



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 13, 2022 – 11:47 AM EST

PDB ID : 6VOG  
EMDB ID : EMD-21263  
Title : Chloroplast ATP synthase (O2, CF1)  
Authors : Yang, J.-H.; Williams, D.; Kandiah, E.; Fromme, P.; Chiu, P.-L.  
Deposited on : 2020-01-30  
Resolution : 4.35 Å (reported)  
Based on initial model : 6FKH

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

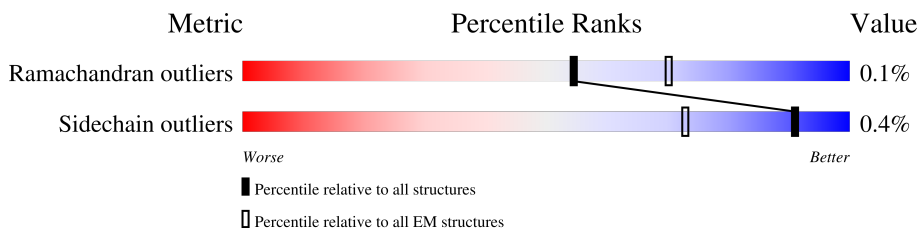
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.9  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	507	97% ..
1	B	507	98% ..
1	C	507	99% .
2	D	498	95% ..
2	E	498	96% .
2	F	498	95% ..
3	d	257	69% 31%
4	g	364	87% 12%
5	e	134	97%

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 27137 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit alpha, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	496	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3796	2389	658	736	13		
1	B	501	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3832	2410	666	743	13		
1	C	501	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3829	2408	660	748	13		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit beta, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	D	478	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3589	2267	619	688	15		
2	E	479	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3600	2275	623	688	14		
2	F	478	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3610	2276	619	699	16		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called ATP synthase delta chain, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	d	178	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1360	859	224	276	1		

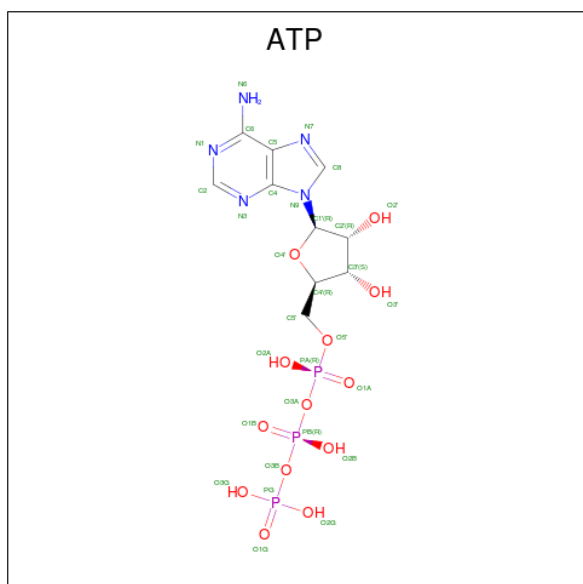
- Molecule 4 is a protein called ATP synthase gamma chain, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	g	321	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2444	1538	424	470	12		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called ATP synthase epsilon chain, chloroplastic.

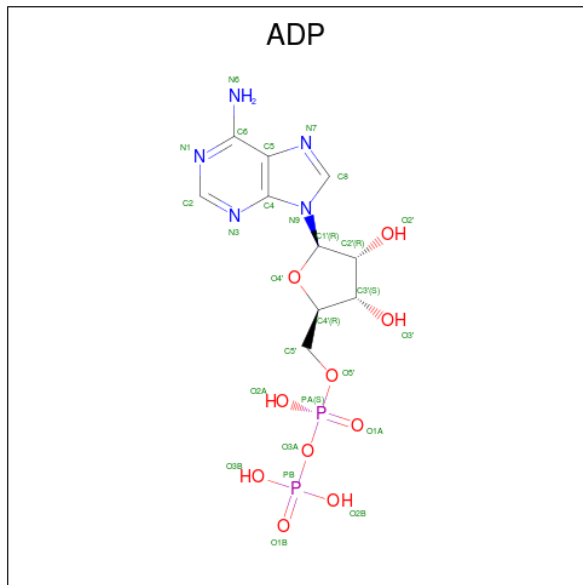
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	e	130	926	576	171	178	1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
6	A	1	31	10	5	13	3	0
6	B	1	31	10	5	13	3	0
6	C	1	31	10	5	13	3	0
6	F	1	31	10	5	13	3	0

- Molecule 7 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$ ).

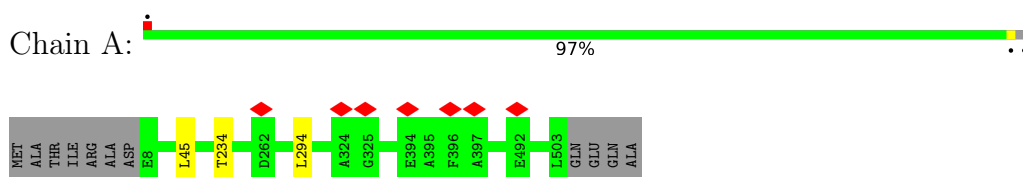


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
7	E	1	27	10	5	10	2	0

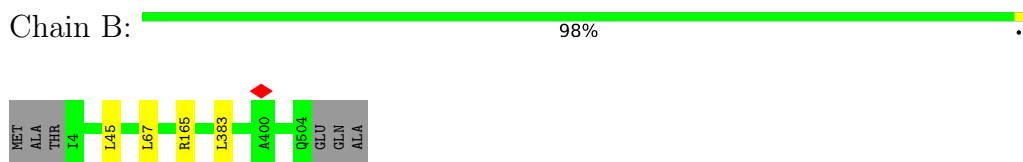
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

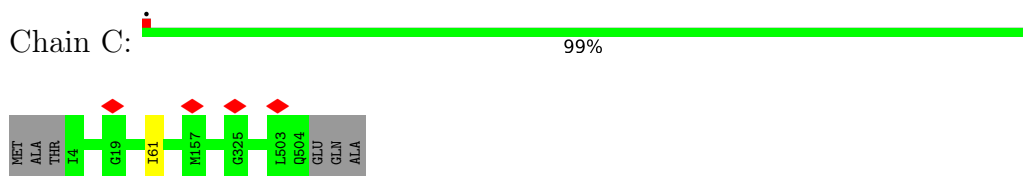
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit alpha, chloroplastic



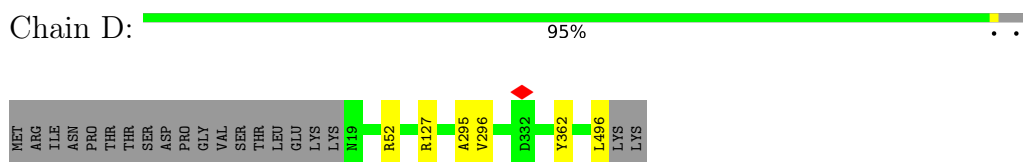
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit alpha, chloroplastic



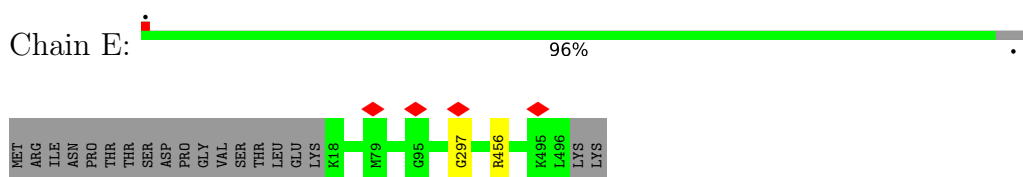
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit alpha, chloroplastic



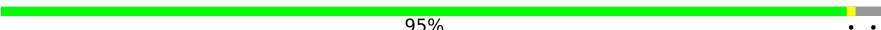
- Molecule 2: ATP synthase subunit beta, chloroplastic



