

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1U65
Title	:	Ache W. CPT-11
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Deposited on	:	2004-07-29
Resolution	:	2.61  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

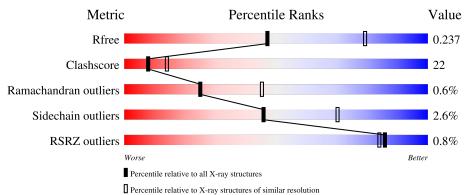
MolProbity		
		1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.18
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.18

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.61 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	3797 (2.64-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	4168 (2.64-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4093 (2.64-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4093 (2.64-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3731 (2.64-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	543	% • 65%	31%				
2	В	2	50%	50%				
3	С	2	100%					
4	D	2	50%	50%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NAG	В	1	Х	-	Х	-
3	NAG	С	1	-	-	Х	-
3	FUC	С	2	Х	-	Х	-
4	NAG	D	1	-	-	Х	Х
7	IOD	А	604	-	-	Х	-

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4635 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Acetylcholinesterase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	533	Total 4249	C 2724	N 721	O 782	S 22	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta -D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total 24	C 14	N 1	0 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet a-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total 24	C 14	N 1	O 9	0	0	0

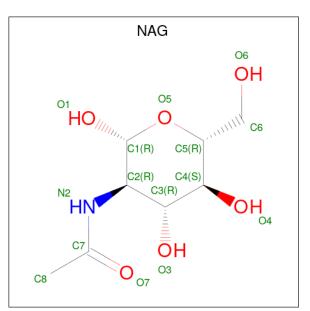
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	I	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	2	Total 25	C 14	N 1	O 10	0	0	0

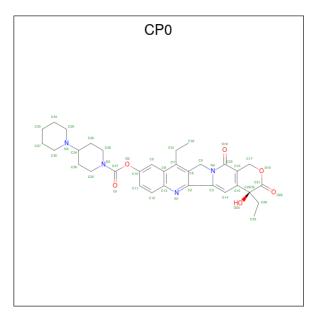
• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0	0
5	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0	0

• Molecule 6 is (4S)-4,11-DIETHYL-4-HYDROXY-3,14-DIOXO-3,4,12,14-TETRAHYDRO-1 H-PYRANO[3',4':6,7]INDOLIZINO[1,2-B]QUINOLIN-9-YL 1,4'-BIPIPERIDINE-1'-CARB OXYLATE (three-letter code: CP0) (formula: C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>38</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>6</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
0	Л	1	43	33	4	6	0	0

• Molecule 7 is IODIDE ION (three-letter code: IOD) (formula: I).

Μ	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
-	7	А	1	Total I 1 1	0	0

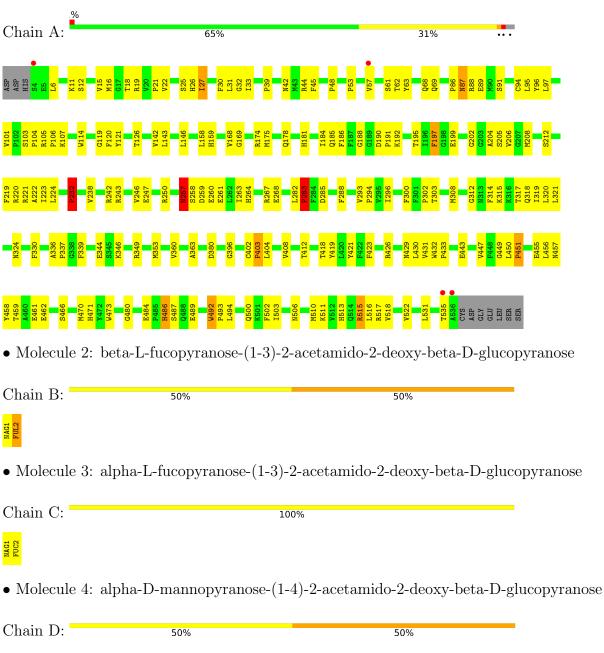
• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	241	Total O 241 241	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Acetylcholinesterase



