

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 18, 2024 – 02:27 AM EDT

PDB ID : 5X6E

Title: Crystal structure of PrfA-DNA binary complex

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Deposited on : 2017-02-21

Resolution : 2.99 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.37.1 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

 $CCP4 : 7.0.044 ext{ (Gargrove)}$ 

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

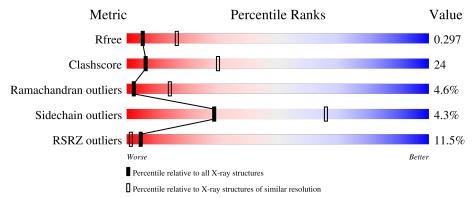
 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) & : & 2.37.1 \end{tabular}$ 

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.99 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\bf Similar \ resolution} \\ (\#{\bf Entries, \ resolution \ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2092 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	2416 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2333 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2336 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1990 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Qualit	y of chain
			13%	
1	A	237	54%	38% 5% •
			18%	
1	В	237	53%	38% 7% •
			13%	
1	E	237	59%	34% 5%
			14%	
1	F	237	55%	36% 5% •
			8%	
1	M	237	59%	34% • •

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	N	237	61%	30%	8%
2	С	29	62%	38%	
2	G	29	79%		17% •
2	О	29	62%	38%	
3	D	29	62%	38%	
3	Н	29	52%	48%	
3	Р	29	62%	34%	•



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15154 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Listeriolysin positive regulatory factor A.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	M	236	Total 1920	C 1253	N 301	O 359	S 7	0	0	0
1	N	236	Total 1920	C 1253	N 301	O 359	S 7	0	0	0
1	A	236	Total 1920	C 1253	N 301	O 359	S 7	0	0	0
1	В	236	Total 1920	C 1253	N 301	O 359	S 7	0	0	0
1	Е	236	Total 1920	C 1253	N 301	O 359	S 7	0	0	0
1	F	236	Total 1920	C 1253	N 301	O 359	S 7	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (29-MER).

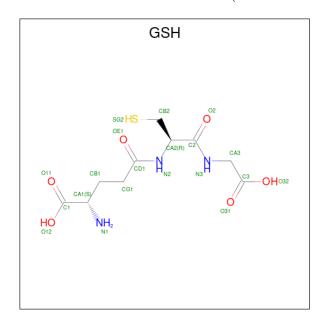
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	0	29	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
		29	587	283	104	172	28	U	U	
9	C	29	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
2		29	587	283	104	172	28			U
9	С	28	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
	G	20	571	274	101	168	28	0	0	U

• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (28-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	P	28	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
9	1	20	577	276	105	168	28	0	U	
3	D	29	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
3	ש	29	596	286	110	172	28	0		
9	Н	29	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
3	п	29	596	286	110	172	28	0	U	



 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is GLUTATHIONE (three-letter code: GSH) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_{10}H_{17}N_3O_6S}).$ 



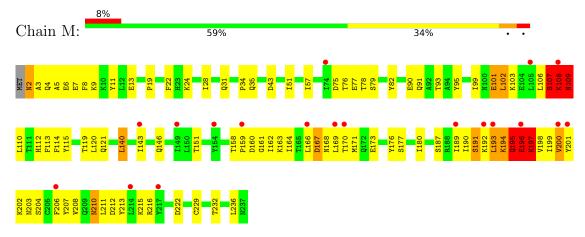
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	M	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
4	1V1	1	20	10	3	6	1	0	0
4	N	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
4	IN	1	20	10	3	6	1	0	0
4	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
4	А	1	20	10	3	6	1	0	0
4	В	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
4	Ъ	1	20	10	3	6	1	0	0
4	E	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
4	ינו	1	20	10	3	6	1	0	0
1	F	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
4	1'	1	20	10	3	6	1		



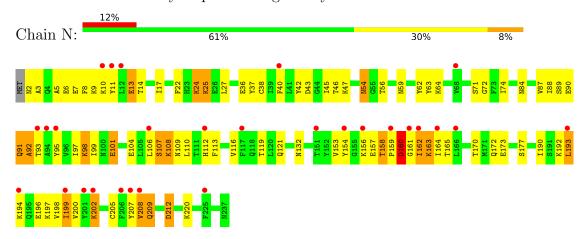
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