- Molecule 2: ATP synthase subunit beta, chloroplastic



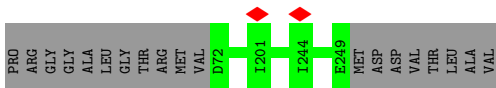
- Molecule 2: ATP synthase subunit beta, chloroplastic

Chain F:  95%





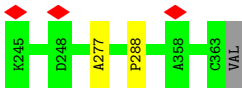
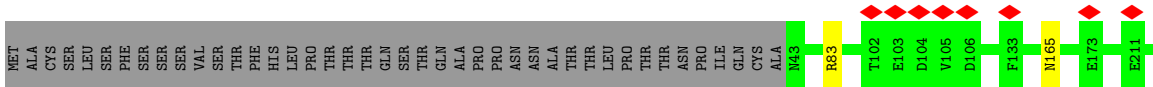
- Molecule 3: ATP synthase delta chain, chloroplastic

Chain d:  69%  31%



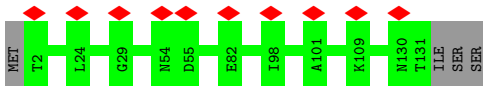
- Molecule 4: ATP synthase gamma chain, chloroplastic

Chain g:  87%  12%



- Molecule 5: ATP synthase epsilon chain, chloroplastic

Chain e:  7%  97%



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	114542	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	43.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-4000	Depositor
Magnification	48077	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.080	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.040	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.012	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	374.4, 374.4, 374.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	1.04, 1.04, 1.04	Depositor



## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP, ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.36	0/3844	0.59	2/5202 (0.0%)
1	B	0.36	0/3880	0.59	2/5250 (0.0%)
1	C	0.37	0/3877	0.58	0/5249
2	D	0.37	0/3646	0.57	1/4948 (0.0%)
2	E	0.37	0/3657	0.58	0/4961
2	F	0.37	0/3667	0.57	0/4972
3	d	0.30	0/1375	0.51	0/1868
4	g	0.33	0/2472	0.58	0/3346
5	e	0.29	0/934	0.56	0/1278
All	All	0.36	0/27352	0.58	5/37074 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	D	0	2
2	E	0	1
2	F	0	2
4	g	0	1
All	All	0	6

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	45	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.44	130.11	115.30
1	B	67	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.94	128.95	115.30
1	B	45	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.62	128.23	115.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	294	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-5.31	101.98	111.00
2	D	496	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.24	127.36	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	D	295	ALA	Peptide
2	D	362	TYR	Peptide
2	E	297	GLY	Peptide
2	F	295	ALA	Peptide
2	F	408	LEU	Peptide
4	g	277	ALA	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	494/507 (97%)	457 (92%)	37 (8%)	0	100	100
1	B	499/507 (98%)	458 (92%)	41 (8%)	0	100	100
1	C	499/507 (98%)	449 (90%)	50 (10%)	0	100	100
2	D	476/498 (96%)	431 (90%)	44 (9%)	1 (0%)	47	81
2	E	477/498 (96%)	447 (94%)	30 (6%)	0	100	100
2	F	476/498 (96%)	425 (89%)	50 (10%)	1 (0%)	47	81
3	d	176/257 (68%)	162 (92%)	14 (8%)	0	100	100
4	g	319/364 (88%)	285 (89%)	33 (10%)	1 (0%)	41	76

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
5	e	128/134 (96%)	115 (90%)	13 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	3544/3770 (94%)	3229 (91%)	312 (9%)	3 (0%)	54	85

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	296	VAL
4	g	288	PRO
2	D	296	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	403/414 (97%)	402 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	96
1	B	405/414 (98%)	403 (100%)	2 (0%)	88	93
1	C	406/414 (98%)	405 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	96
2	D	381/408 (93%)	379 (100%)	2 (0%)	88	93
2	E	382/408 (94%)	381 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	95
2	F	387/408 (95%)	385 (100%)	2 (0%)	88	93
3	d	151/220 (69%)	151 (100%)	0	100	100
4	g	261/315 (83%)	259 (99%)	2 (1%)	81	89
5	e	89/112 (80%)	89 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	2865/3113 (92%)	2854 (100%)	11 (0%)	91	94

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	234	THR
1	B	165	ARG
1	B	383	LEU
1	C	61	ILE

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	52	ARG
2	D	127	ARG
2	E	456	ARG
2	F	87	ARG
2	F	127	ARG
4	g	83	ARG
4	g	165	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (48) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	66	ASN
1	A	173	GLN
1	A	187	GLN
1	A	236	GLN
1	A	389	GLN
1	A	425	GLN
1	A	497	GLN
1	B	110	ASN
1	B	148	GLN
1	B	186	ASN
1	B	256	HIS
1	B	342	GLN
1	B	398	GLN
1	B	468	ASN
1	B	497	GLN
1	C	186	ASN
1	C	236	GLN
1	C	295	HIS
1	C	334	ASN
1	C	409	ASN
1	C	415	GLN
1	C	473	GLN
2	D	25	GLN
2	D	45	ASN
2	D	376	GLN
2	D	389	GLN
2	D	433	GLN
2	E	71	ASN
2	E	133	HIS
2	E	325	GLN
2	E	433	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	19	ASN
2	F	42	ASN
2	F	210	ASN
2	F	396	GLN
2	F	472	GLN
2	F	489	ASN
3	d	141	HIS
3	d	199	GLN
4	g	95	ASN
4	g	286	GLN
4	g	301	ASN
4	g	309	GLN
4	g	325	ASN
4	g	331	ASN
4	g	342	ASN
5	e	54	ASN
5	e	116	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	ATP	A	601	-	26,33,33	0.93	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.70	5 (16%)
6	ATP	B	601	-	26,33,33	0.92	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.54	6 (19%)
7	ADP	E	601	-	24,29,29	0.92	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.59	6 (20%)
6	ATP	C	601	-	26,33,33	0.95	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.62	5 (16%)
6	ATP	F	601	-	26,33,33	0.91	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.67	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	ATP	A	601	-	-	4/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
6	ATP	B	601	-	-	5/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
7	ADP	E	601	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
6	ATP	C	601	-	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
6	ATP	F	601	-	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	E	601	ADP	C5-C4	2.51	1.47	1.40
6	A	601	ATP	C5-C4	2.44	1.47	1.40
6	C	601	ATP	C5-C4	2.42	1.47	1.40
6	F	601	ATP	C5-C4	2.38	1.47	1.40
6	B	601	ATP	C5-C4	2.23	1.46	1.40

All (27) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	601	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-4.57	117.14	132.83
6	F	601	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-4.36	117.88	132.83
6	C	601	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-4.27	118.18	132.83
6	A	601	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-4.20	118.43	132.83
7	E	601	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-4.02	122.39	128.68
6	F	601	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.98	106.97	100.98
6	C	601	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.94	119.32	132.83
6	B	601	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.80	119.78	132.83
6	F	601	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.48	120.88	132.83
6	B	601	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.39	121.19	132.83

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	B	601	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-3.31	123.50	128.68
6	F	601	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-3.08	123.86	128.68
6	A	601	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-2.99	124.01	128.68
6	C	601	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-2.96	124.05	128.68
7	E	601	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.92	122.80	132.83
6	B	601	ATP	C4-C5-N7	-2.81	106.47	109.40
6	A	601	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.75	105.12	100.98
6	C	601	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.68	105.01	100.98
6	B	601	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.66	104.99	100.98
6	A	601	ATP	C4-C5-N7	-2.63	106.66	109.40
7	E	601	ADP	C2-N1-C6	2.63	123.25	118.75
7	E	601	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.59	104.87	100.98
6	C	601	ATP	C4-C5-N7	-2.51	106.78	109.40
7	E	601	ADP	O3B-PB-O2B	2.33	116.56	107.64
6	F	601	ATP	C4-C5-N7	-2.26	107.04	109.40
7	E	601	ADP	C1'-N9-C4	2.16	130.44	126.64
6	B	601	ATP	O3G-PG-O2G	2.03	115.39	107.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

