wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 10, 2023 – 12:32 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	5A7E
Title	:	Crystallographic Structural Determination of a Trigonal Laccase from Coriolopsis Gallica (CgL) to 1.5 A resolution
Authors	:	Ruiz-Arellano, R.R.; Diaz, A.; Ayala, M.; De la Mora, E.; Rudino-Pinera, E.
Deposited on	:	2015-07-03
Resolution	:	1.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

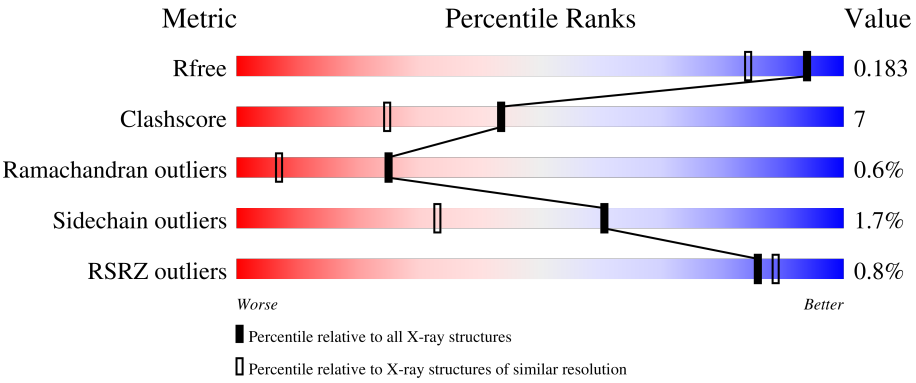
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.31.3
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2884 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	496	% 88% 11%
2	B	3	67% 33%
3	C	5	60% 40%
4	D	2	100%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	BMA	B	3	X	-	-	-
3	BMA	C	3	X	-	X	-
3	MAN	C	4	X	-	-	-
3	MAN	C	5	X	-	-	-
4	BGC	D	2	X	-	-	-
6	ACT	A	505	-	X	X	-

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4646 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CORIOLOPSIS GALLICA LACCASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	496	3935	2485	666	771	13	0	25	0

There are 24 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	17	ASP	TYR	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	129	ASN	GLN	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	156	LYS	ARG	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	159	ALA	PRO	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	160	PRO	ALA	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	161	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	176	SER	ILE	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	177	SER	ASN	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	180	ALA	ASN	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	207	TYR	HIS	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	234	LEU	ILE	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	265	THR	ASN	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	266	GLN	THR	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	269	ALA	ASP	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	272	THR	VAL	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	292	THR	ALA	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	334	ASN	ARG	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	336	THR	SER	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	361	ALA	GLN	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	366	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	386	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	401	ILE	ALA	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	416	ALA	GLU	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1
A	428	ALA	SER	conflict	UNP Q1W6B1

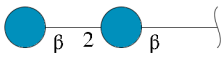
- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(4-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	3	Total C N O 39 22 2 15	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(3-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	5	Total C N O 61 34 2 25	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-glucopyranose.

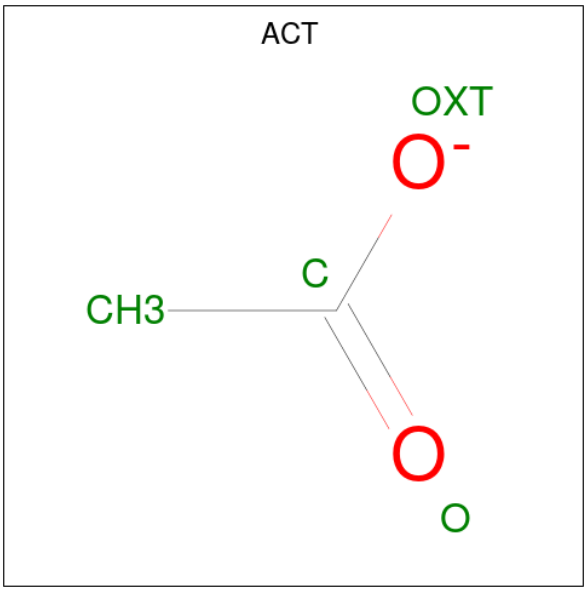


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	2	Total C O 22 12 10	0	0	0

- Molecule 5 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	4	Total Cu 4 4	0	0

- Molecule 6 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: $C_2H_3O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

- Molecule 7 is water.

