



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report

Jan 14, 2024 – 11:42 am GMT

PDB ID : 6ZE4
Title : FAD-dependent oxidoreductase from *Chaetomium thermophilum* in complex with fragment 4-oxo-N-[(1S)-1-(pyridin-3-yl)ethyl]-4-(thiophen-2-yl)butanamide
Authors : Svecova, L.; Skalova, T.; Kolenko, P.; Koval, T.; Oestergaard, L.H.; Dohnalek, J.
Deposited on : 2020-06-16
Resolution : 1.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the  symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ①) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

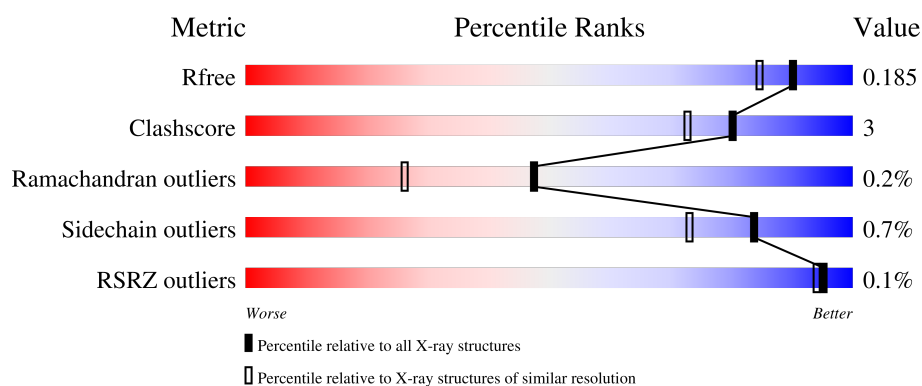
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

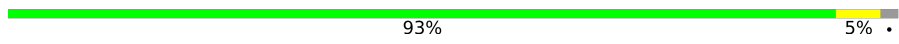
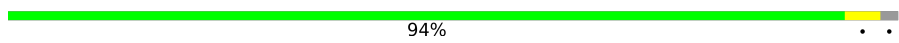
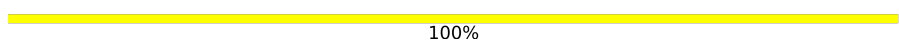

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3398 (1.60-1.60)
Clashscore	141614	3665 (1.60-1.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3564 (1.60-1.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3563 (1.60-1.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3321 (1.60-1.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	595	 93% 5%
1	B	595	 94%
2	C	2	 100%
3	D	3	 33% 67%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11038 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called FAD-dependent oxidoreductase.

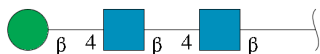
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	585	Total	C	N	O	S	0	17	0
			4550	2886	796	853	15			
1	B	584	Total	C	N	O	S	0	13	0
			4528	2868	794	851	15			

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



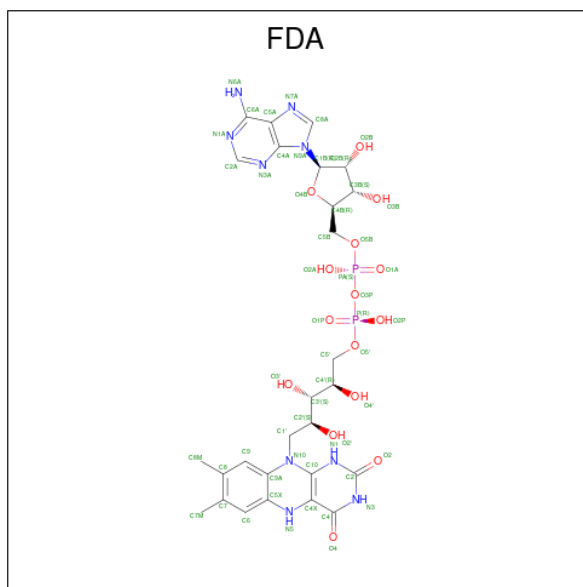
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



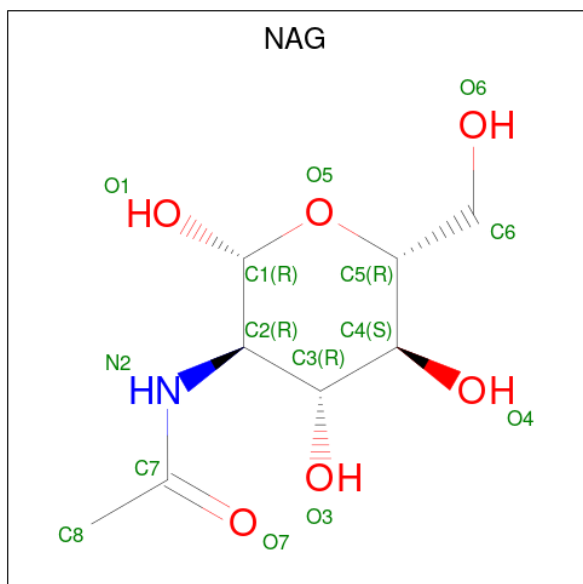
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
3	D	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			39	22	2	15			

- Molecule 4 is DIHYDROFLAVINE-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FDA) (formula: C₂₇H₃₅N₉O₁₅P₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	C	N	O			P
4	A	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	0
4	B	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



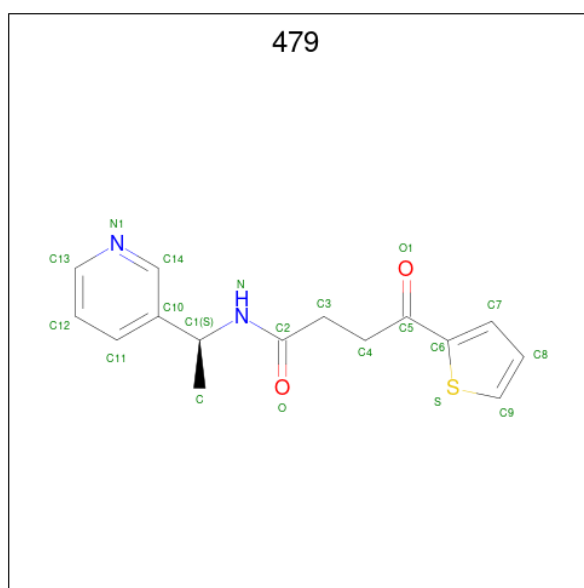
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 6 is 4-oxo-N-[(1S)-1-(pyridin-3-yl)ethyl]-4-(thiophen-2-yl)butanamide (three-letter code: 479) (formula: C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₂S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			20	15	2	2	1		
6	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			20	15	2	2	1		

- Molecule 7 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH₂O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
7	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
7	B	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
7	B	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0

- Molecule 8 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0
8	B	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 9 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