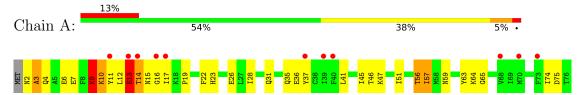
• Molecule 1: Listeriolysin positive regulatory factor A



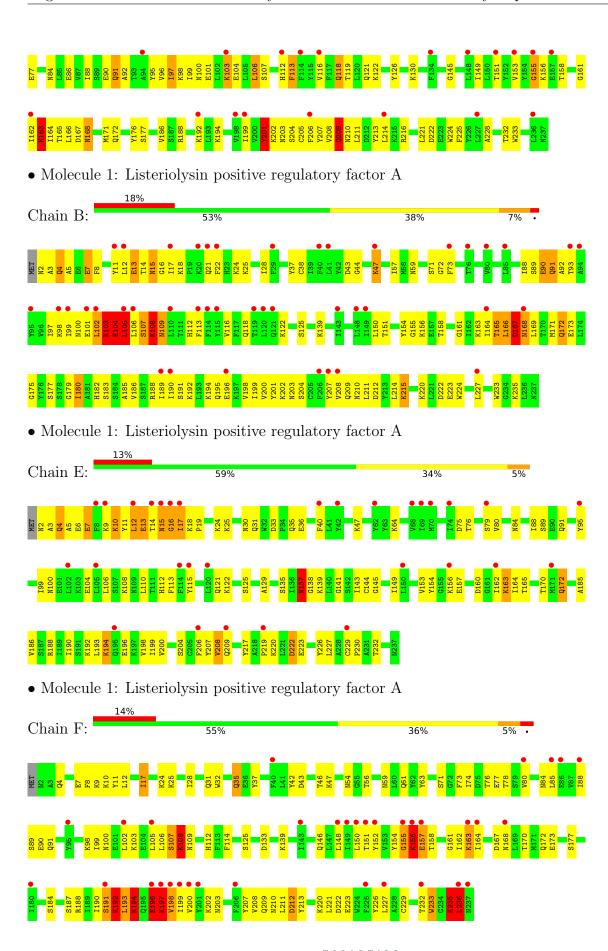
• Molecule 1: Listeriolysin positive regulatory factor A



• Molecule 1: Listeriolysin positive regulatory factor A









• Molecule 2: DNA (29-MER) Chain O: 38% • Molecule 2: DNA (29-MER) Chain C: 62% 38% • Molecule 2: DNA (29-MER) Chain G: 79% 17% • Molecule 3: DNA (28-MER) Chain P: 62% 34% • Molecule 3: DNA (28-MER) Chain D: 62% 38% • Molecule 3: DNA (28-MER) Chain H: 52% 48%



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	65.02Å 96.59Å 370.53Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	93.47 - 2.99	Depositor
Resolution (A)	96.59 - 2.99	EDS
% Data completeness	96.0 (93.47-2.99)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.6 (96.59-2.99)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.49 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.8.4_1496	Depositor
D D.	0.249 , 0.300	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.250 , $0.297$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2358 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	92.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.711	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30 , 78.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.47, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	15154	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	114.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.64% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

### 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GSH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	В	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.35	0/1964	0.65	4/2652~(0.2%)
1	В	0.35	0/1964	0.69	$4/2652 \ (0.2\%)$
1	Е	0.34	0/1964	0.62	0/2652
1	F	0.43	0/1964	0.79	$8/2652 \ (0.3\%)$
1	M	0.39	0/1964	0.69	4/2652~(0.2%)
1	N	0.36	0/1964	0.63	0/2652
2	С	0.71	0/657	0.98	0/1011
2	G	0.65	0/639	0.97	0/983
2	О	0.69	0/657	1.00	0/1011
3	D	0.72	0/669	0.96	0/1032
3	Н	0.69	0/669	0.98	0/1032
3	Р	0.71	0/647	0.97	0/997
All	All	0.47	0/15722	0.77	$20/21978 \; (0.1\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6
1	В	0	8
1	Е	0	4
1	F	0	10
1	M	0	7
1	N	0	4
All	All	0	39

