

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 18, 2022 – 04:52 am GMT

PDB ID : 6ZYM

EMDB ID : EMD-11569

Title : Human C Complex Spliceosome - High-resolution CORE

Authors: Bertram, K.; Kastner, B.

Deposited on : 2020-08-02

Resolution : 3.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ: 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

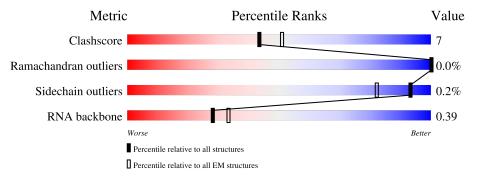
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

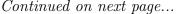
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM~structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of cl	nain
1	2	188	5% 6% • 86%	6
2	5	116	50% 11%	• 36%
3	6	79	56%	42%
4	9	450	•• 97%	
5	A	1755	81%	16%
6	В	952	75%	18% • 6%
7	С	536	36% 5%	58%





Mol	Chain	Length	F	Quality o	f chain		
8	D	514	46%	14	% •	39%	
9	Е	579	11% •		87%		
10	F	357	6	52%		21% •	16%
11	L	802	23% •		75%		
12	О	848	25% 5%		70%		
13	Р	218		72%		16%	• 11%
14	Q	144		85%			10% • •
15	R	229	32%	6%	62%	%	
16	S	2752		99%			
17	Т	908	19%		78%		
18	V	166	•	81%			17% •
19	Y	324	• 7% •		87%		
19	Z	324	••	96%	6		
20	p	654	48%	·		50%	
21	r	1227	•	97%	·		
22	S	285	7%	93	3%		
23	t	425	13%		87%		
24	u	178	<u> </u>	83%			5% • 12%
25	X	258	12%		88%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 29 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 48271 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called U2 snRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	2	27	Total 575	C 257	N 99	O 192	P 27	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called U5 snRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	toms	Atoms					
2	5	74	Total 1548	C 693	N 256	O 525	P 74	0	0		

• Molecule 3 is a RNA chain called U6 snRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}	toms	AltConf	Trace		
3	6	79	Total 1690	C 756	N 312	O 543	P 79	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Corepressor interacting with RBPJ 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
4	9	14	Total 112	C 68	- 1	O 22	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-processing-splicing factor 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	AltConf	Trace			
5	A	1722	Total 14270	C 9190	N 2521	O 2494	S 65	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called 116 kDa U5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein component.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
6	D	895	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
0	Б	090	6953	4447	1163	1309	34	0	U



• Molecule 7 is a protein called SNW domain-containing protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
7	С	224	Total 1703	C 1074	N 308	O 312	S 9	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called Pleiotropic regulator 1.

\mathbf{M}	ol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
8		D	315	Total 2481	C 1565	N 451	O 458	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-processing factor 17.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms Total C N O S				AltConf	Trace
9	E	78	Total 629	C 400	N 107	O 118	S 4	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called U5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 40 kDa protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	F	299	Total	C	N	0	S	0	0
			2230	1407	381	430	12		

• Molecule 11 is a protein called Cell division cycle 5-like protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	AltConf	Trace			
11	L	202	Total 1611	C 1012	N 297	O 296	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called Crooked neck-like protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	AltConf	Trace			
12	О	252	Total 2108	C 1345	N 381	O 377	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 13 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-splicing factor RBM22.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	Р	195	Total 1577	C 991	N 279	O 290	S 17	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a protein called Protein BUD31 homolog.



Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}^{1}	toms	AltConf	Trace		
14	Q	142	Total 1162	C 733	N 216	O 202	S 11	0	0

• Molecule 15 is a protein called Spliceosome-associated protein CWC15 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	\mathbf{Atoms}					AltConf	Trace
15	D	97	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
10	Ιι.	01	681	421	134	125	1	0	U

• Molecule 16 is a protein called Serine/arginine repetitive matrix protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms	AltConf	Trace		
16	S	30	Total 230	C 140	N 49	O 40	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 17 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-splicing factor CWC22 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
17	Т	203	Total 1669	C 1071	N 278	O 307	S 13	0	0

• Molecule 18 is a protein called Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase-like 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
18	V	163	Total 1081	C 677	N 200	O 199	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 19 is a RNA chain called pre-mRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf Trace
19	Y	41	Total C N O P 873 391 155 286 41	0 0
19	Z	13	Total C N O P 276 123 50 90 13	0 0

• Molecule 20 is a protein called WD repeat-containing protein 70.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
20	p	325	Total 2372	C 1493	N 421	O 442	S 16	0	0

• Molecule 21 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-splicing factor ATP-dependent RNA helicase



PRP16.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms	AltConf	Trace		
91	r	35	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
21	1	39	259	157	50	51	1	0	U

• Molecule 22 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-splicing factor ISY1 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
22	S	20	Total 158	C 96	N 33	O 28	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 23 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-splicing factor CWC25 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
23	t	56	Total 418	C 259	N 80	O 79	0	0

• Molecule 24 is a protein called Splicing factor YJU2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
24	u	157	Total 1286	C 819	N 226	O 231	S 10	0	0

• Molecule 25 is a protein called Protein FRG1.

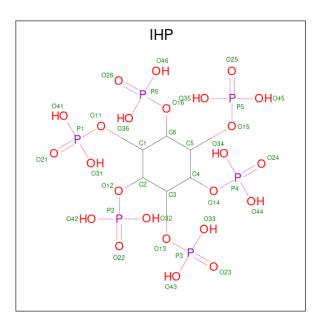
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
25	X	30	Total	С	N	0	S	0	0
		30	239	149	49	40	1		Ü

• Molecule 26 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
26	6	5	Total Mg 5 5	0

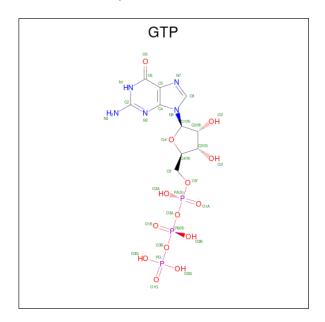
• Molecule 27 is INOSITOL HEXAKISPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: IHP) (formula: $C_6H_{18}O_{24}P_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
27	Λ	1	Total C	О	Р	0
21	A	1	36 6	24	6	0

• Molecule 28 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	
28	В	1	Total 32	C 10	N 5	O 14	P 3	0

• Molecule 29 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).



