

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 22, 2023 – 07:11 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3A7K

Title : Crystal structure of halorhodopsin from Natronomonas pharaonis

Authors : Kouyama, T. Deposited on : 2009-09-27

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

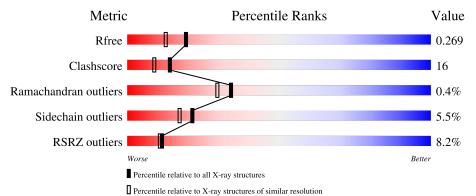
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	291	65%	21%	·	11%
1	В	291	64%	22%		11%
1	D	291	13%	33%	·	11%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	22B	D	300	-	-	-	X
4	L1P	A	293	-	-	-	X
4	L1P	В	293	-	-	-	X
4	L1P	В	294	-	-	-	X
5	L2P	A	294	-	-	-	X
5	L2P	A	295	-	-	-	X
5	L2P	В	295	-	-	-	X
5	L2P	В	296	-	-	-	X
5	L2P	D	293	-	-	-	X
5	L2P	D	294	-	-	-	X
6	L3P	A	296	-	-	-	X
6	L3P	A	297	-	-	-	X
6	L3P	A	298	-	-	-	X
6	L3P	A	299	-	-	-	X
6	L3P	A	301	-	-	-	X
6	L3P	A	333	-	-	-	X
6	L3P	В	331	_	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6678 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Halorhodopsin.

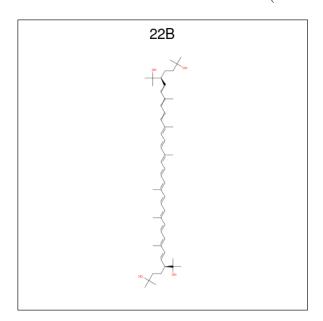
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	۸	259	Total C N O		О	S	0	0	0	
1	A	209	1958	1299	298	350	11	0	0	
1	В	258	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	298	1952	1296	297	348	11	0	0	
1	D	259	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	ע	209	1958	1299	298	350	11			

• Molecule 2 is RETINAL (three-letter code: RET) (formula: C₂₀H₂₈O).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
2	В	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
2	D	1	Total C 20 20	0	0

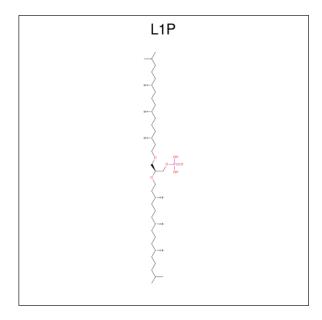


 \bullet Molecule 3 is BACTERIORUBERIN (three-letter code: 22B) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{50}\mathrm{H}_{76}\mathrm{O}_4).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 54 50 4	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 54 50 4	0	0
3	D	1	Total C O 54 50 4	0	0

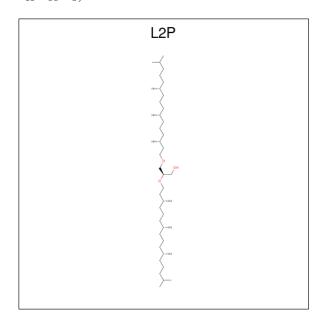
• Molecule 4 is 3-PHOSPHORYL-[1,2-DI-PHYTANYL] GLYCEROL (three-letter code: L1P) (formula: $C_{43}H_{89}O_6P$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 46 43 3	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 46 43 3	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 46 43 3	0	0

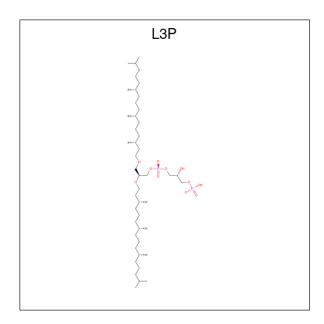
 \bullet Molecule 5 is 2,3-DI-PHYTANYL-GLYCEROL (three-letter code: L2P) (formula: $C_{43}H_{88}O_3).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
5	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
5	В	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
5	В	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
5	D	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
5	D	1	Total C 20 20	0	0

• Molecule 6 is 2,3-DI-O-PHYTANLY-3-SN-GLYCERO-1-PHOSPHORYL-3'-SN-GLYCER OL-1'-PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: L3P) (formula: $C_{46}H_{94}O_{11}P_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	A	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	В	1	Total C 20 20	0	0
6	D	1	Total C 20 20	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 7 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0
7	В	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0
7	D	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0



• Molecule 8 is water.

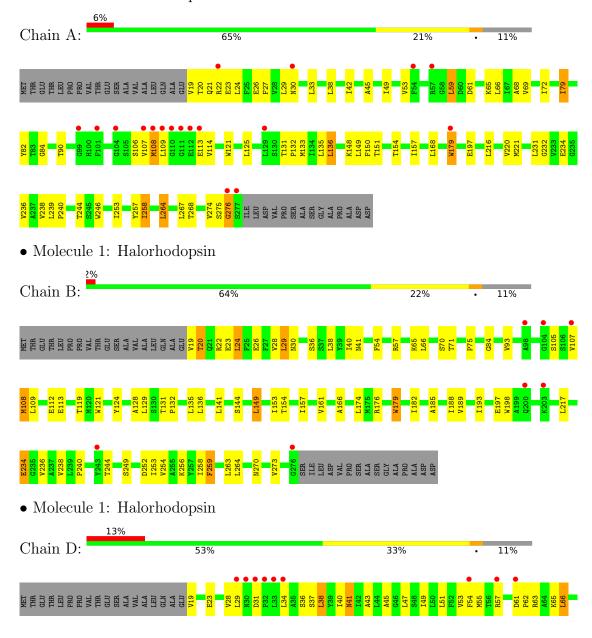
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	51	Total O 51 51	0	0
8	В	60	Total O 60 60	0	0
8	D	33	Total O 33 33	0	0