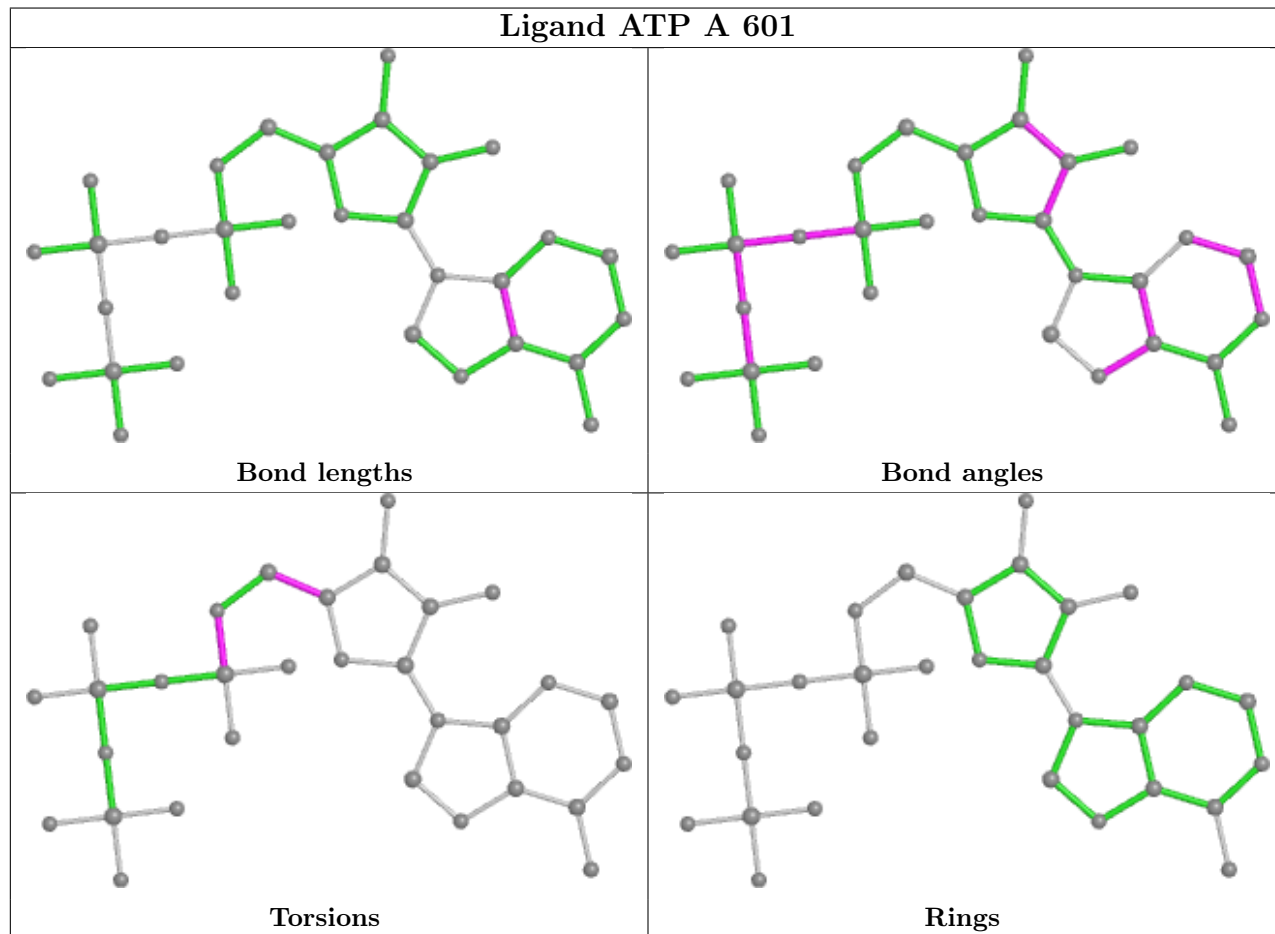
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	F	601	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
6	F	601	ATP	C4'-C5'-O5'-PA
6	A	601	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
6	B	601	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
6	C	601	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
6	A	601	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	B	601	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B
6	F	601	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
6	A	601	ATP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	B	601	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
6	B	601	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O1B
6	B	601	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
6	A	601	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
6	C	601	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

There are no ring outliers.

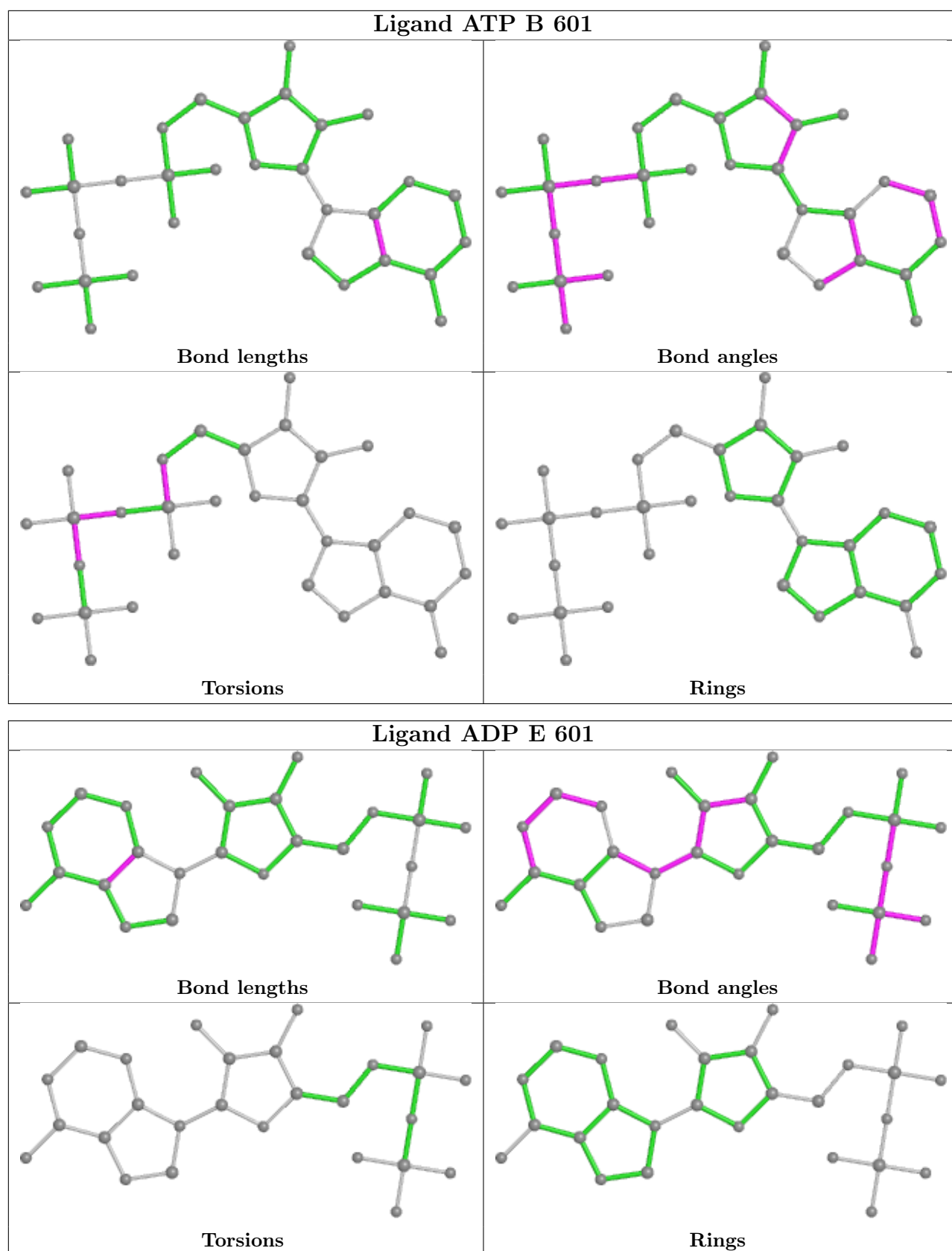
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

