

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Apr 21, 2024 – 10:41 am BST

PDB ID : 2XG3

Title : Human galectin-3 in complex with a benzamido-N-acetyllactoseamine inhibitor Authors : Diehl, C.; Engstrom, O.; Delaine, T.; Hakansson, M.; Genheden, S.; Modig,

K.; Leffler, H.; Ryde, U.; Nilsson, U.; Akke, M.

Deposited on : 2010-05-30

Resolution : 1.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

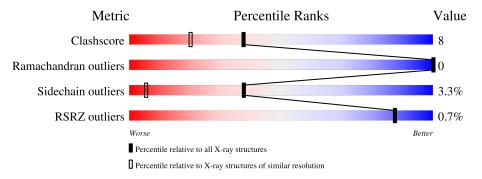
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
TVICTIC	(# Entries)	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	1286 (1.22-1.18)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1240 (1.22-1.18)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1239 (1.22-1.18)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1200 (1.22-1.18)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	138	82%	14%	•
2	В	2	100%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1551 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Galectin-3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	138	Total 1285	C 830	N 228	O 223	S 4	0	29	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	113	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P17931

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose.



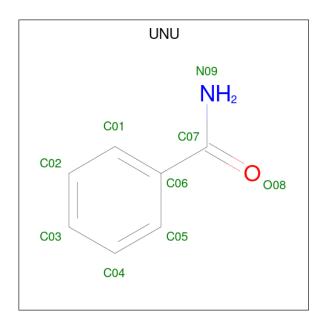
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total 25	C 14	N 1	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is BENZAMIDE (three-letter code: UNU) (formula: C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>7</sub>NO).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	0	0	0
4	Α.	1	9	7	1	1		'

#### • Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	231	Total O 231 231	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Galectin-3

Chain A:

82%

14%

• Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

100%



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	35.80Å 57.69Å 62.41Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.00 - 1.20	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	22.46 - 1.20	EDS
% Data completeness	94.8 (25.00-1.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	89.9 (22.46-1.20)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.00 (at 1.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
D D.	0.141 , 0.193	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.147 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	11.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.316	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30 , 61.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.45, < L^2>=0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	1551	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.35% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GAL, NAG, UNU, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain		lengths		ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.58	0/1370	1.31	12/1854~(0.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	169	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.63	114.99	120.30
1	A	169	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.12	124.86	120.30
1	A	221	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	8.43	126.06	121.00
1	A	168[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.49	116.56	120.30
1	A	168[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.49	116.56	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	
1	A	113[B]	ALA	Peptide	



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Mol Chain Non-H		H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes	
1	A 1285		0	1355	21	0	
2	В	25	0	22	0	0	
3	A	1	0	0	0	0	
4	A	9	0	6	0	0	
5	A	231	0	0	16	0	
All	All	1551	0	1383	21	0	

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 21 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:A:193[B]:GLU:OE1	5:A:2147:HOH:O	1.56	1.22	
1:A:205[B]:GLU:CD	5:A:2162:HOH:O	2.00	1.00	
1:A:205[B]:GLU:OE1	5:A:2162:HOH:O	1.78	1.00	
1:A:205[B]:GLU:OE2	5:A:2162:HOH:O	1.82	0.95	
1:A:140[B]:PRO:O	5:A:2029:HOH:O	1.87	0.92	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentile	$\mathbf{s}$
1	A	164/138 (119%)	158 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100 100	



There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Mol Chain Anal		Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	151/123 (123%)	145 (96%)	6 (4%)	31 4

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	150[B]	GLN
1	A	183	ARG
1	A	233	LYS
1	A	116[B]	VAL
1	A	116[A]	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les
MIOI			nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	В	1	2	15,15,15	0.51	0	21,21,21	1.66	4 (19%)
2	GAL	В	2	2,4	10,10,12	1.27	1 (10%)	12,13,17	1.30	3 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	В	2	2,4	-	0/2/15/22	0/1/1/1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

I	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
	2	В	2	GAL	C1-C2	3.65	1.54	1.51

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2	-4.66	101.82	110.62
2	В	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.85	106.27	110.73
2	В	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-2.61	105.59	110.24
2	В	2	GAL	O5-C1-C2	-2.26	107.97	110.66
2	В	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	2.16	114.66	109.30

There are no chirality outliers.

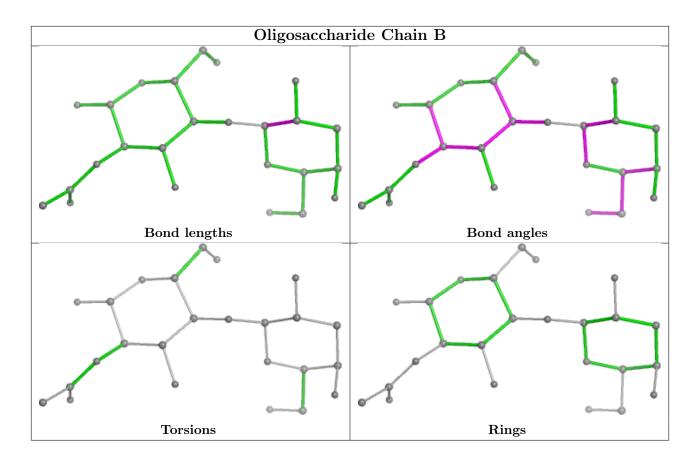
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les
MIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	UNU	A	1253	2	9,9,9	1.70	1 (11%)	11,11,11	1.17	1 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	UNU	A	1253	2	-	2/4/4/4	0/1/1/1



#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
ſ	4	A	1253	UNU	O08-C07	4.94	1.33	1.24

#### All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	1253	UNU	O08-C07-N09	-3.11	118.16	122.58

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1253	UNU	C05-C06-C07-O08
4	A	1253	UNU	C01-C06-C07-O08

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	138/138 (100%)	-0.27	1 (0%) 87 87	10, 16, 26, 42	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ	
1	A	113[A]	ALA	5.6	

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

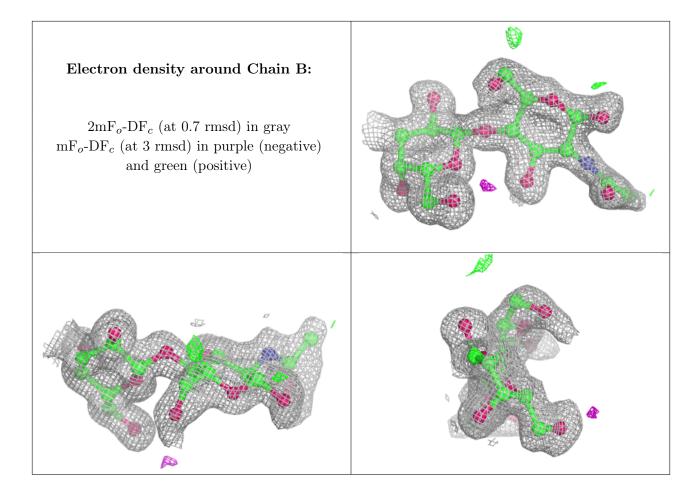
## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	1	15/15	0.93	0.13	21,39,52,55	0
2	GAL	В	2	10/12	0.96	0.07	16,18,23,27	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	UNU	A	1253	9/9	0.88	0.27	22,34,44,45	0
3	CL	A	1252	1/1	0.97	0.09	28,28,28,28	0

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