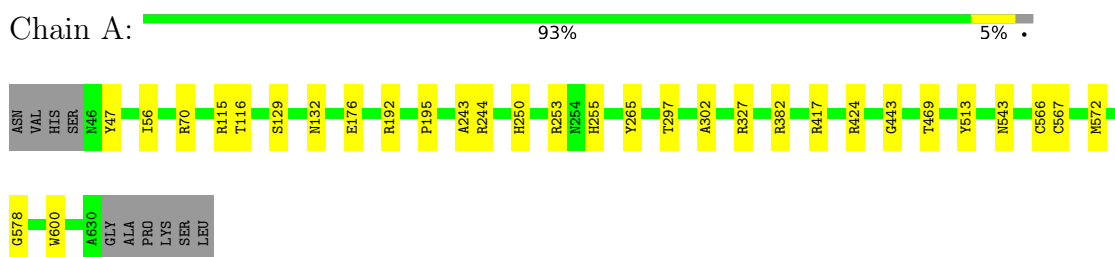
- Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	796	Total 805	O 805	0	10
10	B	805	Total 815	O 815	0	11

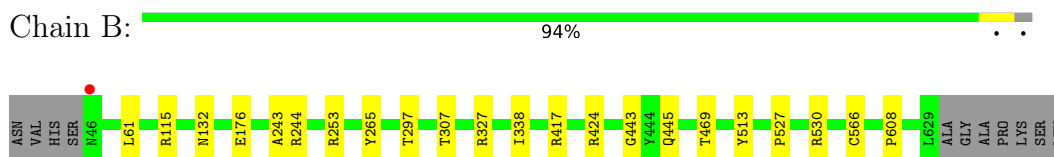
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

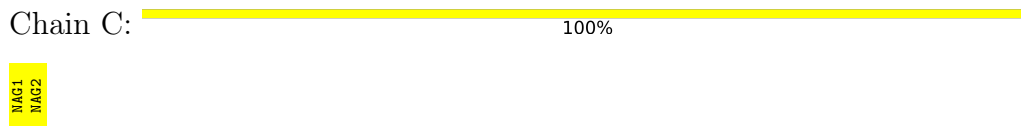
- Molecule 1: FAD-dependent oxidoreductase



- Molecule 1: FAD-dependent oxidoreductase



- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	93.56Å 109.88Å 116.11Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.38 – 1.60 49.33 – 1.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	93.1 (49.38-1.60) 93.1 (49.33-1.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.13 (at 1.60Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0258	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.170 , 0.202 0.183 , 0.185	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	7299 reflections (4.97%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	16.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.374	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 41.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	11038	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 81.35 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.6246e-07. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FMT, NA, FDA, MG, BMA, 479, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.74	0/4715	0.86	1/6432 (0.0%)
1	B	0.76	0/4678	0.86	3/6382 (0.0%)
All	All	0.75	0/9393	0.86	4/12814 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	B	115	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-9.64	115.48	120.30
1	A	115	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-8.72	115.94	120.30
1	B	115	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.74	123.67	120.30
1	B	253	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.28	117.66	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	566	CYS	Peptide
1	B	566	CYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4550	0	4541	25	0
1	B	4528	0	4499	25	0
2	C	28	0	25	0	0
3	D	39	0	34	0	0
4	A	53	0	33	6	0
4	B	53	0	33	5	0
5	A	56	0	52	0	0
5	B	56	0	52	0	0
6	A	20	0	16	2	0
6	B	20	0	16	1	0
7	A	6	0	2	0	0
7	B	6	0	2	0	0
8	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	B	1	0	0	0	0
9	A	1	0	0	0	0
10	A	805	0	0	11	0
10	B	815	0	0	16	0
All	All	11038	0	9305	51	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 51 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:530[A]:ARG:NH2	10:B:807:HOH:O	1.98	0.97
1:B:417[A]:ARG:NH2	10:B:806:HOH:O	1.97	0.92
1:B:530[A]:ARG:CG	10:B:1005:HOH:O	2.25	0.84
1:B:530[A]:ARG:HG3	10:B:1005:HOH:O	1.75	0.84
1:B:530[A]:ARG:HD2	10:B:1005:HOH:O	1.80	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	600/595 (101%)	572 (95%)	27 (4%)	1 (0%)	47	26
1	B	595/595 (100%)	570 (96%)	24 (4%)	1 (0%)	47	26
All	All	1195/1190 (100%)	1142 (96%)	51 (4%)	2 (0%)	47	26

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	469	THR
1	B	469	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	494/485 (102%)	491 (99%)	3 (1%)	86	77
1	B	490/485 (101%)	486 (99%)	4 (1%)	81	70
All	All	984/970 (101%)	977 (99%)	7 (1%)	84	73

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	244	ARG
1	B	265	TYR
1	B	608	PRO
1	B	513	TYR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	513	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	331	ASN
1	A	397	ASN
1	B	409	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

5 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.82	0	17,19,21	1.99	3 (17%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	1.01	1 (5%)
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.84	0	17,19,21	1.91	4 (23%)
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	1.33	2 (11%)
3	BMA	D	3	3	11,11,12	0.56	0	15,15,17	0.78	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	D	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	C	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-6.85	100.48	111.29
3	D	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-5.24	103.02	111.29
3	D	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.57	105.78	111.02
3	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	3.55	112.77	107.20
2	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.48	111.09	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

