

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 7, 2023 – 10:07 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2UWV

Title: X-ray high resolution structure of the photosynthetic reaction center from Rb.

sphaeroides at pH 6.5 in the charge-separated state, 3rd dataset

Authors: Koepke, J.; Diehm, R.; Fritzsch, G.

Deposited on : 2007-03-23

Resolution : 2.13 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

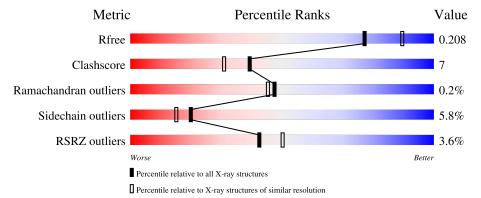
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.13 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2523 (2.16-2.12)
Clashscore	141614	2653 (2.16-2.12)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2618 (2.16-2.12)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2617 (2.16-2.12)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2485 (2.16-2.12)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	Н	260	80%	11% • 7%
2	L	281	87%	11% •
3	M	307	79%	18% ••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
10	НТО	L	1288	-	-	-	X
4	GOL	Н	1251	-	-	X	-
5	BCL	L	1282	X	-	-	-
5	BCL	L	1286	X	-	-	-
5	BCL	M	1303	X	-	-	-
5	BCL	M	1304	X	-	-	-
6	LDA	M	1310	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7542 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called REACTION CENTER PROTEIN H CHAIN.

ľ	Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	1	Н	241	Total 1830	C 1169	N 315	O 337	S 9	0	0	1

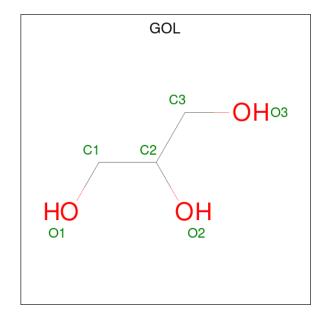
• Molecule 2 is a protein called REACTION CENTER PROTEIN L CHAIN.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	L	281	Total 2232	C 1507	N 355	O 362	S 8	0	0	0	

• Molecule 3 is a protein called REACTION CENTER PROTEIN M CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	М	303	Total 2409	C 1607	N 395	O 397	S 10	0	0	1

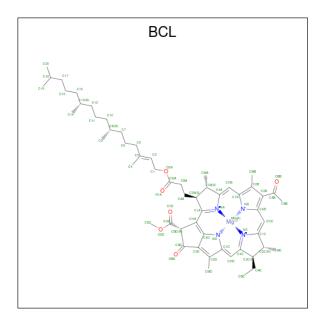
• Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C₃H₈O₃).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Н	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	Н	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	Н	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	Н	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	L	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	L	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	M	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

 $\bullet \ \ \mathrm{Molecule} \ 5 \ \mathrm{is} \ \mathrm{BACTERIOCHLOROPHYLL} \ \mathrm{A} \ (\mathrm{three-letter} \ \mathrm{code} \colon \ \mathrm{BCL}) \ (\mathrm{formula} \colon \ \mathrm{C}_{55} \mathrm{H}_{74} \mathrm{MgN}_4 \mathrm{O}_6).$

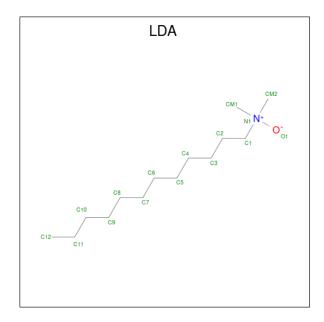


Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	ZeroOcc	AltConf			
5	T	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
	П	1	66	55	1	4	6	U	U	
5	Т	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
9	ш	1	66	55	1	4	6	U	U	
5	M	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
9	IVI	1	66	55	1	4	6	U	0	
5	М	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
	1V1	1	66	55	1	4	6	U	0	

• Molecule 6 is LAURYL DIMETHYLAMINE-N-OXIDE (three-letter code: LDA) (formula:



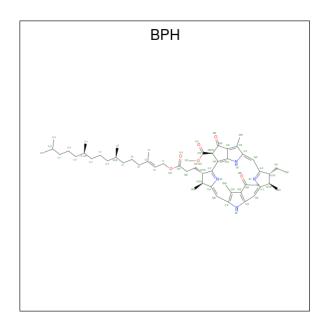
 $\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{31}\mathrm{NO}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
6	L	1	Total C N O	0	0	
0	ь	1	16 14 1 1	0	0	
6	M	1	Total C N O	0	0	
0	1V1	1	16 14 1 1	0	0	
6	M	1	Total C N O	0	0	
0	1V1	1	16 14 1 1	0	0	
6	M	1	Total C N O	0	0	
0	1V1	1	16 14 1 1	0	U	
6	M	1	Total C N O	0	0	
	IVI	1	16 14 1 1	0	0	
6	M	1	Total C N O	0	0	
	IVI	1	16 14 1 1	0	0	
6	M	1	Total C N O	0	0	
	1V1	1	16 14 1 1			
6	M	1	Total C N O	0	0	
	101	1	16 14 1 1	U	U	

