

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 13, 2023 – 06:43 PM JST

PDB ID : 8W78

Title : Structure of Drosophila melanogaster L-2-hydroxyglutarate dehydrogenase in

complex with FAD and 2-oxoglutarate

Authors : Yang, J.; Chen, X.; Jin, S.; Ding, J.

Deposited on : 2023-08-30

Resolution : 2.81 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

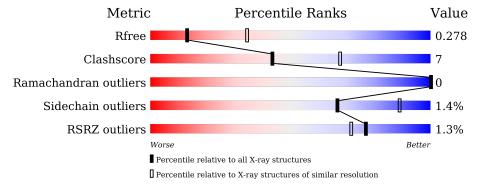
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.81 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	3617 (2.84-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	4060 (2.84-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3978 (2.84-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3980 (2.84-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3552 (2.84-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	415	83%	15%	•
1	В	415	83%	15%	
1	С	415	80%	16%	<del>.</del>
1	D	415	81%	17%	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

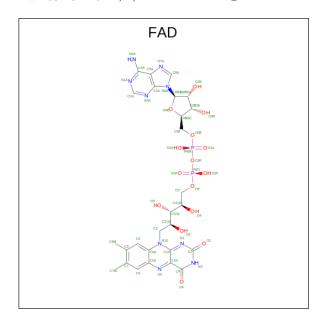
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12657 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called FI05204p.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	410	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	410	3115	1996	527	576	16	0	U	
1	С	C 400	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1			2952	1894	496	546	16	U		
1	В	409	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	409	3100	1989	523	572	16	0	0	0
1	D	406	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		406	3098	1989	522	571	16	0	U	U

• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula:  $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	A	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
		1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0

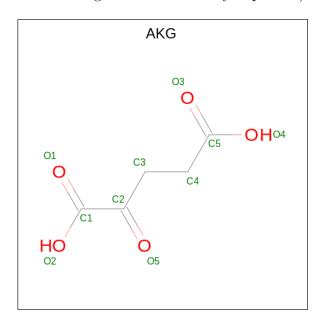
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Б	Б 1	53	27	9	15	2	U	
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	D	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0

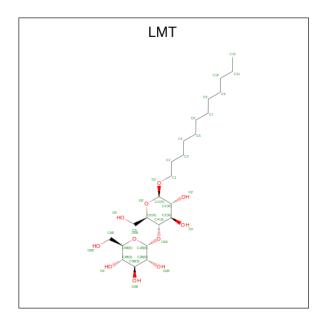
• Molecule 3 is 2-OXOGLUTARIC ACID (three-letter code: AKG) (formula:  $C_5H_6O_5$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	С	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	D	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is DODECYL-BETA-D-MALTOSIDE (three-letter code: LMT) (formula:  $C_{24}H_{46}O_{11}).$ 





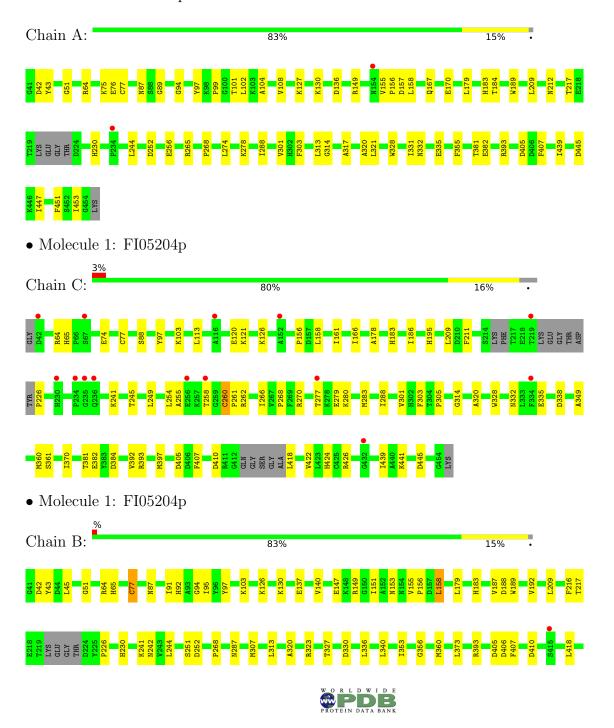
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
1	Δ	1	Total C O	0	0	
	4 A	1	35 24 11	0	U	
4	$\mathbf{C}$	1	Total C O	0	0	
	4	1	35 24 11	0		
4	В	1	Total C O	0	0	
	T D	1	35 24 11	0	U	
1	D	1	Total C O	0	0	
4   D	D	1	35 24 11			