NAG1 MAN2



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	137.87Å 137.87Å 70.89Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	-
Resolution (Å)	27.88 - 2.61	Depositor
	27.87 - 2.61	EDS
% Data completeness	99.2 (27.88-2.61)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$99.3\ (27.87-2.61)$	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.09	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	0.08	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.78 (at 2.61 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
D D	0.187 , $0.237$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.188 , $0.237$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2382 reflections (10.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	37.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.349	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, $46.9$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.44, < L^2>=0.26$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.063 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4635	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	39.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.38% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, FUC, NAG, FUL, CP0, IOD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.50	3/4372~(0.1%)	0.73	8/5936~(0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
1	А	403	PRO	N-CD	-18.02	1.22	1.47
1	А	451	PRO	N-CD	5.34	1.55	1.47
1	А	493	PRO	N-CD	5.34	1.55	1.47

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	283	PRO	CA-N-CD	-18.49	85.61	111.50
1	А	337	PRO	CA-N-CD	-16.06	89.02	111.50
1	А	232	PRO	CA-N-CD	-11.97	94.74	111.50
1	А	283	PRO	N-CA-CB	6.30	110.86	103.30
1	А	283	PRO	N-CD-CG	6.13	112.39	103.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	515	ARG	Sidechain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	4249	0	4099	167	1
2	В	24	0	22	8	0
3	С	24	0	22	7	0
4	D	25	0	22	12	0
5	А	28	0	26	2	0
6	А	43	0	38	4	0
7	А	1	0	0	5	0
8	A	241	0	0	21	0
All	All	4635	0	4229	186	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

The worst 5 of 186 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:243:ARG:NH2	1:A:283:PRO:HD3	1.56	1.19
2:B:1:NAG:H5	4:D:1:NAG:H62	1.40	1.02
1:A:243:ARG:HH22	1:A:283:PRO:HD3	1.29	0.95
1:A:243:ARG:NH2	1:A:283:PRO:CD	2.35	0.88
2:B:1:NAG:H4	2:B:2:FUL:C6	2.07	0.84

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:535:THR:CG2	1:A:535:THR:CG2[5_675]	2.08	0.12



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	531/543~(98%)	480 (90%)	48 (9%)	3~(1%)	25 45

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	257	ASN
1	А	486	HIS
1	А	380	ASP

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	465/474 (98%)	453 (97%)	12 (3%)	46 70	

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	288	PHE
1	А	321	LEU
1	А	492	TRP
1	А	330	PHE
1	А	197	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	382	ASN
1	А	500	GLN
1	А	519	GLN
1	А	87	ASN
1	А	181	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Image: Angle of the second s		Tiple	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
			Ites LIIIK		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.71	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.76	0
2	FUL	В	2	2	10,10,11	0.84	0	14,14,16	1.19	3 (21%)
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
3	FUC	С	2	3	$10,\!10,\!11$	0.53	0	$14,\!14,\!16$	0.54	0
4	NAG	D	1	4	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.61	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.92	1 (5%)
4	MAN	D	2	4	11,11,12	0.39	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.60	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	1/1/5/7	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUL	В	2	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	$1,\!3$	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	С	2	3	1/1/4/5	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	4	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	2	4	-	2/2/19/22	1/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	2	FUL	C1-C2-C3	2.51	112.75	109.67
4	D	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.49	107.36	111.02
2	В	2	FUL	C1-O5-C5	2.36	118.12	112.78
2	В	2	FUL	O5-C5-C4	2.02	113.15	109.52

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	В	1	NAG	C1
3	С	2	FUC	C1

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	В	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	2	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

6 monomers are involved in 23 short contacts:

M	lol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
	3	С	1	NAG	7	0
	2	В	1	NAG	8	0

