

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 21, 2020 – 12:17 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7A7B

Title: Bacillithiol Disulfide Reductase Bdr (YpdA) from Staphylococcus aureus

Authors: Hammerstad, M.; Hersleth, H.-P.

Deposited on : 2020-08-27

Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.16

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

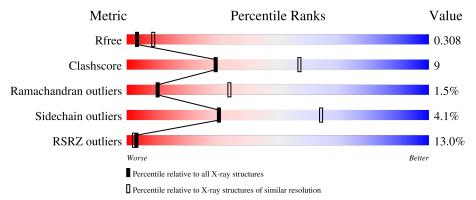
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.16

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathbf{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			2%		
1	A	328	78%	18%	• •
	_		4%		
1	В	328	83%	14%	• •
			<u>%</u>		
1	С	328	77%	20%	• •
	_		<u>%</u>		
1	D	328	74%	23%	• •
	_		3%		
1	E	328	82%	16%	• •

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	F	328	79%	E 00/	•				
1	G	328	40%	29%	•	19%			
1	Н	328	46%		30%	5% •			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	FAD	Н	401	-	-	-	X
3	NAP	D	402[A]	-	-	=	X
3	NAP	D	402[B]	-	-	-	X
3	NAP	F	402	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 20666 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

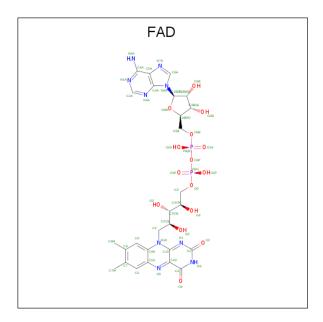
In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	323	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	323	2554	1633	420	492	9	0	U	
1	В	323	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	323	2554	1633	420	492	9	0	U	
1	С	323	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1		323	2560	1637	421	493	9	0		
1	D	D 323	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	1	0
1	D		2565	1642	421	493	9			
1	E	323	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	1	0
1	12	323	2559	1636	421	493	9	0	1	
1	F	323	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	2	0
1	1"	323	2565	1640	420	496	9	0		
1	G	265	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	G	200	2113	1350	347	408	8	U	0	
1	Н	H 323	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	020	2554	1633	420	492	9	0	U	

• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

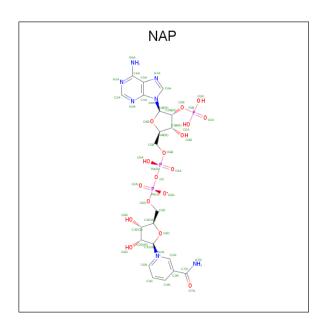




Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf				
2	A	1	Total	С	Ν	О	Р	0	0				
2	A	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0				
2	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0				
2	Б	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0				
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0				
		1	53	27	9	15	2	0	U				
2	D	D	D	D	D	1	Total	С	N	O P	0	0	
	ע	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U				
2	E.	F	F	Е	L.	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	שנ	1	53	27	9	15	2	U					
2	F	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0				
	I.	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U				
2	G	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0				
	2 G	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U				
2	Н	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0				
	11	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U				

• Molecule 3 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: $C_{21}H_{28}N_7O_{17}P_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf			
3	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
)	3 0	l I	48	21	7	17	3	0			
2	3 D	D	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	1
)		1	96	42	14	34	6	0	1		
2	T.	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	Γ'	1	48	21	7	17	3	0	0		

• Molecule 4 is water.

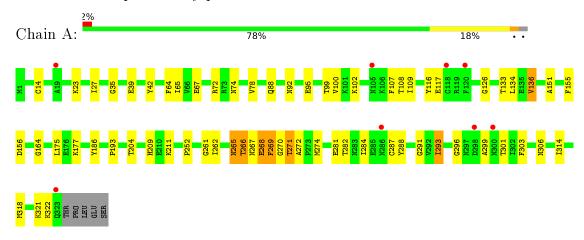
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
4	С	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
4	D	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
4	E	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
4	F	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
4	G	2	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
4	Н	4	Total O 4 4	0	0



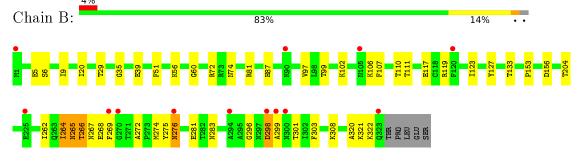
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr



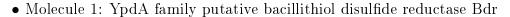
• Molecule 1: YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr