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	M	195	GLN	N-CA-C	10.36	138.96	111.00
1	F	194	LYS	CB-CG-CD	-7.97	90.87	111.60
1	F	155	GLY	N-CA-C	7.76	132.49	113.10
1	F	194	LYS	N-CA-C	7.69	131.76	111.00
1	В	166	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-6.84	99.37	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 39 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	M	107	SER	Peptide
1	M	108	LYS	Peptide
1	M	191	SER	Peptide
1	M	193	LEU	Peptide
1	M	194	LYS	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1920	0	1920	103	0
1	В	1920	0	1920	119	0
1	Е	1920	0	1920	95	0
1	F	1920	0	1920	135	0
1	M	1920	0	1920	88	0
1	N	1920	0	1920	105	0
2	С	587	0	330	8	0
2	G	571	0	318	6	0
2	О	587	0	330	10	0
3	D	596	0	330	7	0
3	Н	596	0	330	11	0
3	Р	577	0	318	9	0
4	A	20	0	15	2	0
4	В	20	0	15	0	0
4	Ε	20	0	15	1	0
4	F	20	0	15	1	0
4	M	20	0	15	0	0
4	N	20	0	15	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	15154	0	13566	671	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 24.

The worst 5 of 671 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:B:108:LYS:HG2	1:B:109:ASN:HB3	1.43	1.00
1:M:194:LYS:HG3	1:M:195:GLN:HB2	1.41	0.98
1:F:151:THR:HA	1:F:156:LYS:HE2	1.47	0.95
1:F:162:ILE:HG12	1:F:208:VAL:HB	1.57	0.87
1:F:198:VAL:O	1:F:209:GLN:N	2.06	0.87

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	234/237 (99%)	195 (83%)	27 (12%)	12 (5%)	2 12
1	В	234/237 (99%)	197 (84%)	26 (11%)	11 (5%)	2 14
1	E	234/237 (99%)	204 (87%)	24 (10%)	6 (3%)	5 27
1	F	234/237 (99%)	202 (86%)	20 (8%)	12 (5%)	2 12
1	М	234/237 (99%)	207 (88%)	16 (7%)	11 (5%)	2 14
1	N	234/237 (99%)	206 (88%)	16 (7%)	12 (5%)	2 12
All	All	1404/1422 (99%)	1211 (86%)	129 (9%)	64 (5%)	2 14

5 of 64 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	M	4	GLN
1	M	102	LEU
1	M	107	SER
1	M	203	ASN
1	N	98	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$211/212\ (100\%)$	199 (94%)	12 (6%)	20	56
1	В	211/212 (100%)	200 (95%)	11 (5%)	23	59
1	E	$211/212\ (100\%)$	201 (95%)	10 (5%)	26	63
1	F	$211/212\ (100\%)$	205 (97%)	6 (3%)	43	77
1	М	$211/212\ (100\%)$	202 (96%)	9 (4%)	29	66
1	N	211/212 (100%)	205 (97%)	6 (3%)	43	77
All	All	$1266/1272\ (100\%)$	1212 (96%)	54 (4%)	29	66

5 of 54 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	18	LYS
1	В	180	ILE
1	F	35	GLN
1	В	47	LYS
1	В	104	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 15 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Е	2	ASN
1	F	100	ASN
1	Е	15	ASN
1	F	209	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Ε	137	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trme	Chain	Dec	Res Link Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	GSH	F	301	-	18,19,19	1.87	2 (11%)	23,24,24	1.42	3 (13%)
4	GSH	Е	301	-	18,19,19	1.87	2 (11%)	23,24,24	1.51	4 (17%)
4	GSH	A	301	-	18,19,19	1.86	2 (11%)	23,24,24	1.44	5 (21%)
4	GSH	В	301	-	18,19,19	1.87	2 (11%)	23,24,24	1.62	5 (21%)
4	GSH	M	301	-	18,19,19	1.85	2 (11%)	23,24,24	1.41	2 (8%)
4	GSH	N	301	-	18,19,19	1.88	2 (11%)	23,24,24	1.43	4 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GSH	F	301	-	-	3/24/24/24	-
4	GSH	Е	301	-	-	6/24/24/24	-
4	GSH	A	301	_	-	1/24/24/24	-
4	GSH	В	301	-	-	5/24/24/24	-
4	GSH	M	301	-	-	0/24/24/24	-
4	GSH	N	301	_	-	3/24/24/24	_