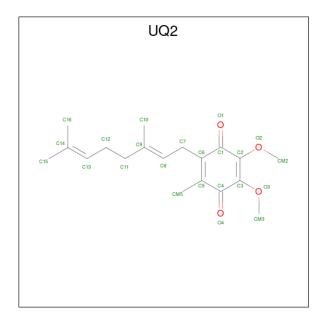
 $\bullet \ \ Molecule\ 7\ is\ BACTERIOPHEOPHYTIN\ A\ (three-letter\ code:\ BPH)\ (formula:\ C_{55}H_{76}N_4O_6).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	Т	1	Total				0	0	
'	ш	1	65	55	4	6	U	U	
7	М	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0	
'	1V1	1	65	55	4	6	U	0	

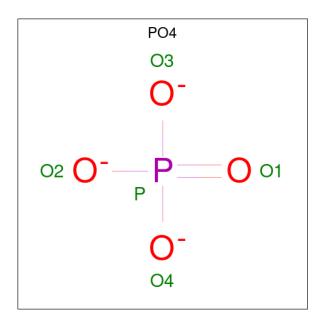
 \bullet Molecule 8 is UBIQUINONE-2 (three-letter code: UQ2) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{19}H_{26}O_4}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	5	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	T	1	Total C	О	0	1
	П	1	46 38	8		1

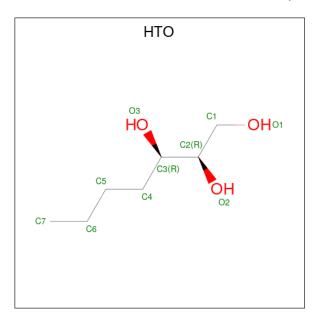
 \bullet Molecule 9 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: $\mathrm{O_4P}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	Atoms			AltConf
9	L	1	Total 5	O 4	P 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 10 is HEPTANE-1,2,3-TRIOL (three-letter code: HTO) (formula: $\mathrm{C_7H_{16}O_3}).$



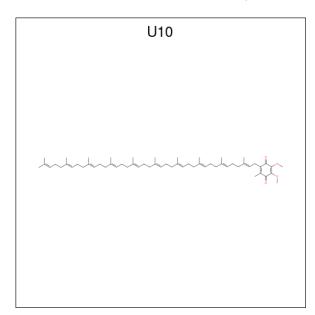
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
10	L	1	Total 10	C 7	O 3	0	0

• Molecule 11 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).



\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	M	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 12 is UBIQUINONE-10 (three-letter code: U10) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{59}\mathrm{H}_{90}\mathrm{O}_4).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
12	M	1	Total 48	C 44	O 4	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 13 is SPHEROIDENE (three-letter code: SPO) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{41}H_{60}O}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
13	M	1	Total 42	C 41	O 1	0	0

• Molecule 14 is water.

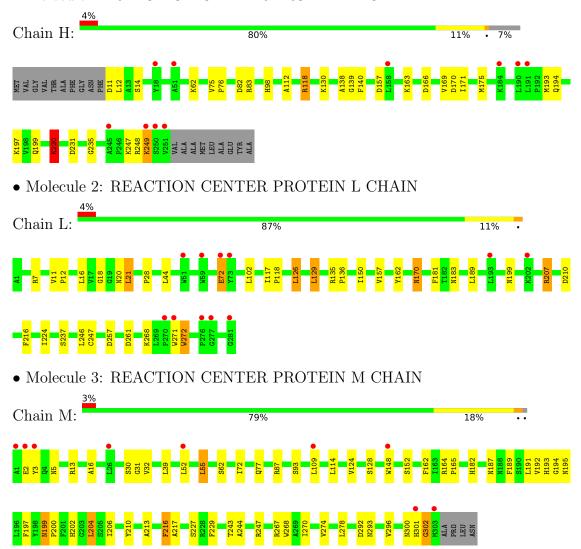
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
14	Н	166	Total O 166 166	0	0
14	L	97	Total O 97 97	0	0
14	M	92	Total O 92 92	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: REACTION CENTER PROTEIN H CHAIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	139.66Å 139.66Å 184.44Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	119.52 - 2.13	Depositor
Resolution (A)	24.82 - 2.13	EDS
% Data completeness	97.6 (119.52-2.13)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	89.0 (24.82-2.13)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.75 (at 2.13Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
D D.	0.225 , 0.247	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.209 , 0.208	DCC
R_{free} test set	2299 reflections (2.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	40.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.259	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32 , 51.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.022 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	7542	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.77% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HTO, U10, GOL, BCL, PO4, BPH, SPO, LDA, FE, UQ2