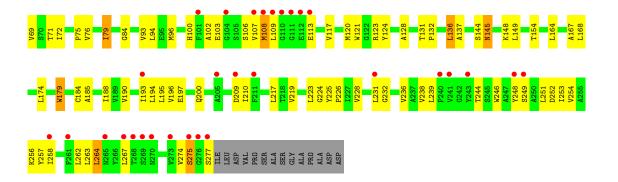
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Halorhodopsin









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	151.83Å 99.77Å 99.27Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 127.67° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	46.57 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	99.6 (15.00-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.4 (46.57-2.00)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.06 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
D D.	0.249 , 0.274	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.243 , 0.269	DCC
R_{free} test set	3975 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	34.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.293	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 78.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	6678	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	49.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 22B, L2P, CL, RET, L1P, L3P

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.40	0/2004	0.59	0/2744	
1	В	0.37	0/1998	0.57	$1/2736 \ (0.0\%)$	
1	D	0.32	0/2004	0.52	0/2744	
All	All	0.37	0/6006	0.56	1/8224 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	29	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.30	96.68	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes	
1	A	1958	0	2012	58	0	
1	В	1952	0	2007	67	0	
1	D	1958	0	2012	89	0	
2	A	20	0	27	0	0	
2	В	20	0	27	1	0	
2	D	20	0	27	0	0	
3	A	54	0	76	0	0	

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added) Clashes		Symm-Clashes
3	В	54	0	76	2	0
3	D	54	0	76	0	0
4	A	46	0	87	3	0
4	В	92	0	174	4	0
5	A	40	0	78	8	0
5	В	40	0	78	7	0
5	D	40	0	78	5	0
6	A	140	0	273	2	0
6	В	20	0	39	0	0
6	D	20	0	39	0	0
7	A	2	0	0	0	0
7	В	2	0	0	0	0
7	D	2	0	0	0	0
8	A	51	0	0	0 1	
8	В	60	0	0 3		0
8	D	33	0	0	3	0
All	All	6678	0	7186	215	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 215 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:238:VAL:HG23	1:A:239:LEU:HD13	1.51	0.92
1:A:45:ALA:HB3	1:A:79:ILE:HG23	1.60	0.83
1:A:238:VAL:HG23	1:A:239:LEU:CD1	2.14	0.78
1:A:108:MET:HA	1:A:113:GLU:HA	1.64	0.77
1:D:108:MET:HB2	1:D:113:GLU:HG3	1.68	0.76

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
8:A:600:HOH:O	8:A:600:HOH:O[2_656]	1.13	1.07



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	257/291 (88%)	247 (96%)	9 (4%)	1 (0%)	34	30
1	В	256/291 (88%)	249 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	257/291 (88%)	245 (95%)	10 (4%)	2 (1%)	19	13
All	All	770/873 (88%)	741 (96%)	26 (3%)	3 (0%)	34	30

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	275	SER
1	A	276	GLY
1	D	108	MET

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	208/233~(89%)	194 (93%)	14 (7%)	16	11	
1	В	207/233 (89%)	195 (94%)	12 (6%)	20	15	
1	D	208/233 (89%)	200 (96%)	8 (4%)	33	31	
All	All	623/699 (89%)	589 (94%)	34 (6%)	21	17	

5 of 34 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	66	LEU
1	D	79	ILE
1	D	179	TRP
1	A	258	ILE
1	A	216	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	41	ASN
1	D	100	HIS
1	D	145	ASN
1	В	41	ASN
1	A	41	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 30 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 24 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	В	Bond lengths		В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	L3P	A	331	-	19,19,58	1.98	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.23	3 (13%)
2	RET	В	292	1	20,20,21	2.23	5 (25%)	27,27,28	1.69	5 (18%)
6	L3P	A	296	-	19,19,58	1.94	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.21	3 (13%)
6	L3P	В	331	-	19,19,58	1.95	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.23	3 (13%)
5	L2P	В	295	-	19,19,45	1.86	7 (36%)	22,22,53	0.87	1 (4%)
4	L1P	A	293	-	45,45,49	1.83	15 (33%)	51,53,60	1.30	6 (11%)
6	L3P	A	299	-	19,19,58	1.97	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.32	3 (13%)
6	L3P	A	301	-	19,19,58	1.95	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.22	3 (13%)
4	L1P	В	293	-	45,45,49	1.80	13 (28%)	51,53,60	1.36	6 (11%)
3	22B	D	300	-	51,53,53	2.99	19 (37%)	62,72,72	2.08	19 (30%)
3	22B	В	300	-	51,53,53	3.22	20 (39%)	62,72,72	1.98	19 (30%)
5	L2P	В	296	-	19,19,45	1.90	7 (36%)	22,22,53	0.96	1 (4%)
5	L2P	D	294	-	19,19,45	1.92	7 (36%)	22,22,53	0.91	0
6	L3P	A	297	-	19,19,58	2.02	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.27	3 (13%)
2	RET	A	292	1	20,20,21	2.21	5 (25%)	27,27,28	1.62	7 (25%)
5	L2P	A	295	-	19,19,45	1.93	7 (36%)	22,22,53	0.87	2 (9%)
2	RET	D	292	1	20,20,21	2.26	5 (25%)	27,27,28	1.82	10 (37%)
4	L1P	В	294	-	45,45,49	1.82	15 (33%)	51,53,60	1.31	6 (11%)
6	L3P	A	298	-	19,19,58	1.94	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.20	3 (13%)
6	L3P	A	333	-	19,19,58	1.93	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.18	1 (4%)
5	L2P	A	294	-	19,19,45	1.89	7 (36%)	22,22,53	0.98	1 (4%)
3	22B	A	300	-	51,53,53	3.12	19 (37%)	62,72,72	2.06	21 (33%)
5	L2P	D	293	-	19,19,45	1.92	7 (36%)	22,22,53	0.92	1 (4%)
6	L3P	D	330	-	19,19,58	1.95	8 (42%)	22,22,73	1.17	2 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	L3P	A	331	-	-	9/20/20/67	-
2	RET	В	292	1	-	0/13/30/31	0/1/1/1
6	L3P	A	296	-	-	6/20/20/67	-
6	L3P	В	331	-	-	6/20/20/67	-
5	L2P	В	295	-	-	3/20/20/51	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	L1P	A	293	-	-	17/51/51/55	-
6	L3P	A	299	-	-	6/20/20/67	-
6	L3P	A	301	-	-	7/20/20/67	-
4	L1P	В	293	-	-	21/51/51/55	-
3	22B	D	300	-	-	14/65/65/65	-
3	22B	В	300	-	-	6/65/65/65	-
5	L2P	В	296	-	-	3/20/20/51	-
5	L2P	D	294	-	-	3/20/20/51	-
6	L3P	A	297	-	-	3/20/20/67	-
2	RET	A	292	1	-	0/13/30/31	0/1/1/1
5	L2P	A	295	-	-	0/20/20/51	-
2	RET	D	292	1	-	0/13/30/31	0/1/1/1
4	L1P	В	294	-	-	19/51/51/55	-
6	L3P	A	298	-	-	10/20/20/67	-
6	L3P	A	333	-	-	6/20/20/67	-
5	L2P	A	294	-	-	1/20/20/51	-
3	22B	A	300	-	-	9/65/65/65	-
5	L2P	D	293	-	-	2/20/20/51	-
6	L3P	D	330	-	-	8/20/20/67	-