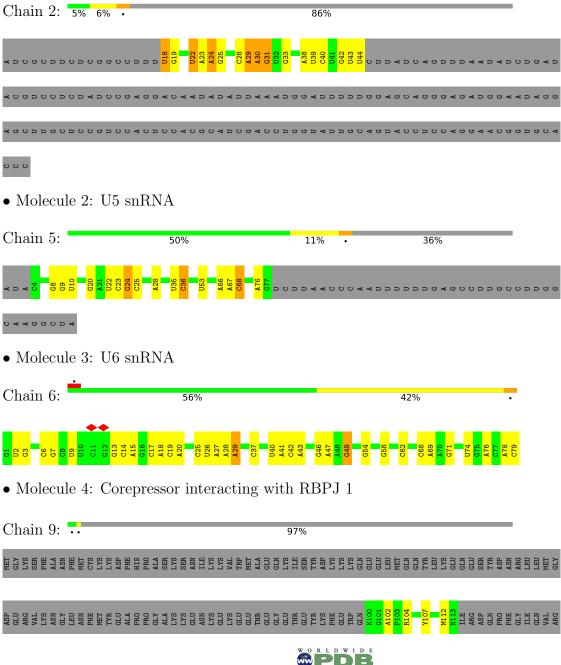
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
29	Р	3	Total Zn 3 3	0
29	Q	3	Total Zn 3 3	0
29	u	1	Total Zn 1 1	0



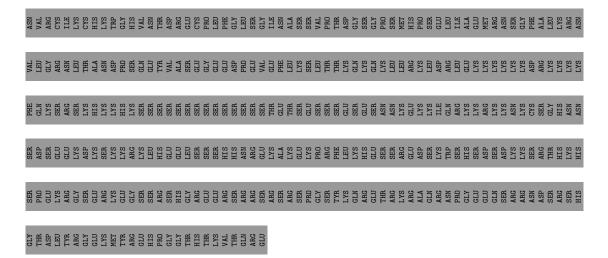
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

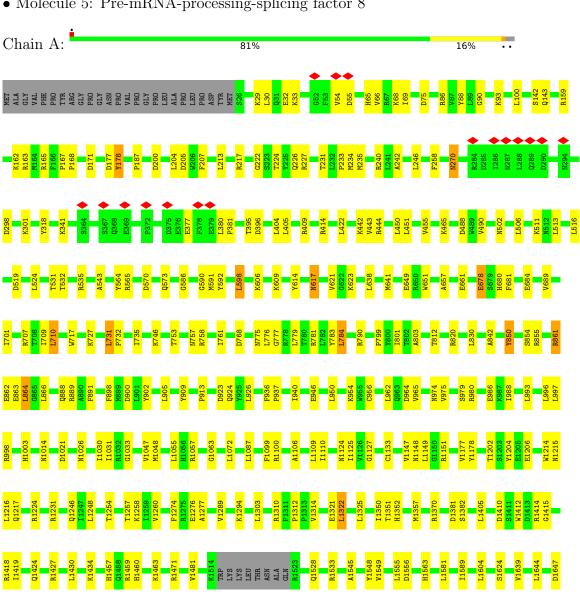
• Molecule 1: U2 snRNA







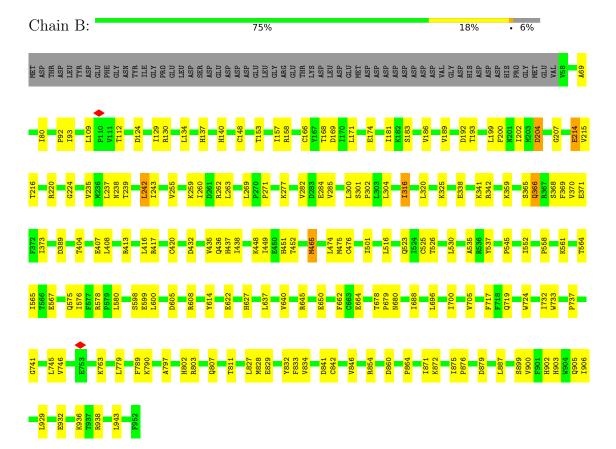
• Molecule 5: Pre-mRNA-processing-splicing factor 8



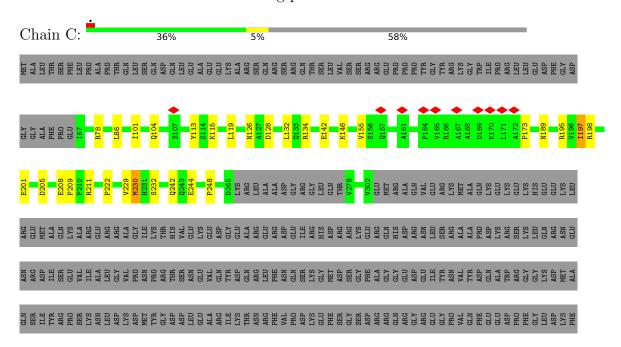




• Molecule 6: 116 kDa U5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein component

