	-4.59	1.34	1.52
5	A	2002	OLC	O20-C1	4.48	1.46	1.33
5	A	2004	OLC	O20-C1	4.39	1.46	1.33
5	A	2005	OLC	O20-C1	4.27	1.45	1.33
5	A	2001	OLC	C9-C10	3.77	1.53	1.31
3	A	501	XTK	C1-C16	-3.68	1.34	1.44
5	A	2003	OLC	C9-C10	3.67	1.53	1.31
3	A	501	XTK	C7-C8	3.60	1.48	1.42
5	A	2003	OLC	C13-C12	-3.25	1.33	1.51
3	A	501	XTK	C4-C3	2.61	1.49	1.42

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	501	XTK	C11-N2-C12	5.62	122.53	116.54

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	801	MHA	C5-C6-N2	3.75	121.78	115.86
5	A	2005	OLC	C21-O20-C1	3.05	128.42	117.12
5	A	2002	OLC	O20-C1-C2	2.91	121.04	111.91
5	A	2005	OLC	O20-C21-C22	2.81	119.32	105.77
3	A	501	XTK	C1-C2-C3	-2.53	103.35	106.70
5	A	2004	OLC	O20-C1-C2	2.43	119.53	111.91
3	A	501	XTK	C2-C1-N1	2.34	114.44	108.81
5	A	2001	OLC	C11-C10-C9	-2.16	108.17	124.73
5	A	2001	OLC	C13-C12-C11	2.14	123.10	113.79
5	A	2001	OLC	C12-C11-C10	2.09	124.39	112.43
4	A	801	MHA	O1-C2-C1	2.03	121.46	113.45

There are no chirality outliers.

All (38) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	2001	OLC	C10-C11-C12-C13
5	A	2002	OLC	C22-C21-O20-C1
5	A	2003	OLC	C6-C7-C8-C9
5	A	2005	OLC	C22-C21-O20-C1
5	A	2002	OLC	O19-C1-O20-C21
5	A	2004	OLC	O19-C1-O20-C21
5	A	2002	OLC	C2-C1-O20-C21
5	A	2004	OLC	C2-C1-O20-C21
5	A	2003	OLC	C11-C12-C13-C14
5	A	2003	OLC	C11-C10-C9-C8
5	A	2004	OLC	O20-C21-C22-O23
5	A	2002	OLC	C1-C2-C3-C4
5	A	2004	OLC	O20-C21-C22-C24
5	A	2001	OLC	C12-C13-C14-C15
5	A	2003	OLC	C14-C15-C16-C17
5	A	2005	OLC	C10-C11-C12-C13
5	A	2005	OLC	C3-C4-C5-C6
5	A	2003	OLC	C9-C10-C11-C12
5	A	2002	OLC	C6-C7-C8-C9
5	A	2003	OLC	C10-C11-C12-C13
5	A	2001	OLC	C15-C16-C17-C18
5	A	2003	OLC	C13-C14-C15-C16
5	A	2002	OLC	C14-C15-C16-C17
5	A	2001	OLC	C6-C7-C8-C9
5	A	2004	OLC	C4-C5-C6-C7
5	A	2005	OLC	C14-C15-C16-C17

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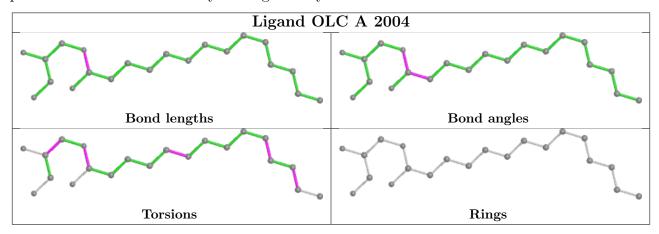
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	2005	OLC	C12-C13-C14-C15
5	A	2001	OLC	C3-C4-C5-C6
5	A	2004	OLC	C9-C10-C11-C12
5	A	2002	OLC	C9-C10-C11-C12
5	A	2005	OLC	C7-C8-C9-C10
5	A	2003	OLC	C15-C16-C17-C18
5	A	2002	OLC	O20-C1-C2-C3
5	A	2005	OLC	O19-C1-O20-C21
5	A	2004	OLC	C11-C12-C13-C14
5	A	2002	OLC	O19-C1-C2-C3
5	A	2005	OLC	C2-C1-O20-C21
5	A	2001	OLC	C9-C10-C11-C12

There are no ring outliers.