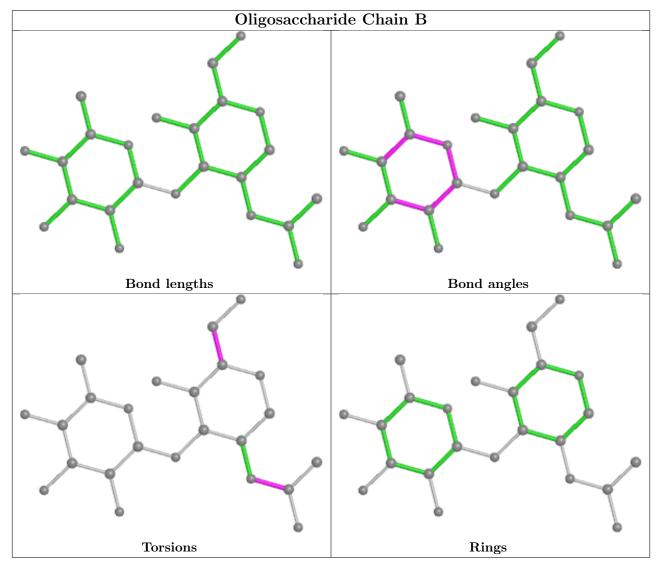
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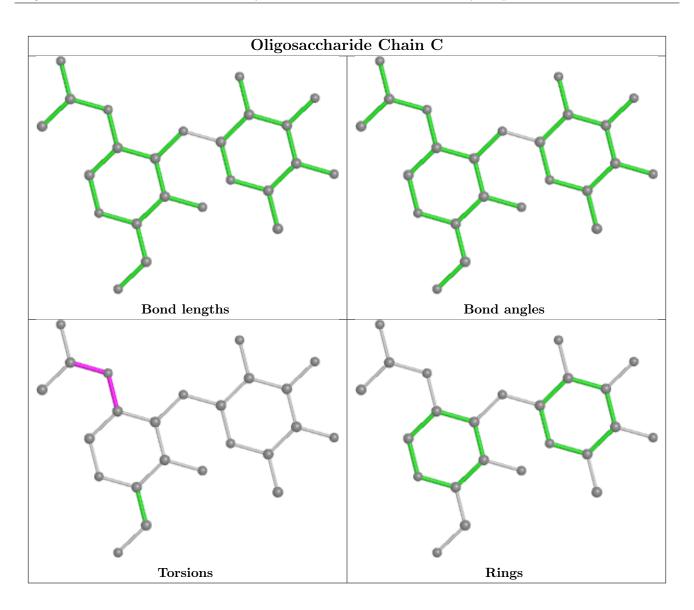
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes						
4	D	1	NAG	10	0						
4	D	2	MAN	2	0						
3	С	2	FUC	7	0						
2	В	2	FUL	4	0						

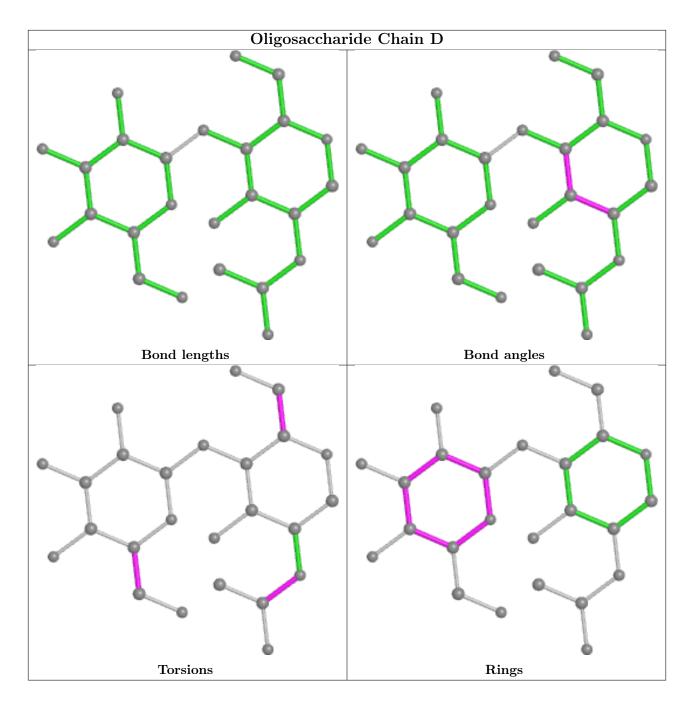
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The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mal	Mol Type Cl		Chain Res		Res Link Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	А	602	1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.68	1 (5%)
6	CP0	А	603	-	47,49,49	<mark>3.53</mark>	27 (57%)	51,74,74	2.86	20 (39%)
5	NAG	А	601	-	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	0.66	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	А	602	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	CP0	А	603	-	-	7/17/60/60	0/7/7/7
5	NAG	А	601	-	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 27 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
6	А	603	CP0	C23-N4	8.88	1.51	1.38
6	А	603	CP0	C11-C10	7.64	1.54	1.38
6	А	603	CP0	C6-C7	7.10	1.47	1.38
6	А	603	CP0	C8-C13	6.59	1.53	1.42
6	А	603	CP0	C29-N3	6.25	1.59	1.47