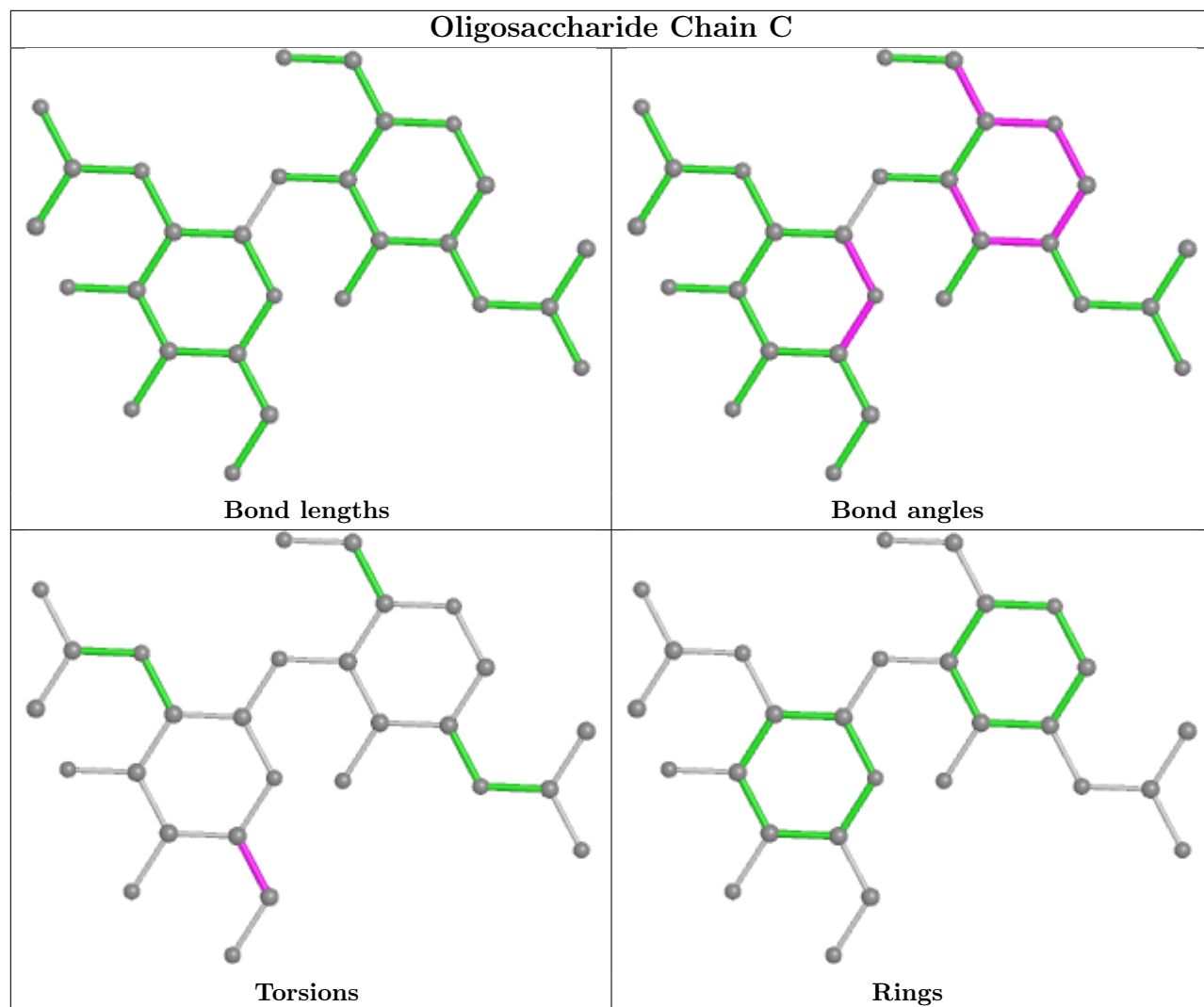
5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

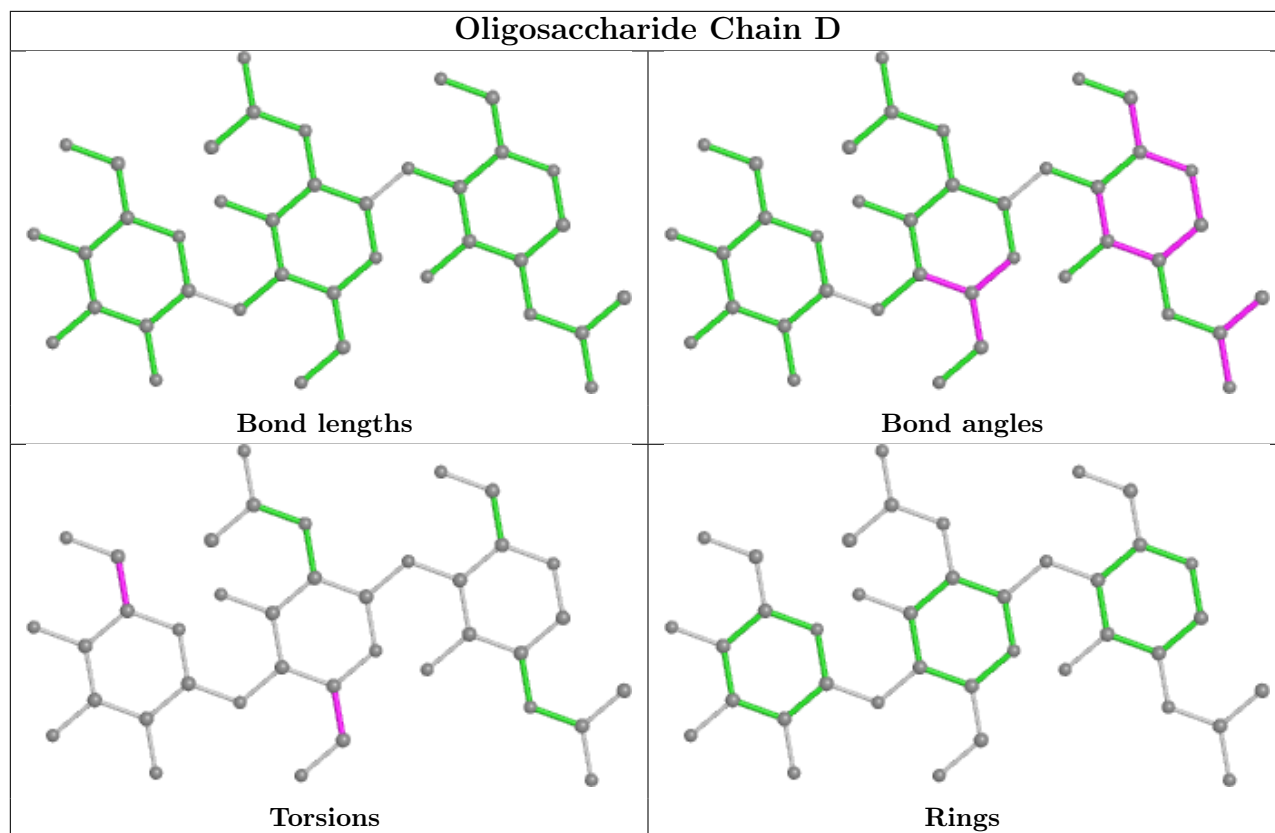
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	D	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	D	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 19 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 16 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	NAG	B	703	1	14,14,15	0.93	0	17,19,21	0.97	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	703	1	14,14,15	0.60	0	17,19,21	1.24	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	702	1	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	0.87	1 (5%)
5	NAG	B	705	1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	1.08	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	704	1	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	1.08	1 (5%)
5	NAG	B	704	1	14,14,15	0.70	0	17,19,21	1.24	1 (5%)
4	FDA	A	701	-	52,58,58	0.77	1 (1%)	60,89,89	0.86	1 (1%)
6	479	B	706	-	20,21,21	0.35	0	21,27,27	0.86	1 (4%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	FMT	A	707	-	2,2,2	0.42	0	1,1,1	0.17	0
6	479	A	706	-	20,21,21	0.44	0	21,27,27	1.18	2 (9%)
7	FMT	A	708	-	2,2,2	0.31	0	1,1,1	0.05	0
5	NAG	B	702	1	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.95	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	705	1	14,14,15	0.78	0	17,19,21	1.14	2 (11%)
7	FMT	B	707	-	2,2,2	0.27	0	1,1,1	0.12	0
7	FMT	B	708	-	2,2,2	0.14	0	1,1,1	0.07	0
4	FDA	B	701	-	52,58,58	0.73	0	60,89,89	0.87	2 (3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	B	703	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	703	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	702	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	705	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	704	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	704	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FDA	A	701	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
6	479	B	706	-	-	0/13/17/17	0/2/2/2
6	479	A	706	-	-	0/13/17/17	0/2/2/2
5	NAG	B	702	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	705	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FDA	B	701	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	701	FDA	C5X-C9A	-2.28	1.38	1.40