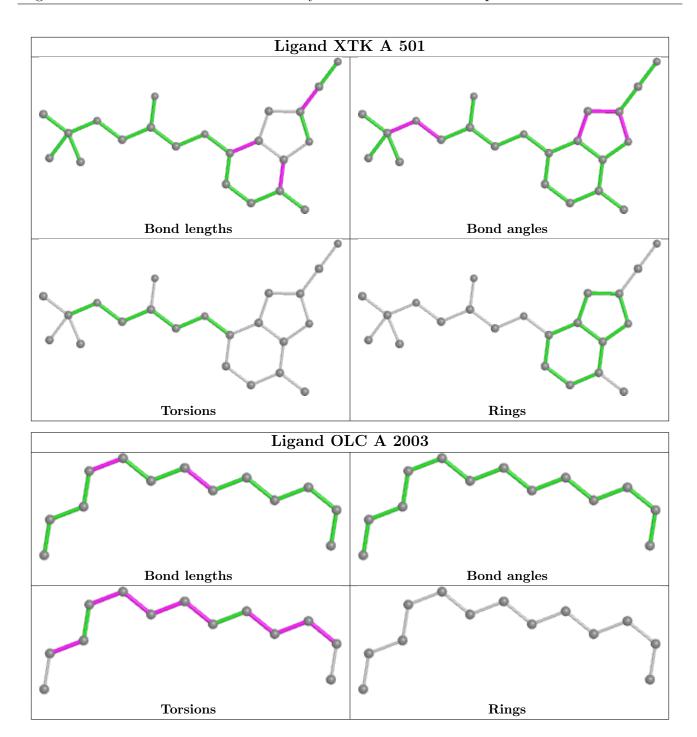
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	2005	OLC	1	0

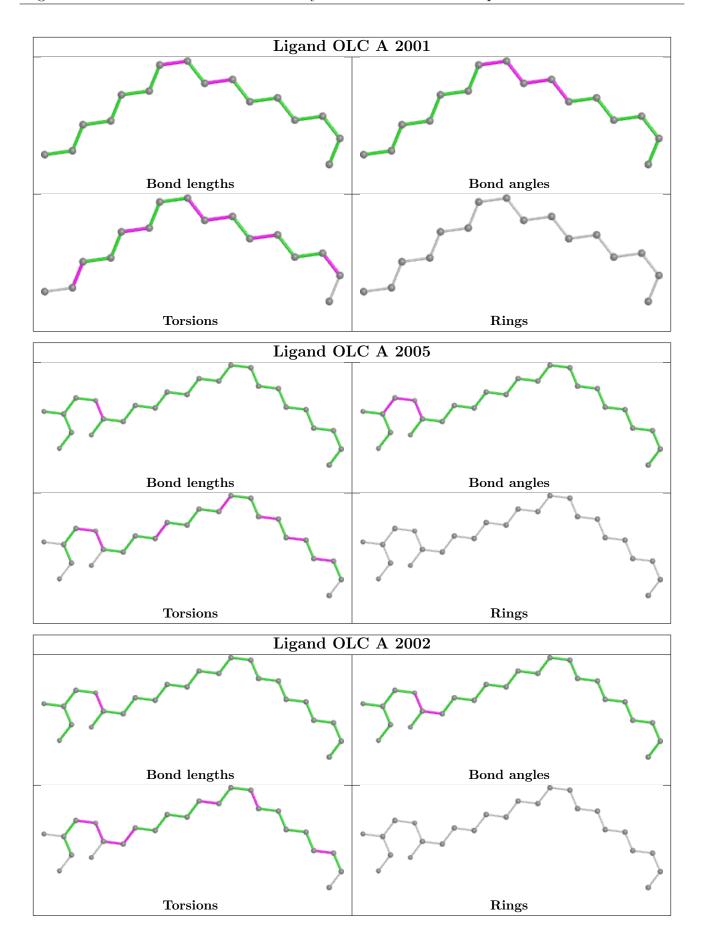
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.













## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	285/315 (90%)	-0.01	21 (7%) 14	13	19, 34, 68, 105	0

All (21) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	37	SER	6.5
1	A	71	ARG	5.5
1	A	353	PHE	5.2
1	A	39	GLN	4.8
1	A	38	GLN	4.7
1	A	36	LEU	4.2
1	A	354	LYS	3.2
1	A	352	ALA	3.1
1	A	152	LEU	3.1
1	A	351	LYS	3.1
1	A	284	ARG	3.0
1	A	239	ARG	3.0
1	A	350	ARG	2.8
1	A	151	SER	2.7
1	A	281	MET	2.7
1	A	178	MET	2.6
1	A	347	PRO	2.5
1	A	150	GLN	2.4
1	A	40	TRP	2.4
1	A	70	GLN	2.3
1	A	44	MET	2.1