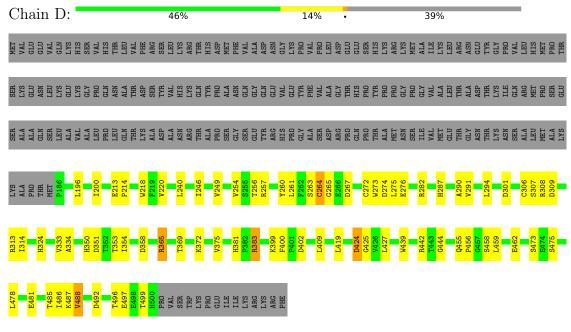


• Molecule 7: SNW domain-containing protein 1



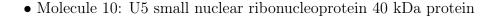


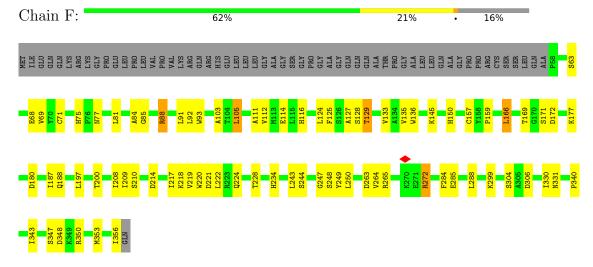
• Molecule 8: Pleiotropic regulator 1



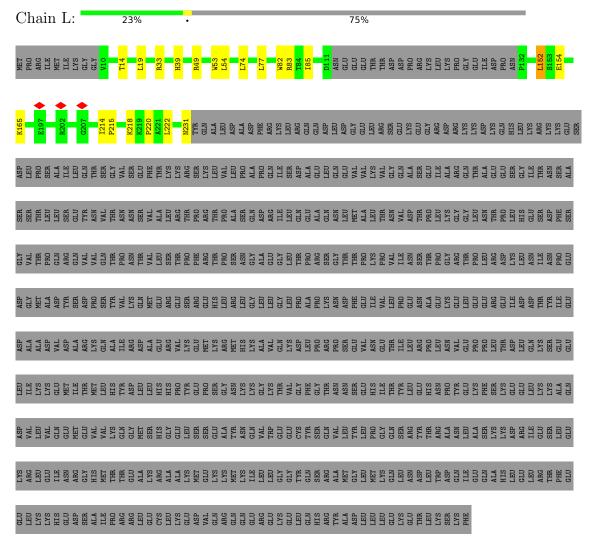
• Molecule 9: Pre-mRNA-processing factor 17





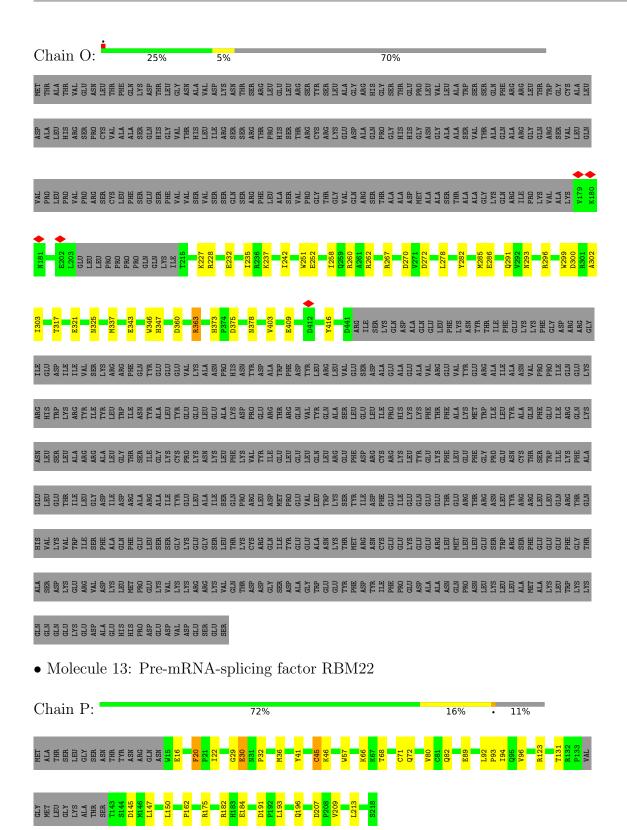


• Molecule 11: Cell division cycle 5-like protein



• Molecule 12: Crooked neck-like protein 1





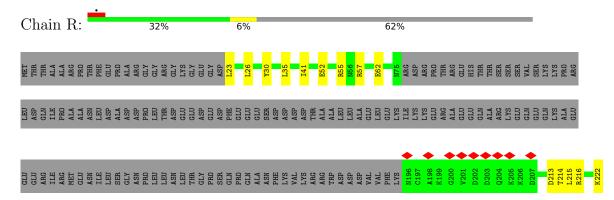
• Molecule 14: Protein BUD31 homolog

Chain Q: 85% 10% • •





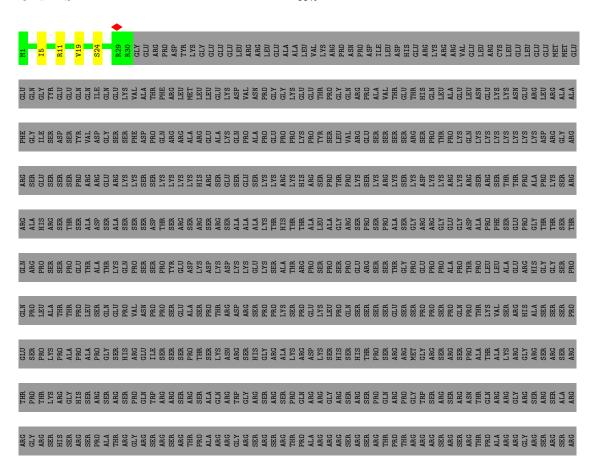
• Molecule 15: Spliceosome-associated protein CWC15 homolog