The worst 5 of 230 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	A	300	22B	C2-C3	12.23	1.63	1.49
3	В	300	22B	C2-C3	12.20	1.63	1.49
3	D	300	22B	C2-C3	12.00	1.63	1.49
3	В	300	22B	C33-C32	10.35	1.61	1.49
3	A	300	22B	C33-C32	9.22	1.60	1.49

The worst 5 of 129 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	В	300	22B	C2-C3-C4	5.96	134.85	125.15
3	D	300	22B	C12-C13-C14	-5.43	110.60	118.94
4	В	294	L1P	O1-C1-C2	5.26	121.80	109.44
3	A	300	22B	C2-C3-C4	5.24	133.67	125.15
4	A	293	L1P	O1-C1-C2	5.22	121.71	109.44

There are no chirality outliers.



5 of 159 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	300	22B	C1-C2-C3-C4
3	A	300	22B	C2-C3-C4-C5
3	A	300	22B	C21-C22-C23-C25
3	A	300	22B	C21-C22-C23-O27
3	В	300	22B	C1-C2-C3-C4

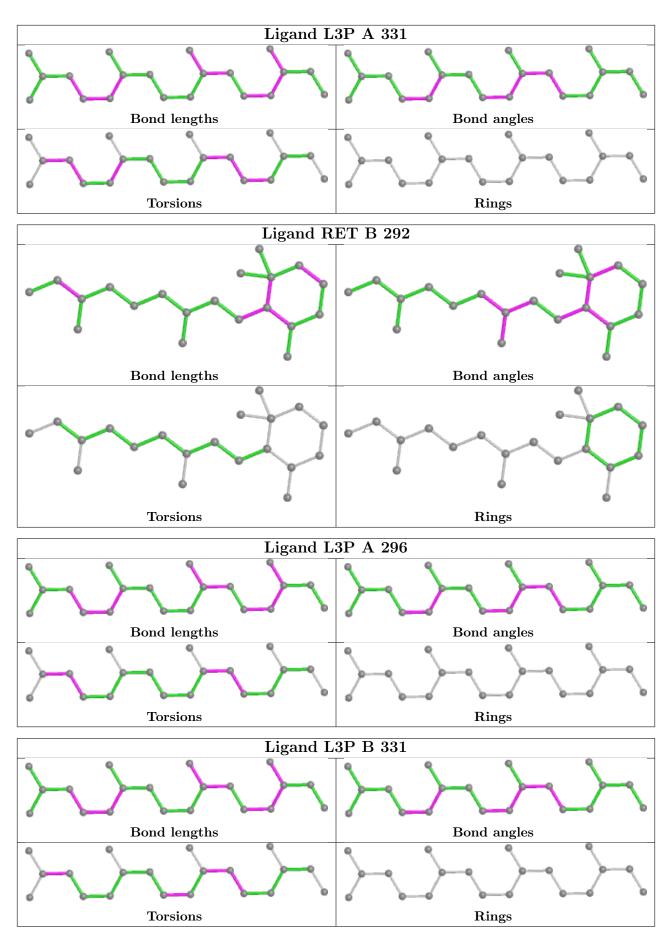
There are no ring outliers.

13 monomers are involved in 31 short contacts:

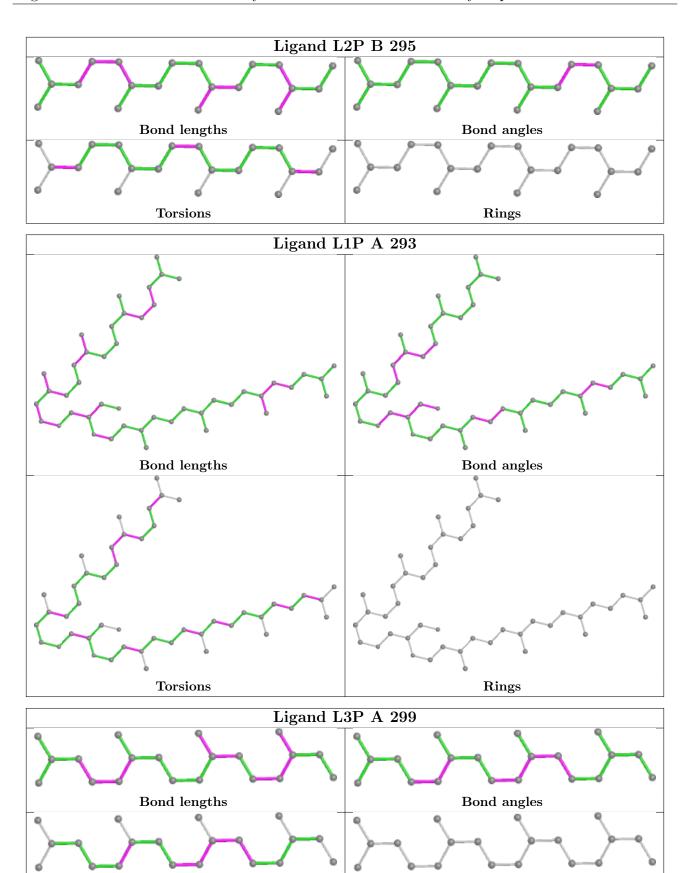
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	292	RET	1	0
5	В	295	L2P	5	0
4	A	293	L1P	3	0
4	В	293	L1P	2	0
3	В	300	22B	2	0
5	В	296	L2P	3	0
5	D	294	L2P	3	0
5	A	295	L2P	4	0
4	В	294	L1P	2	0
6	A	298	L3P	1	0
6	A	333	L3P	1	0
5	A	294	L2P	4	0
5	D	293	L2P	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





