wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report

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PDB ID	:	8A6I
BMRB ID	:	34737
Title	:	Structure of the low complexity domain of TDP-43 (fragment 309-350) with methionine sulfoxide modifications
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

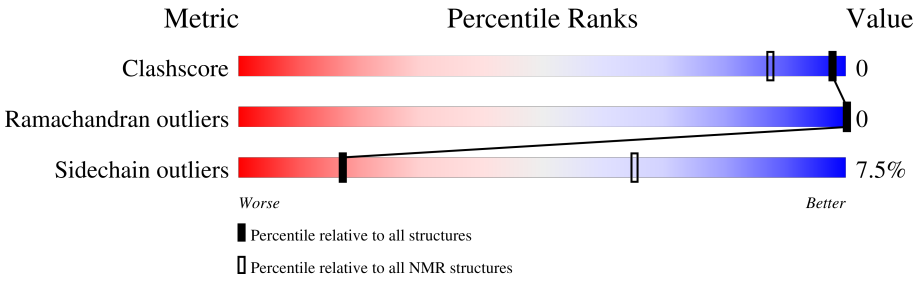
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.32.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 88%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	42	21% 74% 5%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 15 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:324-A:332 (9)	0.28	15

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 5, 6, 12, 14, 15
2	2, 8, 17, 19, 20
3	4, 9, 11, 16
Single-model clusters	1; 7; 10; 13; 18

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 547 atoms, of which 263 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TAR DNA-binding protein 43.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	40	547	170	263	49	59	6	0

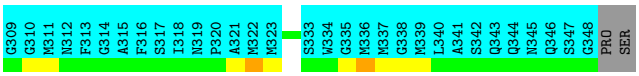
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: TAR DNA-binding protein 43

Chain A:

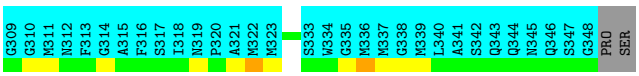


4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 15. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: TAR DNA-binding protein 43

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *na*.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	refinement	3.98.13
CYANA	structure calculation	3.98.13

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	380
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	364
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	16
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	88%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MHO

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	57	57	57	0±0
All	All	1140	1140	1140	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:330:LEU:HD23	1:A:330:LEU:O	0.53	2.03	10	1

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	9/42 (21%)	9±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	180/840 (21%)	180 (100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	4/22 (18%)	4±1 (92±14%)	0±1 (8±14%)	17	65
All	All	80/440 (18%)	74 (92%)	6 (8%)	17	65

All 4 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	330	LEU	2
1	A	331	GLN	2
1	A	332	SER	1
1	A	327	GLN	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

6 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	MHO	A	322	1	7,8,9	3.56±0.01	1±0 (14±0%)
1	MHO	A	337	1	7,8,9	3.57±0.01	1±0 (14±0%)
1	MHO	A	311	1	7,8,9	3.57±0.01	1±0 (14±0%)
1	MHO	A	323	1	7,8,9	3.57±0.00	1±0 (14±0%)
1	MHO	A	336	1	7,8,9	3.56±0.01	1±0 (14±0%)
1	MHO	A	339	1	7,8,9	3.57±0.01	1±0 (14±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	MHO	A	322	1	4,9,11	1.85±0.00	2±0 (50±0%)
1	MHO	A	337	1	4,9,11	1.85±0.00	2±0 (50±0%)
1	MHO	A	311	1	4,9,11	1.85±0.01	2±0 (50±0%)
1	MHO	A	323	1	4,9,11	1.85±0.00	2±0 (50±0%)
1	MHO	A	336	1	4,9,11	1.85±0.00	2±0 (50±0%)
1	MHO	A	339	1	4,9,11	1.85±0.00	2±0 (50±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	MHO	A	337	1	-	0±0,6,7,9	-
1	MHO	A	323	1	-	0±0,6,7,9	-
1	MHO	A	311	1	-	0±0,6,7,9	-
1	MHO	A	339	1	-	0±0,6,7,9	-
1	MHO	A	336	1	-	0±0,6,7,9	-
1	MHO	A	322	1	-	0±0,6,7,9	-

5 of 6 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	336	MHO	OD1-SD	9.25	1.75	1.50	20	20
1	A	337	MHO	OD1-SD	9.24	1.75	1.50	3	20
1	A	311	MHO	OD1-SD	9.24	1.75	1.50	4	20
1	A	339	MHO	OD1-SD	9.24	1.75	1.50	10	20
1	A	322	MHO	OD1-SD	9.23	1.75	1.50	7	20