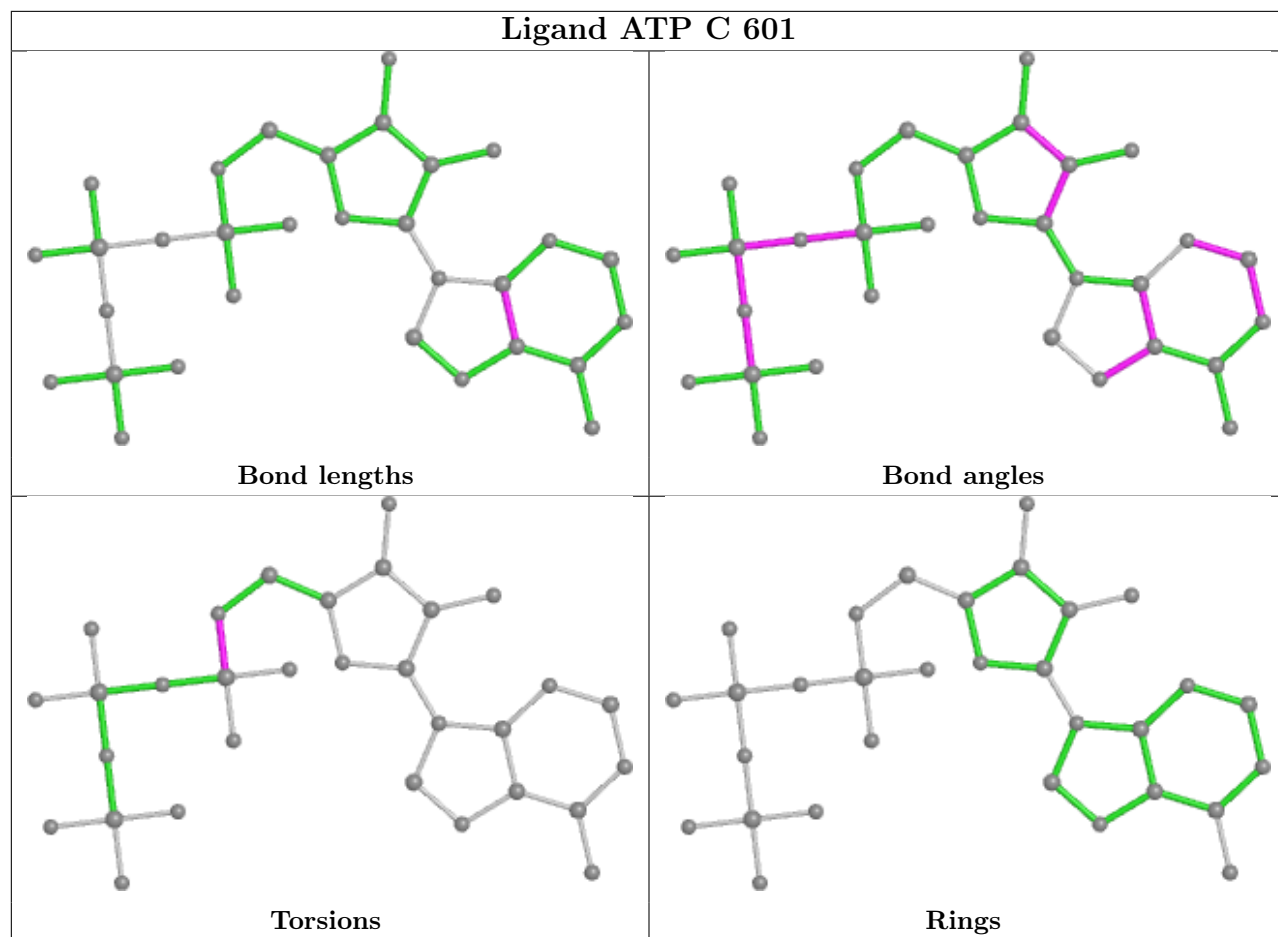
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In

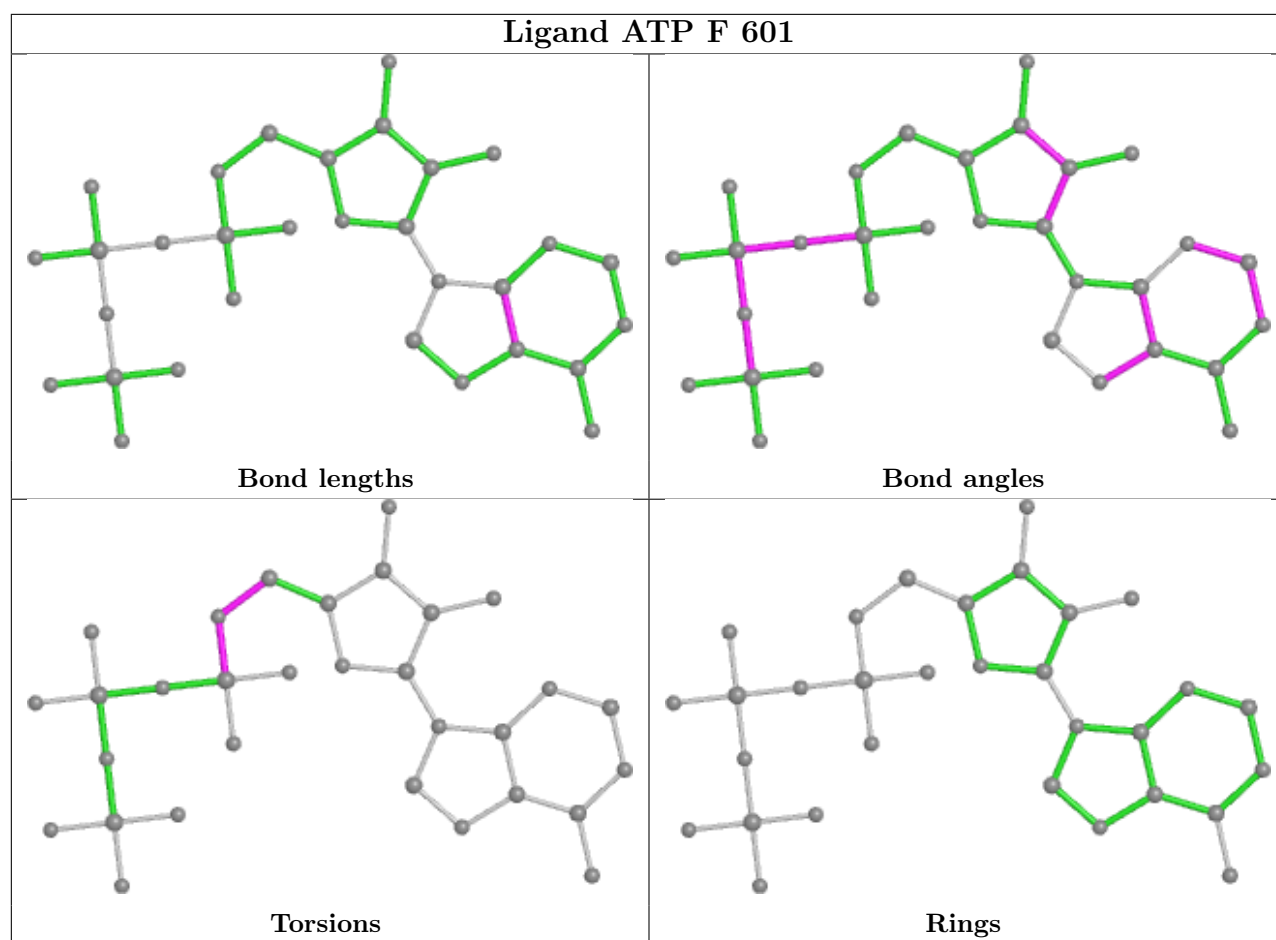
addition, ligands with molecular weight  $> 250$  and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