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Ideal(Å)
4	N	301	GSH	C2-N3	4.86	1.44	1.33
4	F	301	GSH	C2-N3	4.84	1.44	1.33
4	Е	301	GSH	C2-N3	4.82	1.44	1.33
4	N	301	GSH	CD1-N2	4.82	1.44	1.34
4	A	301	GSH	C2-N3	4.78	1.44	1.33

The worst 5 of 23 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	В	301	GSH	CA2-CB2-SG2	-3.62	110.12	114.19
4	Е	301	GSH	CA2-CB2-SG2	-3.17	110.63	114.19
4	M	301	GSH	CA2-CB2-SG2	-3.14	110.66	114.19
4	F	301	GSH	CA2-CB2-SG2	-3.10	110.71	114.19
4	A	301	GSH	CA2-CB2-SG2	-2.66	111.21	114.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 18 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	301	GSH	N2-CA2-CB2-SG2
4	В	301	GSH	C2-CA2-CB2-SG2
4	F	301	GSH	O31-C3-CA3-N3
4	F	301	GSH	O32-C3-CA3-N3
4	N	301	GSH	O11-C1-CA1-N1

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	F	301	GSH	1	0
4	Ε	301	GSH	1	0

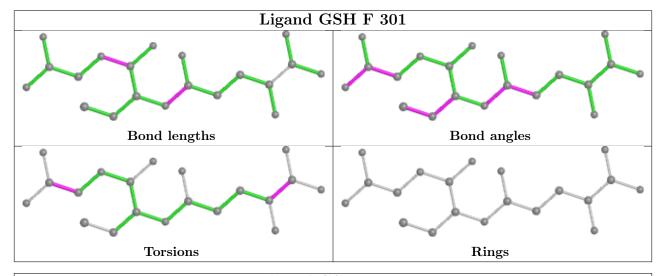
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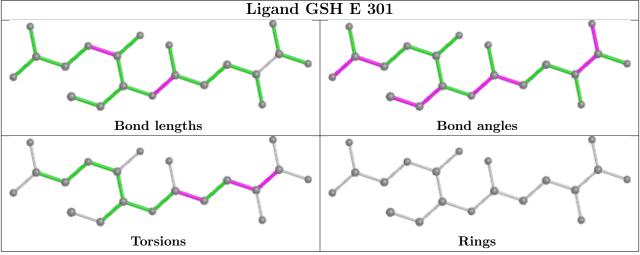


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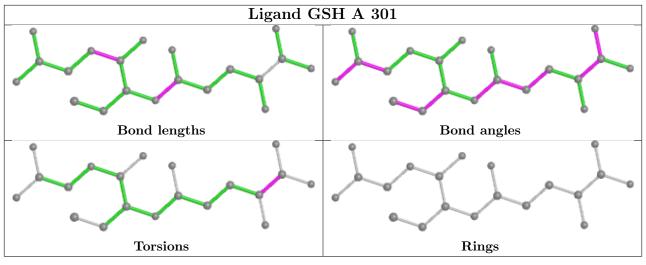
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	301	GSH	2	0
4	N	301	GSH	1	0

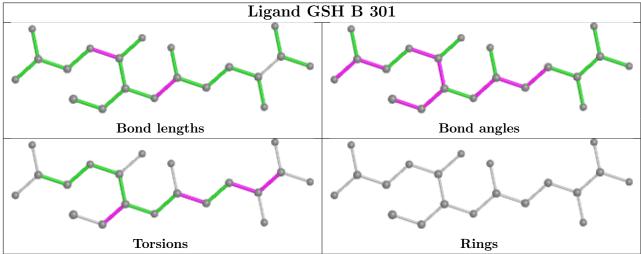
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