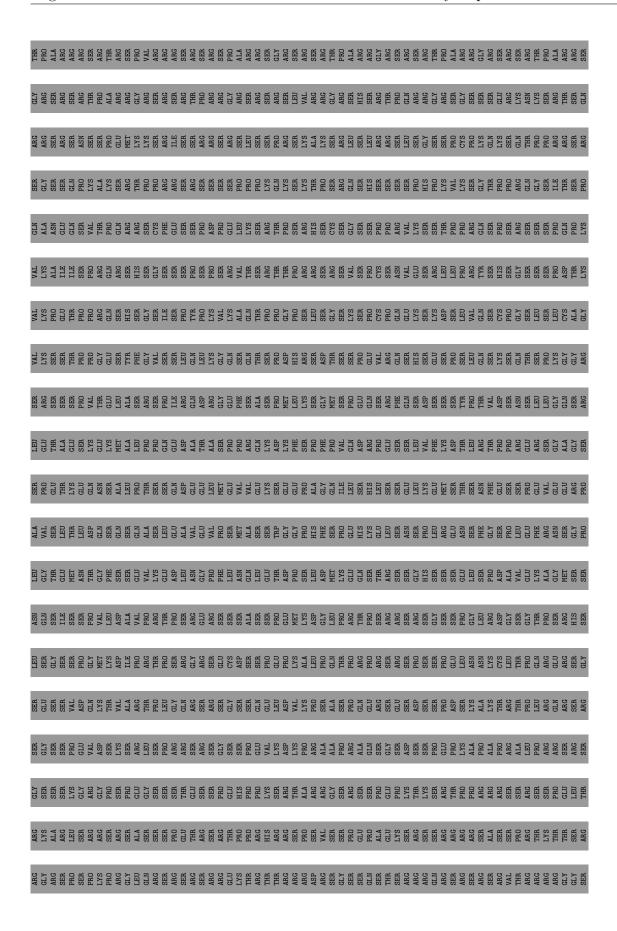


• Molecule 16: Serine/arginine repetitive matrix protein 2

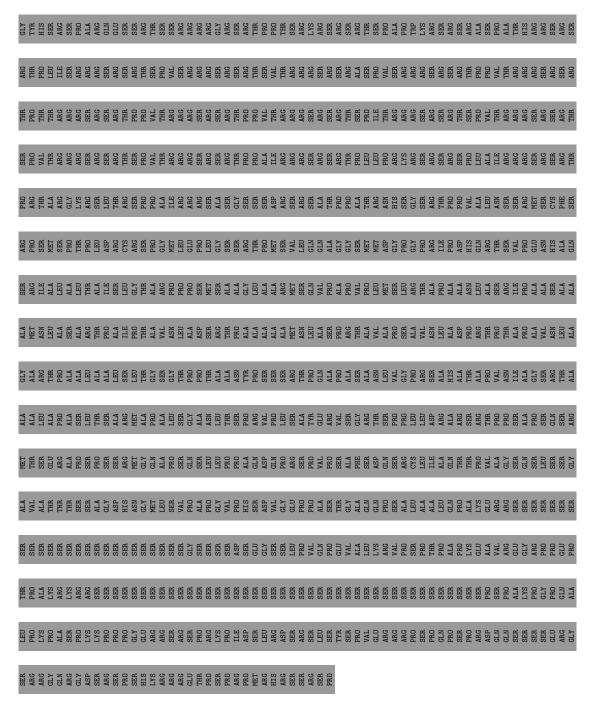
Chain S: • 99%





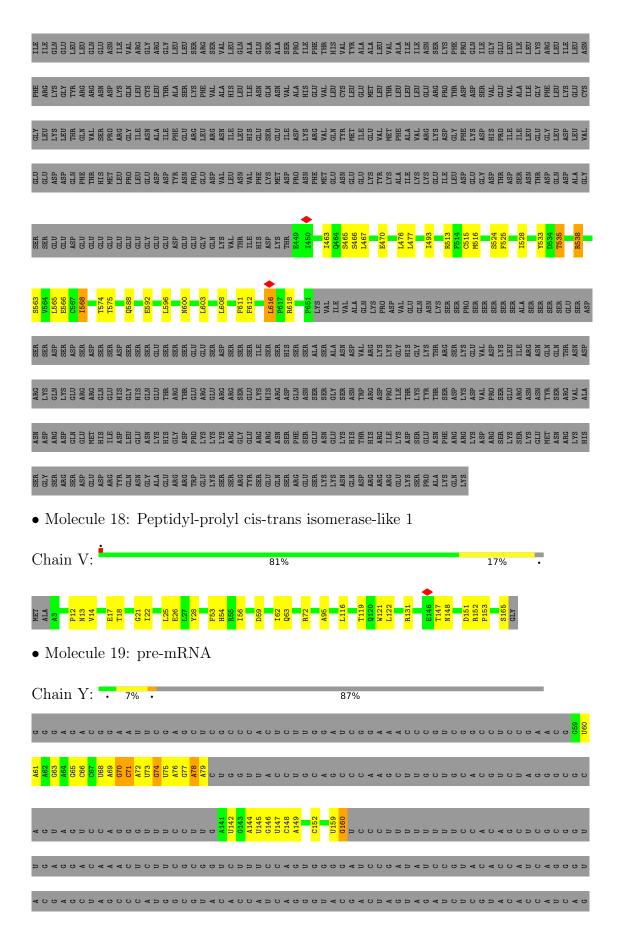




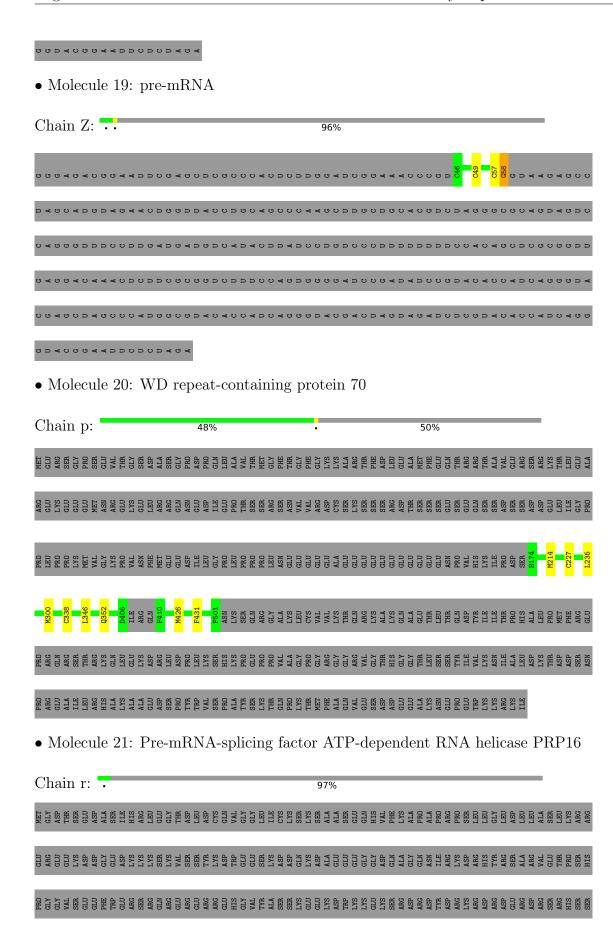


• Molecule 17: Pre-mRNA-splicing factor CWC22 homolog

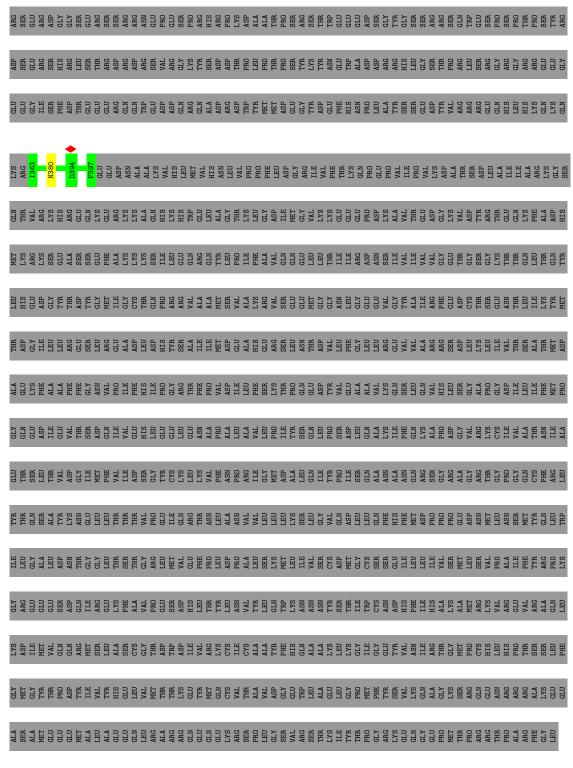










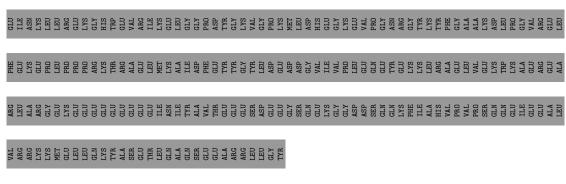


• Molecule 22: Pre-mRNA-splicing factor ISY1 homolog

Chain s: 7% 93%

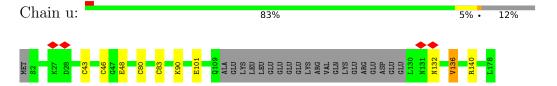






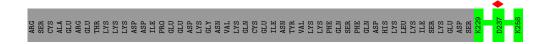
• Molecule 23: Pre-mRNA-splicing factor CWC25 homolog

• Molecule 24: Splicing factor YJU2



• Molecule 25: Protein FRG1







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	411539	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	120	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-1	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-3	Depositor
Magnification	132000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.336	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.185	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.009	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.025	Depositor
Map size (Å)	466.39996, 466.39996	wwPDB
Map dimensions	440, 440, 440	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.06, 1.06, 1.06	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GTP, IHP, MG, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Во	ond lengths	В	Bond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	2	0.84	1/642~(0.2%)	1.08	3/998 (0.3%)
2	5	0.77	0/1725	1.04	5/2681 (0.2%)
3	6	0.86	0/1892	0.96	2/2947~(0.1%)
4	9	0.26	0/113	0.45	0/148
5	A	0.55	$4/14669 \ (0.0\%)$	0.70	23/19894 (0.1%)
6	В	0.47	2/7112 (0.0%)	0.67	9/9681 (0.1%)
7	С	0.48	1/1738 (0.1%)	0.69	4/2353~(0.2%)
8	D	0.68	2/2547~(0.1%)	0.76	4/3471 (0.1%)
9	Е	0.39	0/650	0.64	1/886 (0.1%)
10	F	0.47	$1/2282 \ (0.0\%)$	0.76	9/3109 (0.3%)
11	L	0.46	0/1641	0.65	$1/2208 \; (0.0\%)$
12	О	0.45	0/2160	0.65	4/2920 (0.1%)
13	Р	0.60	2/1613 (0.1%)	0.71	1/2174 (0.0%)
14	Q	0.81	7/1187 (0.6%)	0.96	10/1591 (0.6%)
15	R	0.55	0/690	0.71	0/922
16	S	0.56	0/233	0.70	0/312
17	Т	0.50	1/1704 (0.1%)	1.08	10/2291 (0.4%)
18	V	0.33	0/1105	0.58	0/1511
19	Y	0.67	0/975	1.14	9/1514 (0.6%)
19	Z	0.89	0/307	0.87	0/476