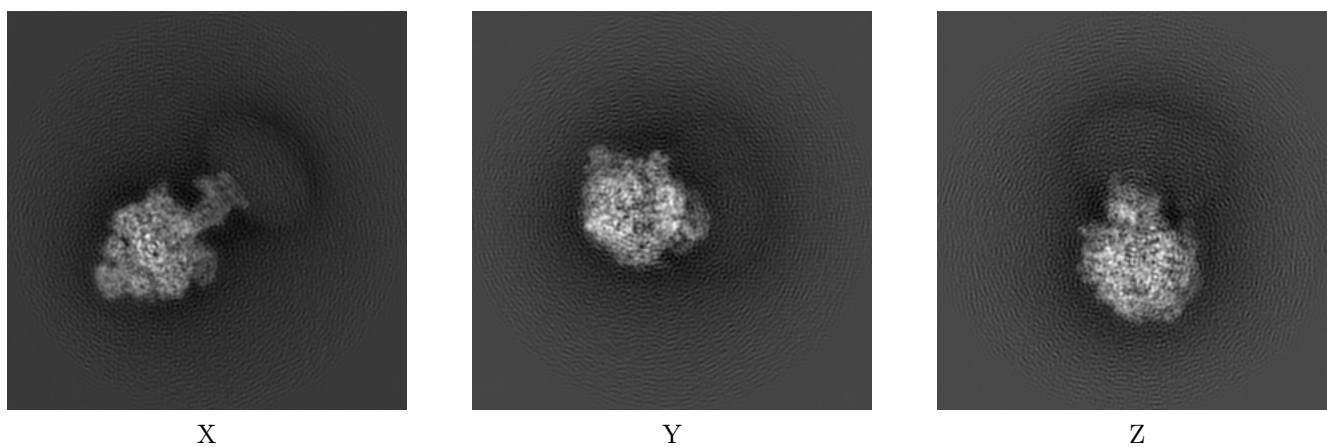
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-21263. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

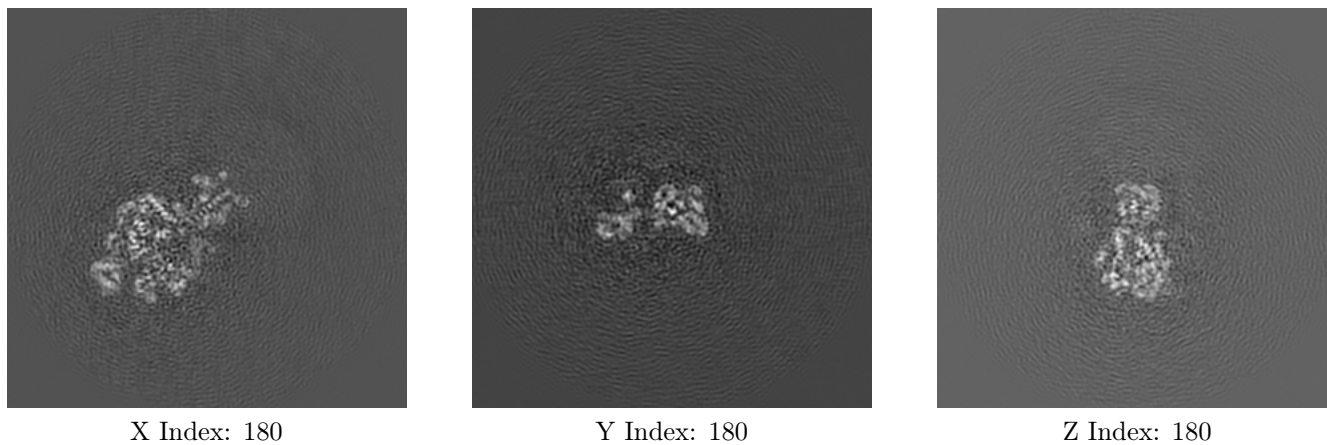
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

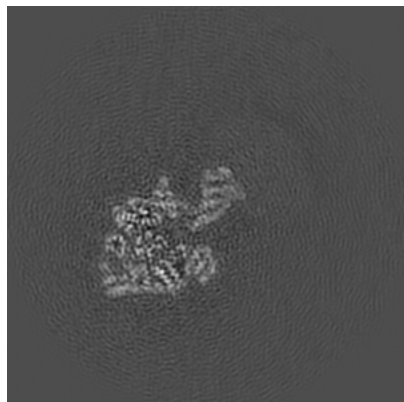
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



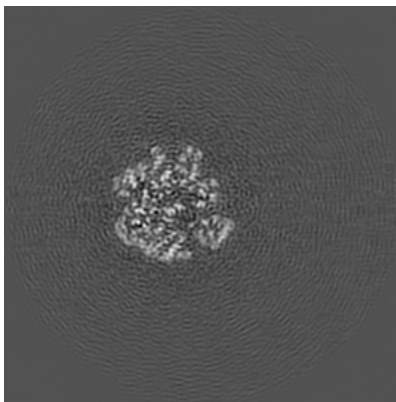
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

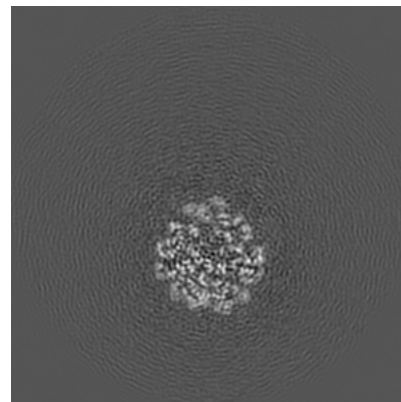
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 165