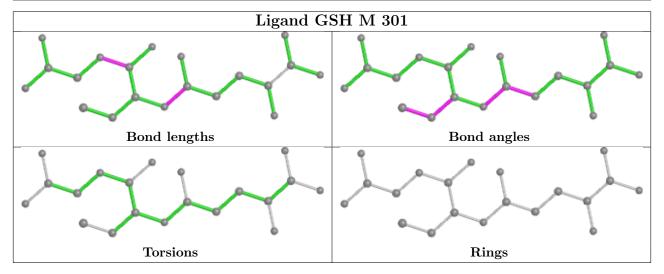




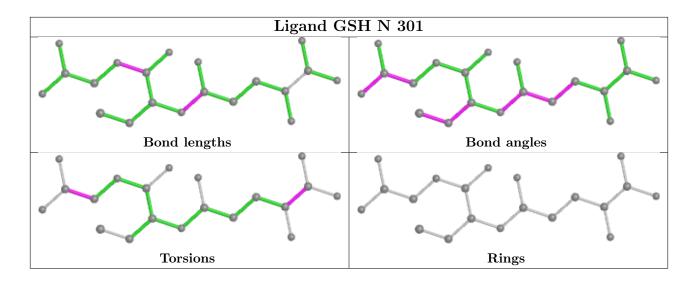












### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathrm{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	236/237~(99%)	0.71	30 (12%) 3 1	63, 103, 162, 217	0
1	В	236/237 (99%)	0.93	42 (17%) 1 0	75, 109, 170, 217	0
1	E	236/237 (99%)	0.74	30 (12%) 3 1	71, 110, 175, 230	0
1	F	236/237 (99%)	0.91	34 (14%) 2 1	72, 111, 195, 268	0
1	M	236/237 (99%)	0.67	19 (8%) 12 3	64, 95, 143, 183	0
1	N	236/237 (99%)	0.73	28 (11%) 4 1	70, 100, 160, 202	0
2	С	29/29 (100%)	-0.47	0 100 100	84, 111, 130, 144	0
2	G	28/29~(96%)	-0.48	0 100 100	100, 135, 150, 157	0
2	О	29/29 (100%)	-0.57	0 100 100	87, 115, 146, 165	0
3	D	29/29 (100%)	-0.54	0 100 100	79, 106, 122, 141	0
3	Н	29/29 (100%)	-0.52	0 100 100	105, 126, 149, 176	0
3	Р	28/29 (96%)	-0.67	0 100 100	93, 114, 126, 132	0
All	All	1588/1596 (99%)	0.64	183 (11%) 4 1	63, 107, 168, 268	0

The worst 5 of 183 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	F	197	LYS	16.5
1	F	237	ASN	10.1
1	F	156	LYS	7.5
1	Е	16	GLY	7.0
1	F	201	TYR	6.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

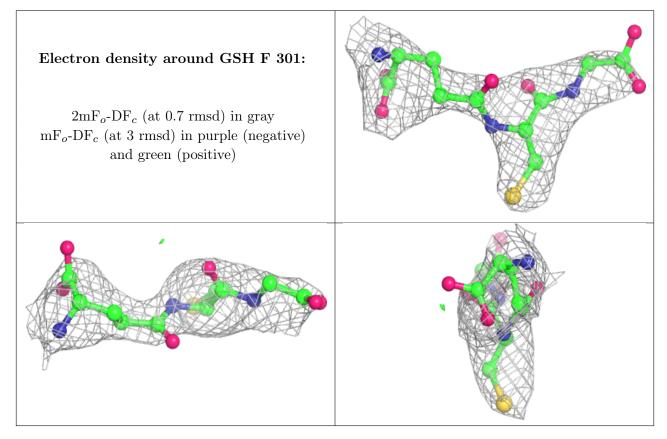
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GSH	F	301	20/20	0.82	0.41	83,110,146,176	0
4	GSH	A	301	20/20	0.85	0.27	83,101,136,150	0
4	GSH	N	301	20/20	0.85	0.32	93,111,142,144	0
4	GSH	В	301	20/20	0.86	0.35	95,120,137,176	0
4	GSH	Е	301	20/20	0.87	0.32	98,113,157,230	0
4	GSH	M	301	20/20	0.91	0.25	72,96,124,149	0