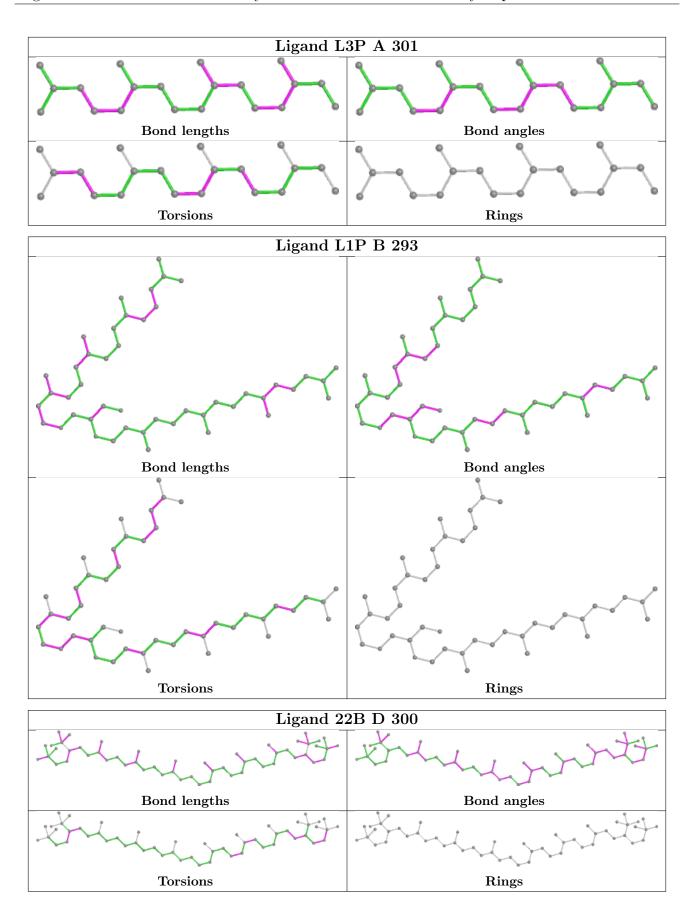




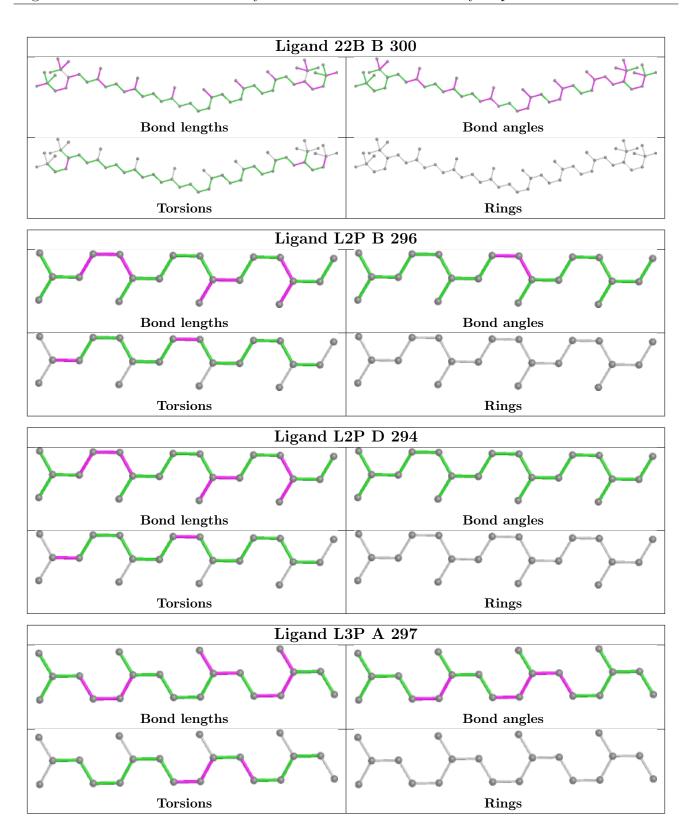


Rings

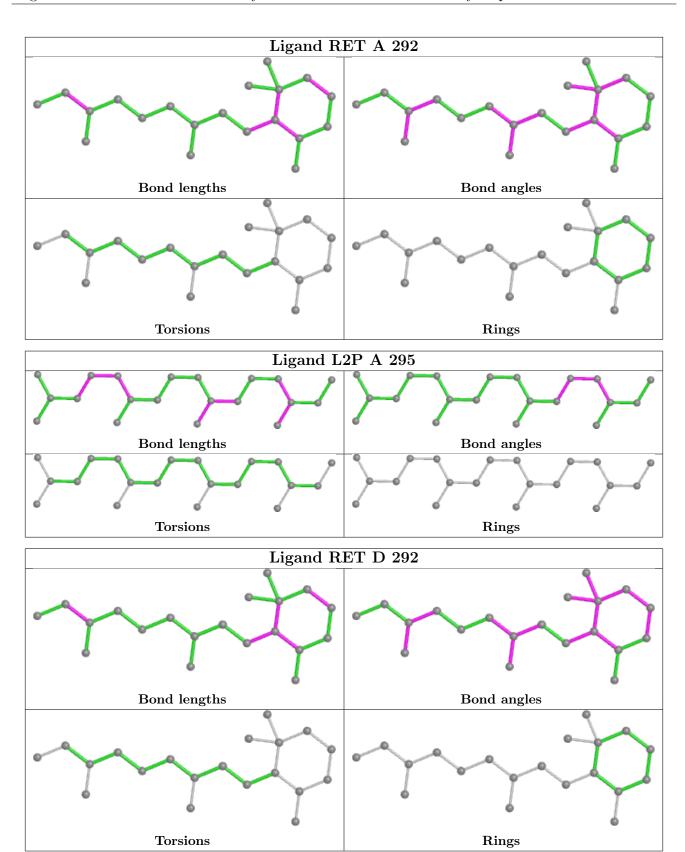
Torsions



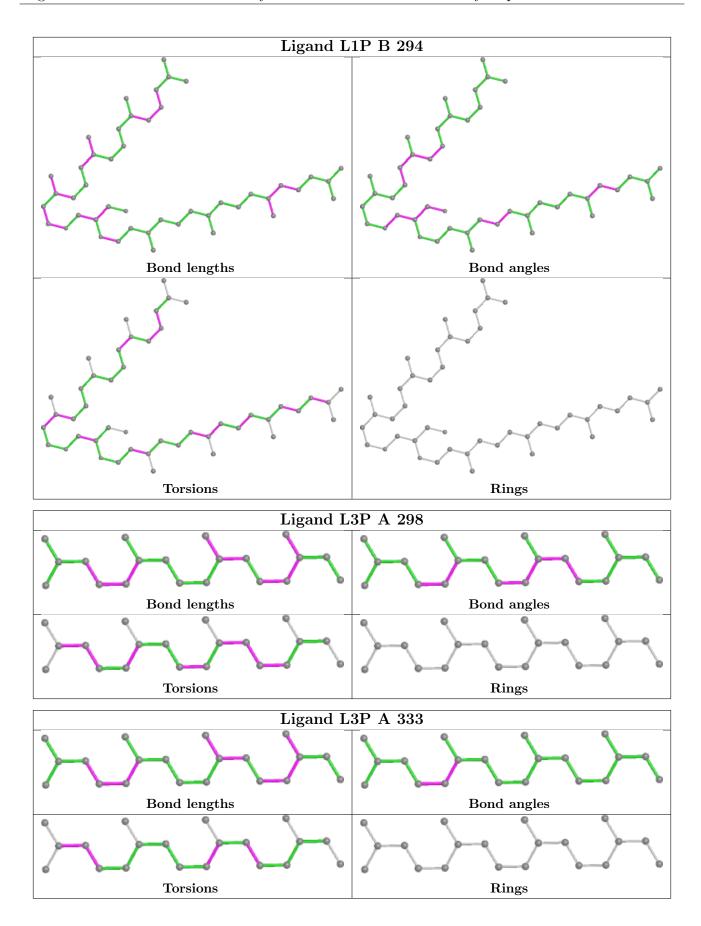




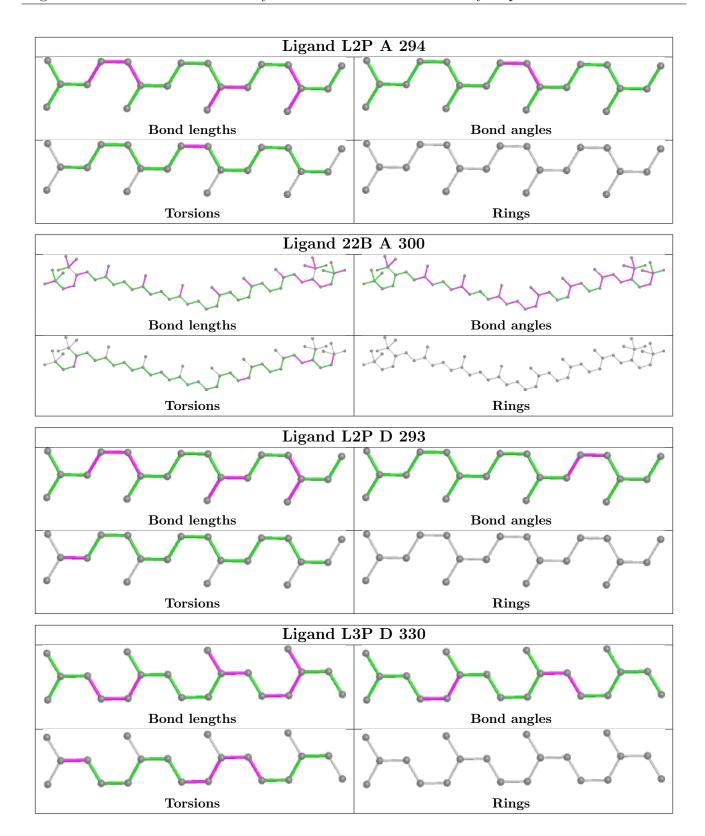












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	259/291~(89%)	0.21	18 (6%) 16 16	23, 34, 66, 85	0
1	В	258/291 (88%)	0.08	7 (2%) 54 53	26, 39, 55, 67	0
1	D	259/291 (89%)	1.07	39 (15%) 2 1	33, 54, 79, 96	0
All	All	776/873 (88%)	0.45	64 (8%) 11 11	23, 42, 72, 96	0

The worst 5 of 64 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	109	LEU	8.8
1	D	276	GLY	8.2
1	D	277	SER	7.7
1	A	110	GLY	7.4
1	D	111	GLY	7.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