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

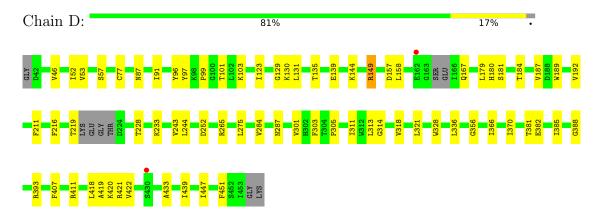
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: FI05204p





 $\bullet$  Molecule 1: FI05204p





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	100.08Å 102.33Å 102.63Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $108.33^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	31.67 - 2.81	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	31.67 - 2.81	EDS
% Data completeness	86.1 (31.67-2.81)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	86.1 (31.67-2.81)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.17	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.05  (at  2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.18.2_3874: ???)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.228 , $0.277$	Depositor
It, It free	0.229 , $0.278$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2005  reflections  (4.84%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(\mathring{A}^2)$	53.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.040	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.31\;,32.2$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.014 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	12657	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.31% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LMT, AKG, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.24	0/3187	0.41	0/4325	
1	В	0.24	0/3171	0.41	0/4303	
1	С	0.27	1/3017~(0.0%)	0.43	0/4107	
1	D	0.25	0/3168	0.42	0/4296	
All	All	0.25	1/12543~(0.0%)	0.42	0/17031	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	С	260	CYS	CB-SG	-5.30	1.73	1.81

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3115	0	3051	41	0
1	В	3100	0	3045	37	0
1	С	2952	0	2827	48	0
1	D	3098	0	3049	41	0
2	A	53	0	31	3	0
2	В	53	0	31	3	0

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Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	53	0	31	3	0
2	D	53	0	31	2	0
3	A	10	0	4	0	0
3	В	10	0	4	2	0
3	С	10	0	4	1	0
3	D	10	0	4	1	0
4	A	35	0	46	1	0
4	В	35	0	45	0	0
4	С	35	0	45	2	0
4	D	35	0	46	1	0
All	All	12657	0	12294	167	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 167 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
1:C:262:ARG:O	1:C:426:ARG:NH2	2.16	0.79
1:C:245:THR:OG1	1:C:424:HIS:ND1	2.17	0.78
1:D:370:ILE:HD11	1:D:385:ILE:HD13	1.69	0.75
1:C:393:ARG:HG2	2:C:501:FAD:HM83	1.67	0.75
1:A:393:ARG:HG2	2:A:501:FAD:HM83	1.71	0.73

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	406/415~(98%)	387 (95%)	19 (5%)	0	100	100
1	В	405/415~(98%)	387 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	$\mathbf{C}$	392/415 (94%)	372 (95%)	20 (5%)	0	100	100
1	D	400/415 (96%)	375 (94%)	25 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1603/1660 (97%)	1521 (95%)	82 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	322/343~(94%)	321 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 97
1	В	320/343~(93%)	317 (99%)	3 (1%)	78 93
1	С	294/343~(86%)	289 (98%)	5 (2%)	60 86
1	D	321/343~(94%)	312 (97%)	9 (3%)	43 76
All	All	1257/1372~(92%)	1239 (99%)	18 (1%)	67 89

