

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 9, 2023 – 02:23 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6XR0
Title	:	Crystal Structure of Human Melanotransferrin in complex with SC57.32 Fab
Authors	:	Hayashi, K.; Longenecker, K.L.; Vivona, S.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	3.06 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

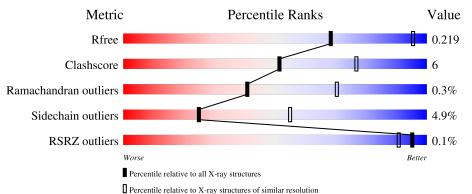
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.06 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	1754 (3.10-3.02)
Clashscore	141614	1864 (3.10-3.02)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1794 (3.10-3.02)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1793 (3.10-3.02)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1713 (3.10-3.02)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	Н	221	86%	10% ••				
2	L	214	85%	14% •				
3	М	738	77%	14% • 7%				
4	А	2	50%	50%				
4	В	2	50%	50%				



6XR0

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8704 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called SC57.32 Fab Heavy Chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	н	215	Total	\mathbf{C}	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
	11	215	1636	1037	271	320	8	0		0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called SC57.32 Fab Light Chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	L	214	Total 1669	C 1033	N 283	0 346	${ m S} 7$	0	1	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Melanotransferrin.

Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	М	683	Total 5272	C 3291	N 930	0 1014	$\frac{\mathrm{S}}{37}$	0	3	0

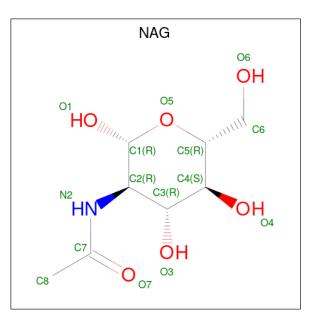
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	А	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
4	В	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





\mathbf{N}	ſol	Chain	Residues	A	tor	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
	5	М	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	М	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

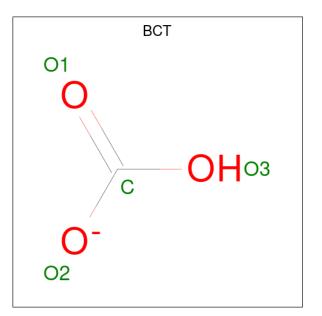
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	М	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	М	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 9 is BICARBONATE ION (three-letter code: BCT) (formula: CHO₃).





Μ	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
ę)	М	1	Total 4	C 1	O 3	0	0

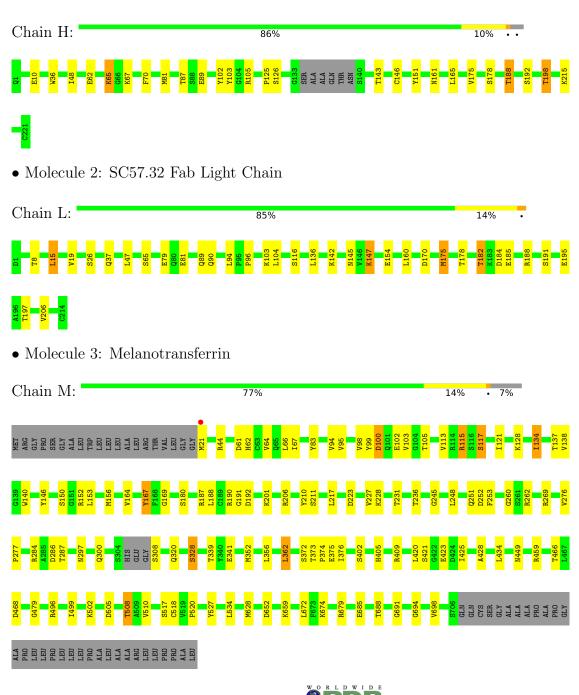
• Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	Н	9	Total O 9 9	0	0
10	L	10	Total O 10 10	0	0
10	М	31	Total O 31 31	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: SC57.32 Fab Heavy Chain

• Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

50%

50%

50%

50%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	57.83Å 136.91Å 111.14Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 91.46° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	111.10 - 3.06	Depositor
Resolution (A)	111.10 - 3.06	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (111.10-3.06)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (111.10-3.06)	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.21 (at 3.07 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.11.7 (19-MAR-2020)	Depositor
P. P.	0.202 , 0.225	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.206 , 0.219	DCC
R_{free} test set	1728 reflections (5.32%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	68.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.498	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31 , 49.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.025 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	8704	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	71.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.42% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BCT, MG, FE, NAG, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	Н	0.47	0/1679	0.61	0/2291
2	L	0.42	0/1704	0.56	0/2313
3	М	0.41	0/5396	0.56	0/7317
All	All	0.43	0/8779	0.57	0/11921