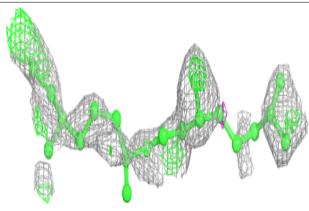
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	L3P	A	331	20/59	0.29	0.40	80,82,83,83	0
6	L3P	A	298	20/59	0.31	0.69	111,112,113,113	0
5	L2P	A	295	20/46	0.34	0.79	114,115,118,118	0
6	L3P	A	296	20/59	0.38	0.49	102,103,104,104	0
4	L1P	В	293	46/50	0.40	0.69	92,103,105,105	0
6	L3P	A	297	20/59	0.44	0.57	110,112,114,114	0
4	L1P	В	294	46/50	0.44	0.67	94,101,105,105	0
6	L3P	D	330	20/59	0.44	0.33	96,97,98,98	0
6	L3P	A	301	20/59	0.45	0.45	90,91,92,92	0
6	L3P	В	331	20/59	0.46	0.46	94,97,99,99	0
3	22B	D	300	54/54	0.46	0.46	111,114,120,120	0
5	L2P	D	293	20/46	0.47	0.61	94,96,98,99	0
6	L3P	A	299	20/59	0.49	0.92	115,116,118,118	0
5	L2P	D	294	20/46	0.50	0.67	88,90,96,97	0
5	L2P	В	295	20/46	0.52	0.61	94,96,97,97	0
4	L1P	A	293	46/50	0.53	0.63	70,96,99,100	0
6	L3P	A	333	20/59	0.56	0.42	60,73,75,77	0
3	22B	A	300	54/54	0.59	0.36	71,82,110,111	0
5	L2P	В	296	20/46	0.64	0.69	85,90,93,93	0
5	L2P	A	294	20/46	0.70	0.65	79,89,96,96	0
3	22B	В	300	54/54	0.82	0.21	36,57,91,91	0
2	RET	D	292	20/21	0.83	0.15	42,44,45,47	0
7	CL	D	402	1/1	0.84	0.24	65,65,65,65	0
7	CL	В	402	1/1	0.95	0.20	62,62,62,62	0
2	RET	A	292	20/21	0.96	0.13	19,25,29,29	0
7	CL	D	401	1/1	0.96	0.15	51,51,51,51	0
2	RET	В	292	20/21	0.96	0.12	24,30,35,35	0
7	CL	A	402	1/1	0.97	0.05	42,42,42,42	0
7	CL	В	401	1/1	0.99	0.09	28,28,28,28	0
7	CL	A	401	1/1	1.00	0.11	26,26,26,26	0

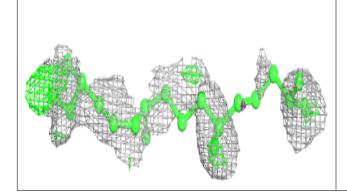
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

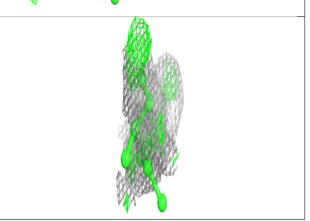


Electron density around L3P A 331:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

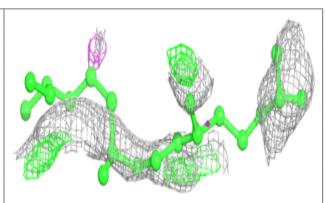


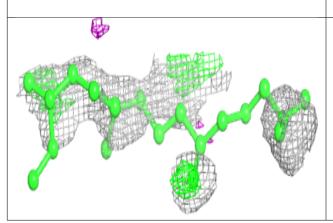


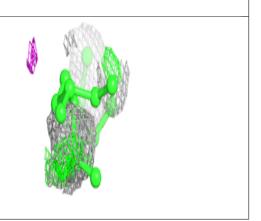


Electron density around L3P A 298:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



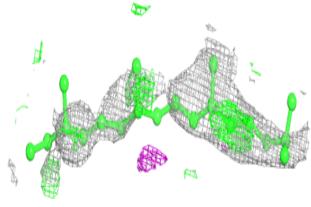


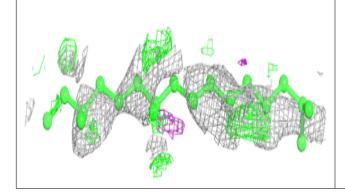


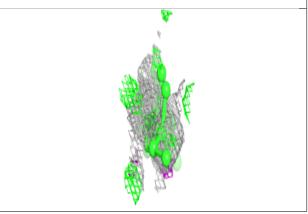


Electron density around L2P A 295:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

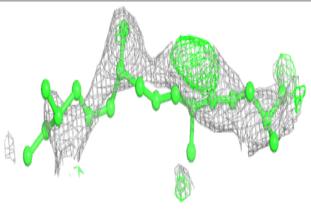


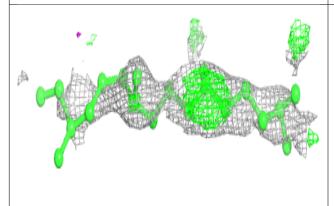


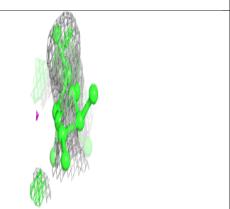


Electron density around L3P A 296:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



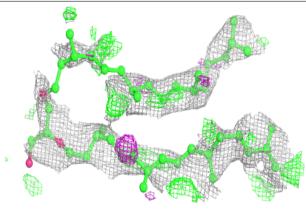


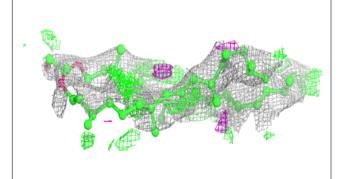


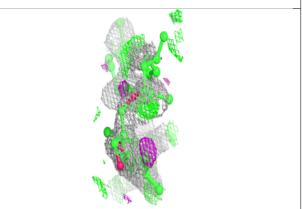


Electron density around L1P B 293:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