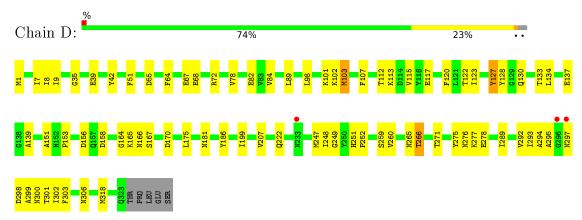


• Molecule 1: YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr

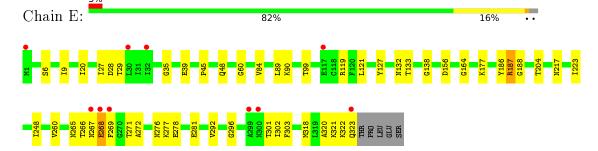




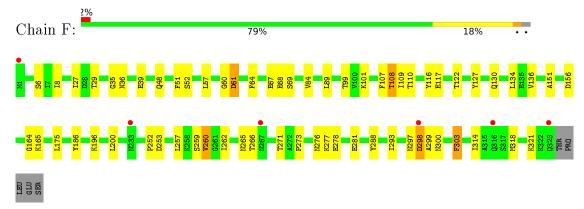




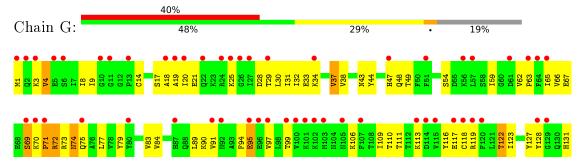
• Molecule 1: YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr



• Molecule 1: YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr



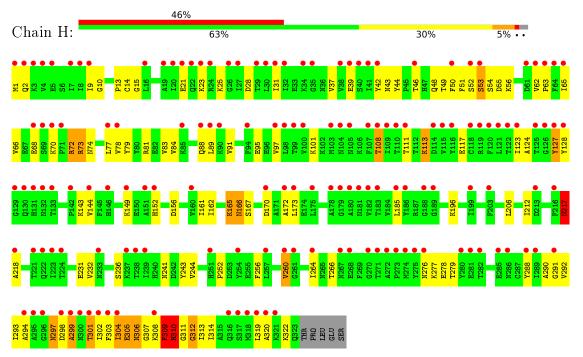
• Molecule 1: YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr







• Molecule 1: YpdA family putative bacillithiol disulfide reductase Bdr





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	179.31Å 179.31Å 349.34Å	Danagitan
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.63 - 2.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.63 - 2.90	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (49.63-2.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (49.63-2.90)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.17	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.09 (at 2.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.17.1_3660, REFMAC 5.8.0253	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.243 , 0.308	Depositor
Π, Π_{free}	0.243 , 0.308	DCC
R_{free} test set	3682 reflections (4.99%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (\mathring{A}^2)	59.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.148	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33 , 47.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	20666	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	62.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.79% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAP, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.49	0/2610	0.67	0/3537	
1	В	0.49	0/2610	0.64	0/3537	
1	С	0.54	0/2619	0.68	0/3549	
1	D	0.52	0/2622	0.67	0/3553	
1	Е	0.53	0/2618	0.69	$1/3548 \ (0.0\%)$	
1	F	0.50	0/2627	0.68	1/3560~(0.0%)	
1	G	0.39	0/2159	0.55	0/2921	
1	Н	0.44	0/2610	0.70	1/3537~(0.0%)	
All	All	0.49	0/20475	0.66	$3/27742 \ (0.0\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	Н	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	Н	113	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	-5.87	98.19	111.70
1	Е	187	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.29	122.94	120.30
1	F	61	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.02	122.82	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	267	ASN	Peptide
1	Н	310	HIS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2554	0	2506	46	0
1	В	2554	0	2506	28	0
1	С	2560	0	2514	45	0
1	D	2565	0	2514	57	0
1	Ε	2559	0	2512	28	0
1	F	2565	0	2516	44	0
1	G	2113	0	2058	75	0
1	Н	2554	0	2506	83	0
2	A	53	0	31	3	0
2	В	53	0	31	0	0
2	С	53	0	31	3	0
2	D	53	0	31	3	0
2	E	53	0	31	0	0
2	F	53	0	31	2	0
2	G	53	0	31	5	0
2	Н	53	0	31	5	0
3	С	48	0	25	4	0
3	D	96	0	50	18	0
3	F	48	0	25	6	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	С	4	0	0	1	0
4	D	4	0	0	0	0
4	E	3	0	0	0	0
4	F	4	0	0	0	0
4	G	2	0	0	1	0
4	Н	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	20666	0	19980	385	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 385 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:21:GLU:HG3	1:H:310:HIS:HB3	1.52	0.90
1:H:44:TYR:HH	2:H:401:FAD:HO2'	1.09	0.85
1:D:266:THR:HG22	1:D:271:THR:HG22	1.57	0.85
1:B:60:GLY:O	1:B:87:HIS:NE2	2.11	0.83
1:B:99:THR:HB	1:B:110:THR:HB	1.59	0.83

