

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

#### May 13, 2024 – 10:51 pm BST

PDB ID : 6YNV

EMDB ID : EMD-10857

Title : Cryo-EM structure of Tetrahymena thermophila mitochondrial ATP synthase

- Fo-wing region

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Deposited on : 2020-04-14

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ : FAILED

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

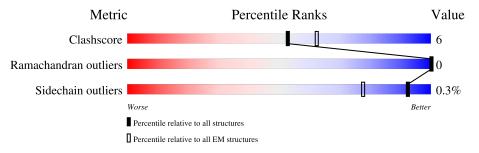
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\#  ext{Entries})$	${ m EM~structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	e	480	87%	13%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

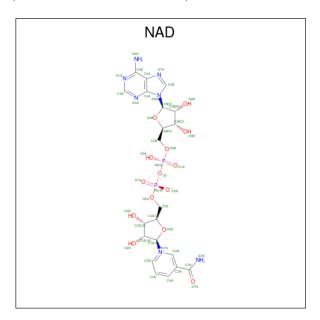
There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6750 atoms, of which 3311 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ATPTT1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	e	417	Total 6680	C 2171	H 3285	N 602	O 614	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 2 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula:  $C_{21}H_{27}N_7O_{14}P_2$ ).



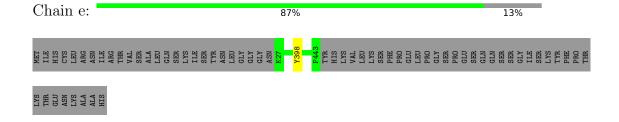
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf		
9	0	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
2	е	1	70	21	26	7	14	2	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ATPTT1





# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	61157	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	30.9	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	165000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	$\mathbf{lengths}$	Bond	$\mathbf{angles}$
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	е	0.54	0/3492	0.50	0/4720

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	е	3395	3285	3285	0	0
2	е	44	26	25	0	0
All	All	3439	3311	3310	0	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

There are no clashes within the asymmetric unit.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	sed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	e	415/480 (86%)	390 (94%)	25 (6%)	0	100 100		

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	lysed Rotameric		Percentiles			
1	e	359/414 (87%)	358 (100%)	1 (0%)		92	98	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	е	398	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	е	228	HIS
1	е	264	ASN
1	е	293	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	l Type Chain Res			Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAD	е	900	-	42,48,48	3.86	18 (42%)	50,73,73	2.12	7 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAD	е	900	-	-	8/26/62/62	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 18 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	е	900	NAD	O4D-C1D	-10.19	1.26	1.41
2	е	900	NAD	C3B-C4B	-9.43	1.28	1.53
2	е	900	NAD	C3D-C4D	-8.62	1.31	1.53
2	е	900	NAD	C7N-N7N	8.40	1.49	1.33
2	е	900	NAD	O4B-C4B	7.59	1.62	1.45

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	е	900	NAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-8.36	111.95	126.64
2	е	900	NAD	C5A-C6A-N6A	7.77	132.16	120.35
2	е	900	NAD	N6A-C6A-N1A	-5.31	107.54	118.57
2	е	900	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.14	120.65	128.68
2	е	900	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-2.68	123.64	132.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	е	900	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
2	е	900	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O3
2	е	900	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
2	е	900	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
2	е	900	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-10857. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

## 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

This section was not generated.

#### 6.2 Central slices (i)

This section was not generated.

### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

This section was not generated.

### 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

This section was not generated.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

This section was not generated.

# 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)

This section was not generated.

# 7.2 Volume estimate versus contour level (i)

This section was not generated.

## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum had issues being displayed.



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section was not generated.