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Mol Chain		RMSZ $\# Z > 5$		# Z > 5	
1	Н	0.90	1/1878 (0.1%)	0.89	5/2555~(0.2%)	
2	L	0.88	0/2320	0.79	$4/3175 \ (0.1\%)$	
3	M	0.85	$2/2501 \ (0.1\%)$	0.78	4/3415 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.88	$3/6699 \ (0.0\%)$	0.82	13/9145 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Н	0	1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	Ideal(Å)
	1	Н	220	LYS	CE-NZ	5.63	1.63	1.49
ſ	3	M	213	ALA	CA-CB	5.43	1.63	1.52
	3	M	227	SER	CA-CB	5.35	1.60	1.52

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	Н	83	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.87	116.37	120.30
1	Н	82	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.38	124.95	118.30
1	Н	166	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.32	124.89	118.30
1	Н	139	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.63	96.52	113.10
2	L	207	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.85	123.22	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.



All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Н	138	ALA	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

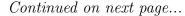
In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Н	1830	0	1836	19	0
2	L	2232	0	2187	23	0
3	M	2409	0	2321	33	0
4	Н	24	0	32	4	0
4	L	12	0	16	1	0
4	M	6	0	8	1	0
5	L	132	0	148	6	0
5	M	132	0	148	18	0
6	L	16	0	31	0	0
6	M	112	0	217	13	0
7	L	65	0	76	6	0
7	M	65	0	76	8	0
8	L	46	0	52	4	0
9	L	5	0	0	0	0
10	L	10	0	16	0	0
11	M	1	0	0	0	0
12	M	48	0	63	2	0
13	M	42	0	60	3	0
14	Н	166	0	0	3	0
14	L	97	0	0	0	0
14	M	92	0	0	1	0
All	All	7542	0	7287	107	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 107 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-1 Atom-2		Clash overlap (Å)
6:M:1305:LDA:H101	6:M:1307:LDA:H121	1.35	1.08





Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
7:L:1284:BPH:HBB3	7:L:1284:BPH:HHC	1.34	1.07
4:H:1251:GOL:H31	14:H:2008:HOH:O	1.56	1.04
3:M:197:PHE:HZ	5:M:1304:BCL:HBB2	1.29	0.96
3:M:197:PHE:CZ	5:M:1304:BCL:HBB2	2.02	0.94

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	Н	239/260~(92%)	235 (98%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	34	29
2	L	279/281 (99%)	270 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
3	M	301/307 (98%)	288 (96%)	12 (4%)	1 (0%)	41	36
All	All	819/848 (97%)	793 (97%)	24 (3%)	2 (0%)	47	45

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	249	LYS
3	M	301	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	Н	195/208~(94%)	187 (96%)	8 (4%)	30	27
2	L	220/220 (100%)	202 (92%)	18 (8%)	11	6
3	M	236/240 (98%)	224 (95%)	12 (5%)	24	19
All	All	651/668 (98%)	613 (94%)	38 (6%)	20	15

5 of 38 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	M	52	LEU
3	M	199	ASN
3	M	55	LEU
3	M	182	HIS
3	M	216	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	M	77	GLN
3	M	187	ASN
3	M	199	ASN
3	M	193	HIS
2	L	170	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 28 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 27 for Mogul analysis.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	ı	ı	ı				·			
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link		ond leng			ond angl	
10101	Type	Chain	1005	Dillik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
6	LDA	M	1310	-	12,15,15	2.02	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.55	0
7	BPH	M	1313	-	51,70,70	2.76	10 (19%)	52,101,101	1.91	10 (19%)
8	UQ2	L	1285[A]	-	23,23,23	2.67	9 (39%)	28,31,31	1.42	6 (21%)
6	LDA	M	1306	-	12,15,15	1.96	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.45	0
6	LDA	M	1305	-	12,15,15	2.13	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.62	0
4	GOL	Н	1251	-	5,5,5	0.63	0	5,5,5	1.14	0
6	LDA	M	1307	-	12,15,15	1.90	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.80	0
6	LDA	L	1283	-	12,15,15	2.05	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.54	0
5	BCL	L	1286	2	64,74,74	2.11	11 (17%)	78,115,115	2.11	22 (28%)
4	GOL	Н	1252	-	5,5,5	0.41	0	5,5,5	0.34	0
4	GOL	M	1316	-	5,5,5	0.36	0	5,5,5	0.19	0
9	PO4	L	1287	-	4,4,4	0.90	0	6,6,6	0.49	0
8	UQ2	L	1285[B]	-	23,23,23	2.65	8 (34%)	28,31,31	2.07	8 (28%)
5	BCL	M	1304	3	64,74,74	2.10	12 (18%)	78,115,115	2.00	19 (24%)
4	GOL	Н	1253	-	5,5,5	0.38	0	5,5,5	0.25	0
5	BCL	M	1303	3	64,74,74	2.12	12 (18%)	78,115,115	2.01	15 (19%)
7	BPH	L	1284	-	51,70,70	2.74	9 (17%)	52,101,101	2.17	13 (25%)
10	НТО	L	1288	-	9,9,9	0.44	0	10,10,10	0.79	1 (10%)
12	U10	M	1314	-	48,48,63	2.67	12 (25%)	58,61,79	1.80	14 (24%)
6	LDA	M	1308	-	12,15,15	2.04	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.53	0
6	LDA	M	1311	-	12,15,15	1.99	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.49	0
4	GOL	L	1289	-	5,5,5	0.45	0	5,5,5	0.92	0
5	BCL	L	1282	2	64,74,74	2.05	12 (18%)	78,115,115	1.91	22 (28%)
6	LDA	M	1309	-	12,15,15	2.01	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.50	0
13	SPO	M	1315	-	40,41,41	4.05	12 (30%)	47,50,50	2.10	16 (34%)
4	GOL	Н	1254	-	5,5,5	0.33	0	5,5,5	0.31	0
4	GOL	L	1290	-	5,5,5	0.34	0	5,5,5	0.26	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