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	$\bf Analy sed$	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$321/328 \ (98\%)$	303 (94%)	17 (5%)	1 (0%)	41	71
1	В	321/328 (98%)	296 (92%)	22 (7%)	3 (1%)	17	48
1	С	$322/328 \ (98\%)$	305 (95%)	16 (5%)	1 (0%)	41	71
1	D	322/328 (98%)	307 (95%)	11 (3%)	4 (1%)	13	40
1	E	$322/328 \ (98\%)$	301 (94%)	20 (6%)	1 (0%)	41	71
1	F	323/328 (98%)	300 (93%)	18 (6%)	5 (2%)	10	34
1	G	$261/328 \ (80\%)$	220 (84%)	34 (13%)	7 (3%)	5	19
1	Н	321/328 (98%)	278 (87%)	27 (8%)	16 (5%)	2	7
All	All	2513/2624 (96%)	2310 (92%)	165 (7%)	38 (2%)	10	34

5 of 38 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	298	ASP
1	С	271	THR
1	D	277	LYS
1	D	298	ASP
1	Ε	277	LYS



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	277/282 (98%)	264 (95%)	13 (5%)	26 59
1	В	277/282 (98%)	268 (97%)	9 (3%)	39 73
1	С	$278/282 \ (99\%)$	270 (97%)	8 (3%)	42 76
1	D	278/282 (99%)	268 (96%)	10 (4%)	35 69
1	E	$278/282 \ (99\%)$	268 (96%)	10 (4%)	35 69
1	F	$279/282 \ (99\%)$	271 (97%)	8 (3%)	42 76
1	G	230/282~(82%)	217 (94%)	13 (6%)	20 51
1	Н	277/282 (98%)	258 (93%)	19 (7%)	15 41
All	All	$2174/2256 \ (96\%)$	2084 (96%)	90 (4%)	30 64

5 of 90 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Е	99	THR
1	F	64	PHE
1	Н	266	THR
1	E	127	TYR
1	E	260	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	297	ASN
1	G	276	ASN
1	E	48	GLN
1	В	267	ASN
1	F	300	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Т	Chain	Das	T ! 1-	Во	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	${ m Res}$	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	NAP	D	402[B]	-	45,52,52	0.97	3 (6%)	56,80,80	1.12	4 (7%)
3	NAP	F	402	-	45,52,52	1.20	4 (8%)	56,80,80	1.26	7 (12%)
2	FAD	В	401	-	51,58,58	1.27	5 (9%)	60,89,89	2.31	9 (15%)
3	NAP	С	402	-	45,52,52	1.21	5 (11%)	56,80,80	1.24	7 (12%)
2	FAD	С	401	-	51,58,58	1.25	5 (9%)	60,89,89	2.32	8 (13%)
2	FAD	F	401	-	51,58,58	1.26	6 (11%)	60,89,89	2.24	7 (11%)
2	FAD	A	401	-	51,58,58	1.28	5 (9%)	60,89,89	2.32	9 (15%)
2	FAD	D	401	-	51,58,58	1.19	3 (5%)	60,89,89	2.26	7 (11%)
2	FAD	G	401	-	51,58,58	1.17	4 (7%)	60,89,89	2.23	7 (11%)
2	FAD	Е	401	-	51,58,58	1.33	4 (7%)	60,89,89	2.24	6 (10%)
2	FAD	Н	401	-	51,58,58	1.23	4 (7%)	60,89,89	2.31	8 (13%)
3	NAP	D	402[A]	-	45,52,52	0.93	3 (6%)	56,80,80	1.08	3 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAP	D	402[B]	-	-	16/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	NAP	F	402	-	-	17/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	FAD	В	401	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	NAP	С	402	-	-	17/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	FAD	С	401	-	-	1/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	F	401	_	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	A	401	-	-	9/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	D	401	-	-	8/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	G	401	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	Е	401	-	-	7/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	Н	401	-	-	7/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	NAP	D	402[A]	-	-	13/31/67/67	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 51 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	${ m Observed(\AA)}$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
2	В	401	FAD	C4X-C10	5.69	1.44	1.38
2	E	401	FAD	C4X-C10	5.51	1.44	1.38
2	С	401	FAD	C4X-C10	5.49	1.44	1.38
2	F	401	FAD	C4X-C10	5.36	1.44	1.38
2	A	401	FAD	C4X-C10	5.33	1.44	1.38

The worst 5 of 82 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	${f Atoms}$	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	D	401	FAD	C4-N3-C2	13.38	126.44	115.14
2	A	401	FAD	C4-N3-C2	13.27	126.34	115.14
2	С	401	FAD	C4-N3-C2	13.24	126.32	115.14
2	F	401	FAD	C4-N3-C2	13.21	126.29	115.14
2	E	401	FAD	C4-N3-C2	13.19	126.28	115.14