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	706	479	C4-C5-C6	-3.49	113.74	119.64
5	A	705	NAG	C6-C5-C4	2.93	119.87	113.00
5	B	704	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-2.86	103.54	109.47
4	A	701	FDA	C5A-C6A-N6A	2.55	124.23	120.35

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	B	706	479	C4-C5-C6	-2.49	115.42	119.64

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

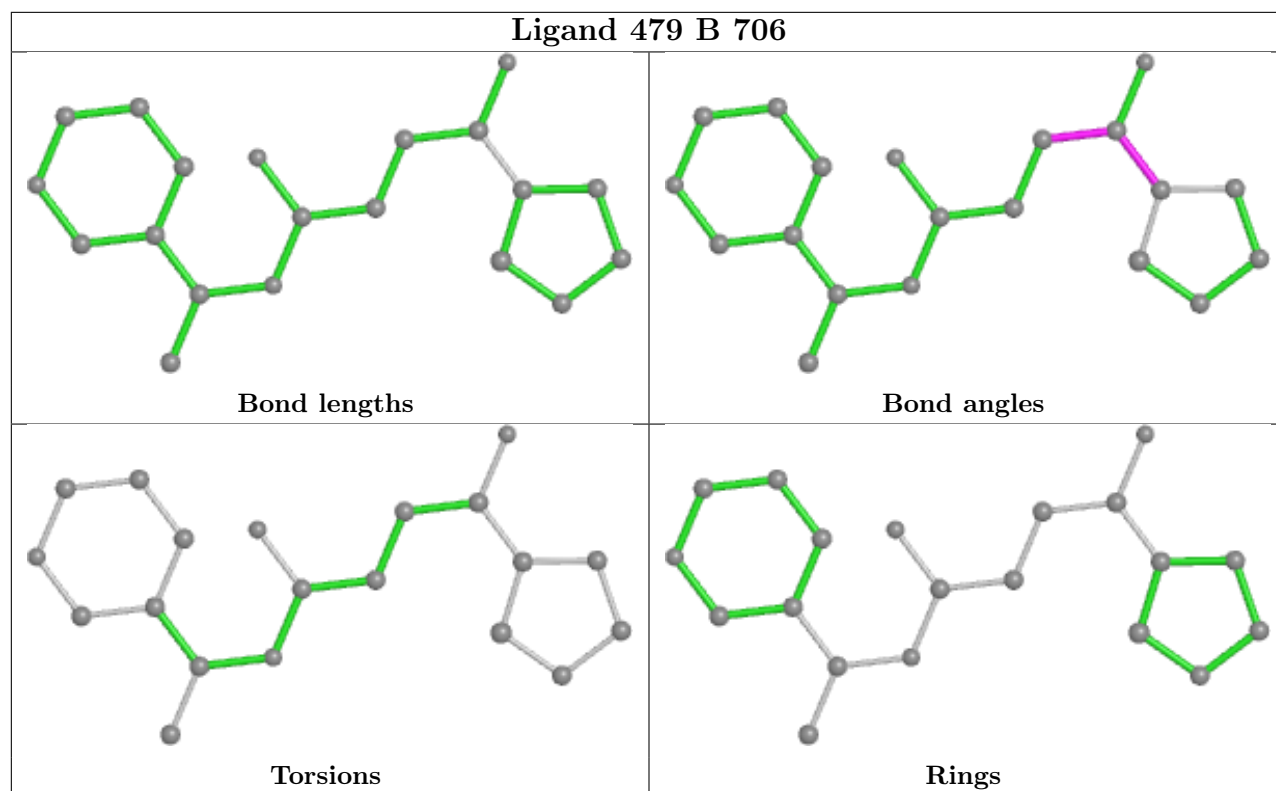
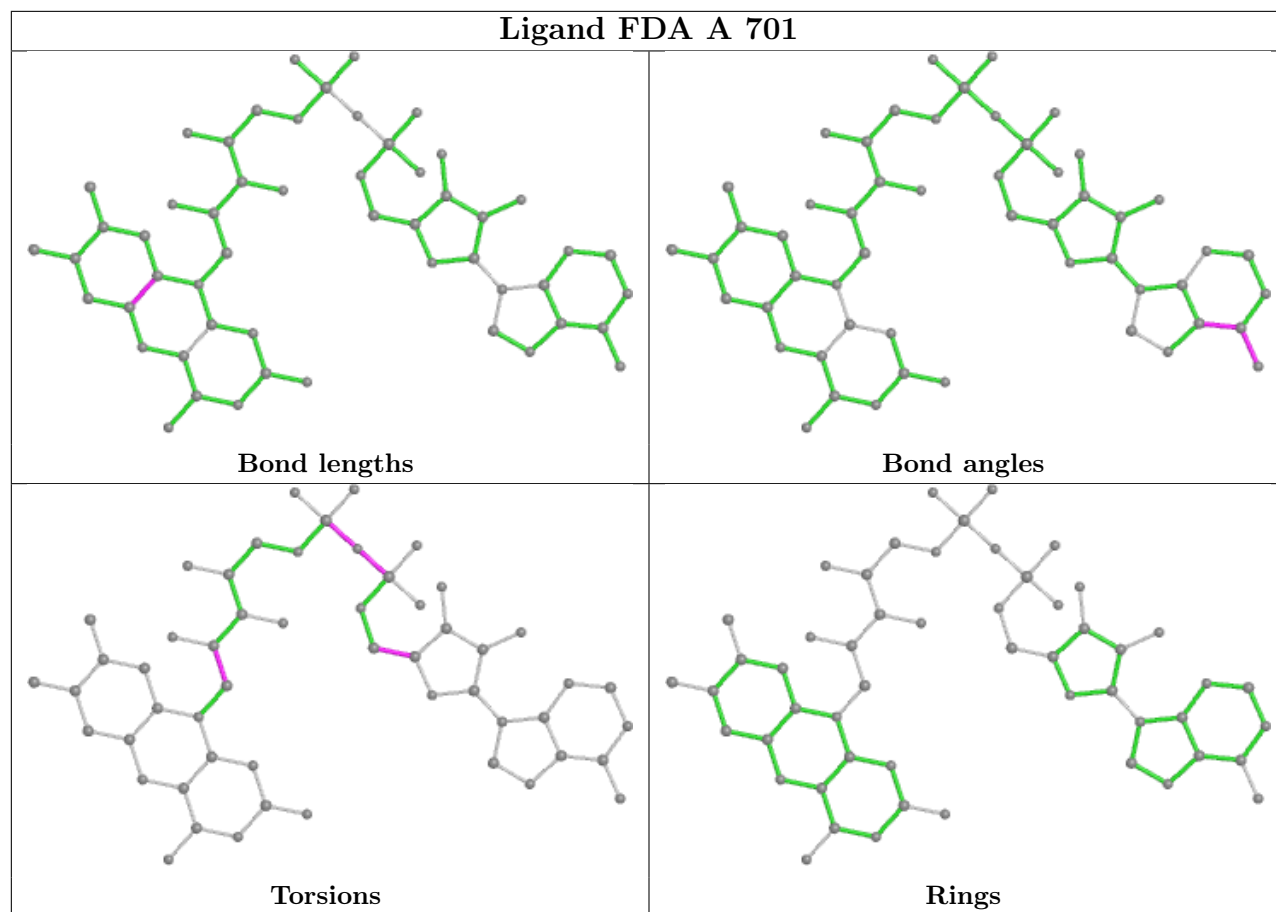
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	701	FDA	PA-O3P-P-O5'
5	B	702	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	B	702	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	702	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	701	FDA	P-O3P-PA-O1A