20	p	0.48	1/2424~(0.0%)	0.77	$5/3295 \ (0.2\%)$
21	r	0.36	0/262	0.55	0/356
22	S	0.38	0/158	0.50	0/209
23	t	0.59	0/424	0.74	1/570 (0.2%)
24	u	0.91	9/1312 (0.7%)	1.10	9/1764 (0.5%)
25	X	0.36	0/240	0.58	0/317
All	All	0.58	31/49805 (0.1%)	0.78	$110/68598 \ (0.2\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a



sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
5	A	0	2
6	В	0	1
20	р	0	3
24	u	0	1
All	All	0	7

The worst 5 of 31 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
24	u	136	VAL	CB-CG1	-15.50	1.20	1.52
14	Q	137	CYS	CB-SG	-12.19	1.61	1.82
24	u	136	VAL	CB-CG2	-9.93	1.31	1.52
24	u	46	CYS	CB-SG	9.92	1.99	1.82
14	Q	134	CYS	CB-SG	-9.87	1.65	1.82

The worst 5 of 110 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
17	Т	538	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-32.07	104.27	120.30
5	A	506	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-24.98	68.54	111.00
17	Т	538	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	20.37	130.49	120.30
24	u	140	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-18.29	111.16	120.30
24	u	136	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-17.26	83.29	110.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
5	A	1649	LYS	Peptide
5	A	380	LEU	Peptide
6	В	366	GLN	Peptide
20	р	227	CYS	Peptide
20	р	352	GLN	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	2	575	0	288	7	0
2	5	1548	0	785	3	0
3	6	1690	0	855	12	0
4	9	112	0	109	3	0
5	A	14270	0	14118	188	0
6	В	6953	0	6837	109	0
7	С	1703	0	1692	28	0
8	D	2481	0	2431	52	0
9	Ε	629	0	572	13	0
10	F	2230	0	2087	52	0
11	L	1611	0	1588	16	0
12	О	2108	0	1963	26	0
13	Р	1577	0	1543	30	0
14	Q	1162	0	1163	12	0
15	R	681	0	635	9	0
16	S	230	0	238	3	0
17	Т	1669	0	1662	20	0
18	V	1081	0	929	20	0
19	Y	873	0	440	9	0
19	Z	276	0	143	2	0
20	р	2372	0	2209	0	0
21	r	259	0	213	0	0
22	S	158	0	162	0	0
23	\mathbf{t}	418	0	379	0	0
24	u	1286	0	1274	0	0
25	X	239	0	252	0	0
26	6	5	0	0	0	0
27	A	36	0	6	4	0
28	В	32	0	12	0	0
29	Р	3	0	0	0	0
29	Q	3	0	0	0	0
29	u	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	48271	0	44585	541	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 541 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:75:ASP:HA	5:A:502:ASN:HD22	1.45	0.80
13:P:96:VAL:HG21	13:P:213:LEU:HD23	1.65	0.79

Continued on next page...