 $\dot{}$ '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	LDA	M	1310	-	-	5/13/13/13	-
7	BPH	M	1313	-	-	17/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
8	UQ2	L	1285[A]	-	-	8/15/39/39	0/1/1/1
6	LDA	M	1306	-	-	5/13/13/13	-
6	LDA	M	1305	-	-	3/13/13/13	-
4	GOL	Н	1251	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
6	LDA	M	1307	-	-	7/13/13/13	-
6	LDA	L	1283	-	-	8/13/13/13	-
5	BCL	L	1286	2	2/2/21/25	8/37/137/137	-
4	GOL	Н	1252	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	M	1316	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
8	UQ2	L	1285[B]	-	-	8/15/39/39	0/1/1/1
5	BCL	M	1304	3	2/2/21/25	10/37/137/137	-
4	GOL	Н	1253	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	BCL	M	1303	3	2/2/21/25	15/37/137/137	-
7	BPH	L	1284	-	-	6/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
10	НТО	L	1288	-	-	7/10/10/10	-
12	U10	M	1314	-	-	11/45/69/87	0/1/1/1
6	LDA	M	1308	-	-	10/13/13/13	-
6	LDA	M	1311	-	-	8/13/13/13	-
4	GOL	L	1289	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	BCL	L	1282	2	2/2/21/25	7/37/137/137	-
6	LDA	M	1309	-	-	3/13/13/13	-
13	SPO	M	1315	-	-	12/47/47/47	-
4	GOL	Н	1254	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	L	1290	-	-	2/4/4/4	_

The worst 5 of 115 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
13	M	1315	SPO	C27-C28	13.50	1.48	1.34
7	M	1313	BPH	OBD-CAD	12.54	1.39	1.22
7	L	1284	BPH	OBD-CAD	12.14	1.39	1.22
5	M	1304	BCL	OBD-CAD	10.41	1.40	1.22
5	L	1282	BCL	OBD-CAD	10.31	1.40	1.22



The worst 5 of 1	46 bond	angle outliers	s are listed	below:
------------------	---------	----------------	--------------	--------

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
7	L	1284	BPH	O2D-CGD-CBD	9.02	122.42	111.00
5	M	1303	BCL	CMB-C2B-C1B	-7.64	116.72	128.46
7	M	1313	BPH	O2D-CGD-CBD	7.44	120.42	111.00
5	M	1304	BCL	CMB-C2B-C1B	-7.09	117.57	128.46
5	L	1286	BCL	CMB-C2B-C1B	-6.61	118.31	128.46

5 of 8 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	L	1282	BCL	C8
5	L	1282	BCL	C13
5	L	1286	BCL	C8
5	L	1286	BCL	C13
5	M	1303	BCL	C8

5 of 170 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	Н	1252	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	Н	1252	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	Н	1253	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	L	1289	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
4	L	1290	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

18 monomers are involved in 59 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	M	1313	BPH	8	0
8	L	1285[A]	UQ2	3	0
6	M	1305	LDA	5	0
4	Н	1251	GOL	4	0
6	M	1307	LDA	6	0
5	L	1286	BCL	2	0
4	M	1316	GOL	1	0
8	L	1285[B]	UQ2	1	0
5	M	1304	BCL	12	0
5	M	1303	BCL	8	0
7	L	1284	BPH	6	0
12	M	1314	U10	2	0
6	M	1308	LDA	4	0