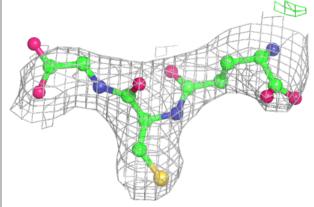
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

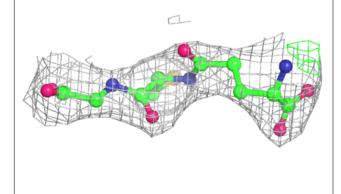


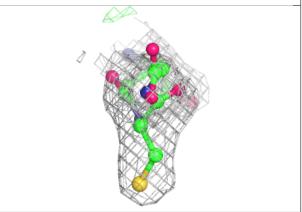


#### Electron density around GSH A 301:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

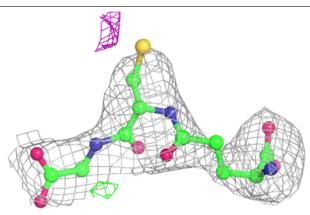


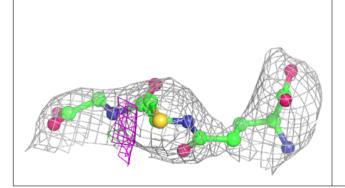


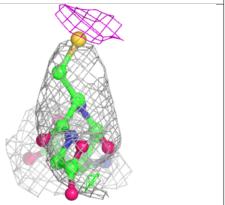


#### Electron density around GSH N 301:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



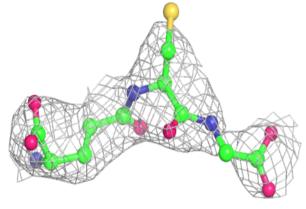


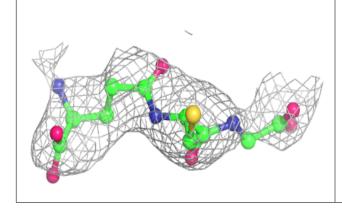


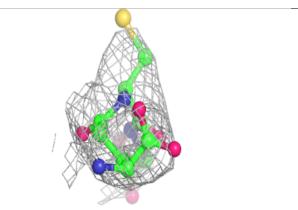


#### Electron density around GSH B 301:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

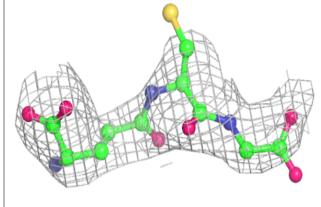


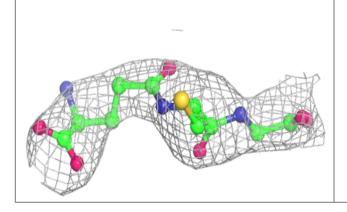


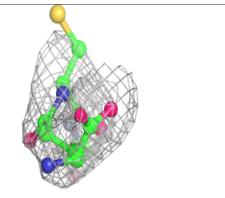


#### Electron density around GSH E 301:

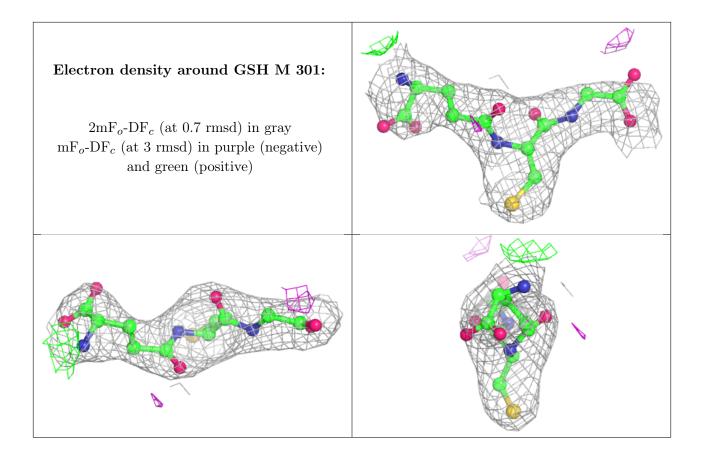
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