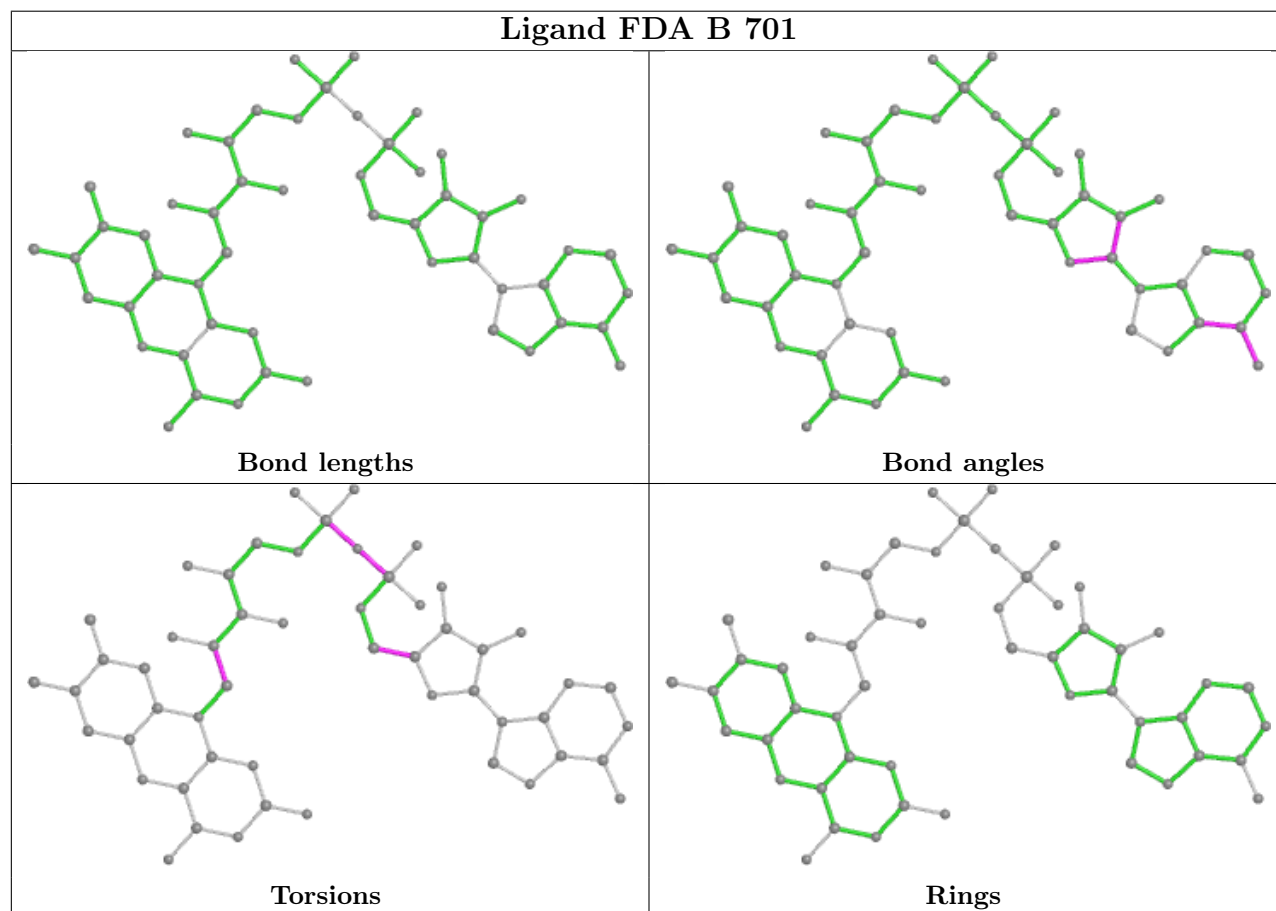
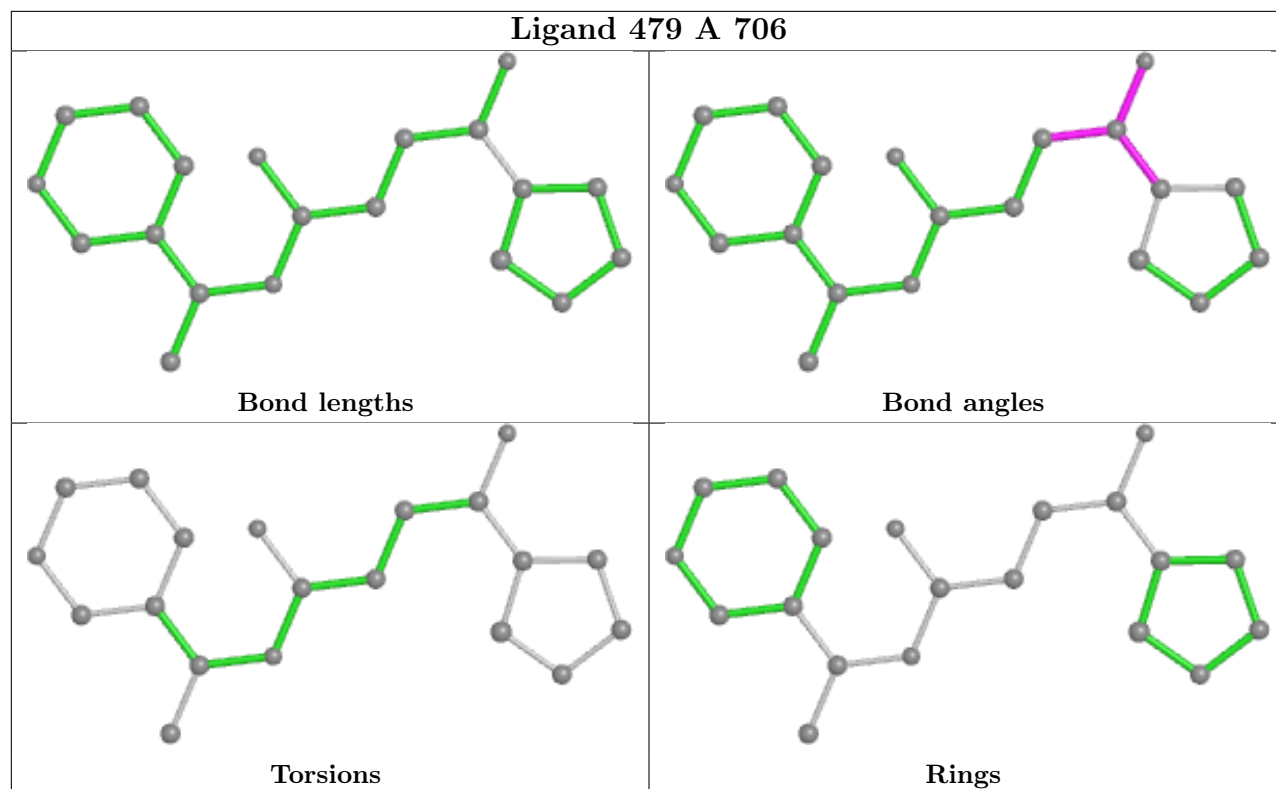
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	701	FDA	6	0
6	B	706	479	1	0
6	A	706	479	2	0
4	B	701	FDA	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	585/595 (98%)	-0.59	0 100 100	14, 18, 27, 47	0
1	B	584/595 (98%)	-0.58	1 (0%) 95 94	13, 19, 28, 54	0
All	All	1169/1190 (98%)	-0.58	1 (0%) 95 94	13, 18, 28, 54	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	46	ASN	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