Y Index: 140

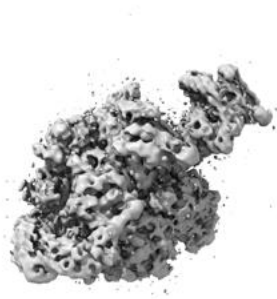


Z Index: 142

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

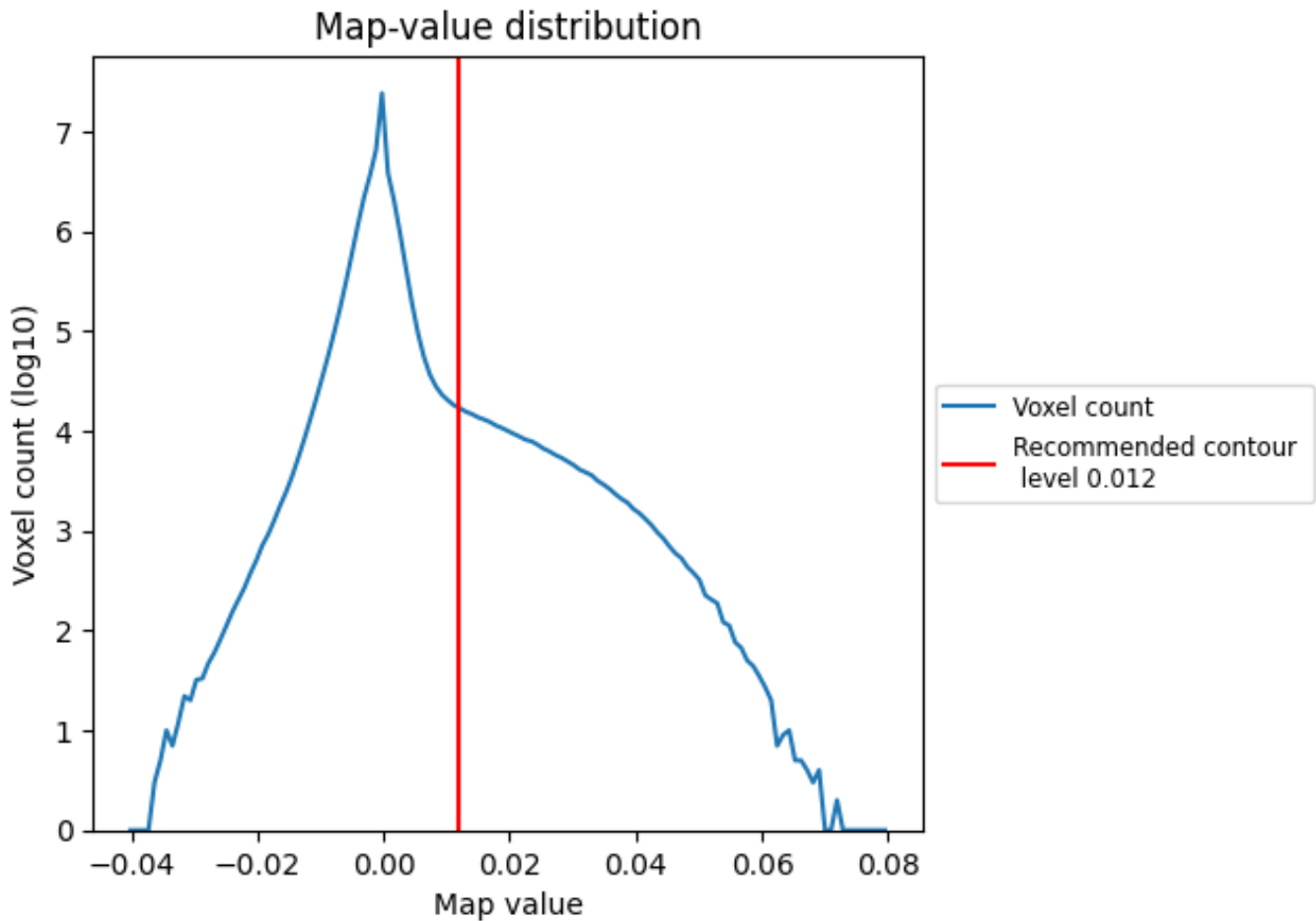
## 6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

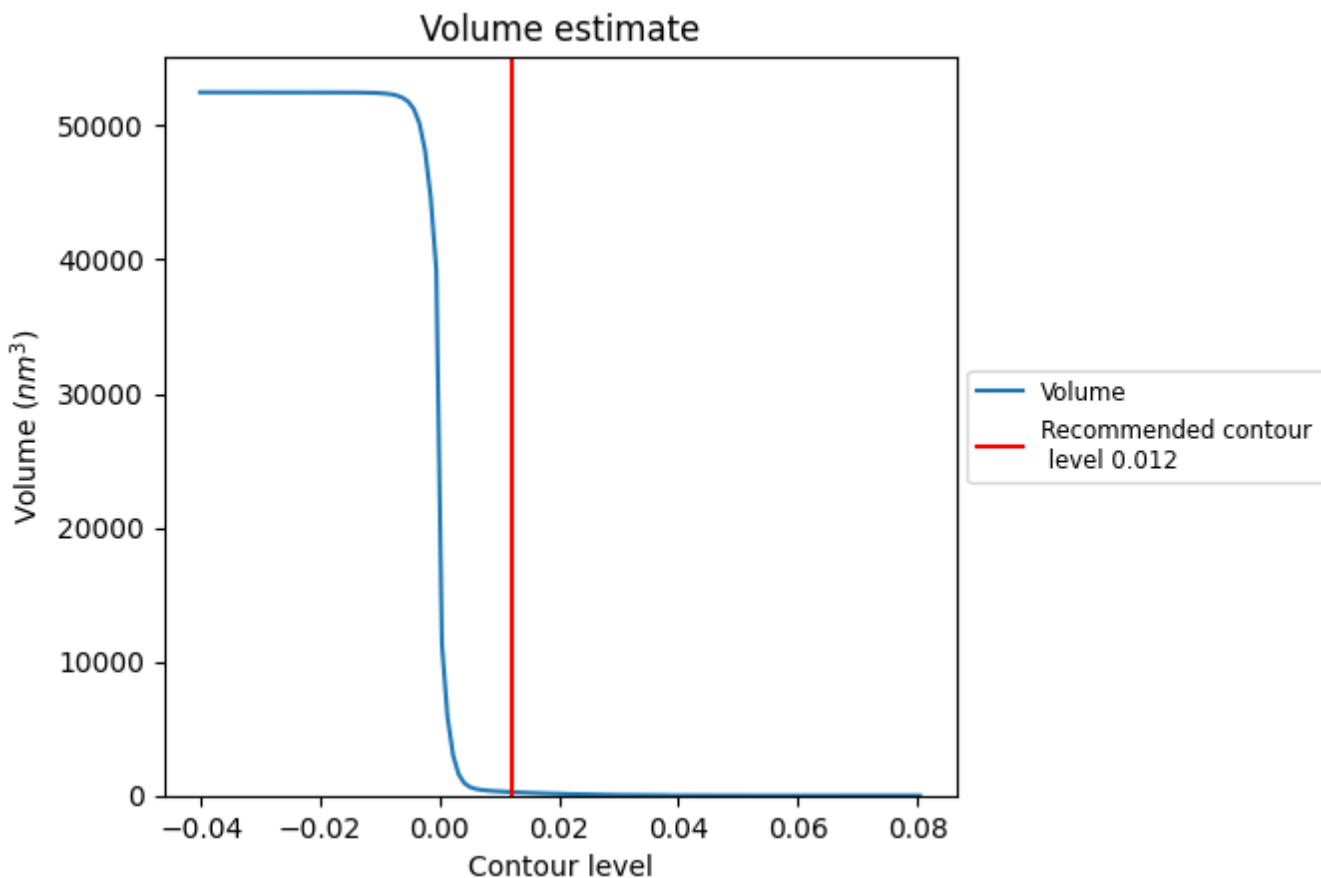
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)