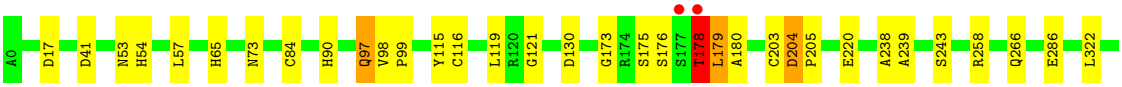
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	581	Total O 581 581	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CORIOLOPSIS GALLICA LACCASE

Chain A:



• Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(4-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

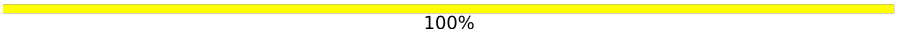
Chain B:

• Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(3-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

• Molecule 4: beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	45.74Å 56.41Å 59.17Å 75.67° 73.03° 76.49°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.08 – 1.50 55.53 – 1.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.4 (43.08-1.50) 94.4 (55.53-1.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.70 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.163 , 0.183 0.164 , 0.183	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4051 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	15.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.019	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.38 , 47.4	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.49$, $< L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4646	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.69% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CU, NAG, BGC, BMA, ACT, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	1.49	9/4051 (0.2%)	0.91	12/5570 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	4

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	266[A]	GLN	CD-OE1	-8.35	1.05	1.24
1	A	266[B]	GLN	CD-OE1	-8.35	1.05	1.24
1	A	121	GLY	C-O	-6.29	1.13	1.23
1	A	178	THR	CB-CG2	-5.47	1.34	1.52
1	A	286	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.47	1.19	1.25

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	130[A]	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	10.15	127.43	118.30
1	A	130[B]	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	10.15	127.43	118.30
1	A	130[A]	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.69	112.28	118.30
1	A	130[B]	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.69	112.28	118.30
1	A	178	THR	N-CA-CB	-6.36	98.22	110.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	176[A]	SER	Mainchain
1	A	176[B]	SER	Mainchain
1	A	400	HIS	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3935	0	3716	44	0
2	B	39	0	34	1	0
3	C	61	0	51	9	0
4	D	22	0	17	0	0
5	A	4	0	0	0	0
6	A	4	0	3	4	0
7	A	581	0	0	17	3
All	All	4646	0	3821	53	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 53 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:178:THR:C	7:A:602:HOH:O	1.77	1.22
1:A:179:LEU:N	7:A:602:HOH:O	1.73	1.22
3:C:3:BMA:O2	3:C:4:MAN:H4	1.33	1.21
1:A:178:THR:O	7:A:601:HOH:O	1.72	1.07
1:A:375:ASN:C	1:A:376[B]:ALA:CA	2.28	1.01

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:A:603:HOH:O	7:A:691:HOH:O[1_655]	2.00	0.20
7:A:1140:HOH:O	7:A:1154:HOH:O[1_455]	2.02	0.18
7:A:1086:HOH:O	7:A:1171:HOH:O[1_655]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	524/496 (106%)	501 (96%)	20 (4%)	3 (1%)	25 7

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	179	LEU
1	A	204	ASP
1	A	57	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	428/404 (106%)	419 (98%)	9 (2%)	53 23