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 108 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	D	402[B]	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
3	D	402[B]	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
3	D	402[B]	NAP	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
3	D	402[B]	NAP	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
3	D	402[B]	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O3



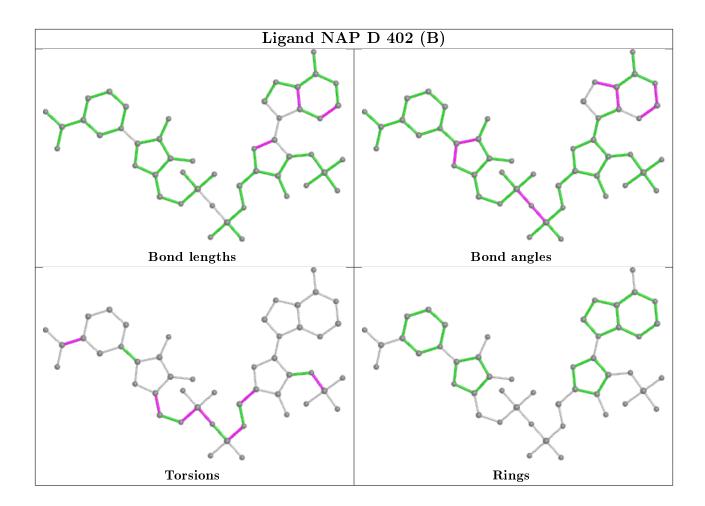
There are no ring outliers.

10 monomers are involved in 48 short contacts:

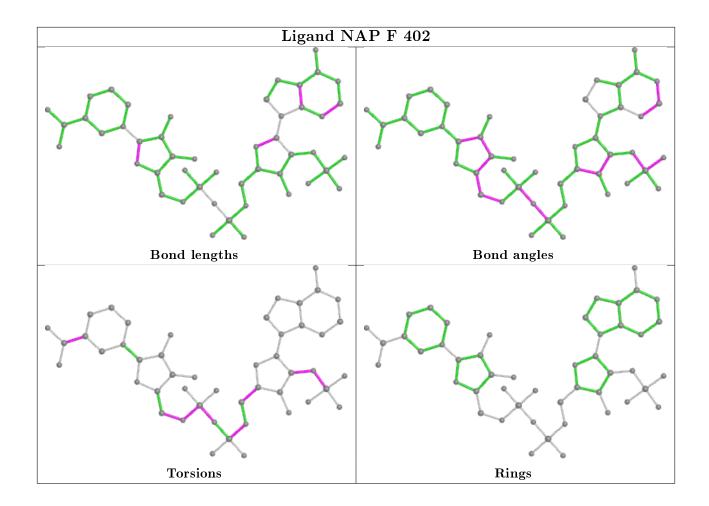
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	402[B]	NAP	8	0
3	F	402	NAP	6	0
3	С	402	NAP	4	0
2	С	401	FAD	3	0
2	F	401	FAD	2	0
2	A	401	FAD	3	0
2	D	401	FAD	3	0
2	G	401	FAD	5	0
2	Н	401	FAD	5	0
3	D	402[A]	NAP	10	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