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	167	GLN
1	D	265	ARG
1	D	211	PHE
1	В	410	ASP
1	D	157	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	212	ASN
1	С	153	ASN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Т	Clasica	Dag	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	FAD	A	501	-	53,58,58	0.44	0	68,89,89	0.51	2 (2%)
3	AKG	D	502	-	9,9,9	1.42	2 (22%)	11,11,11	1.48	2 (18%)
4	LMT	В	503	-	36,36,36	1.16	5 (13%)	47,47,47	1.01	2 (4%)
3	AKG	В	502	-	9,9,9	1.43	2 (22%)	11,11,11	1.47	2 (18%)
3	AKG	С	502	-	9,9,9	1.45	2 (22%)	11,11,11	1.36	1 (9%)
4	LMT	D	503	-	36,36,36	1.15	5 (13%)	47,47,47	0.99	2 (4%)
4	LMT	С	503	-	36,36,36	1.15	5 (13%)	47,47,47	1.01	2 (4%)
2	FAD	В	501	-	53,58,58	0.45	0	68,89,89	0.53	2 (2%)
4	LMT	A	503	-	36,36,36	1.12	5 (13%)	47,47,47	0.99	2 (4%)
2	FAD	С	501	-	53,58,58	0.45	0	68,89,89	0.54	2 (2%)
2	FAD	D	501	-	53,58,58	0.45	0	68,89,89	0.50	1 (1%)
3	AKG	A	502	-	9,9,9	1.45	2 (22%)	11,11,11	1.38	1 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	A	501	-	-	10/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	AKG	D	502	-	-	5/9/9/9	-
4	LMT	В	503	-	-	11/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
3	AKG	В	502	-	-	5/9/9/9	-
3	AKG	С	502	-	-	6/9/9/9	-
4	LMT	D	503	-	-	10/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
4	LMT	С	503	-	-	9/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
2	FAD	В	501	-	-	12/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	LMT	A	503	-	-	8/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
2	FAD	С	501	-	-	13/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	D	501	-		13/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	AKG	A	502	-	-	6/9/9/9	-

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
4	В	503	LMT	O3'-C3'	-2.68	1.36	1.43
4	С	503	LMT	O3'-C3'	-2.62	1.36	1.43
4	D	503	LMT	O3'-C3'	-2.60	1.36	1.43
4	A	503	LMT	O3'-C3'	-2.54	1.37	1.43
3	В	502	AKG	O5-C2	-2.41	1.18	1.23

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	D	503	LMT	C1'-O5'-C5'	-2.78	108.22	113.69
4	С	503	LMT	C3'-C4'-C5'	-2.76	104.59	110.93
4	В	503	LMT	C1'-O5'-C5'	-2.65	108.48	113.69
4	С	503	LMT	C1'-O5'-C5'	-2.62	108.55	113.69
3	A	502	AKG	C3-C2-C1	2.57	120.75	115.97

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 108 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	501	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
2	A	501	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O3P

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	501	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-O2'
2	A	501	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-C3'
2	С	501	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A

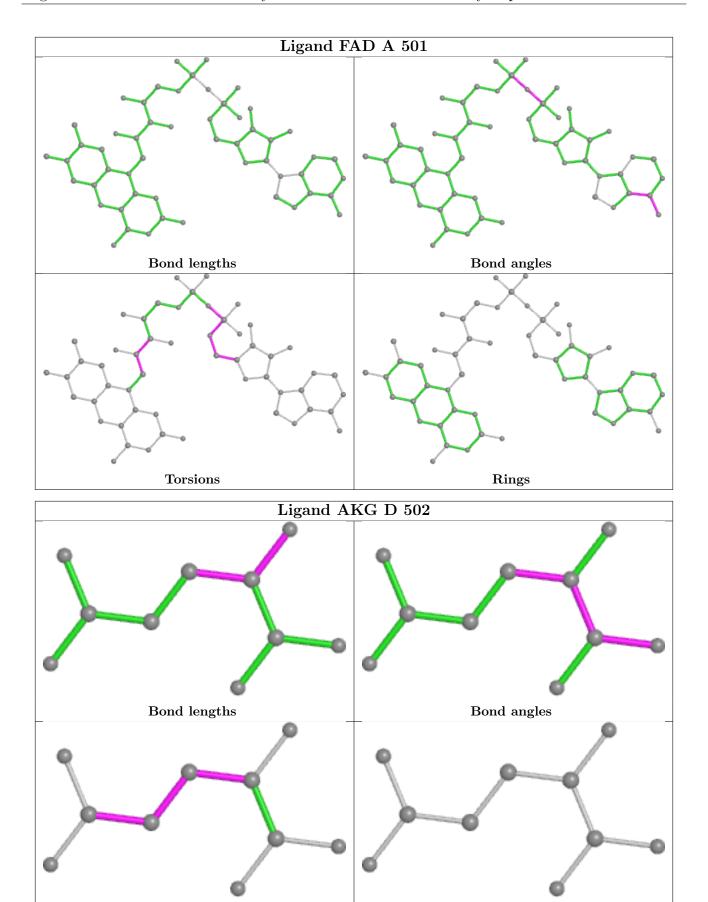
There are no ring outliers.