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \AA) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:591:MET:HG3	5:A:598:LEU:HD21	1.64	0.78
5:A:993:LEU:O	5:A:997:LEU:HB2	1.83	0.77
18:V:53:PHE:HB3	18:V:56:ILE:HD11	1.67	0.75

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
4	9	12/450~(3%)	10 (83%)	2 (17%)	0	100	100
5	A	1718/1755~(98%)	1567 (91%)	150 (9%)	1 (0%)	51	82
6	В	893/952~(94%)	809 (91%)	84 (9%)	0	100	100
7	С	220/536~(41%)	187 (85%)	33 (15%)	0	100	100
8	D	313/514~(61%)	277 (88%)	36 (12%)	0	100	100
9	E	76/579~(13%)	66 (87%)	10 (13%)	0	100	100
10	F	297/357~(83%)	262 (88%)	35 (12%)	0	100	100
11	L	198/802~(25%)	176 (89%)	22 (11%)	0	100	100
12	О	248/848~(29%)	229 (92%)	19 (8%)	0	100	100
13	Р	191/218 (88%)	175 (92%)	16 (8%)	0	100	100
14	Q	$140/144\ (97\%)$	126 (90%)	14 (10%)	0	100	100
15	R	$83/229 \ (36\%)$	77 (93%)	6 (7%)	0	100	100
16	S	28/2752~(1%)	23 (82%)	5 (18%)	0	100	100
17	Т	201/908~(22%)	184 (92%)	17 (8%)	0	100	100
18	V	161/166~(97%)	149 (92%)	12 (8%)	0	100	100
20	р	321/654 (49%)	273 (85%)	48 (15%)	0	100	100
21	r	33/1227~(3%)	30 (91%)	3 (9%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
22	s	18/285~(6%)	16 (89%)	2 (11%)	0	100	100
23	t	54/425~(13%)	54 (100%)	0	0	100	100
24	u	153/178 (86%)	131 (86%)	22 (14%)	0	100	100
25	X	28/258 (11%)	26 (93%)	2 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	5386/14237 (38%)	4847 (90%)	538 (10%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	A	803	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
4	9	$11/411 \ (3\%)$	11 (100%)	0	100	100
5	A	1528/1584~(96%)	1524 (100%)	4 (0%)	92	97
6	В	756/847~(89%)	756 (100%)	0	100	100
7	С	$173/459 \ (38\%)$	173 (100%)	0	100	100
8	D	271/441 (62%)	271 (100%)	0	100	100
9	E	65/502~(13%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
10	F	231/300 (77%)	231 (100%)	0	100	100
11	L	158/709~(22%)	158 (100%)	0	100	100
12	О	$201/751\ (27\%)$	201 (100%)	0	100	100
13	Р	$175/197\ (89\%)$	175 (100%)	0	100	100
14	Q	$125/130\ (96\%)$	125 (100%)	0	100	100
15	R	64/203 (32%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100
16	S	24/2432 (1%)	24 (100%)	0	100	100
17	Т	186/838~(22%)	186 (100%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
18	V	87/134 (65%)	87 (100%)	0	100 100
20	р	234/572 (41%)	234 (100%)	0	100 100
21	r	23/1074~(2%)	22~(96%)	1 (4%)	29 59
22	s	14/240 (6%)	13 (93%)	1 (7%)	14 44
23	t	36/381~(9%)	36 (100%)	0	100 100
24	u	139/167 (83%)	138 (99%)	1 (1%)	84 92
25	X	$23/223\ (10\%)$	23 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	$4524/12595 \; (36\%)$	4517 (100%)	7 (0%)	93 98

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	A	617	ASN
21	r	380	ASN
24	u	136	VAL
22	S	4	ASN
5	A	409	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
20	p	480	HIS
12	О	325	ASN
8	D	287	HIS
6	В	903	HIS
9	Е	128	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	2	26/188~(13%)	13 (50%)	2 (7%)
19	Y	39/324 (12%)	23 (58%)	0
19	Z	12/324 (3%)	1 (8%)	0
2	5	73/116~(62%)	11 (15%)	1 (1%)
3	6	78/79~(98%)	22 (28%)	0
All	All	228/1031~(22%)	70 (30%)	3 (1%)

5 of 70 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	2	19	G
1	2	22	U
1	2	24	A
1	2	25	G
1	2	29	A

All (3) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	2	28	С
1	2	39	U
2	5	23	С

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 12 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trme	Chain	Dag	Bond lengths		Bond angles				
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
28	GTP	В	1001	6	26,34,34	1.35	2 (7%)	32,54,54	1.86	8 (25%)
27	IHP	A	3001	-	36,36,36	0.85	0	54,60,60	1.38	6 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



, ,		. 1.	C 11 1	1 . 1		1 1.0 1
'-' means	no	outhers	of that	: kind	were	identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
28	GTP	В	1001	6	-	8/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
27	IHP	A	3001	-	-	7/30/54/54	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
28	В	1001	GTP	C5-C6	-4.92	1.37	1.47
28	В	1001	GTP	C5-C4	-2.08	1.37	1.43

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
28	В	1001	GTP	C3'-C2'-C1'	4.66	108.00	100.98
27	A	3001	IHP	C6-C1-C2	3.80	118.72	110.41
28	В	1001	GTP	C5-C6-N1	3.54	120.20	113.95
28	В	1001	GTP	C2-N1-C6	-3.45	118.75	125.10
27	A	3001	IHP	C5-C6-C1	3.20	117.42	110.41

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
27	A	3001	IHP	C1-O11-P1-O21
27	A	3001	IHP	C2-O12-P2-O22
27	A	3001	IHP	C4-O14-P4-O24
27	A	3001	IHP	C5-O15-P5-O25
28	В	1001	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A

There are no ring outliers.