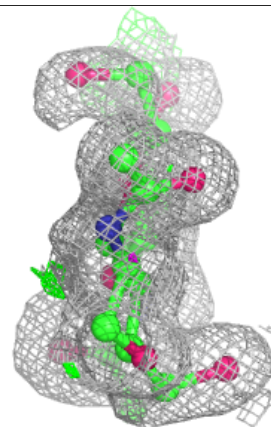
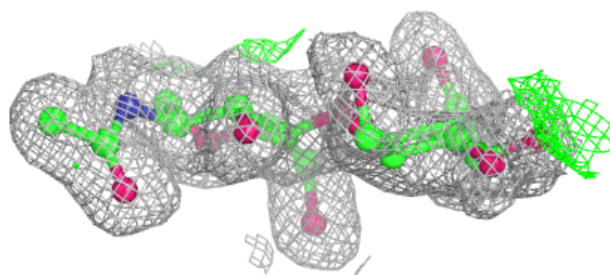
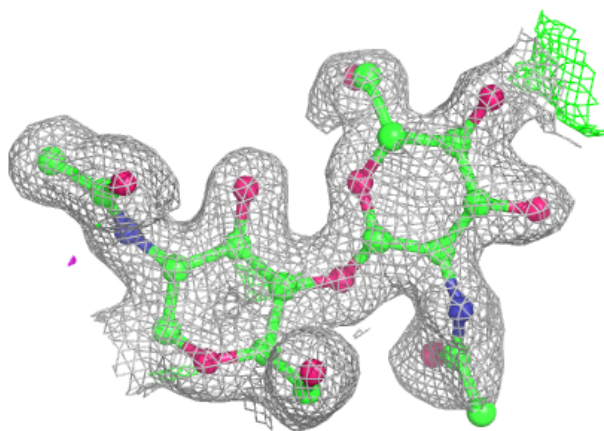
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

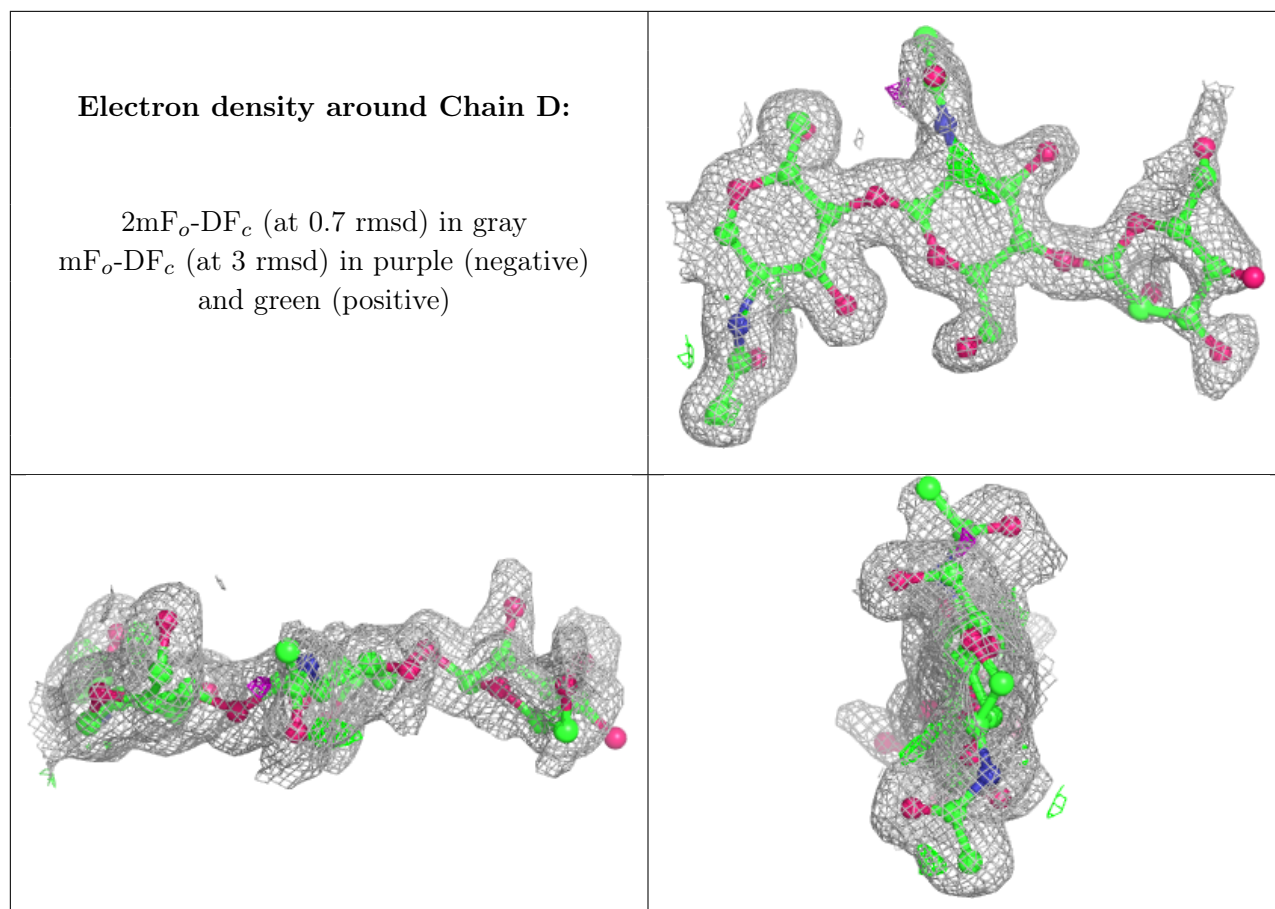
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.58	0.28	58,64,71,78	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.82	0.17	31,41,46,48	0
2	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.82	0.18	38,45,49,51	0
2	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.93	0.07	17,22,25,29	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.94	0.06	18,20,22,25	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain C:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

