



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report

Jan 3, 2024 – 03:44 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4Z92
Title : crystal structure of parechovirus-1 virion
Authors : Kalynych, S.; Palkova, L.; Plevka, P.
Deposited on : 2015-04-09
Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the  symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

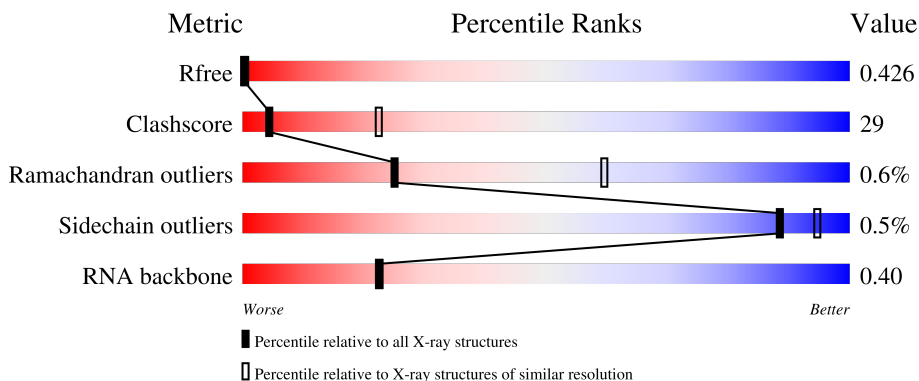
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1094 (3.10-3.10)
Clashscore	141614	1184 (3.10-3.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1141 (3.10-3.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1141 (3.10-3.10)
RNA backbone	3102	1116 (3.40-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	234	47% (green), 34% (yellow), 18% (grey), 1% (orange), 0% (red)
2	B	253	51% (green), 42% (yellow), 6% (grey), 1% (orange), 0% (red)
3	C	289	51% (green), 37% (yellow), 11% (grey), 1% (orange), 0% (red)
4	D	6	33% (green), 17% (yellow), 50% (orange), 0% (red), 0% (grey)

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5404 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called capsid subunit VP1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	192	1471	946	248	270	7	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Capsid subunit VP3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	239	1845	1167	318	350	10	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called capsid subunit VP0.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	C	257	1969	1252	326	385	6	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(*AP*UP*UP*UP*U)-3').

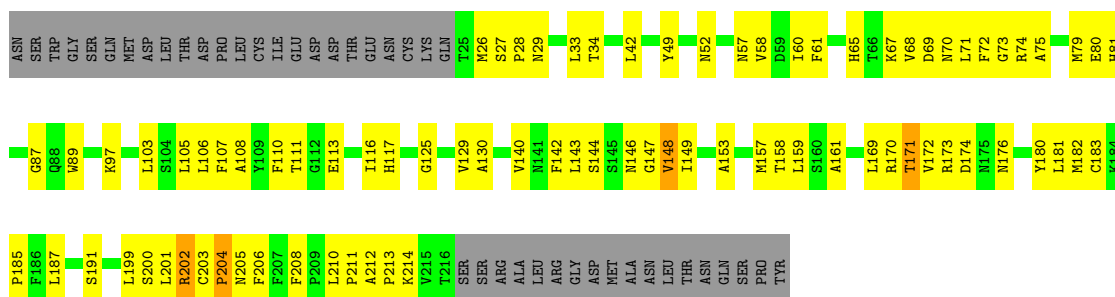
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
4	D	6	119	55	15	44	5	0	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

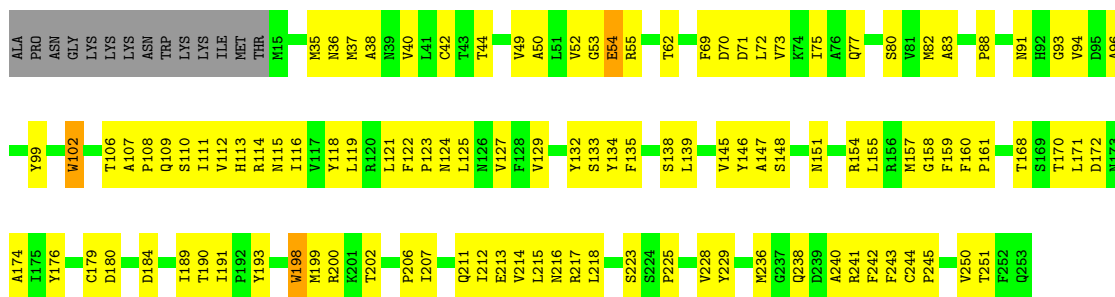
- Molecule 1: capsid subunit VP1

Chain A: 