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	459	PHE
1	A	485	PRO
1	A	178	THR
1	A	401[A]	ILE
1	A	401[C]	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	73	ASN
1	A	82	ASN
1	A	90	HIS
1	A	273	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	14,14,15	1.00	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.26	2 (11%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	0.98	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.15	1 (5%)
2	BMA	B	3	2	11,11,12	0.59	0	15,15,17	0.97	0
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.73	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.30	2 (11%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	2.61	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.20	9 (52%)
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	1.99	6 (54%)	15,15,17	2.92	3 (20%)
3	MAN	C	4	3	11,11,12	2.85	6 (54%)	13,15,17	3.10	5 (38%)
3	MAN	C	5	3	11,11,12	3.06	6 (54%)	15,15,17	3.72	7 (46%)
4	BGC	D	1	4	11,11,12	2.33	2 (18%)	15,15,17	4.98	8 (53%)
4	BGC	D	2	4	11,11,12	2.60	4 (36%)	15,15,17	3.56	6 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	B	3	2	2/2/4/5	0/2/18/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	1/1/4/5	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	C	4	3	2/2/4/5	1/2/18/22	1/1/1/1
3	MAN	C	5	3	2/2/4/5	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BGC	D	1	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BGC	D	2	4	1/1/4/5	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 33 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	2	NAG	O4-C4	-8.30	1.23	1.43
3	C	5	MAN	O5-C1	7.45	1.55	1.43
4	D	1	BGC	O5-C1	6.21	1.53	1.43
4	D	2	BGC	O5-C1	6.13	1.53	1.43
3	C	4	MAN	C1-C2	4.82	1.56	1.52

The worst 5 of 43 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	D	1	BGC	O2-C2-C3	10.04	130.25	110.14
3	C	3	BMA	O5-C1-C2	-9.89	95.51	110.77
4	D	1	BGC	O5-C1-C2	-9.75	95.72	110.77
3	C	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6	8.52	120.56	107.20
4	D	2	BGC	O5-C1-C2	-8.15	98.19	110.77

5 of 8 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	B	3	BMA	C2
2	B	3	BMA	C4
3	C	3	BMA	C2
3	C	4	MAN	C2
3	C	4	MAN	C1

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	C	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	C	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

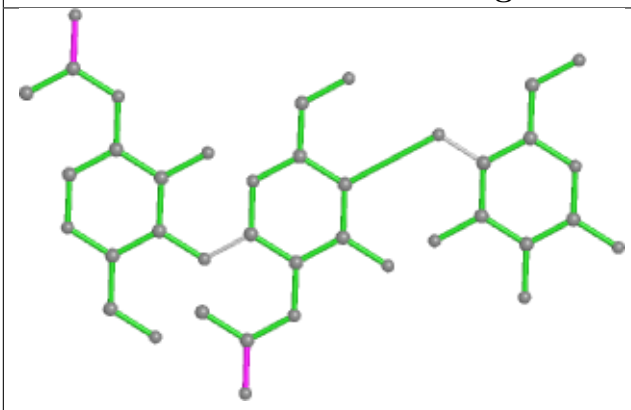
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	4	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

6 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

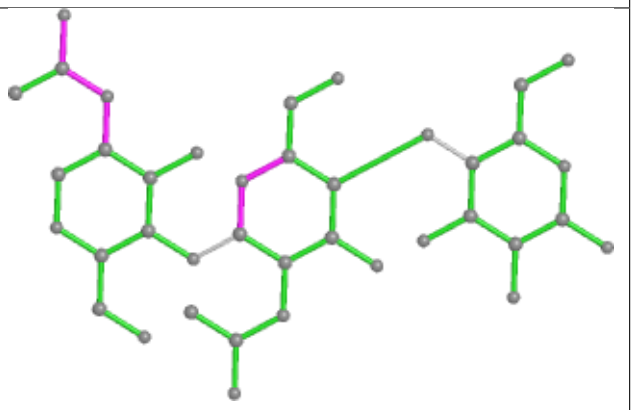
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	2	NAG	1	0
2	B	3	BMA	1	0
3	C	4	MAN	4	0
3	C	3	BMA	6	0
3	C	1	NAG	3	0
3	C	5	MAN	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