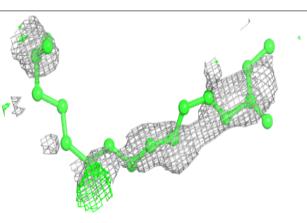


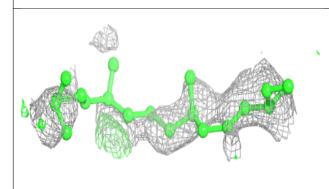


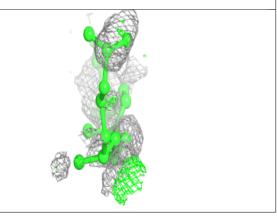


Electron density around L3P A 297:

 $2mF_o$ -DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



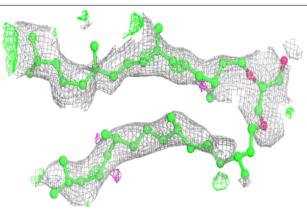


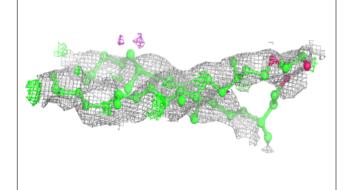


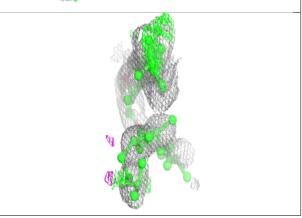


Electron density around L1P B 294:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

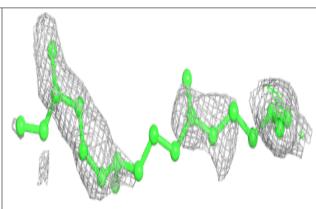


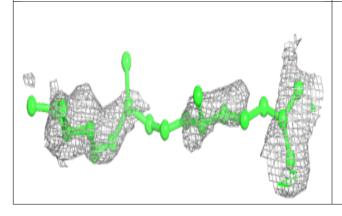


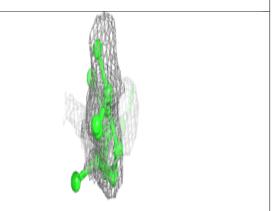


Electron density around L3P D 330:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



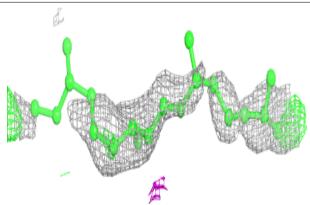


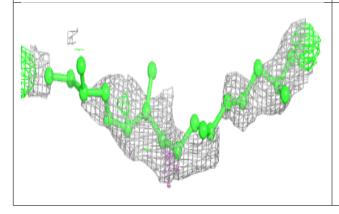


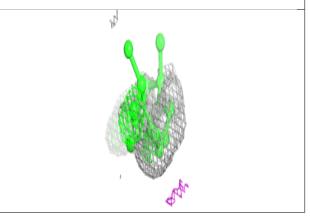


Electron density around L3P A 301:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

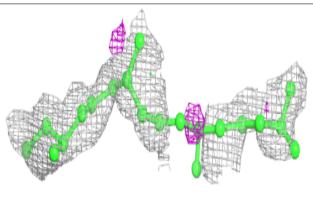


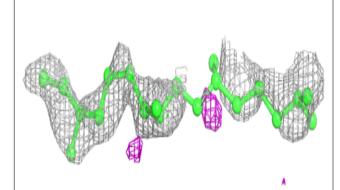


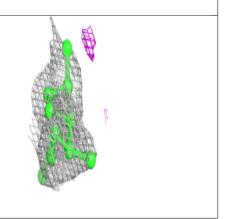


Electron density around L3P B 331:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



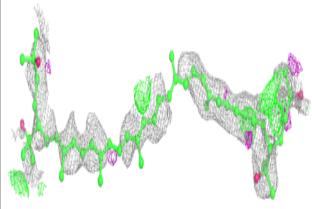


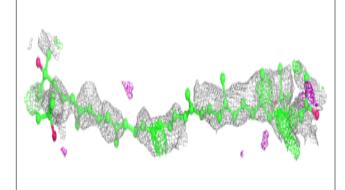


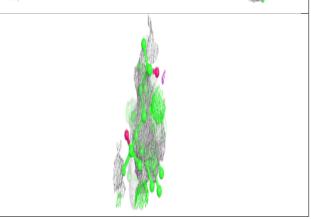


Electron density around $22B\ D\ 300$:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

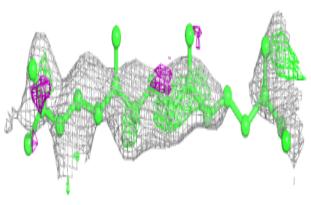


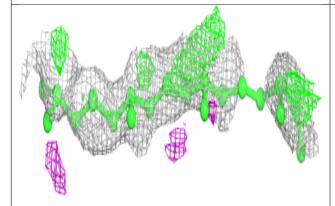


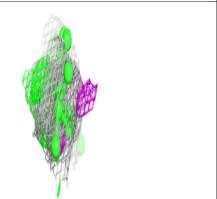


Electron density around L2P D 293:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



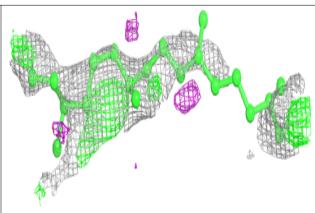


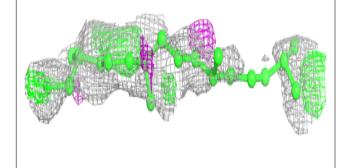


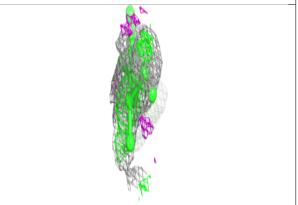


Electron density around L3P A 299:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

