



# wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 27, 2026 – 10:07 PM JST

PDB ID : 21FE / pdb\_000021fe  
Title : Neutron crystal structure of the ADP bound form of the human Hsp90 N-terminal domain  
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Deposited on : 2025-12-11  
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

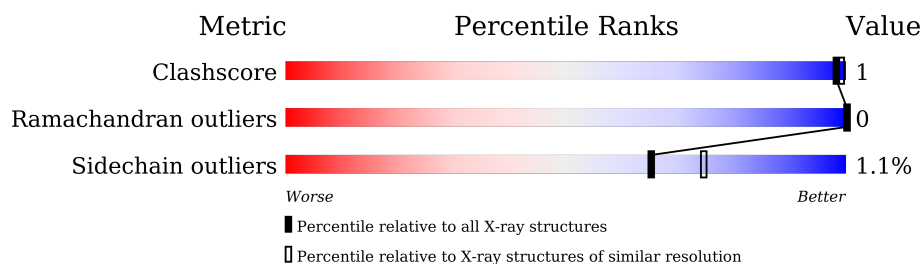
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*NEUTRON DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	7164 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	7099 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	187428	7100 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	228	<div>92% <span style="margin-left: 150px;">7%</span></div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

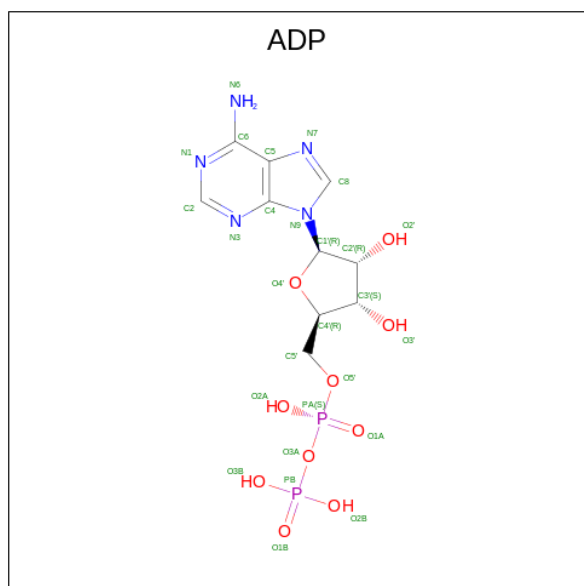
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3898 atoms, of which 170 are hydrogens and 1839 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Heat shock protein HSP 90-alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms								ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	213	Total	C	D	H	N	O	S		0	126	0
			3616	1111	1708	162	277	352	6				

- Molecule 2 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ADP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms								ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	D	H	N	O	P		0	0
			40	10	5	8	5	10	2			

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	115	Total 241	D 126	O 115	0	0

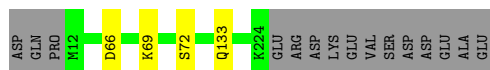
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: Heat shock protein HSP 90-alpha

Chain A:  92% 7%



## 4 Model quality

### 4.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.48	0/2718	0.64	0/3649

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 4.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3454	162	829	2	0
2	A	32	8	12	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	241	0	0	1	0
All	All	3728	170	841	2	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (2) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:133[B]:GLN:NE2	4:A:403:HOH:O	2.42	0.53
1:A:66:ASP:OD1	1:A:66:ASP:C	2.61	0.44

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 4.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 4.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	336/228 (147%)	323 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 4.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	296/198 (150%)	293 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	76

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	69[A]	LYS
1	A	69[B]	LYS
1	A	72	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such

sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	79	ASN

### 4.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 4.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 4.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
2	ADP	A	301	3	27,29,29	1.17	4 (14%)	42,45,45	2.04	7 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ADP	A	301	3	-	2/16/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	301	ADP	C5-C4	3.03	1.44	1.39
2	A	301	ADP	C4-N9	-2.38	1.32	1.37
2	A	301	ADP	C8-N7	2.13	1.35	1.31
2	A	301	ADP	C5-N7	-2.12	1.35	1.39

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	301	ADP	C5-C4-N3	-5.67	119.35	126.75
2	A	301	ADP	N3-C4-N9	5.32	135.84	127.08
2	A	301	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-4.52	121.53	128.60
2	A	301	ADP	C4-N9-C8	4.23	110.31	105.73
2	A	301	ADP	C2-N3-C4	4.23	121.73	111.75

There are no chirality outliers.

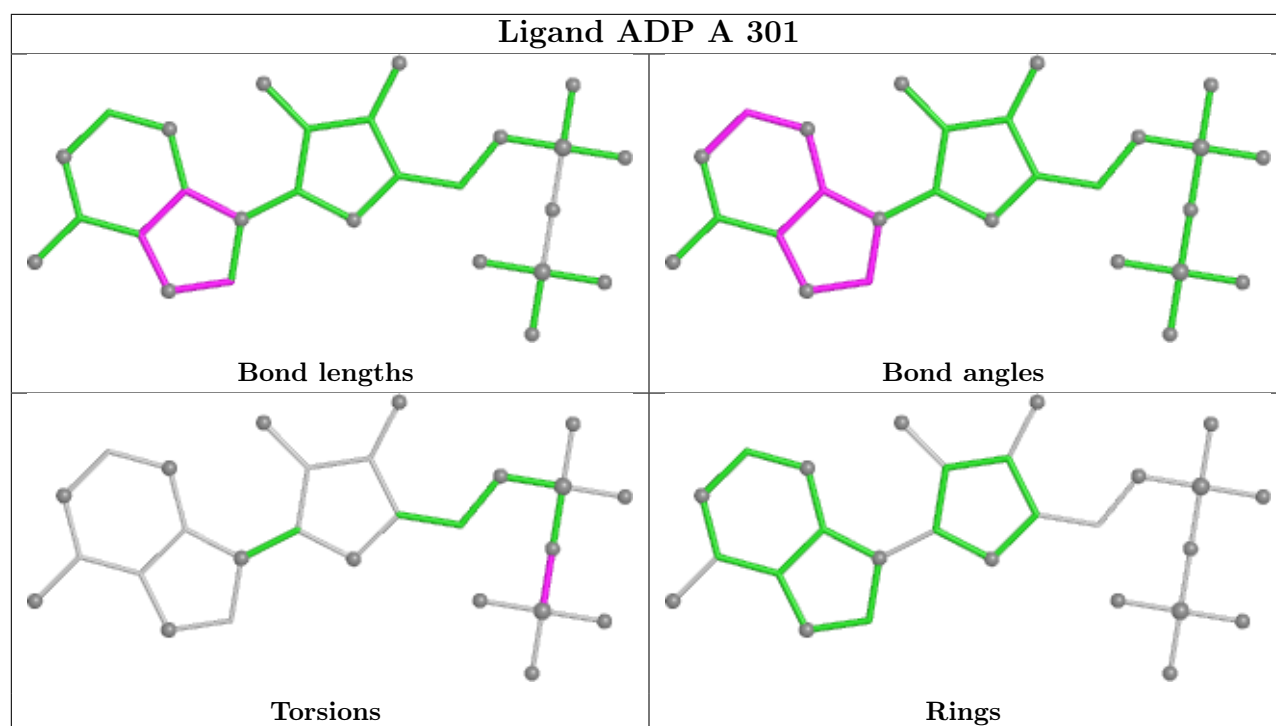
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	301	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
2	A	301	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



#### 4.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 4.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.