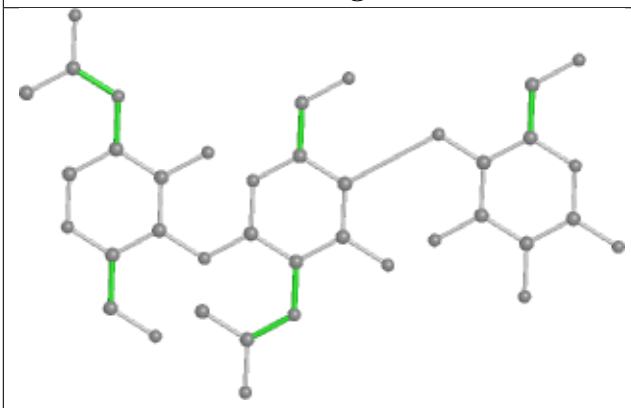
Oligosaccharide Chain B



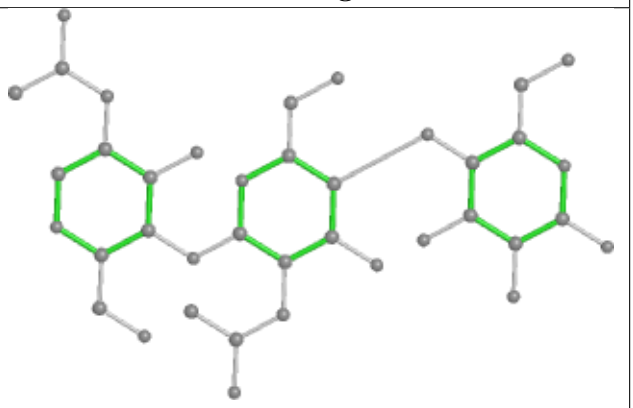
Bond lengths



Bond angles

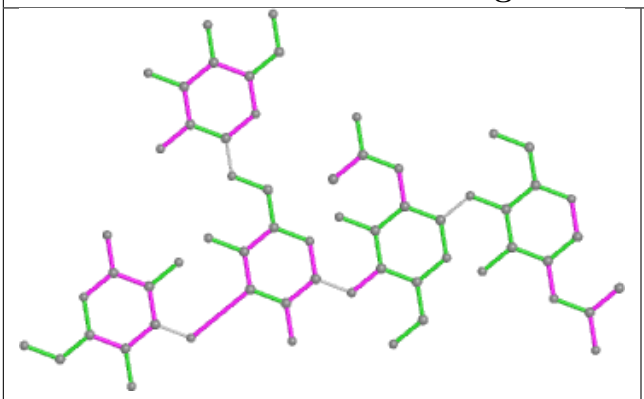


Torsions

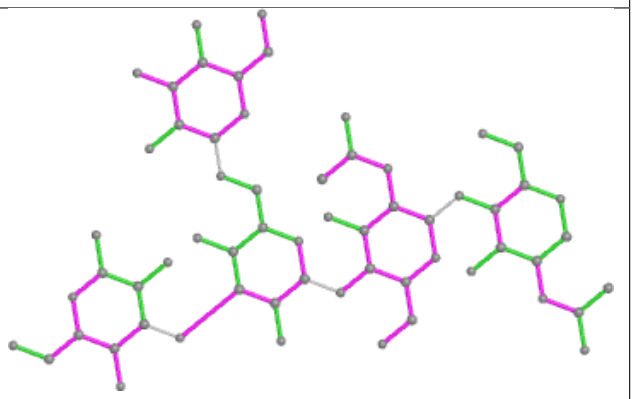


Rings

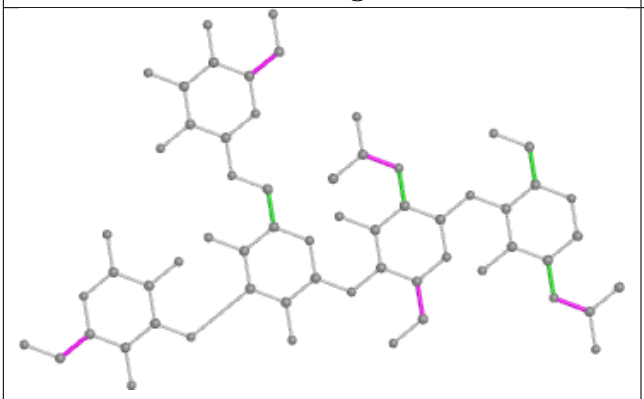
Oligosaccharide Chain C



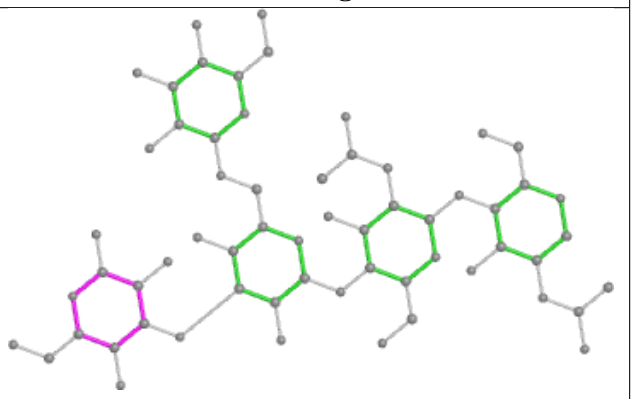
Bond lengths



Bond angles

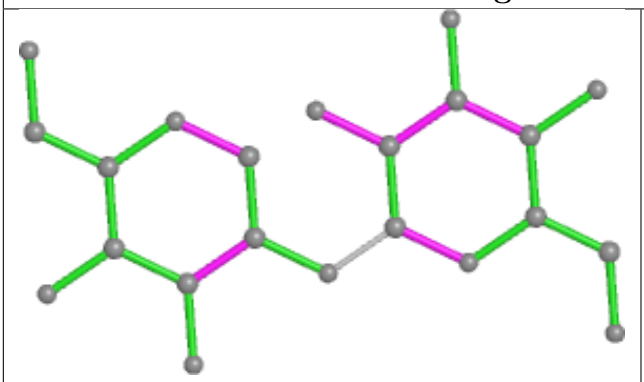


Torsions

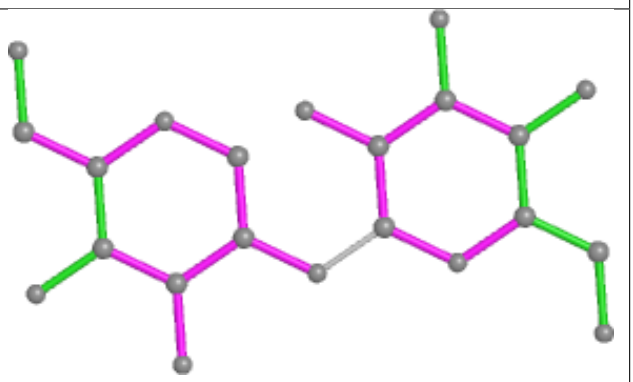