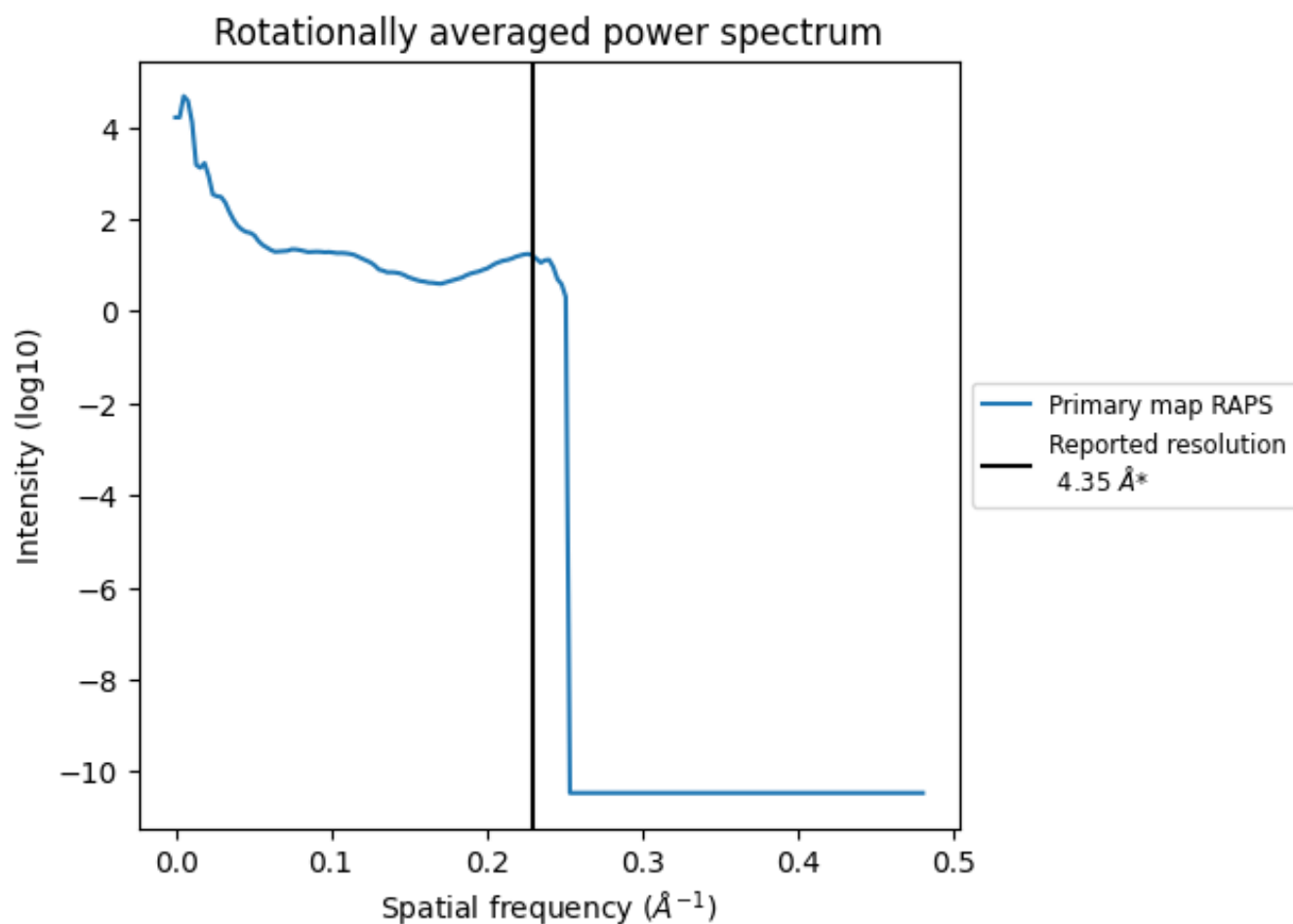


The volume at the recommended contour level is 262  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 236 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)

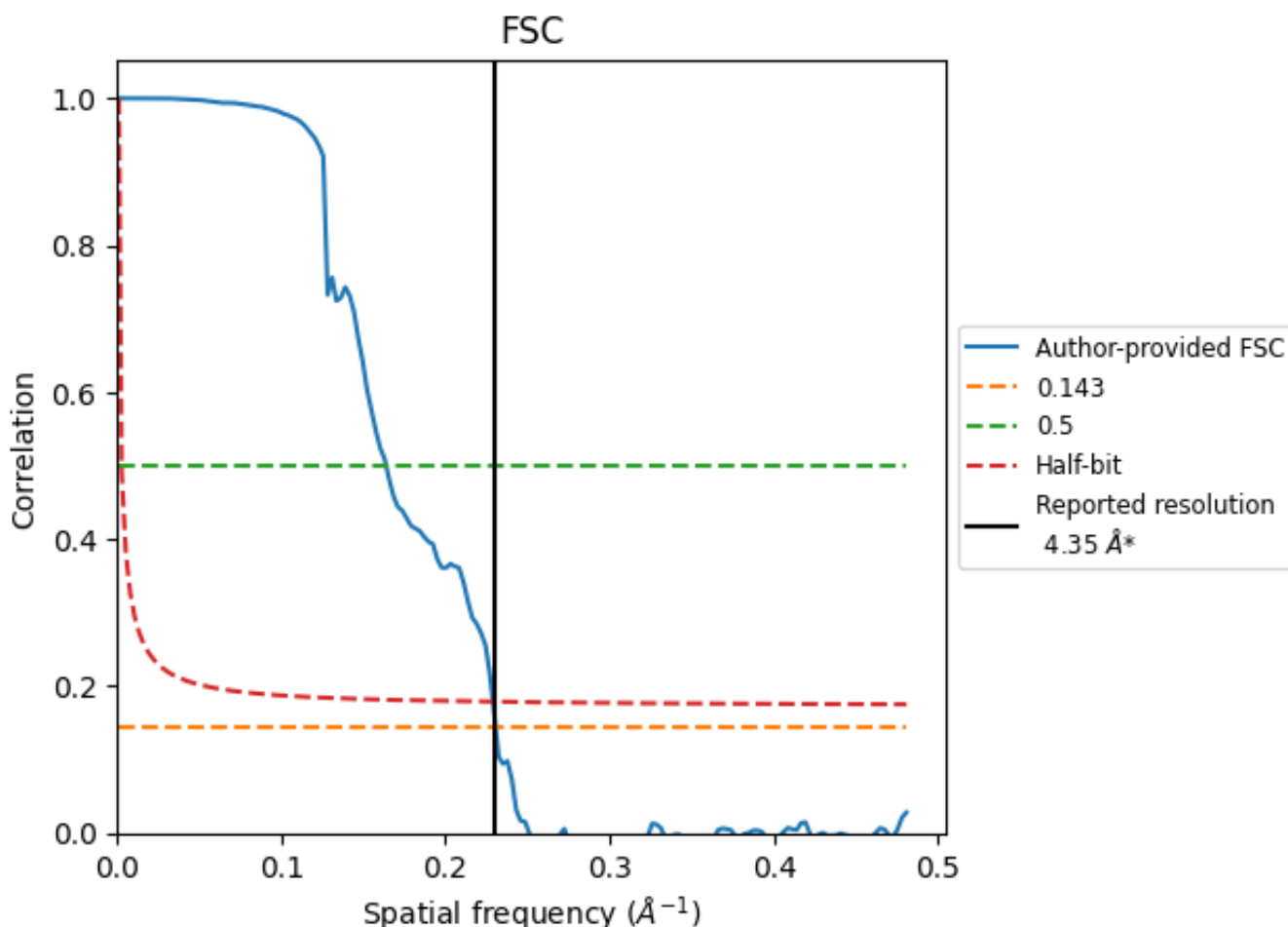


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.230 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.230 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

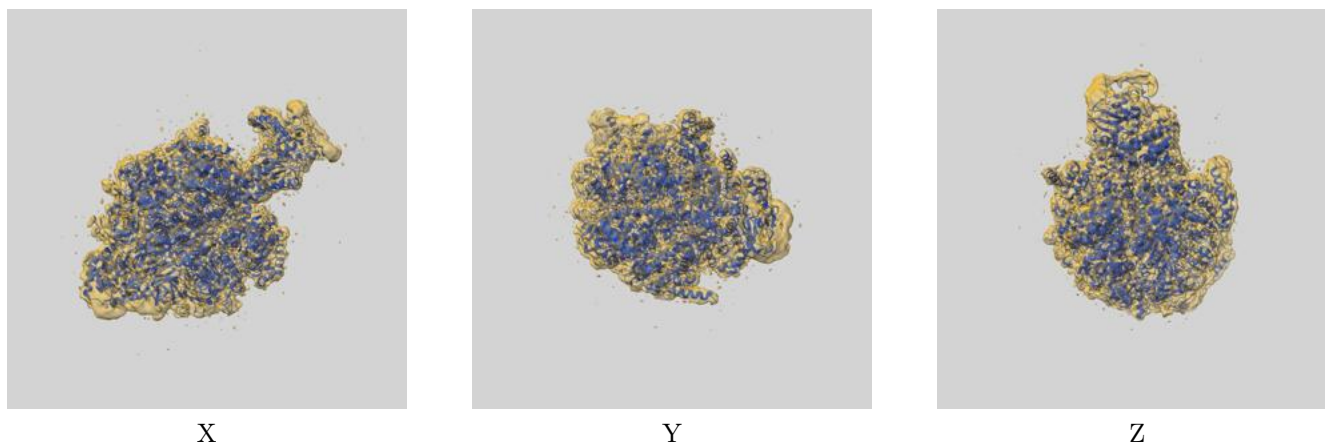
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	4.35	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	4.34	6.11	4.37
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