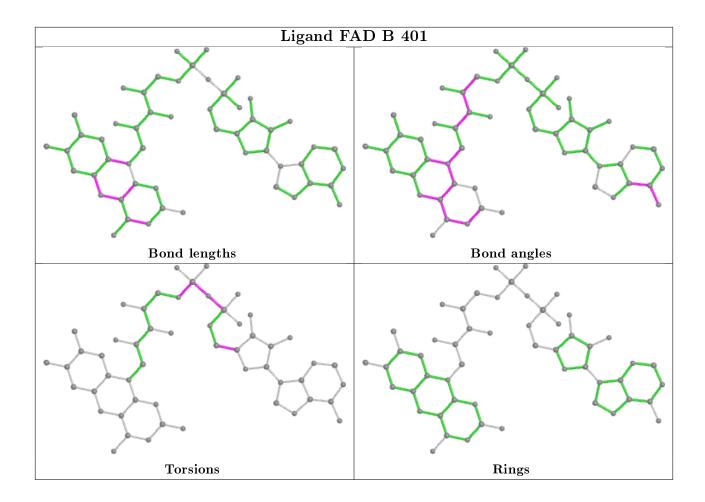




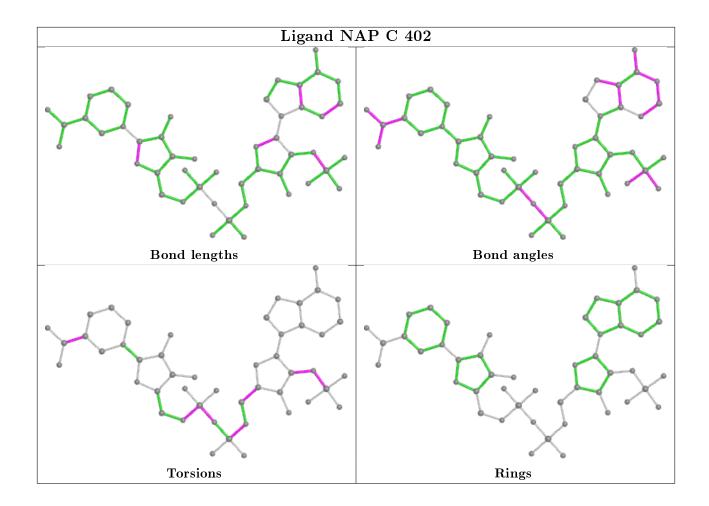




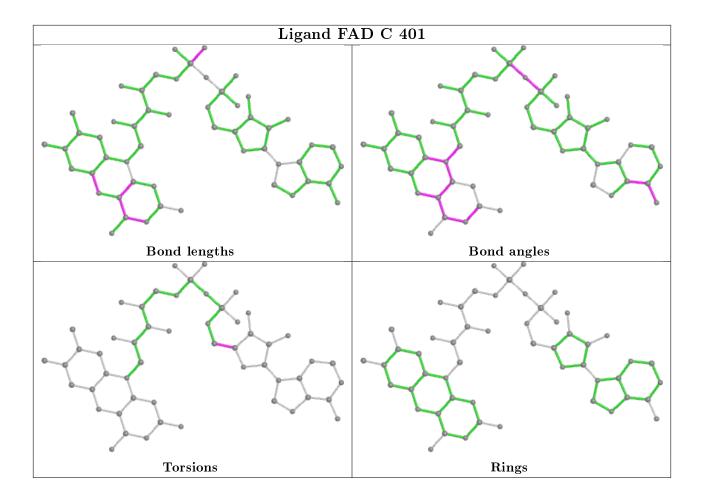




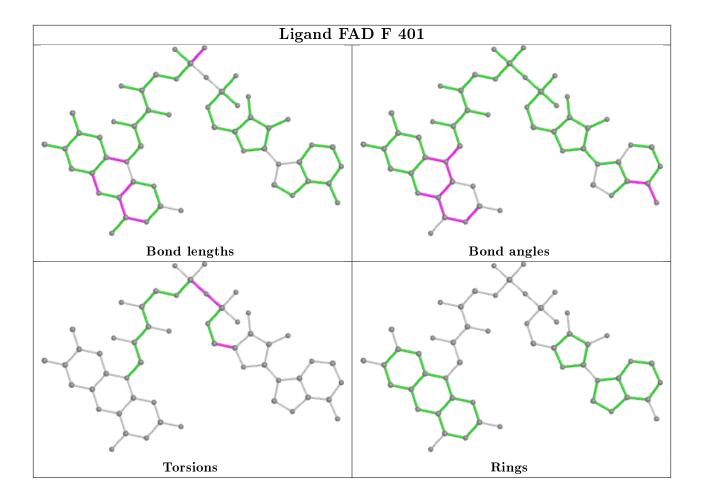




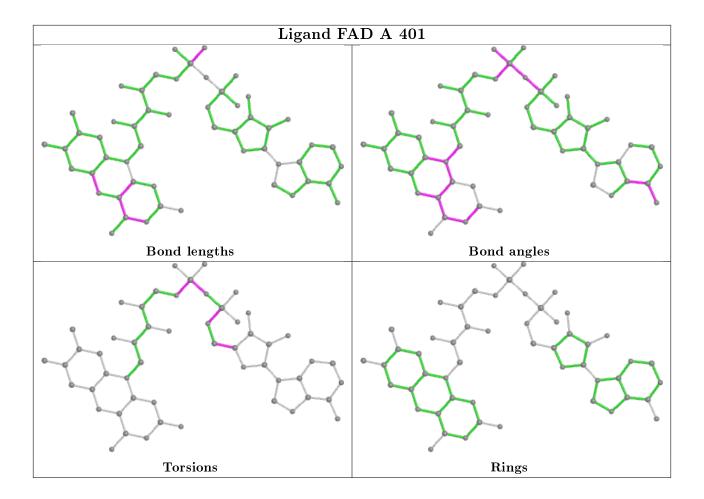




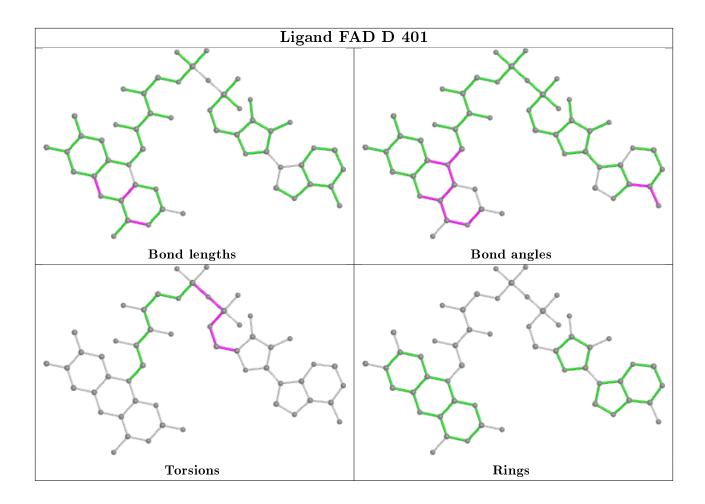




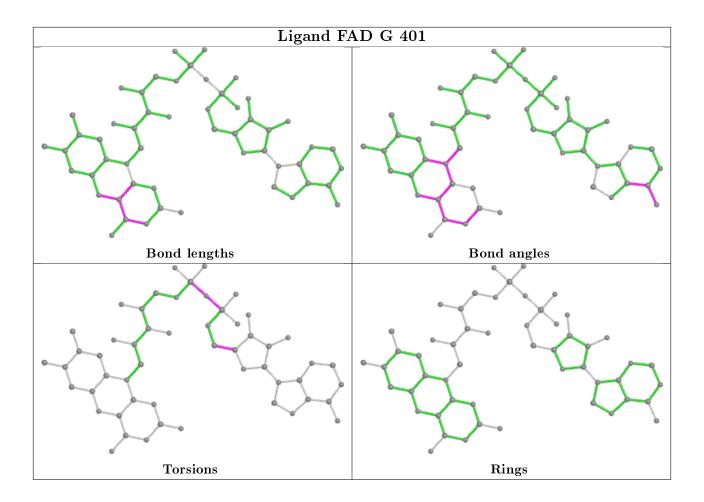




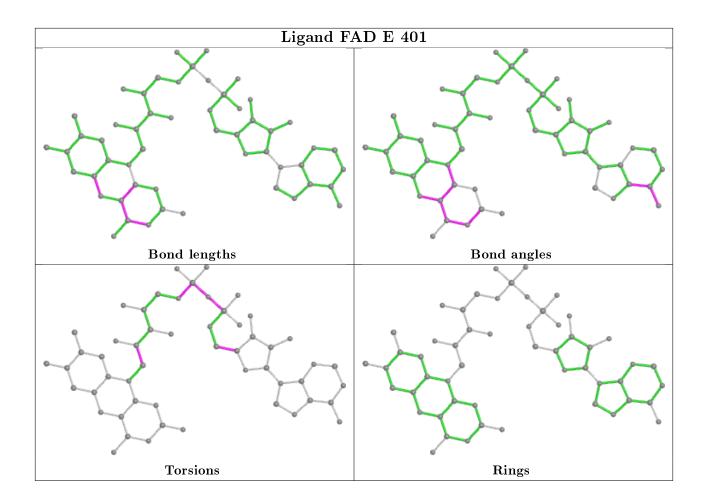




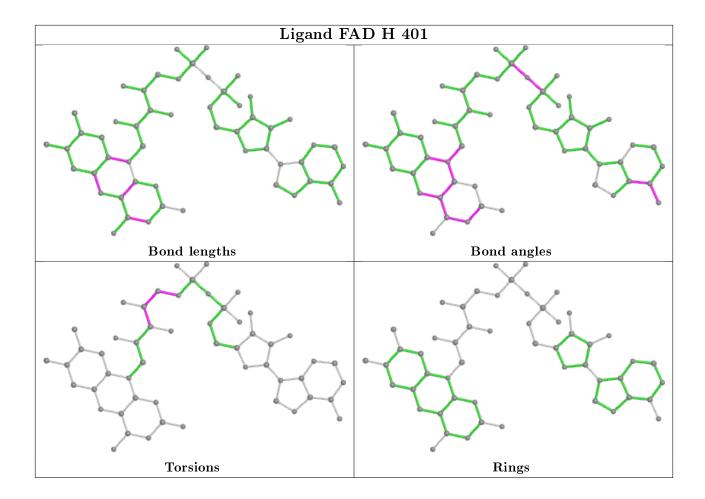




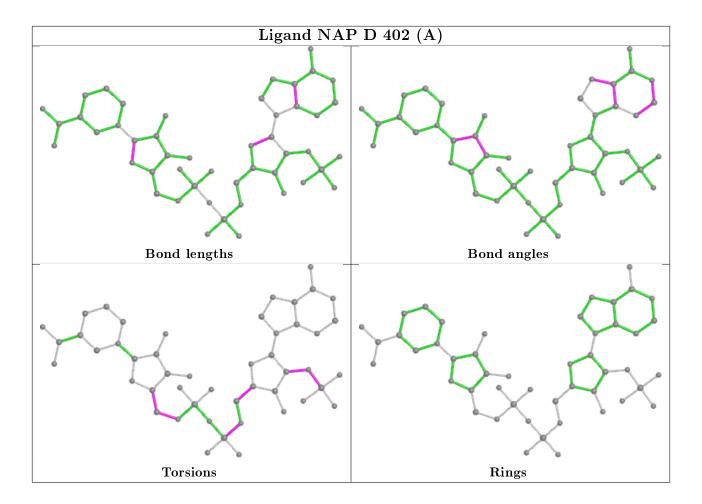












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	$323/328 \ (98\%)$	0.18	8 (2%) 57 55	28, 47, 71, 96	0
1	В	323/328 (98%)	0.19	13 (4%) 38 33	27, 50, 86, 104	0
1	С	323/328 (98%)	0.01	4 (1%) 79 79	24, 39, 64, 100	0