Rings

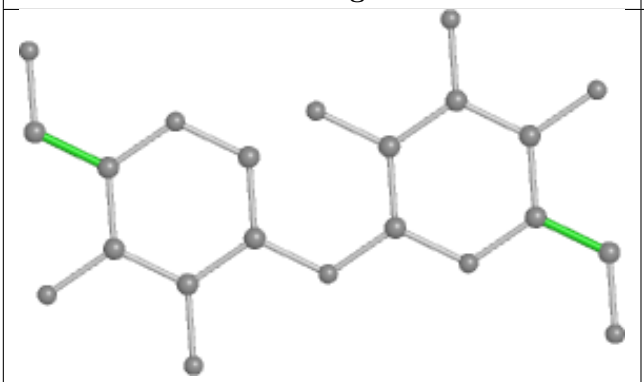
Oligosaccharide Chain D



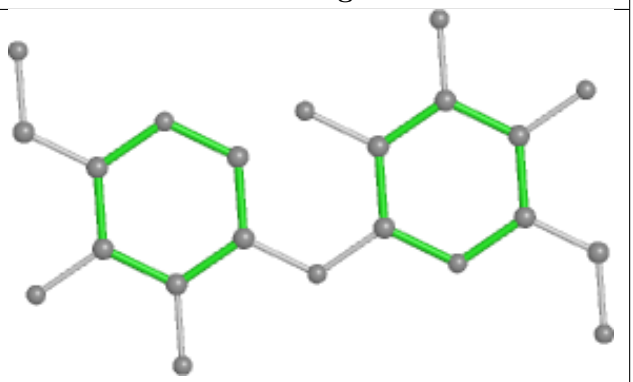
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
6	ACT	A	505	-	3,3,3	1.60	1 (33%)	3,3,3	2.27	2 (66%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	505	ACT	OXT-C	-2.03	1.21	1.30

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
6	A	505	ACT	OXT-C-CH3	2.90	127.15	115.18
6	A	505	ACT	O-C-CH3	-2.60	112.22	122.33