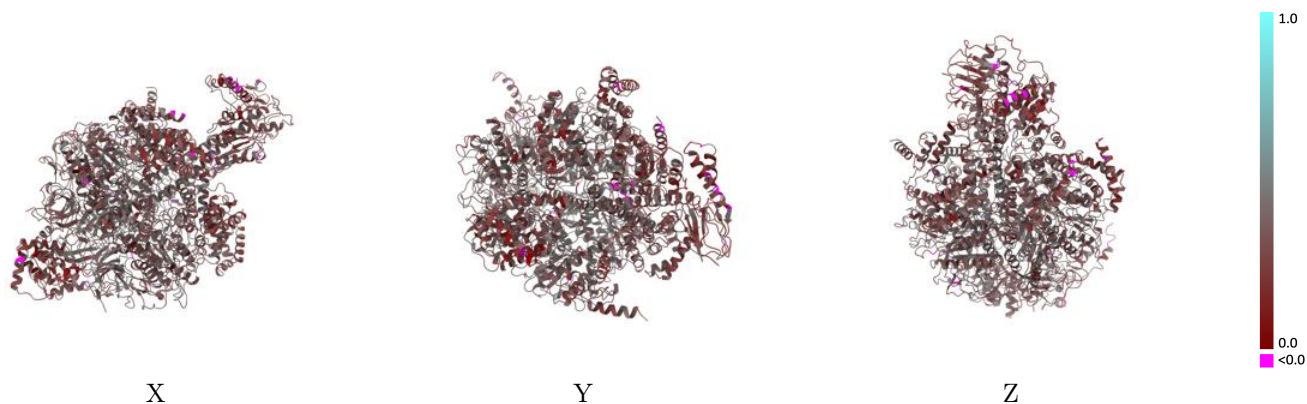
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-21263 and PDB model 6VOG. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [6](#).

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



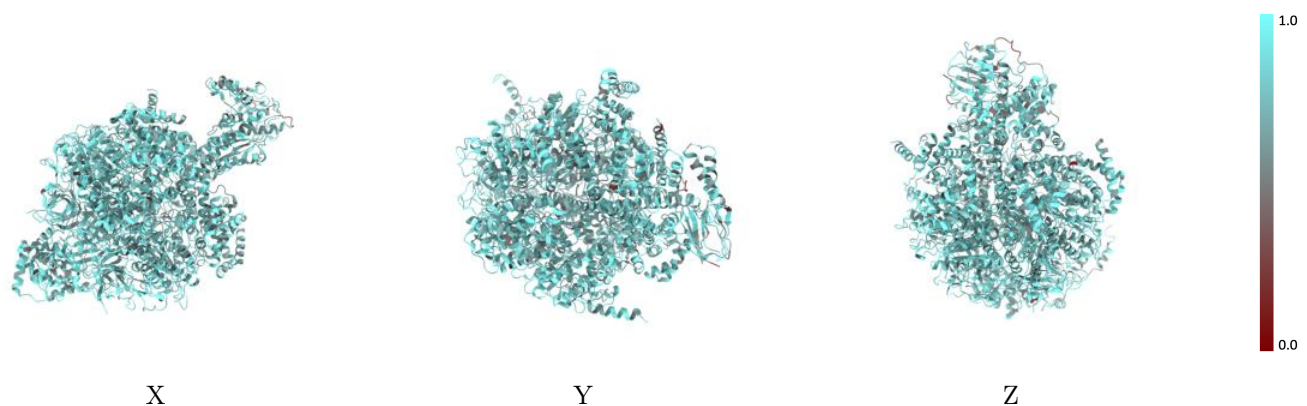
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



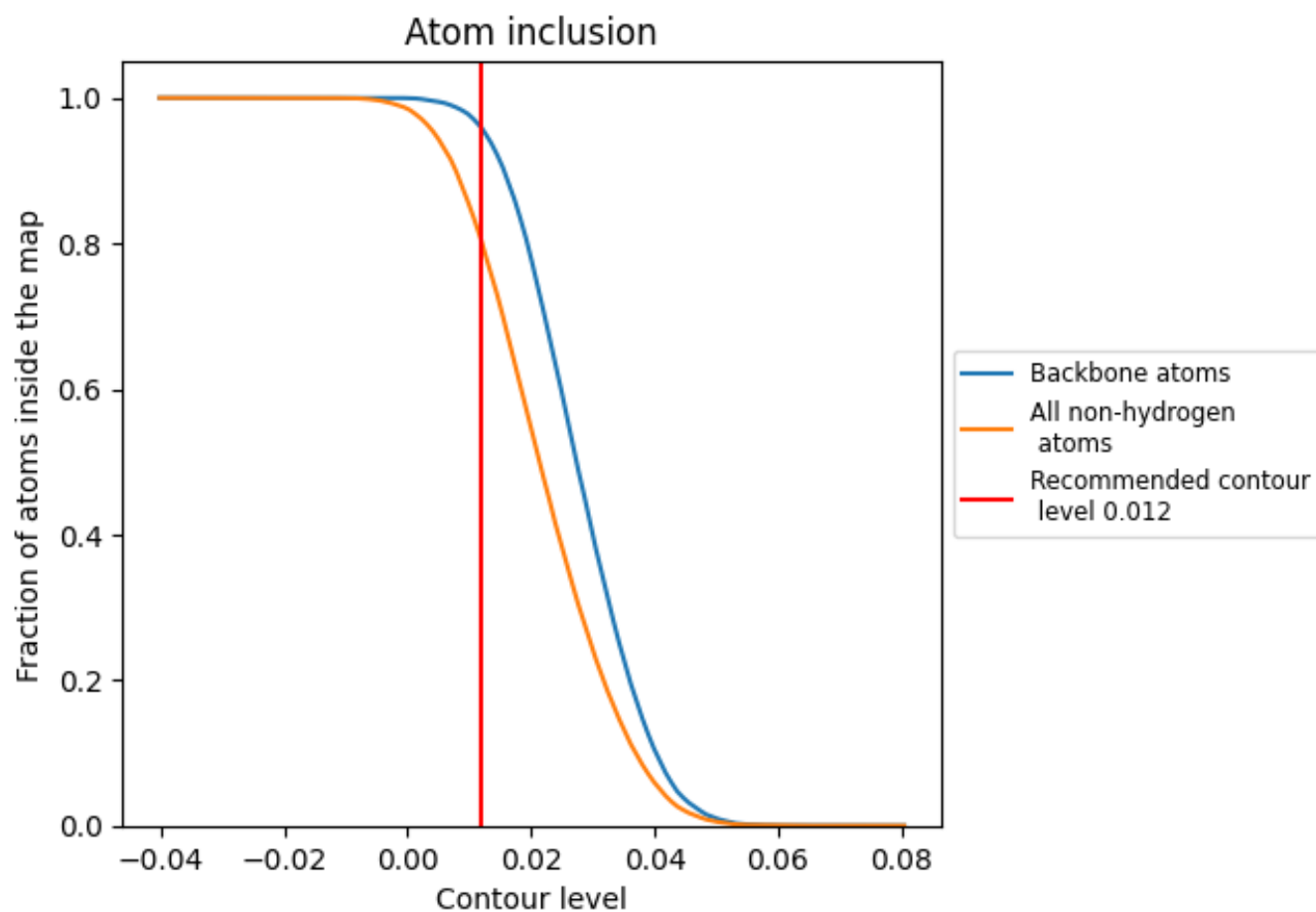
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.012).





















## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 96% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.012) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8035	 0.3430
A	 0.7989	 0.3390
B	 0.8168	 0.3540
C	 0.8063	 0.3480
D	 0.8263	 0.3650
E	 0.8023	 0.3440
F	 0.8135	 0.3600
d	 0.7835	 0.2900
e	 0.7462	 0.2670
g	 0.7718	 0.3230