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Н	1636	0	1592	14	0
2	L	1669	0	1588	15	0
3	М	5272	0	5037	68	0
4	А	28	0	25	0	0
4	В	28	0	25	0	0
5	М	14	0	13	1	0
6	М	1	0	0	0	0
7	М	1	0	0	0	0
8	М	1	0	0	0	0
9	М	4	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	Н	9	0	0	0	0
10	L	10	0	0	0	0
10	М	31	0	0	0	0
All	All	8704	0	8280	95	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 95 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:M:137:THR:HG23	3:M:276:VAL:HG11	1.59	0.84
3:M:352:MET:O	3:M:356:LEU:HB3	1.83	0.78
3:M:137:THR:CG2	3:M:276:VAL:HG11	2.11	0.78
3:M:117:SER:O	3:M:262:ARG:NH1	2.22	0.72
2:L:182:THR:HG23	2:L:185:GLU:HB2	1.71	0.72

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	Н	211/221~(96%)	202~(96%)	7 (3%)	2(1%)	17	47
2	L	213/214 (100%)	201 (94%)	12 (6%)	0	100	100
3	М	682/738~(92%)	633~(93%)	48 (7%)	1 (0%)	51	81
All	All	1106/1173~(94%)	1036 (94%)	67~(6%)	3~(0%)	41	70

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	М	245	GLY
1	Н	65	LYS
1	Н	178	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	F	Perce	ntiles
1	Н	182/186~(98%)	175~(96%)	7~(4%)		33	63
2	L	193/192~(100%)	180 (93%)	13 (7%)		16	43
3	М	564/598~(94%)	537~(95%)	27 (5%)		25	55
All	All	939/976~(96%)	892~(95%)	47 (5%)		25	54

5 of 47 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	М	167	TYR
3	М	308	SER
3	М	180	SER
3	М	211	SER
3	М	328	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	М	65	GLN
3	М	297	ASN
3	М	350	HIS
3	М	300	GLN
3	М	33	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Chain			Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	NAG	А	1	3,4	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.30	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.65	1 (5%)
4	NAG	А	2	4	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.77	0
4	NAG	В	1	3,4	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
4	NAG	В	2	4	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.92	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	А	1	3,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	А	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	1	3,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.17	116.49	112.19
4	А	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-2.27	106.61	110.49

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

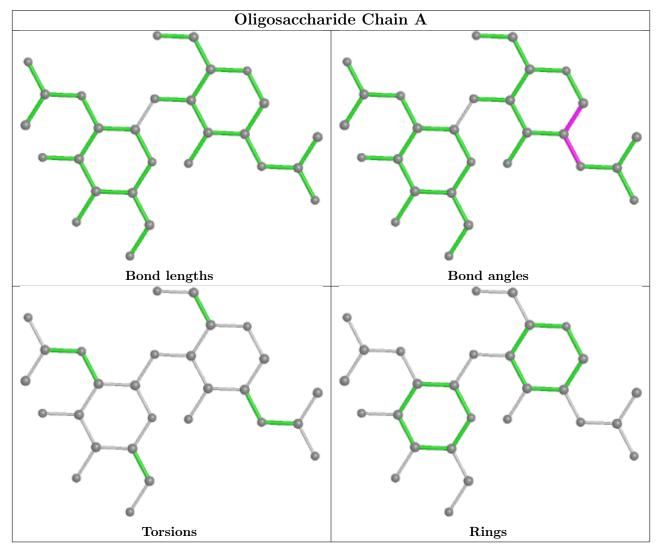


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

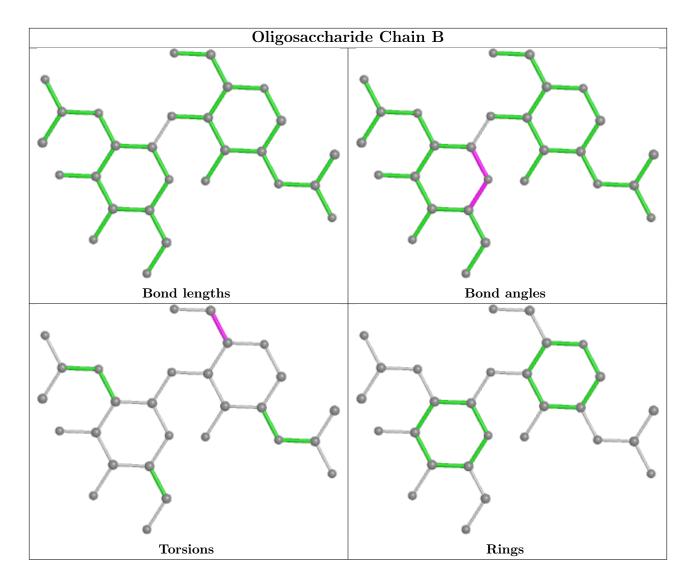
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MOI			nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
5	NAG	М	803	3	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	1.10	1 (5%)	
9	BCT	М	809	8	2,3,3	0.57	0	2,3,3	1.95	1 (50%)	



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

[Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	5	NAG	М	803	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	М	803	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.54	116.98	112.19
9	М	809	BCT	O3-C-O1	-2.49	113.08	119.55