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	505	ACT	4	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	496/496 (100%)	-0.18	4 (0%)	86	89	8, 18, 32, 57	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	178	THR	3.4
1	A	177	SER	2.9
1	A	332	GLY	2.3
1	A	376[A]	ALA	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	MAN	C	5	11/12	0.63	0.20	34,45,52,67	0
3	MAN	C	4	11/12	0.71	0.25	37,50,59,62	0
2	BMA	B	3	11/12	0.82	0.28	31,52,64,67	0
3	BMA	C	3	11/12	0.84	0.14	29,45,63,71	0
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.85	0.11	22,39,59,60	0
4	BGC	D	1	11/12	0.88	0.12	22,26,39,55	0
4	BGC	D	2	11/12	0.89	0.13	21,25,48,51	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.92	0.08	22,29,43,52	0

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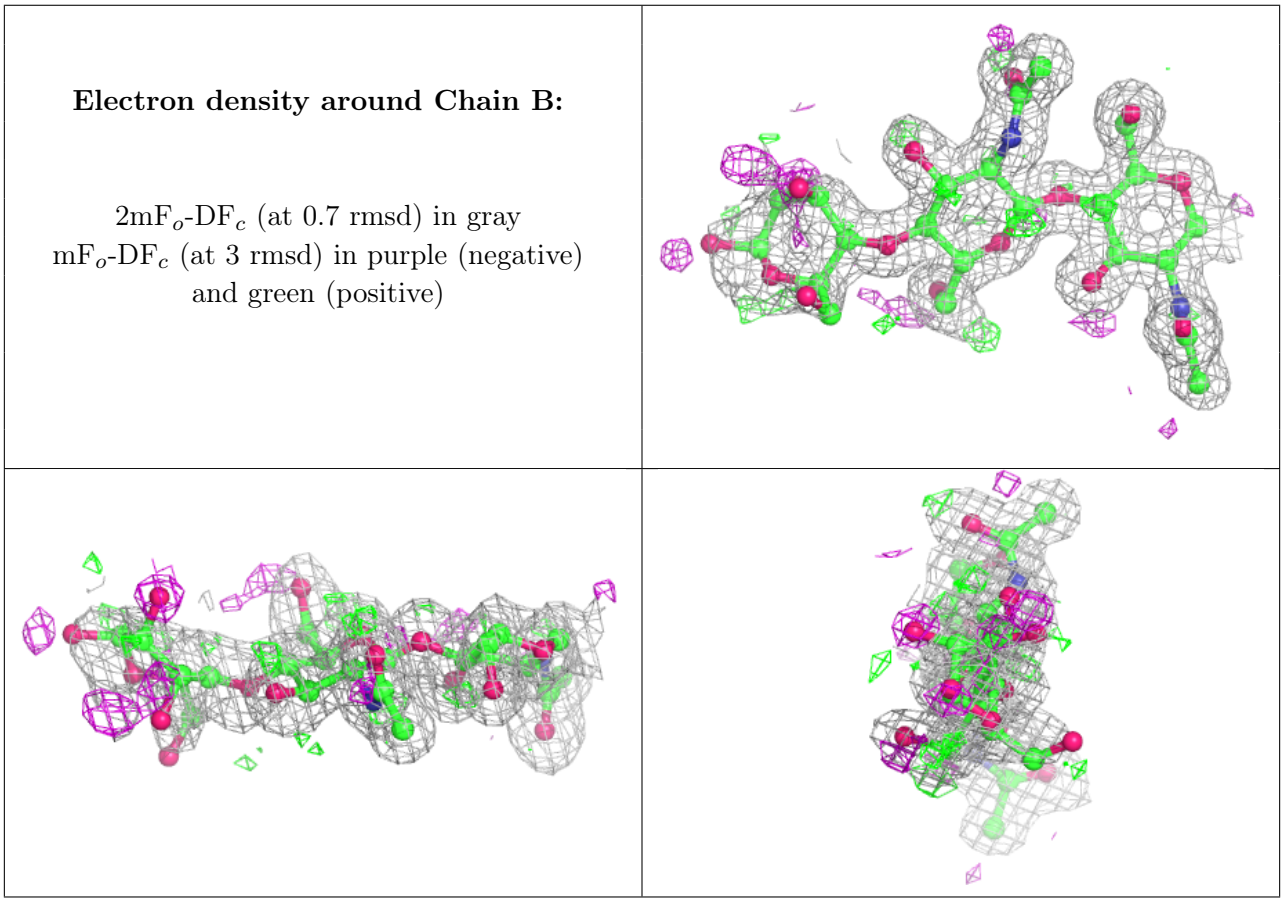
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.94	0.09	12,19,23,30	0
2	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.96	0.07	14,17,20,21	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