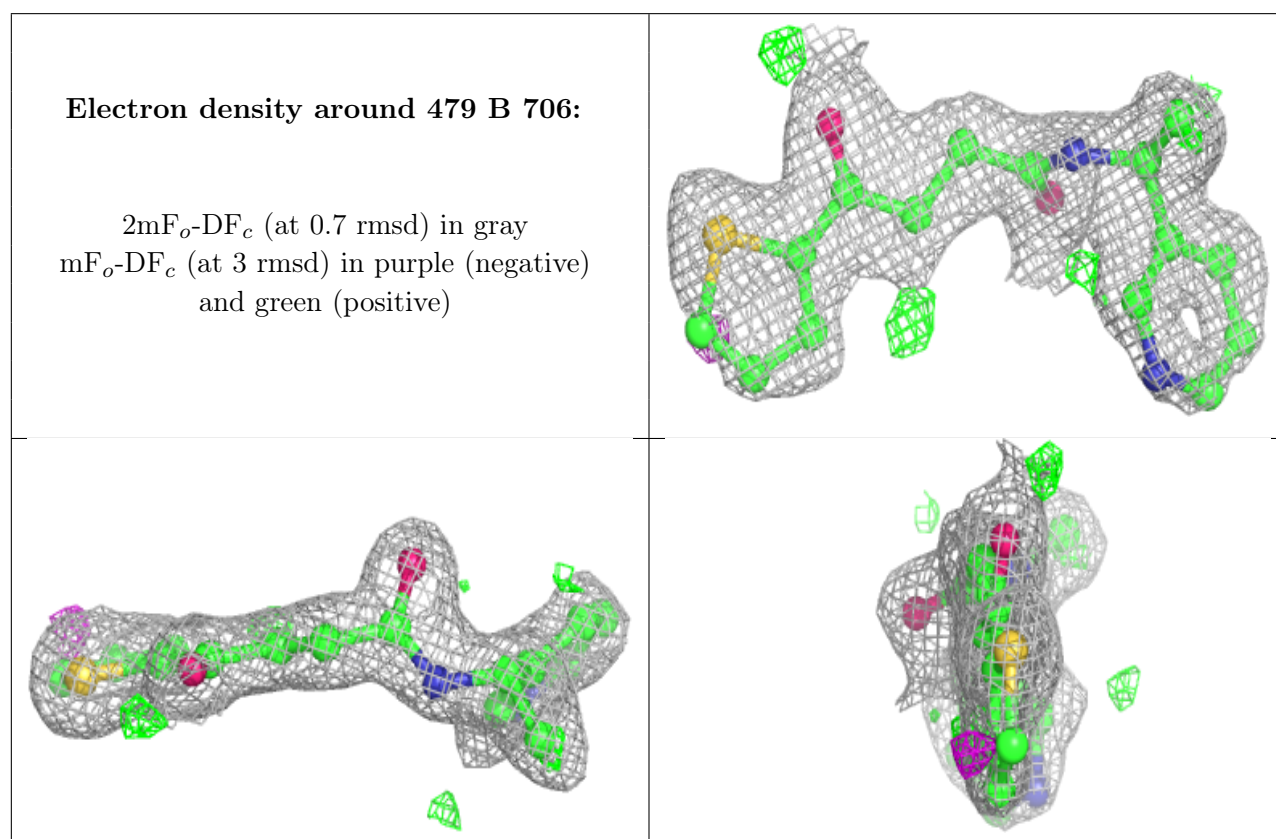
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
5	NAG	B	704	14/15	0.87	0.20	31,44,49,50	0
6	479	B	706	20/20	0.88	0.14	29,33,44,44	0
5	NAG	A	702	14/15	0.89	0.17	40,45,48,51	0
6	479	A	706	20/20	0.89	0.14	29,32,41,41	0
5	NAG	A	704	14/15	0.89	0.20	31,43,49,50	0
5	NAG	B	702	14/15	0.91	0.20	40,49,58,58	0
5	NAG	A	705	14/15	0.92	0.08	20,23,32,37	0
5	NAG	A	703	14/15	0.94	0.07	18,21,24,28	0
7	FMT	A	708	3/3	0.95	0.12	28,28,30,34	0
7	FMT	B	708	3/3	0.95	0.17	29,29,30,36	0
4	FDA	A	701	53/53	0.96	0.07	14,18,20,21	0
5	NAG	B	703	14/15	0.96	0.06	16,17,20,25	0
4	FDA	B	701	53/53	0.96	0.07	16,18,21,22	0