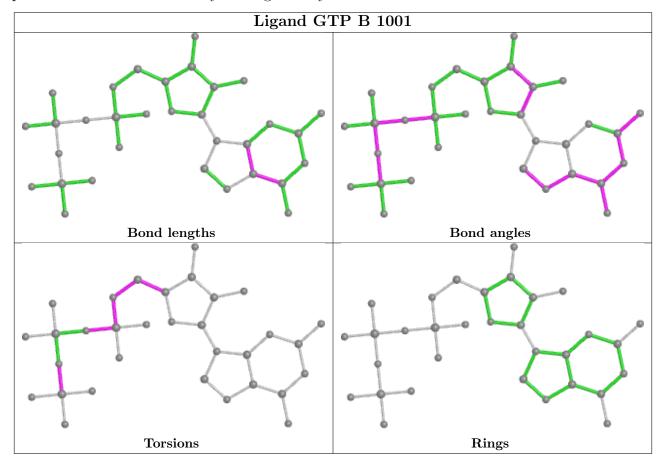
1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
27	A	3001	IHP	4	0

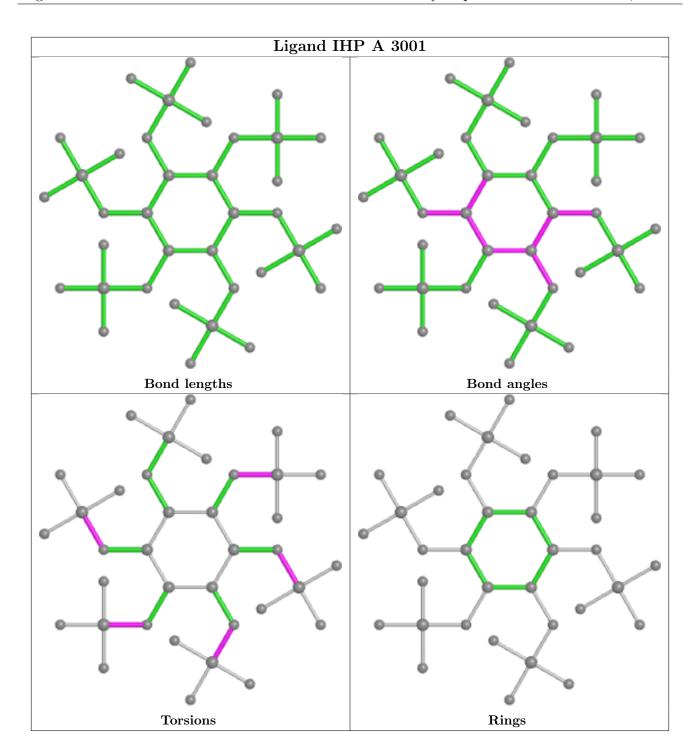
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be



highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



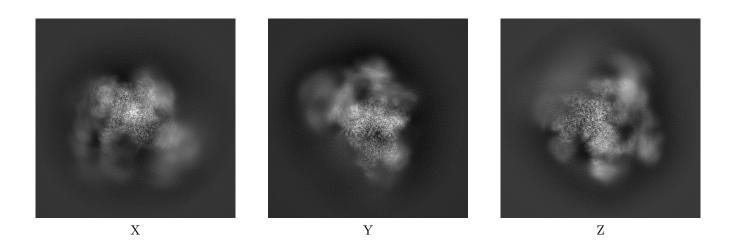
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-11569. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

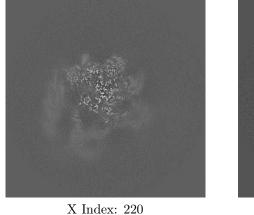
6.1.1 Primary map

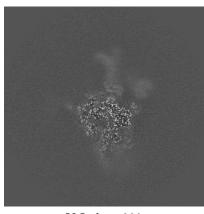


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map







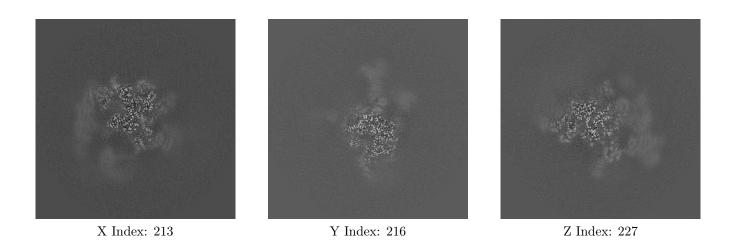
Y Index: 220 Z Index: 220



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

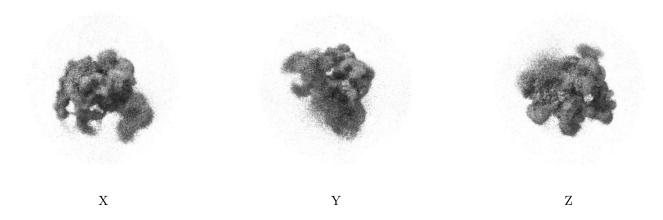
6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.025. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

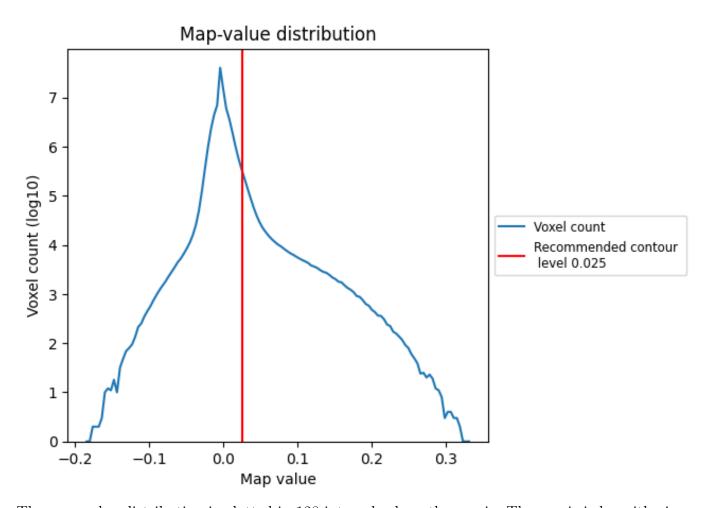
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