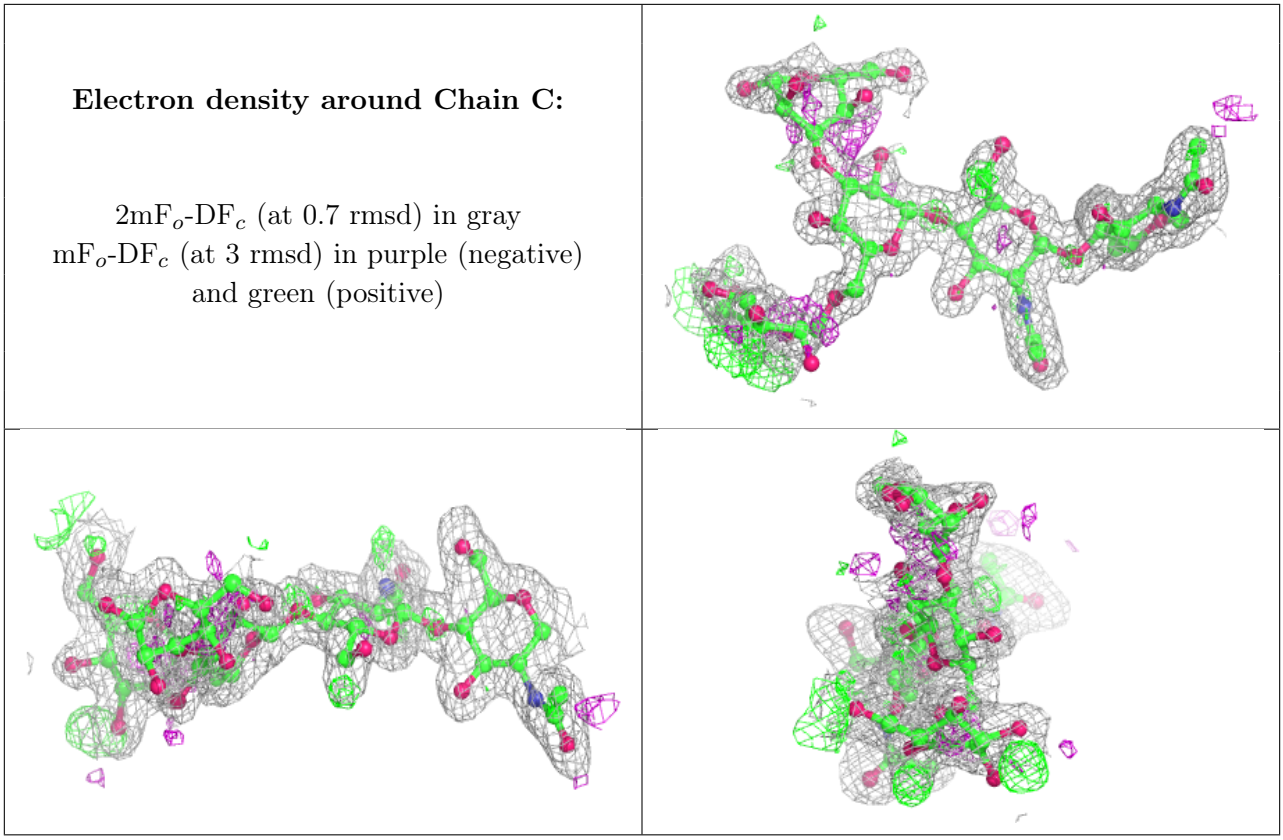
Electron density around Chain B:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