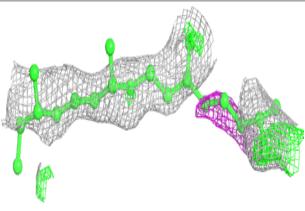


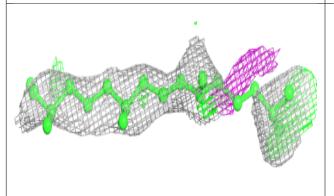


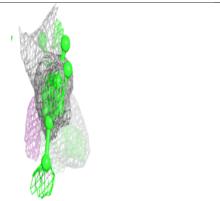


Electron density around L2P D 294:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



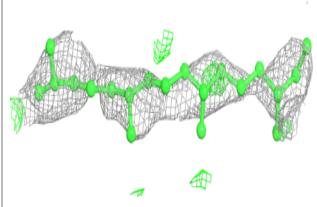


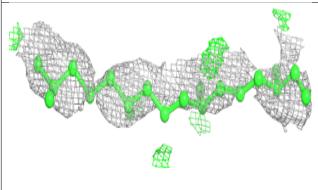


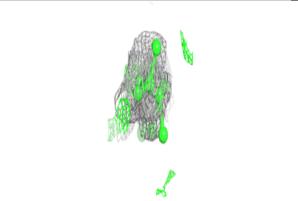


Electron density around L2P B 295:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

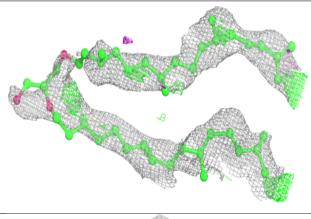


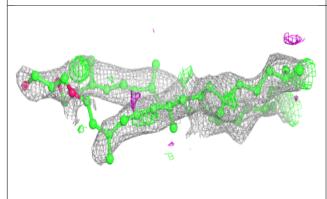


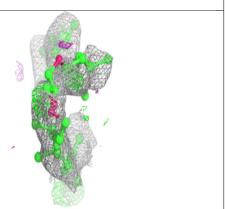


Electron density around L1P A 293:

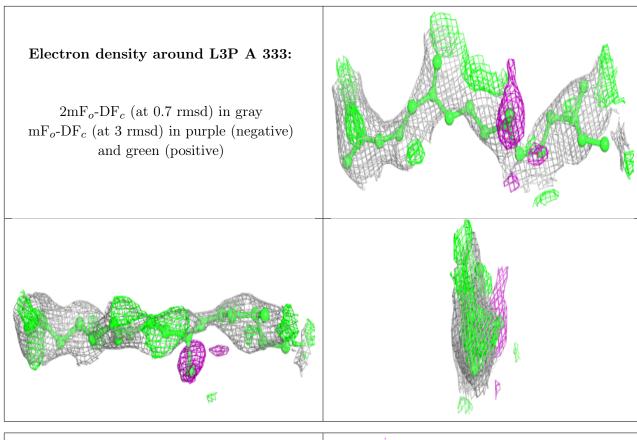
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









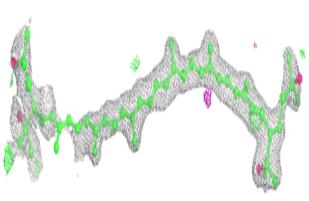


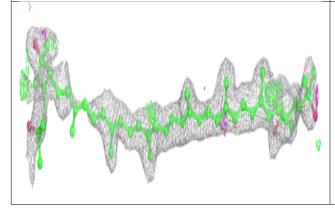


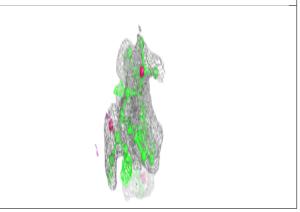


Electron density around 22B B 300:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

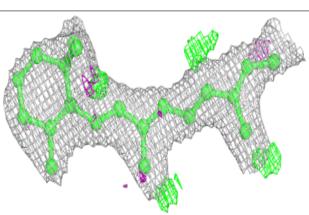


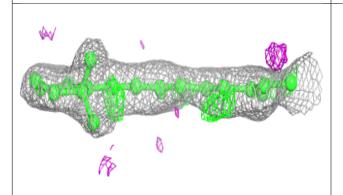


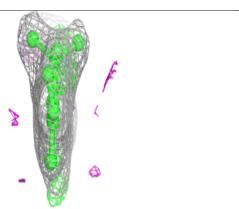


Electron density around RET D 292:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



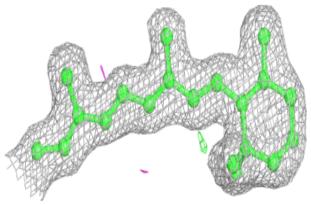


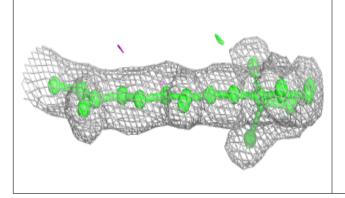


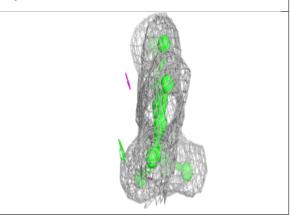


Electron density around RET A 292:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

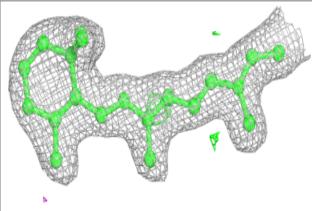


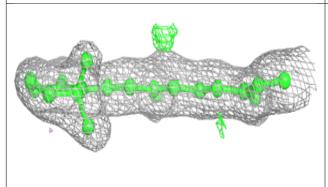


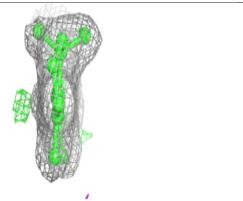


Electron density around RET B 292:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