10 monomers are involved in 19 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	501	FAD	3	0
3	D	502	AKG	1	0
3	В	502	AKG	2	0
3	С	502	AKG	1	0
4	D	503	LMT	1	0
4	С	503	LMT	2	0
2	В	501	FAD	3	0
4	A	503	LMT	1	0
2	С	501	FAD	3	0
2	D	501	FAD	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

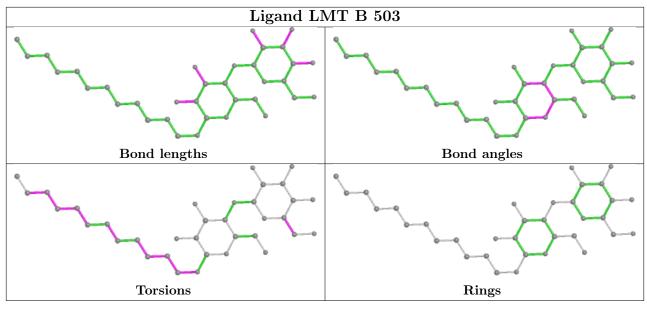


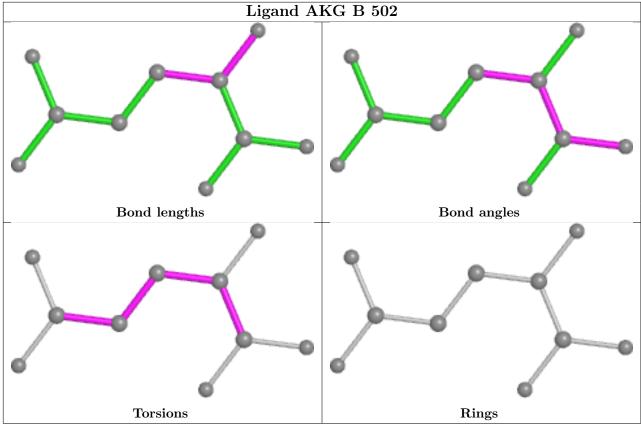




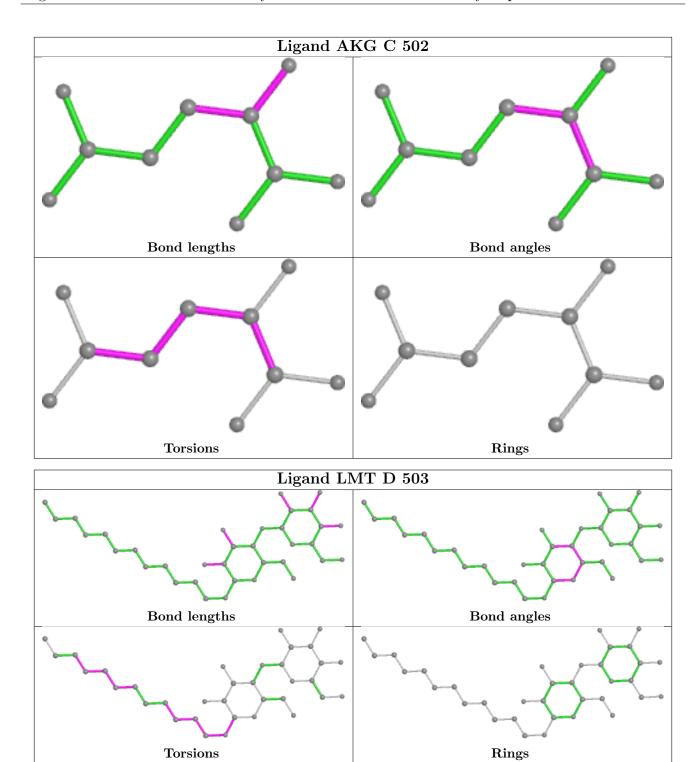
Rings

Torsions

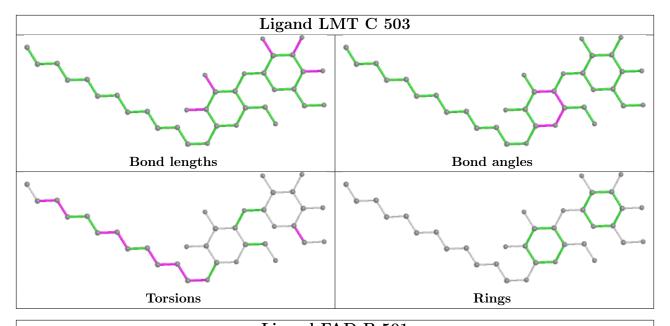




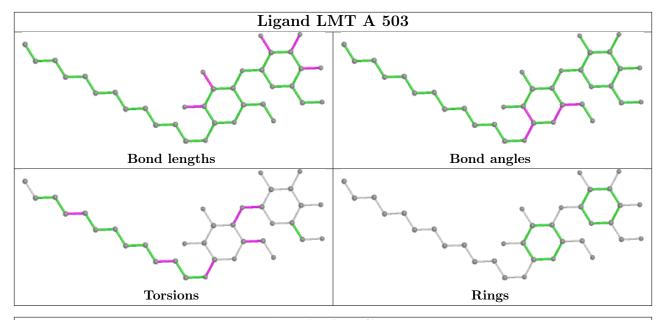




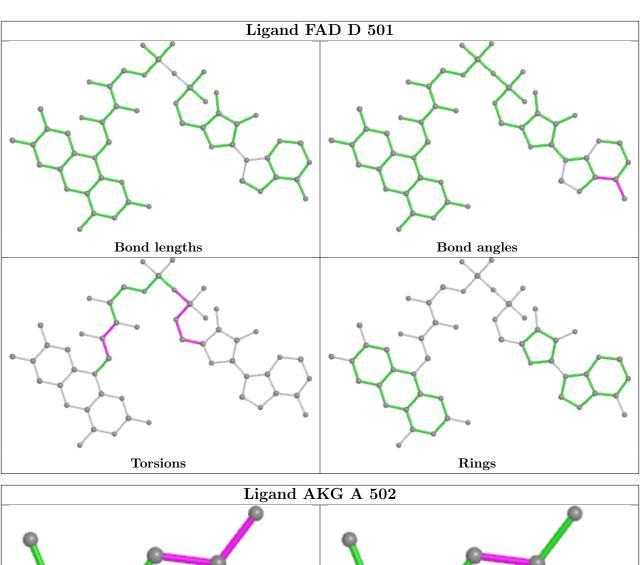


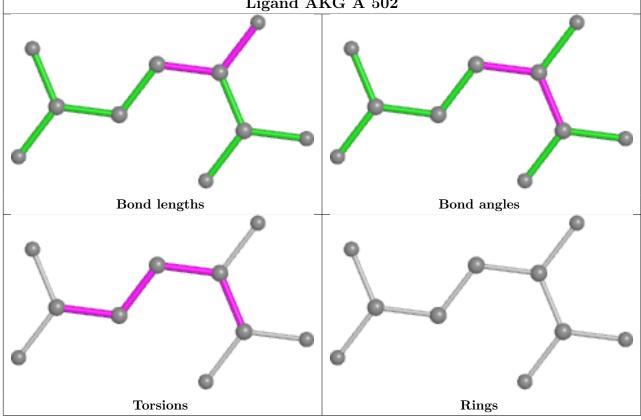














# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	410/415 (98%)	-0.12	2 (0%) 91 88	24, 40, 60, 72	0