1	D	323/328 (98%)	0.08	3 (0%) 84 84	24, 43, 74, 89	0
1	E	323/328 (98%)	0.05	10 (3%) 49 44	23, 40, 71, 112	0
1	F	323/328 (98%)	0.10	6 (1%) 66 65	24, 45, 76, 93	0
1	G	$265/328 \ (80\%)$	2.52	132 (49%) 0 0	76, 113, 142, 171	0
1	Н	323/328 (98%)	2.39	152 (47%) 0 0	71, 112, 154, 180	0
All	All	$2526/2624 \ (96\%)$	0.65	328 (12%) 3 2	23, 50, 135, 180	0

The worst 5 of 328 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	G	91	VAL	11.6
1	Н	42	TYR	11.1
1	Н	291	GLY	10.9
1	Н	300	ASN	10.4
1	Н	288	TYR	9.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



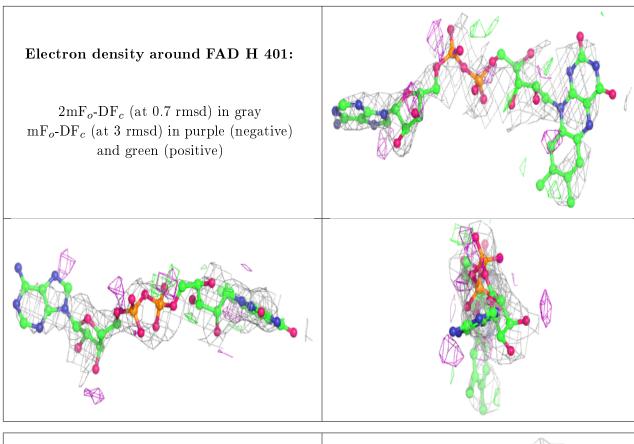
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	FAD	Н	401	53/53	0.69	0.44	92,114,133,136	0
