

## wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 11, 2024 – 10:04 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1W1F BMRB ID : 6261

Title : SH3 DOMAIN OF HUMAN LYN TYROSINE KINASE

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Deposited on : 2004-06-17

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

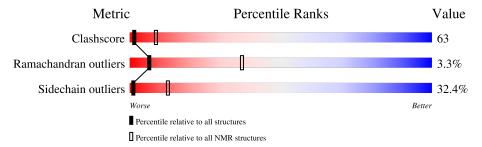
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 91%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$egin{array}{c} { m NMR \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451	
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain				
1	A	65	12%	54%	15%	11%	8%	



## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core   Residue range (total)   Backbone RMSD (Å)   Medoid						
1	A:11-A:63 (53)	0.26	1			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	$\operatorname{Models}$
1	12, 14, 15, 16, 19
2	1, 3, 11, 13
3	2, 5, 17, 18
4	7, 10
5	6, 8
Single-model clusters	4; 9; 20



## 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 972 atoms, of which 486 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE LYN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Λ	60	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1 A	60	972	317	486	78	90	1	U	

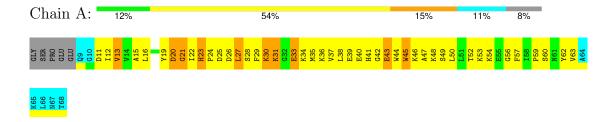


## 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

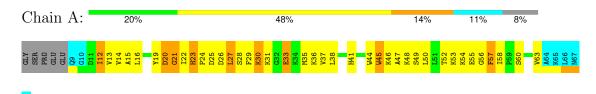
• Molecule 1: TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE LYN



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE LYN





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: X-PLOR.

Of the 60 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: LEAST RESTRAINT VIOLATION.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	3.851
NMRView	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	837
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	759
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	78
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	91%



## 6 Model quality (i)

#### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

	Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
	1	A	435	433	433	55±6
ĺ	All	All	8700	8660	8660	1095

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 63.

5 of 216 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	$oxed{ ext{Models}}$	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:27:LEU:HD22	1:A:28:SER:N	1.01	1.71	1	20
1:A:27:LEU:HD23	1:A:54:LYS:HG2	0.86	1.46	5	3
1:A:27:LEU:HD13	1:A:27:LEU:O	0.80	1.77	2	20
1:A:27:LEU:HD13	1:A:27:LEU:C	0.80	1.96	2	1
1:A:27:LEU:C	1:A:27:LEU:HD13	0.79	1.96	13	19

#### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	53/65~(82%)	47±1 (89±2%)	4±1 (8±2%)	2±1 (3±1%)	6	37
All	All	1060/1300 (82%)	944 (89%)	81 (8%)	35 (3%)	6	37

All 5 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	21	GLY	20
1	A	43	GLU	10
1	A	31	LYS	3
1	A	11	ASP	1
1	A	53	LYS	1

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	47/56 (84%)	32±3 (68±7%)	15±3 (32±7%)	1	12
All	All	940/1120 (84%)	635 (68%)	305 (32%)	1	12

5 of 33 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	27	LEU	20
1	A	45	TRP	20
1	A	23	HIS	18
1	A	13	VAL	17
1	A	52	THR	16

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

#### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 91% for the well-defined parts and 91% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	837
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	759
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	78
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 78) occurrences are reported below.

T:4 ID	Cl :-	D	<b>T</b>	Atom	Shift Data		
List ID	Chain	Chain   Res	Type		Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	1	GLY	HA2	3.94	0.02	1
1	A	1	GLY	HA3	3.94	0.02	1
1	A	1	GLY	CA	43.49	0.2	1
1	A	2	PRO	HA	4.45	0.02	1
1	A	2	PRO	HB2	1.93	0.02	2
1	A	2	PRO	HB3	2.3	0.02	2
1	A	2	PRO	HG2	1.99	0.02	1
1	A	2	PRO	HG3	1.99	0.02	1
1	A	2	PRO	HD2	3.54	0.02	1
1	A	2	PRO	HD3	3.54	0.02	1
1	A	2	PRO	CA	63.17	0.2	1
1	A	2	PRO	СВ	32.35	0.2	1
1	A	2	PRO	CG	27.08	0.2	1
1	A	2	PRO	CD	49.67	0.2	1