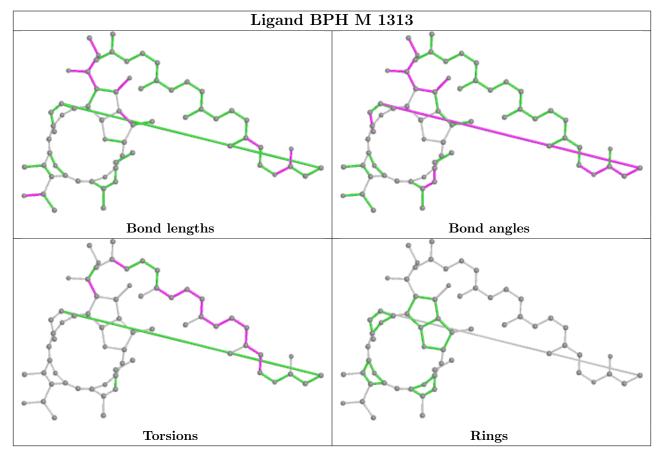
Continued on next page...



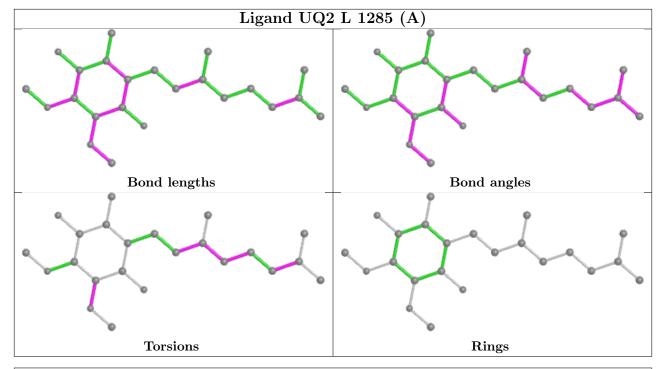
Continued from previous page...

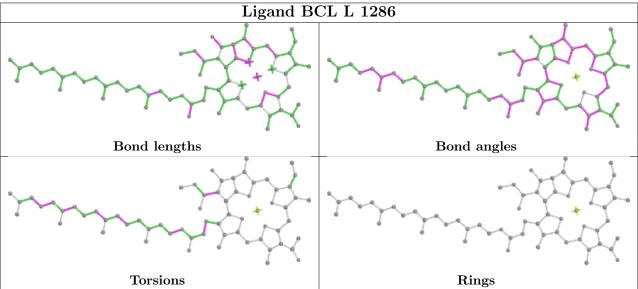
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	M	1311	LDA	3	0
4	L	1289	GOL	1	0
5	L	1282	BCL	5	0
6	M	1309	LDA	1	0
13	M	1315	SPO	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