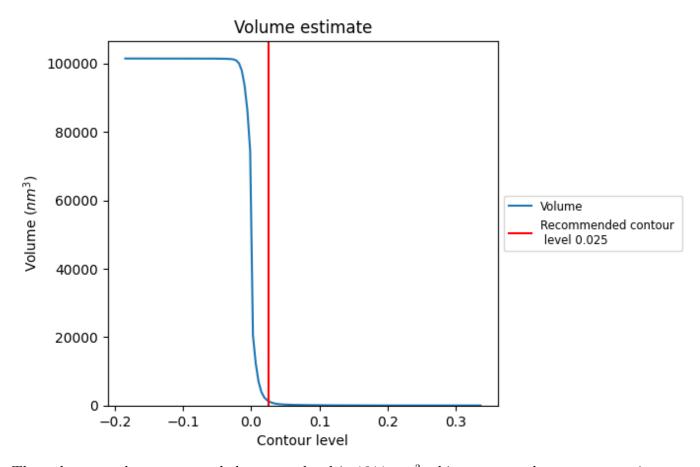
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

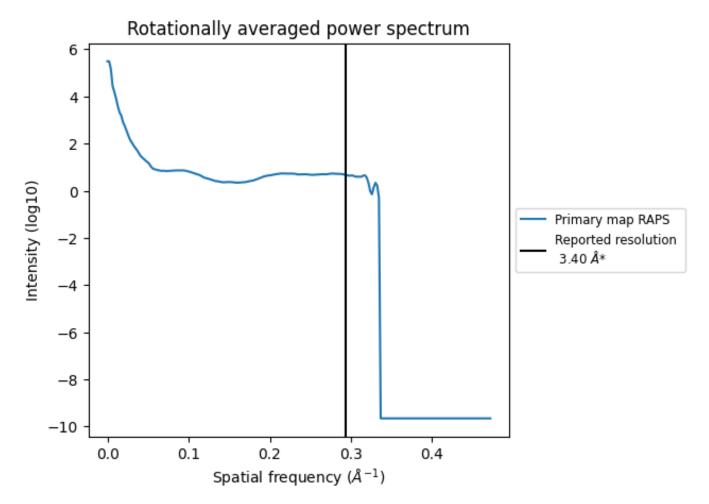


The volume at the recommended contour level is $1311~\mathrm{nm^3}$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $1184~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

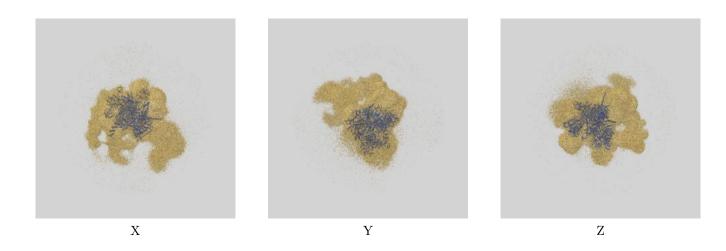
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-11569 and PDB model 6ZYM. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 10.

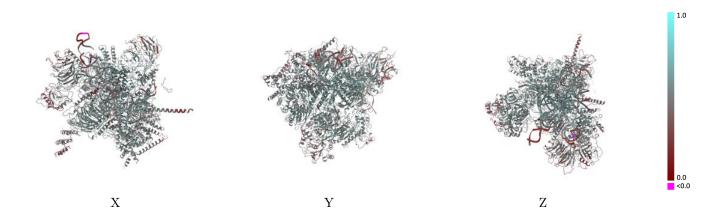
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.025 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

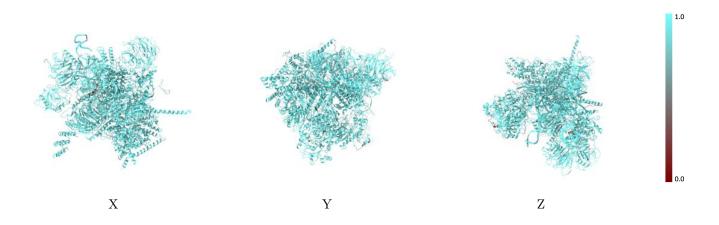


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

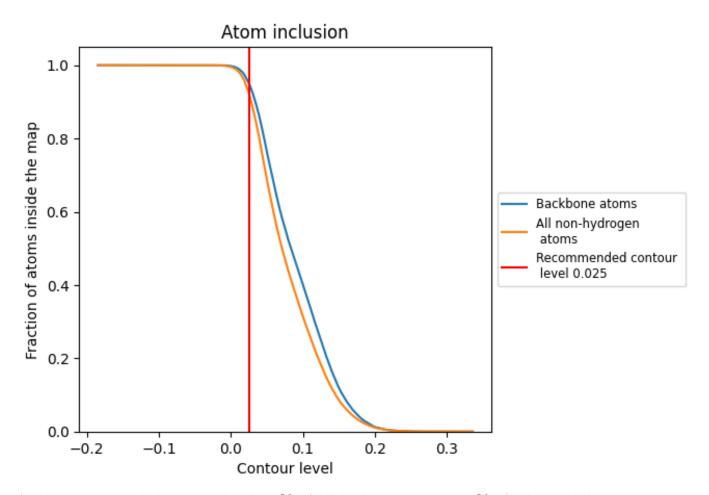
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.025).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 95% of all backbone atoms, 92% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.025) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9241	0.4980
2	0.9043	0.4570
5	0.9348	0.4550
6	0.9499	0.4720
9	0.6789	0.4240
A	0.9350	0.5390
В	0.9223	0.4880
С	0.8898	0.4710
D	0.9567	0.5520
Е	0.9058	0.4900
F	0.9257	0.4340
L	0.8908	0.4840
О	0.9078	0.4660
Р	0.9154	0.5070
Q	0.9487	0.5260
R	0.8845	0.4980
S	0.9083	0.5290
T	0.9035	0.4820
V	0.9287	0.4170
Y	0.9267	0.4580
Z	0.9457	0.5490
p	0.9352	0.4540
r	0.8333	0.4610
S	0.9342	0.5570
t	0.8908	0.4500
u	0.8926	0.4830
X	0.8957	0.5330