5 of 12 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	311	MHO	OD1-SD-CE	2.92	112.15	106.25	16	20
1	A	322	MHO	OD1-SD-CE	2.91	112.15	106.25	18	20
1	A	323	MHO	OD1-SD-CE	2.91	112.14	106.25	16	20
1	A	336	MHO	OD1-SD-CE	2.91	112.14	106.25	4	20
1	A	337	MHO	OD1-SD-CE	2.91	112.14	106.25	18	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 88% for the well-defined parts and 80% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *PLD309_OX_SHIFTS_NMRSTAR__REFINEMENT_MHO_NOMENCLATUR*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	380
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	364
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	16
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 16) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	311	MHO	QG	2.809	0.000	.
1	A	322	MHO	QB	2.261	0.013	.
1	A	323	MHO	QB	2.248	0.020	.
1	A	323	MHO	QE	1.965	0.026	.
1	A	336	MHO	QG	2.902	0.000	.
1	A	337	MHO	QE	1.975	0.000	.
1	A	337	MHO	QG	2.974	0.063	.
1	A	339	MHO	QG	2.896	0.035	.
1	A	349	PRO	CA	63.415	0.007	.
1	A	349	PRO	CB	32.398	0.005	.
1	A	349	PRO	HA	4.37	0.031	.
1	A	349	PRO	HB2	2.277	0.007	.
1	A	349	PRO	HB3	1.959	0.015	.
1	A	349	PRO	HD2	3.765	0.000	.

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List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	350	SER	H	8.567	0.002	.
1	A	350	SER	N	116.173	0.000	.

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	34	0.37 ± 0.36	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	28	0.00 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	33	0.09 ± 0.28	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	34	-1.35 ± 0.22	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 88%, i.e. 89 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 101. 0 out of 1 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	45/45 (100%)	18/18 (100%)	18/18 (100%)	9/9 (100%)
Sidechain	44/56 (79%)	31/38 (82%)	13/16 (81%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	89/101 (88%)	49/56 (88%)	31/34 (91%)	9/11 (82%)

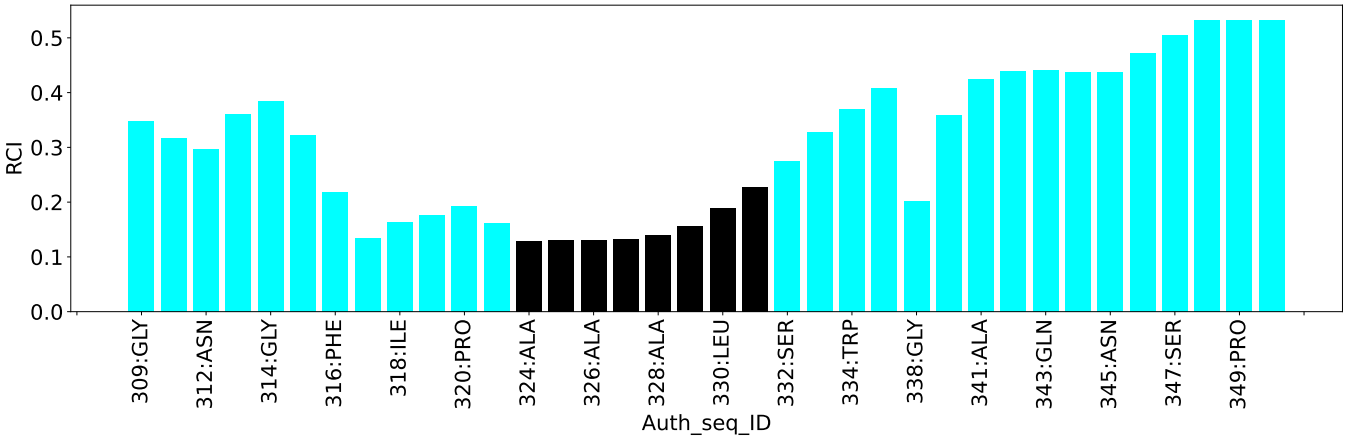
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.0
0.1
0.2
0.3
0.4
0.5
309:GLY
312:ASN
314:GLY
316:PHE
318:ILE
320:PRO
324:ALA
326:ALA
328:ALA
330:LEU
332:SER
334:TRP
338:GLY
341:ALA
343:GLN
345:ASN
347:SER
349:PRO
Auth_seq_ID