1	В	409/415 (98%)	-0.06	3 (0%) 87 84	27, 43, 62, 78	0
1	С	400/415 (96%)	0.19	14 (3%) 44 34	32, 56, 79, 88	0
1	D	406/415 (97%)	0.04	2 (0%) 91 88	31, 48, 67, 87	0
All	All	1625/1660 (97%)	0.01	21 (1%) 77 72	24, 46, 70, 88	0

The worst 5 of 21 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	В	452	SER	3.0
1	С	235	GLY	3.0
1	С	230	HIS	2.7
1	С	277	THR	2.6
1	В	453	ILE	2.5

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

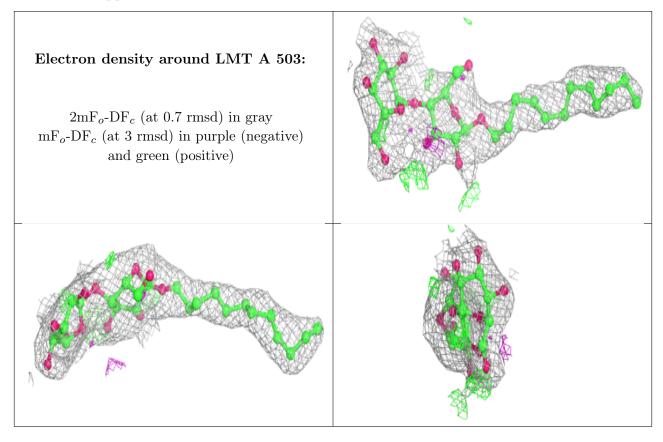
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	LMT	A	503	35/35	0.90	0.20	25,44,55,62	0
3	AKG	D	502	10/10	0.92	0.37	36,42,44,45	0
2	FAD	С	501	53/53	0.92	0.24	35,43,52,57	0