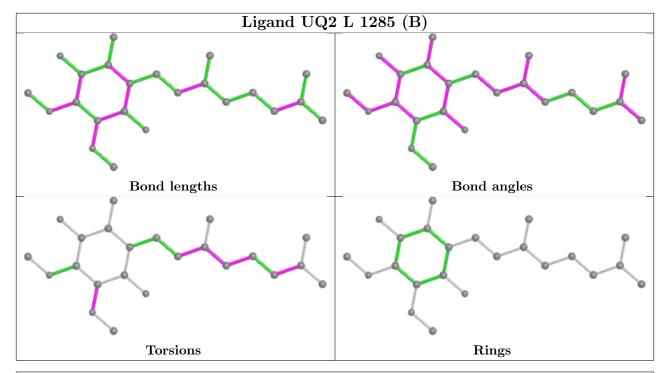


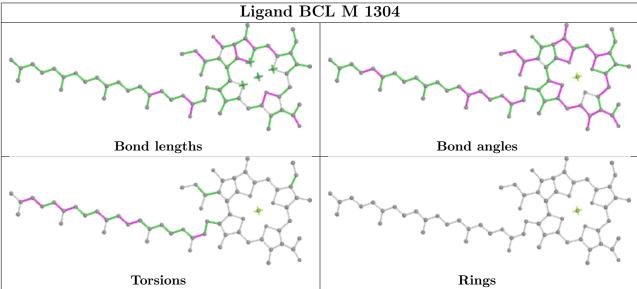




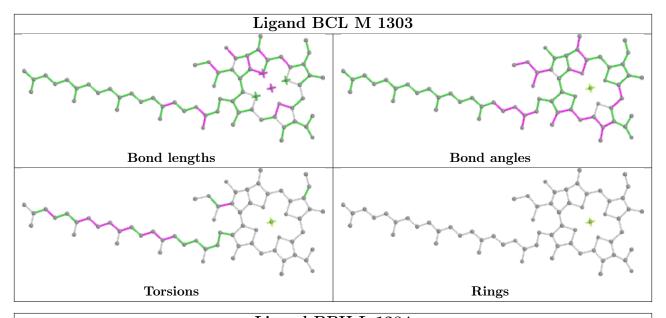


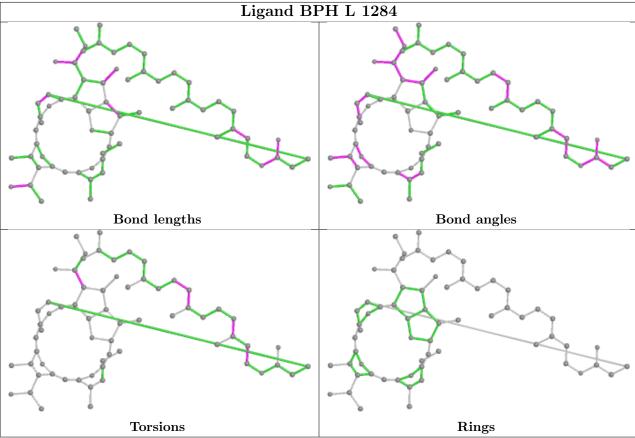




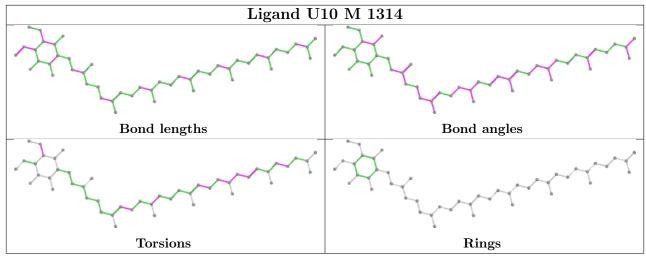


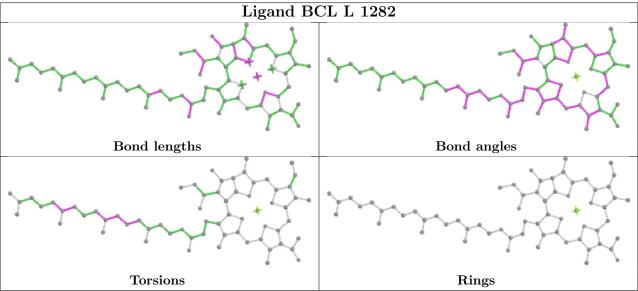


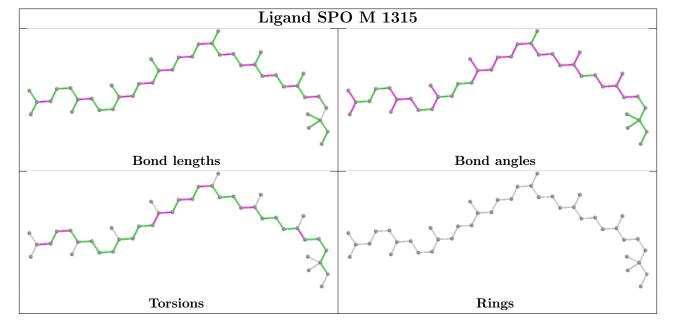














5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	Н	241/260~(92%)	-0.09	10 (4%) 37 45	33, 43, 55, 88	0
2	L	281/281 (100%)	-0.04	11 (3%) 39 47	31, 42, 66, 76	0
3	M	303/307 (98%)	-0.12	9 (2%) 50 58	29, 46, 69, 80	0
All	All	825/848 (97%)	-0.09	30 (3%) 42 50	29, 43, 66, 88	0

The worst 5 of 30 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	M	1	ALA	8.3
1	Н	250	SER	6.8
2	L	59	TRP	6.4
2	L	281	GLY	5.1
1	Н	251	VAL	4.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