3	NAP	F	402	48/48	0.78	0.40	53,68,85,96	0
3	NAP	D	402[B]	48/48	0.79	0.43	40,55,65,67	48
3	NAP	D	402[A]	48/48	0.79	0.43	38,56,64,68	48
2	FAD	G	401	53/53	0.83	0.26	73,94,100,103	0
3	NAP	С	402	48/48	0.87	0.29	41,53,62,70	0
2	FAD	A	401	53/53	0.96	0.16	29,39,45,47	0
2	FAD	В	401	53/53	0.96	0.19	37,44,54,64	0
2	FAD	D	401	53/53	0.97	0.18	28,35,41,46	0
2	FAD	F	401	53/53	0.97	0.18	32,39,44,49	0
2	FAD	С	401	53/53	0.98	0.17	24,35,40,43	0
2	FAD	E	401	53/53	0.98	0.15	24,33,39,42	0

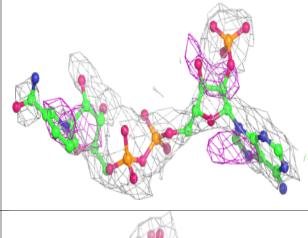
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

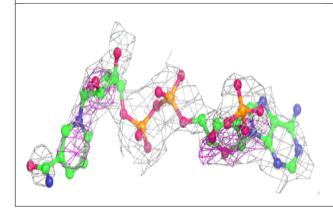


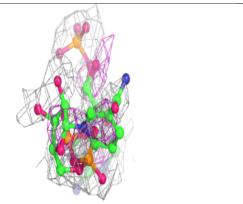


Electron density around NAP F 402:

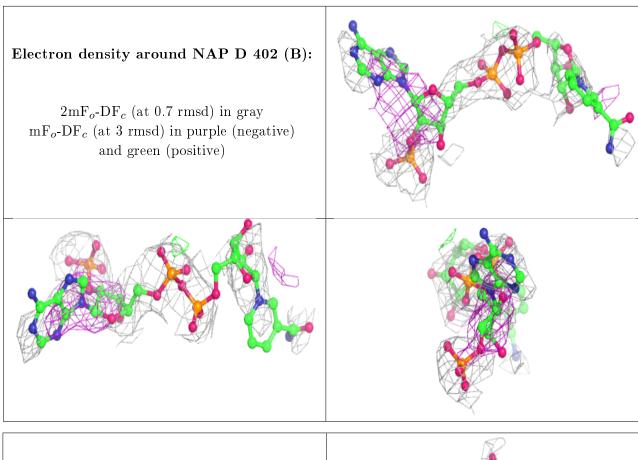
 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





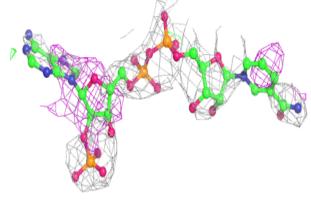


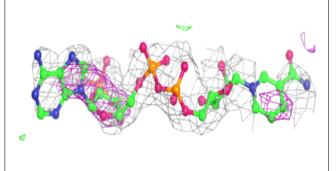


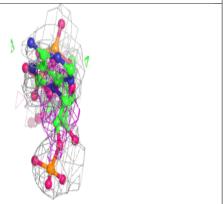


Electron density around NAP D 402 (A):

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

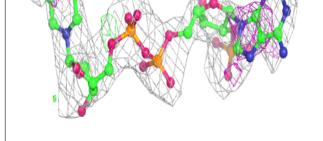


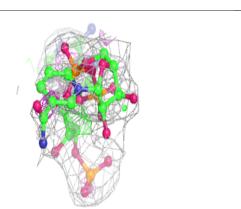






Electron density around FAD G 401: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around NAP C 402: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







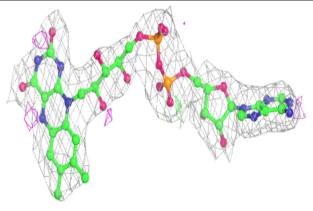
Electron density around FAD A 401: 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

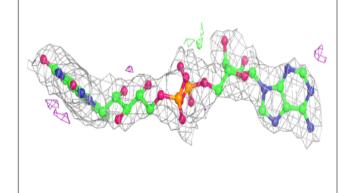
Electron density around FAD B 401: 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

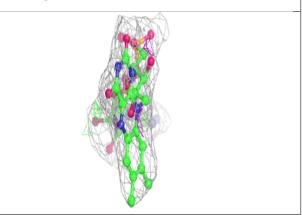


Electron density around FAD D 401:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

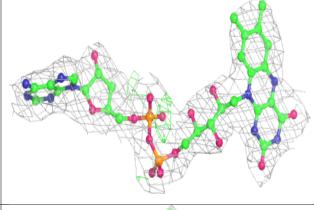


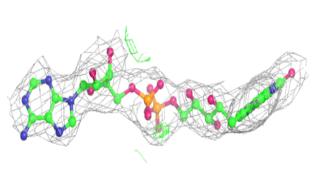


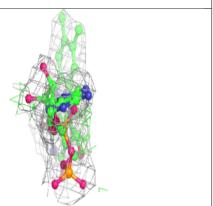


Electron density around FAD F 401:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



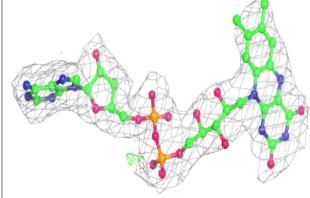


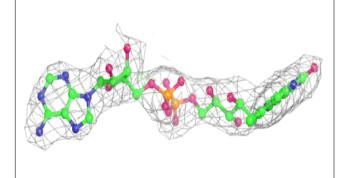


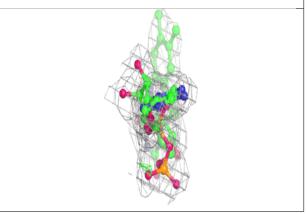


Electron density around FAD C 401:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

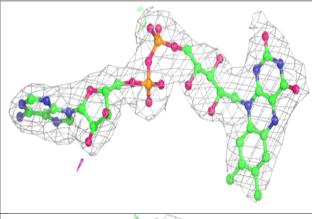


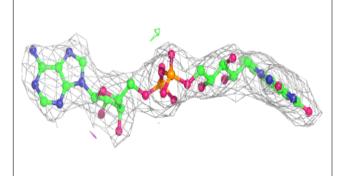


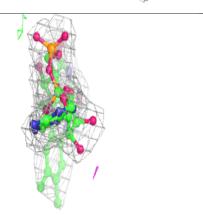


Electron density around FAD E 401:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