4	LMT	С	503	35/35	0.92	0.21	36,42,53,57	0
3	AKG	A	502	10/10	0.93	0.27	31,38,43,44	0
2	FAD	В	501	53/53	0.94	0.22	25,35,41,46	0
3	AKG	С	502	10/10	0.94	0.27	36,42,48,49	0
3	AKG	В	502	10/10	0.94	0.28	28,32,39,39	0
4	LMT	В	503	35/35	0.94	0.16	27,36,43,48	0
4	LMT	D	503	35/35	0.94	0.17	28,42,55,60	0
2	FAD	A	501	53/53	0.95	0.23	20,34,41,47	0
2	FAD	D	501	53/53	0.96	0.23	26,36,42,45	0

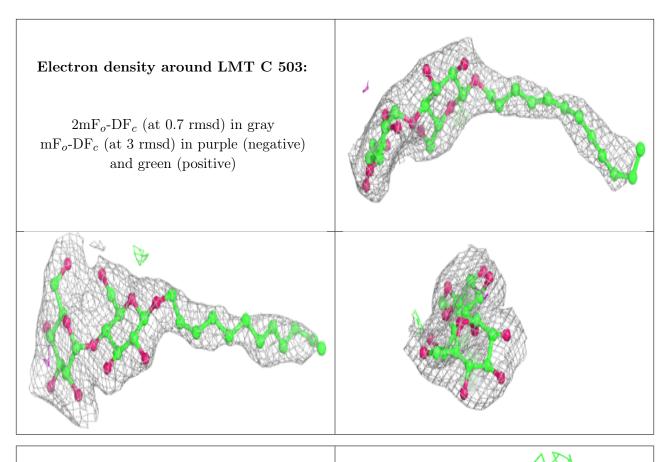
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





# Electron density around AKG D 502: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${ m mF}_o{ m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around FAD C 501: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