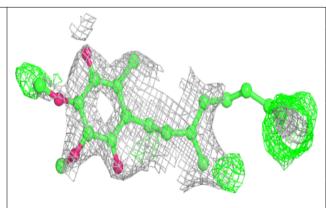
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	LDA	M	1310	16/16	0.11	0.42	96,106,115,116	0
6	LDA	M	1311	16/16	0.27	0.39	81,93,107,108	0
4	GOL	L	1290	6/6	0.35	0.39	110,112,112,112	0
6	LDA	L	1283	16/16	0.35	0.39	122,124,126,126	0
6	LDA	M	1308	16/16	0.36	0.37	100,104,109,110	0
4	GOL	Н	1253	6/6	0.44	0.31	118,118,119,119	0
6	LDA	M	1309	16/16	0.44	0.28	108,114,121,121	0
4	GOL	Н	1254	6/6	0.58	0.37	109,110,110,111	0
10	НТО	L	1288	10/10	0.64	0.48	92,94,94,94	0
4	GOL	Н	1251	6/6	0.71	0.35	52,64,67,67	0
6	LDA	M	1305	16/16	0.72	0.25	55,74,77,79	0
4	GOL	Н	1252	6/6	0.74	0.28	77,78,78,80	0
6	LDA	M	1307	16/16	0.75	0.21	63,65,72,72	0
6	LDA	M	1306	16/16	0.75	0.35	70,77,92,92	0
4	GOL	L	1289	6/6	0.77	0.28	55,61,63,66	0
4	GOL	M	1316	6/6	0.78	0.14	103,104,104,105	0
8	UQ2	L	1285[B]	23/23	0.86	0.28	36,45,60,60	23
8	UQ2	L	1285[A]	23/23	0.86	0.28	28,41,56,58	23
13	SPO	M	1315	42/42	0.86	0.18	43,55,75,80	0
12	U10	M	1314	48/63	0.90	0.16	26,49,76,78	0
7	BPH	M	1313	65/65	0.93	0.12	34,44,105,106	0
5	BCL	M	1303	66/66	0.95	0.12	29,38,90,92	0
5	BCL	L	1282	66/66	0.96	0.10	29,37,62,68	0
5	BCL	L	1286	66/66	0.97	0.11	27,36,55,63	0
5	BCL	M	1304	66/66	0.97	0.11	30,35,62,69	0
7	BPH	L	1284	65/65	0.97	0.09	28,35,49,51	0
9	PO4	L	1287	5/5	0.98	0.16	77,77,78,78	0
11	FE	M	1312	1/1	0.99	0.03	31,31,31,31	0

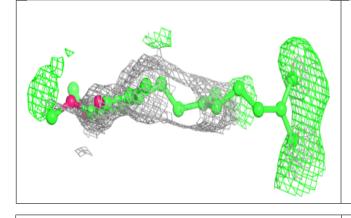
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

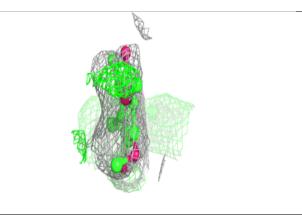


Electron density around UQ2 L 1285 (B):

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

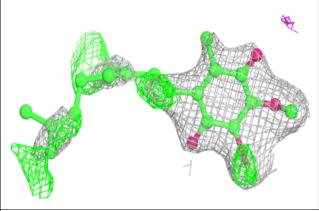


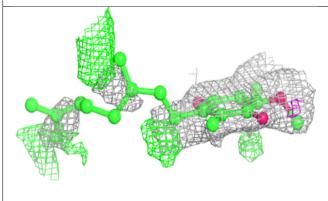


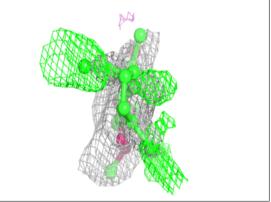


Electron density around UQ2 L 1285 (A):

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



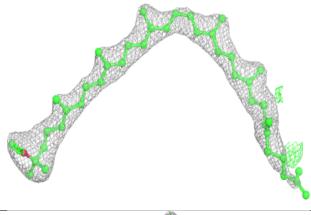


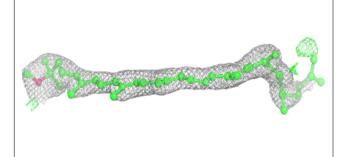


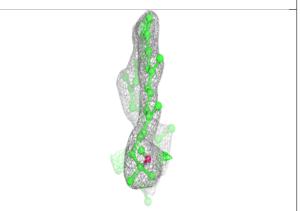


Electron density around SPO M 1315:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

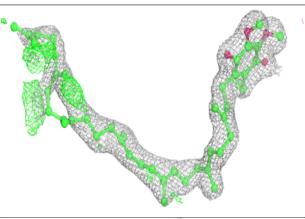


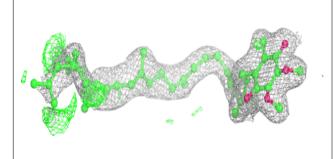


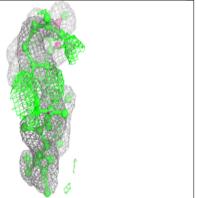


Electron density around U10 M 1314:

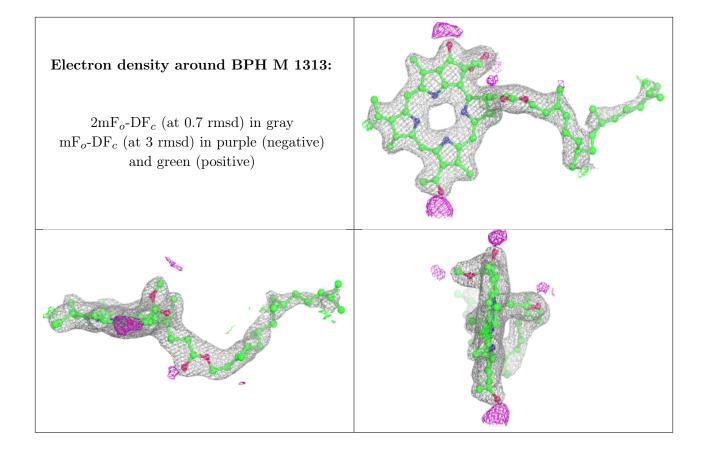
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





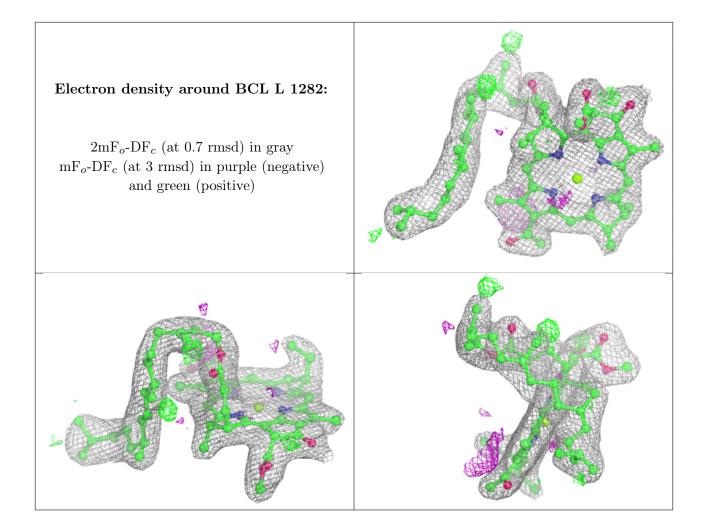








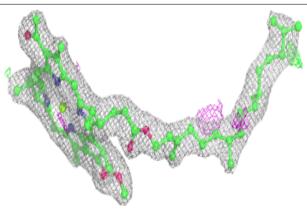


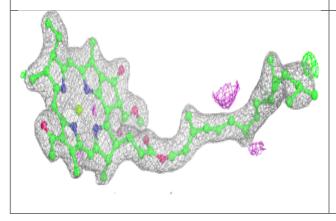


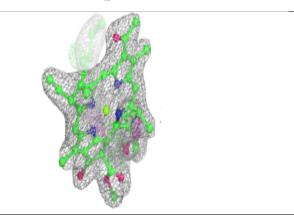


Electron density around BCL L 1286:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

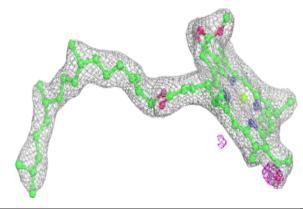


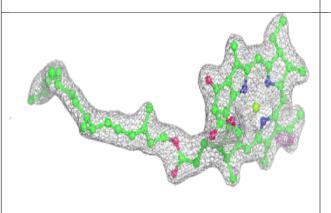


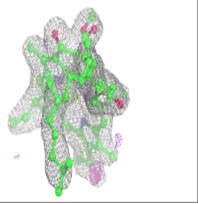


Electron density around BCL M 1304:

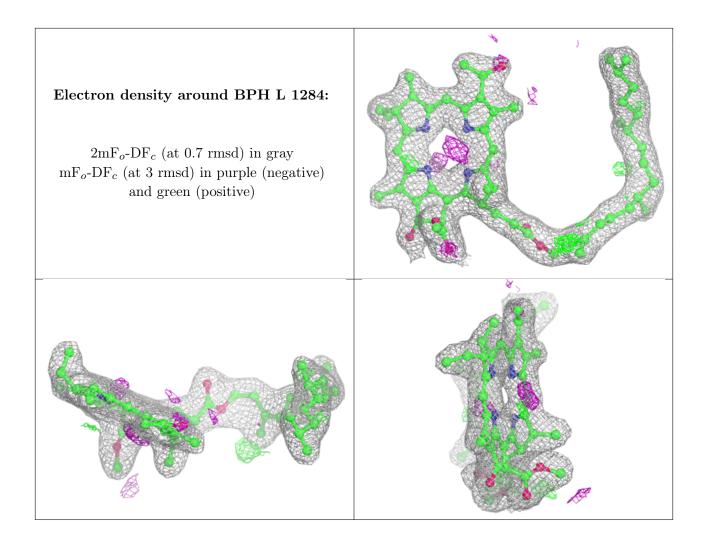
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