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

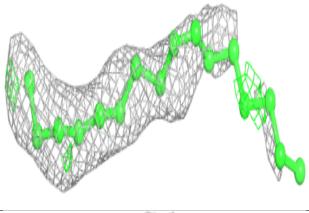
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	OLC	A	2001	16/25	0.58	0.35	43,56,69,69	0
5	OLC	A	2004	21/25	0.71	0.27	44,56,68,71	0
5	OLC	A	2002	25/25	0.74	0.23	52,58,79,82	0
5	OLC	A	2005	25/25	0.77	0.23	47,52,59,62	0
2	NA	A	401	1/1	0.78	0.11	45,45,45,45	0
5	OLC	A	2003	13/25	0.89	0.19	46,47,52,52	13
2	NA	A	402	1/1	0.90	0.09	48,48,48,48	0
4	MHA	A	801	13/13	0.92	0.16	37,37,40,40	0
3	XTK	A	501	22/22	0.97	0.12	17,18,19,19	0

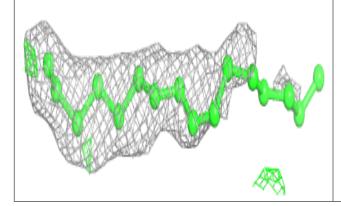
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

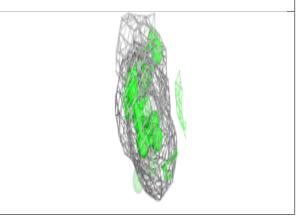


### Electron density around OLC A 2001:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

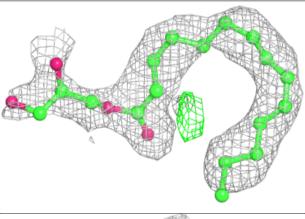


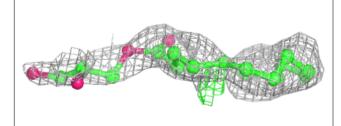


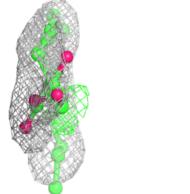


#### Electron density around OLC A 2004:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



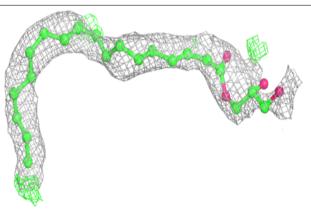


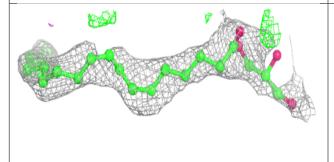


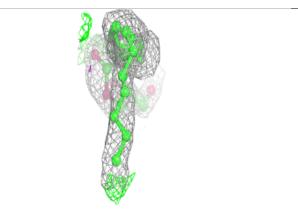


### Electron density around OLC A 2002:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

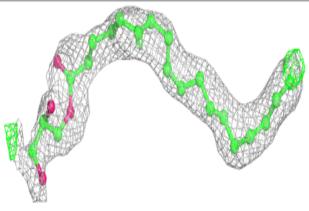


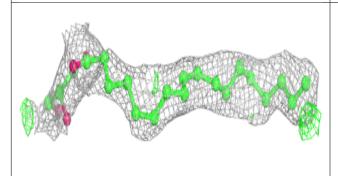


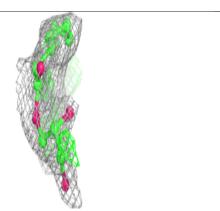


#### Electron density around OLC A 2005:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



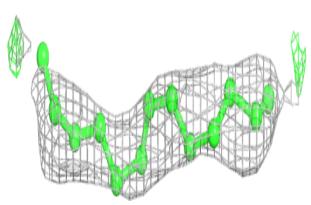


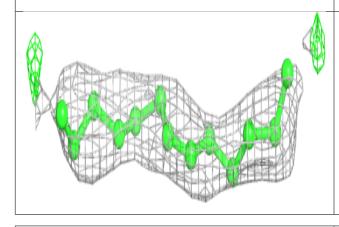


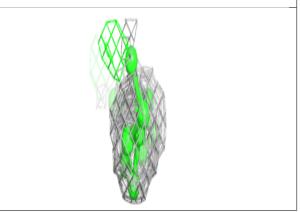


### Electron density around OLC A 2003:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

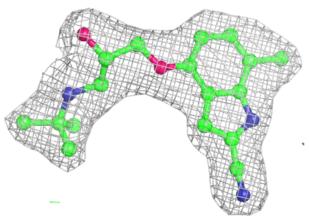


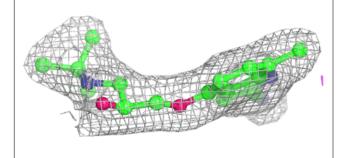


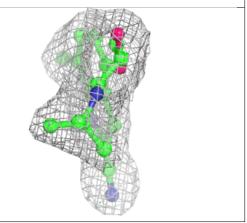


#### Electron density around XTK A 501:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