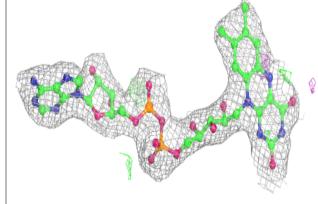


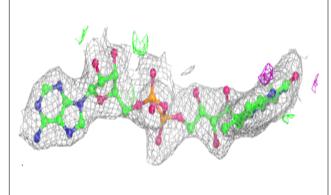
# 

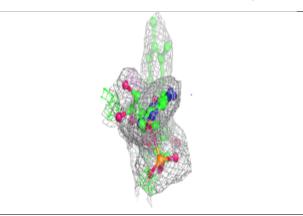


#### Electron density around FAD B 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

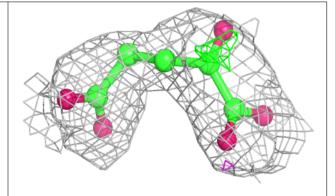


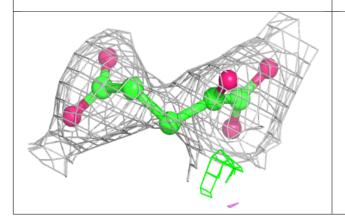


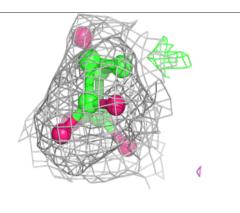


#### Electron density around AKG C 502:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







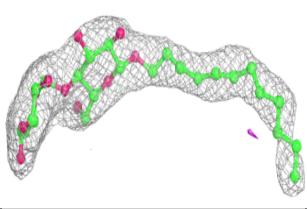


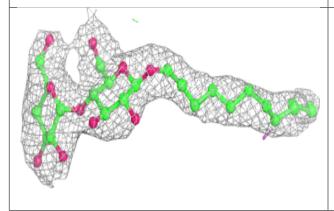
# Electron density around AKG B 502: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around LMT B 503: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

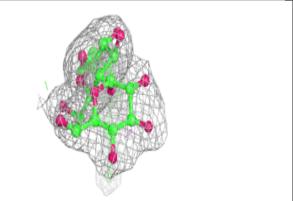


# Electron density around LMT D 503:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

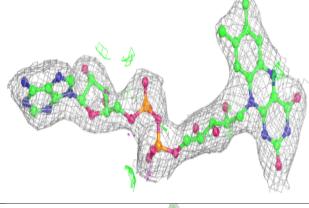


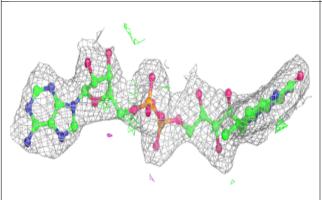


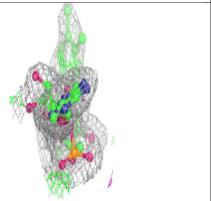


#### Electron density around FAD A 501:

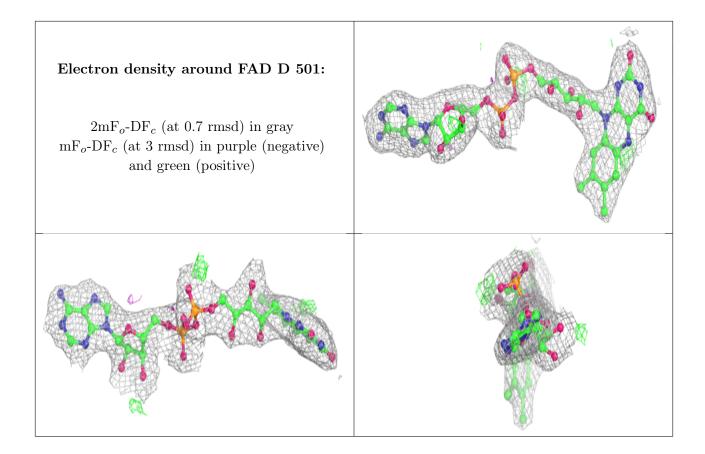
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