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	Clasical		Type	Atom	Shift Data		
List ID	Chain				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	3	LEU	Н	8.51	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HA	4.32	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HB2	1.59	0.02	2
1	A	3	LEU	HB3	1.66	0.02	2
1	A	3	LEU	HG	1.55	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HD11	0.88	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HD12	0.88	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HD13	0.88	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HD21	0.88	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HD22	0.88	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	HD23	0.88	0.02	1
1	A	3	LEU	CA	55.42	0.2	1
1	A	3	LEU	СВ	42.23	0.2	1
1	A	3	LEU	CG	27.13	0.2	1
1	A	3	LEU	CD1	25.55	0.2	2
1	A	3	LEU	N	122.26	0.2	1
1	A	3	LEU	С	176.92	0.2	1
1	A	4	GLY	Н	8.38	0.02	1
1	A	4	GLY	HA2	3.95	0.02	1
1	A	4	GLY	HA3	3.95	0.02	1
1	A	4	GLY	CA	45.1	0.2	1
1	A	4	GLY	N	109.87	0.2	1
1	A	4	GLY	С	177.93	0.2	1
1	A	5	SER	Н	8.18	0.02	1
1	A	5	SER	HA	4.77	0.02	1
1	A	5	SER	HB2	3.87	0.02	1
1	A	5	SER	HB3	3.87	0.02	1
1	A	5	SER	CA	56.51	0.2	1
1	A	5	SER	СВ	63.45	0.2	1
1	A	5	SER	N	117.0	0.2	1
1	A	5	SER	С	173.85	0.2	1
1	A	6	PRO	HA	4.39	0.02	1
1	A	6	PRO	HB2	1.91	0.02	2
1	A	6	PRO	HB3	2.29	0.02	2
1	A	6	PRO	HG2	2.03	0.02	1
1	A	6	PRO	HG3	2.03	0.02	1
1	A	6	PRO	HD2	3.75	0.02	2
1	A	6	PRO	HD3	3.82	0.02	2
1	A	6	PRO	CA	63.94	0.2	1
1	A	6	PRO	СВ	32.03	0.2	1
1	A	6	PRO	CG	27.48	0.2	1

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T:at ID			/D	A 4	Shift Data		
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	6	PRO	CD	50.77	0.2	1
1	A	7	GLU	Н	8.52	0.02	1
1	A	7	GLU	HA	4.2	0.02	1
1	A	7	GLU	HB2	1.92	0.02	2
1	A	7	GLU	HB3	2.02	0.02	2
1	A	7	GLU	HG2	2.24	0.02	1
1	A	7	GLU	HG3	2.24	0.02	1
1	A	7	GLU	CA	57.15	0.2	1
1	A	7	$\operatorname{GLU}$	СВ	30.01	0.2	1
1	A	7	GLU	CG	36.43	0.2	1
1	A	7	GLU	N	119.74	0.2	1
1	A	7	GLU	С	177.39	0.2	1
1	A	8	GLU	Н	8.2	0.02	1
1	A	8	GLU	HA	4.0	0.02	1
1	A	8	GLU	HB2	1.94	0.02	2
1	A	8	GLU	HB3	2.06	0.02	2
1	A	8	$\operatorname{GLU}$	HG2	2.24	0.02	1
1	A	8	GLU	HG3	2.24	0.02	1
1	A	8	$\operatorname{GLU}$	CA	56.52	0.2	1
1	A	8	GLU	СВ	30.28	0.2	1
1	A	8	GLU	CG	36.43	0.2	1
1	A	8	GLU	N	121.15	0.2	1
1	A	8	GLU	С	176.7	0.2	1

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction} \pm {\rm precision},  ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	68	$-0.26 \pm 0.18$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	61	$-0.08 \pm 0.21$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
<sup>13</sup> C′	62	$-0.18 \pm 0.19$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{15}N$	62	$0.99 \pm 1.02$	None needed (imprecise)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 91%, i.e. 675 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 741. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	$260/263 \ (99\%)$	107/107 (100%)	103/106 (97%)	50/50 (100%)
Sidechain	373/393 (95%)	$255/255 \ (100\%)$	117/129 (91%)	1/9 (11%)
Aromatic	42/85~(49%)	38/42~(90%)	2/39~(5%)	2/4 (50%)
Overall	675/741 (91%)	400/404 (99%)	222/274 (81%)	53/63 (84%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	60	SER	HB2	1.74	2.61 - 5.13	-8.5
1	A	40	GLU	HG2	0.62	1.24 - 3.30	-8.0
1	A	60	SER	HB3	2.16	2.49 - 5.20	-6.2
1	A	19	TYR	HB2	0.88	1.09 - 4.72	-5.6

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