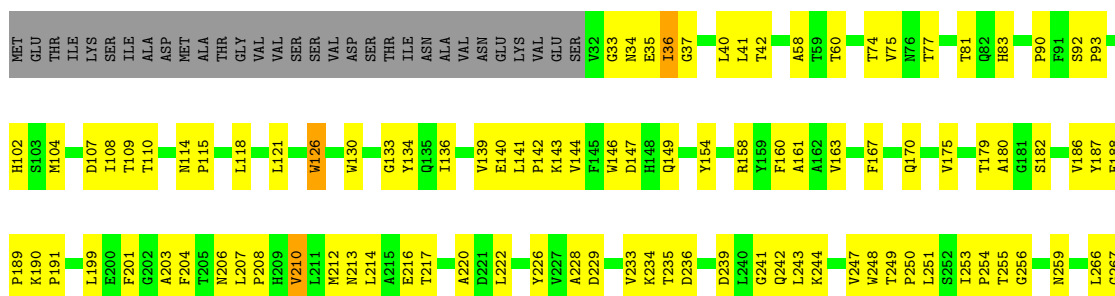
- Molecule 2: Capsid subunit VP3

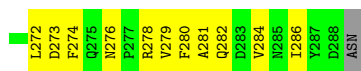
Chain B: 



- Molecule 3: capsid subunit VP0

Chain C: 

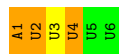




- Molecule 4: RNA (5'-R(*AP*UP*UP*UP*UP*U)-3')

Chain D: 33% 17% 50%

A horizontal bar chart for Chain D showing validation percentages. The bar is divided into three segments: green (33%), yellow (17%), and orange (50%).



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	399.50Å 399.50Å 332.86Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	65.00 – 3.10 63.93 – 3.09	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	78.2 (65.00-3.10) 82.8 (63.93-3.09)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.35	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.32 (at 3.07Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.3	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.290 , (Not available) 0.426 , 0.426	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	11563 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	46.2	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.088	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	77.56 , -7.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.45$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.28$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.09	EDS
Total number of atoms	5404	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 1.47% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.36	0/1513	0.65	4/2064 (0.2%)
2	B	0.35	1/1888 (0.1%)	0.54	0/2567
3	C	0.28	0/2021	0.55	0/2774
4	D	0.29	0/131	0.91	0/201
All	All	0.33	1/5553 (0.0%)	0.59	4/7606 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	54	GLU	CG-CD	-6.53	1.42	1.51

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	203	CYS	N-CA-C	-6.71	92.89	111.00
1	A	173	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.28	117.16	120.30
1	A	202	ARG	N-CA-C	5.89	126.91	111.00
1	A	171	THR	N-CA-C	-5.11	97.21	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1471	0	1394	107	2

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	1845	0	1781	123	0
3	C	1969	0	1862	108	2
4	D	119	0	63	8	0
All	All	5404	0	5100	304	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

The worst 5 of 304 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:D:1:A:H4'	4:D:2:U:H5'	1.19	1.11
1:A:57:ASN:HB3	2:B:241:ARG:HH21	1.30	0.93
1:A:201:LEU:HD13	1:A:204:PRO:HB3	1.54	0.88
4:D:1:A:H4'	4:D:2:U:C5'	2.05	0.87
3:C:158:ARG:HD2	3:C:281:ALA:HB2	1.57	0.86

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:52:ASN:OD1	3:C:107:ASP:CB[2_655]	1.39	0.81
1:A:52:ASN:ND2	3:C:110:THR:OG1[2_655]	2.02	0.18

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	190/234 (81%)	172 (90%)	16 (8%)	2 (1%)	14 46
2	B	237/253 (94%)	217 (92%)	20 (8%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	C	255/289 (88%)	224 (88%)	29 (11%)	2 (1%)	19	54
All	All	682/776 (88%)	613 (90%)	65 (10%)	4 (1%)	25	59

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	36	ILE
1	A	148	VAL
3	C	210	VAL
1	A	204	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	158/209 (76%)	158 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	201/220 (91%)	199 (99%)	2 (1%)	76	90
3	C	215/252 (85%)	214 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	94
All	All	574/681 (84%)	571 (100%)	3 (0%)	88	94

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	102	TRP
2	B	198	TRP
3	C	126	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 16 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	242	GLN
3	C	213	ASN
2	B	216	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	206	ASN
2	B	151	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
4	D	6/6 (100%)	3 (50%)	3 (50%)

All (3) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	2	U
4	D	3	U
4	D	4	U

All (3) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	1	A
4	D	2	U
4	D	3	U

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.