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	М	803	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	М	803	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	М	803	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
1	Н	215/221~(97%)	0.02	0 100 100	39,57,79,97	0
2	L	214/214~(100%)	-0.12	0 100 100	47, 70, 91, 98	0
3	М	683/738~(92%)	-0.01	1 (0%) 95 91	40, 76, 110, 120	0
All	All	1112/1173~(94%)	-0.03	1 (0%) 95 91	39, 70, 106, 120	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	М	21	MET	2.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

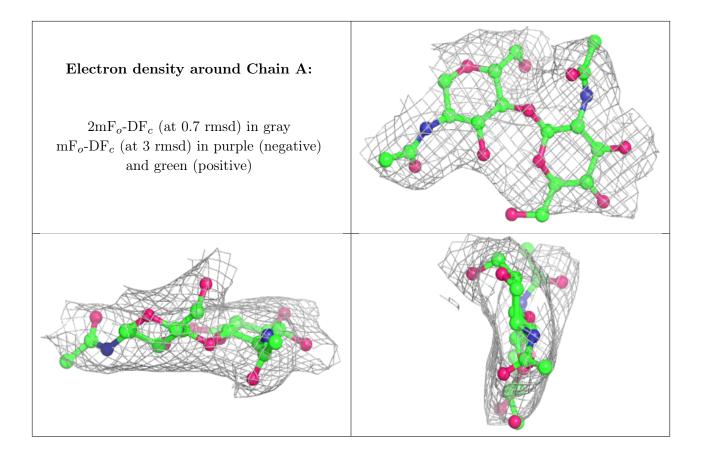
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

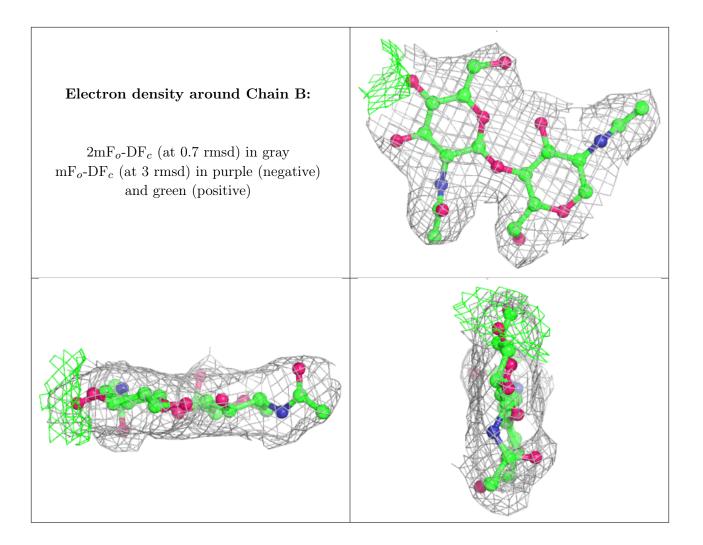
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.89	0.21	$54,\!55,\!56,\!56$	0
4	NAG	А	2	14/15	0.93	0.22	75,77,78,79	0
4	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.97	0.17	52,53,54,54	0
4	NAG	А	1	14/15	0.97	0.19	70,71,72,74	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









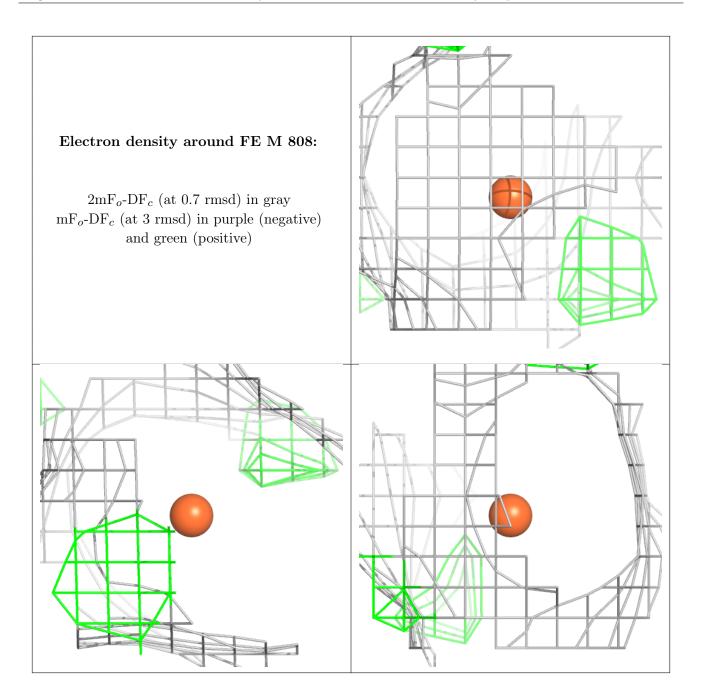
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	М	803	14/15	0.84	0.17	84,85,86,86	0
6	MG	М	806	1/1	0.95	0.26	$35,\!35,\!35,\!35$	0
7	NA	М	807	1/1	0.97	0.21	40,40,40,40	0
9	BCT	М	809	4/4	0.98	0.16	$53,\!53,\!53,\!53$	0
8	FE	М	808	1/1	0.99	0.20	74,74,74,74	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