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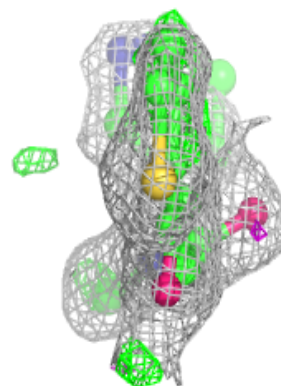
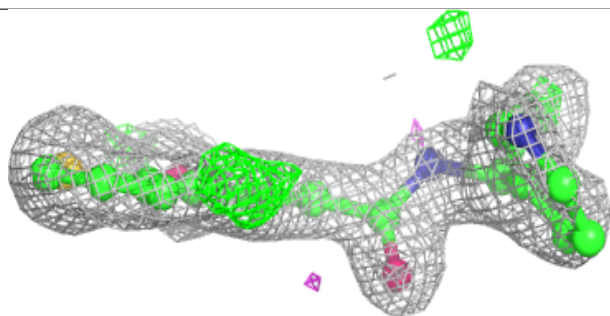
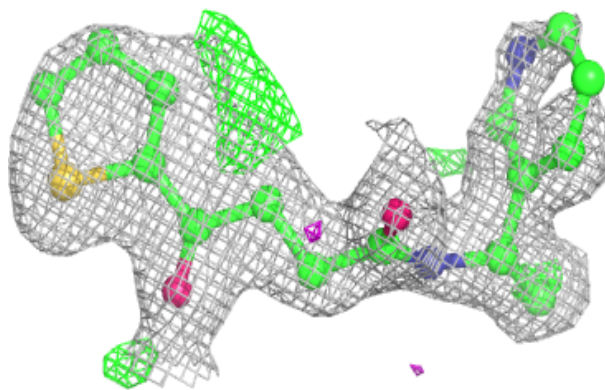
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	NAG	B	705	14/15	0.96	0.05	21,24,33,35	0
8	NA	A	709	1/1	0.96	0.11	34,34,34,34	0
7	FMT	A	707	3/3	0.97	0.08	24,24,26,28	0
7	FMT	B	707	3/3	0.97	0.10	25,25,26,28	0
9	MG	A	710	1/1	0.98	0.06	22,22,22,22	0
8	NA	B	709	1/1	0.99	0.07	34,34,34,34	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

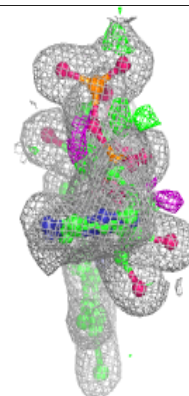
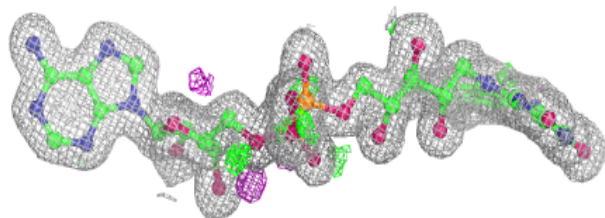
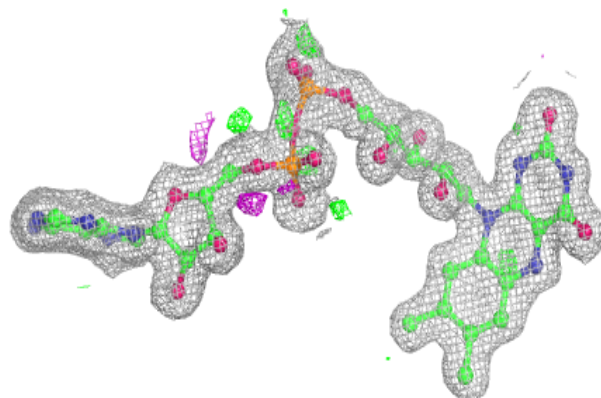


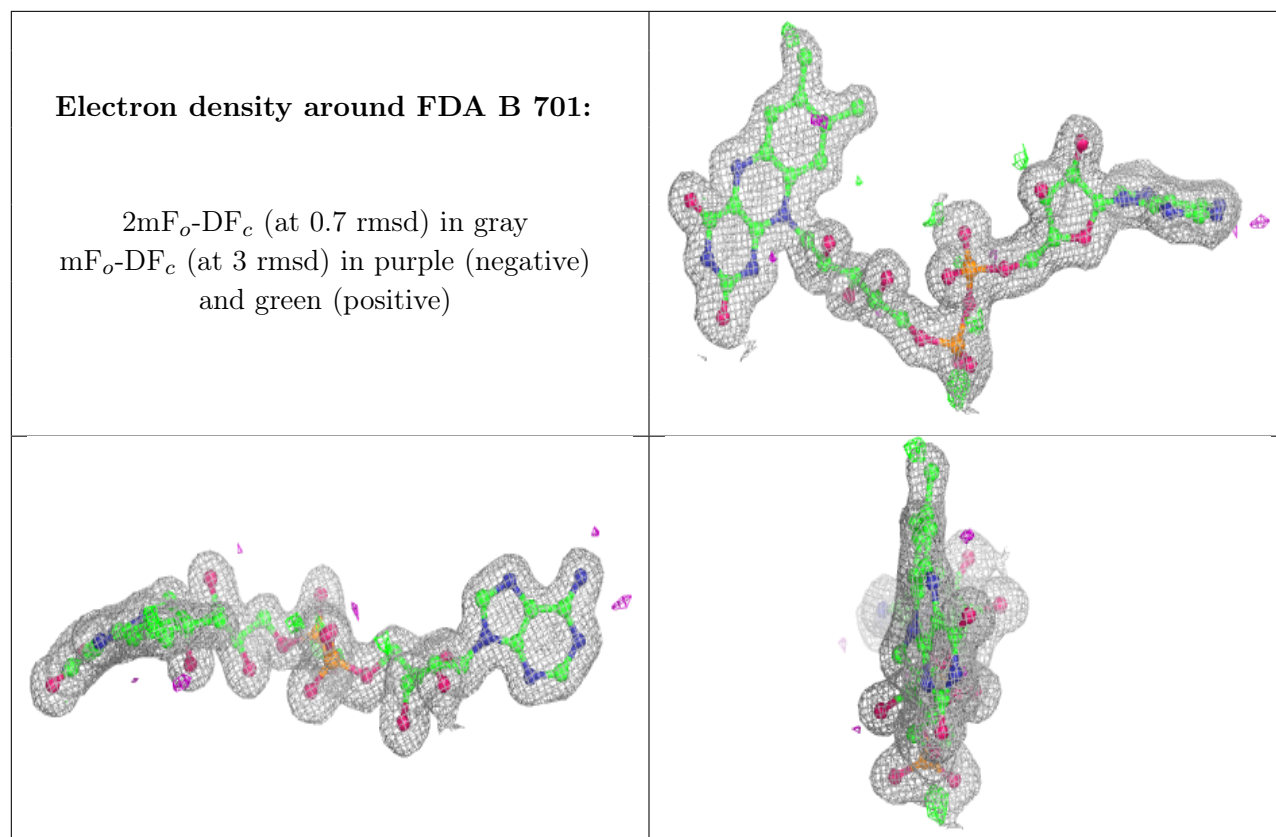
Electron density around 479 A 706:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around FDA A 701:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.