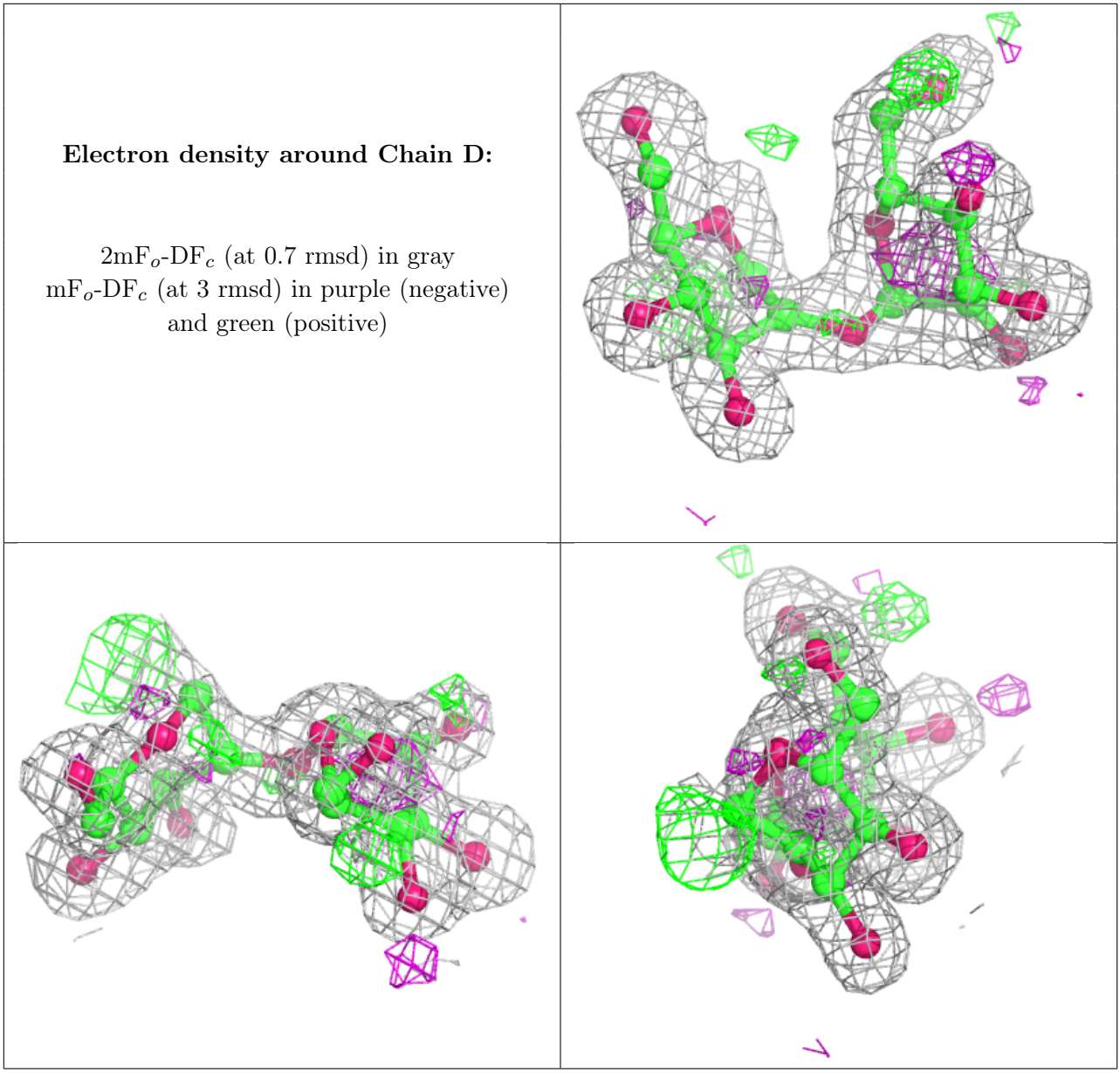
Electron density around Chain C:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



Electron density around Chain D:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
6	ACT	A	505	4/4	0.93	0.09	15,23,28,39	0
5	CU	A	502	1/1	1.00	0.10	12,12,12,12	1
5	CU	A	503	1/1	1.00	0.10	15,15,15,15	1
5	CU	A	504	1/1	1.00	0.08	15,15,15,15	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
5	CU	A	501	1/1	1.00	0.07	12,12,12,12	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.