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
6	А	603	CP0	C22-N2-C37	7.89	144.35	121.77
6	А	603	CP0	C16-C23-N4	-6.77	112.88	120.23
6	А	603	CP0	C36-C22-N2	-6.45	101.01	110.82
6	А	603	CP0	C26-N2-C37	-6.44	103.36	121.77
6	А	603	CP0	C11-C12-C13	-5.68	113.68	120.84

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	А	601	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
5	А	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	А	601	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	А	602	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

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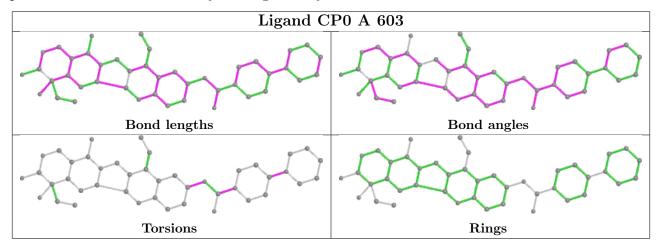
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	А	602	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	А	602	NAG	2	0
6	А	603	CP0	4	0
5	А	601	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	А	533/543~(98%)	-0.53	4 (0%) 86 84	19, 36, 59, 81	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	536	ALA	4.2
1	А	535	THR	3.6
1	А	4	SER	2.9
1	А	57	VAL	2.6

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

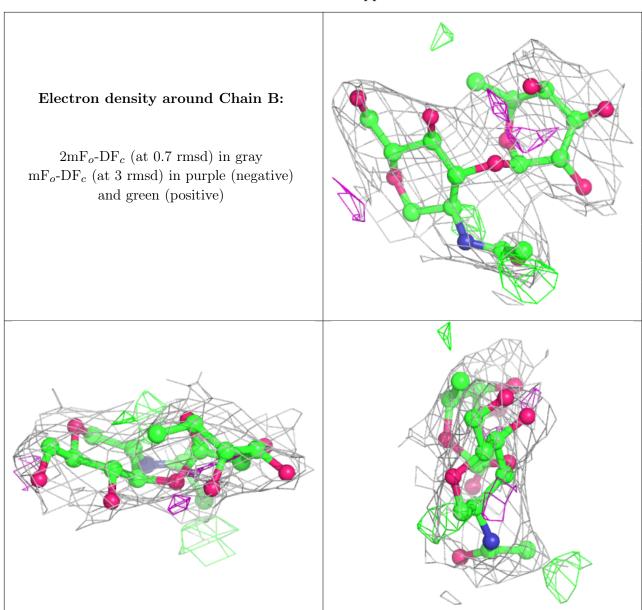
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.73	0.54	$103,\!105,\!107,\!108$	0
4	MAN	D	2	11/12	0.73	0.34	97,99,102,104	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.79	0.34	87,91,95,96	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.82	0.29	73,78,81,83	0
2	FUL	В	2	10/11	0.85	0.41	85,87,88,88	0
3	FUC	С	2	10/11	0.87	0.34	$94,\!95,\!95,\!95$	0

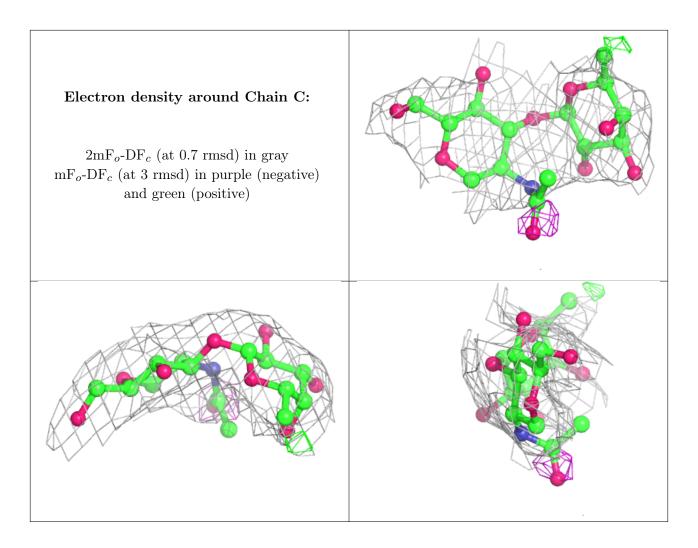
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosac-



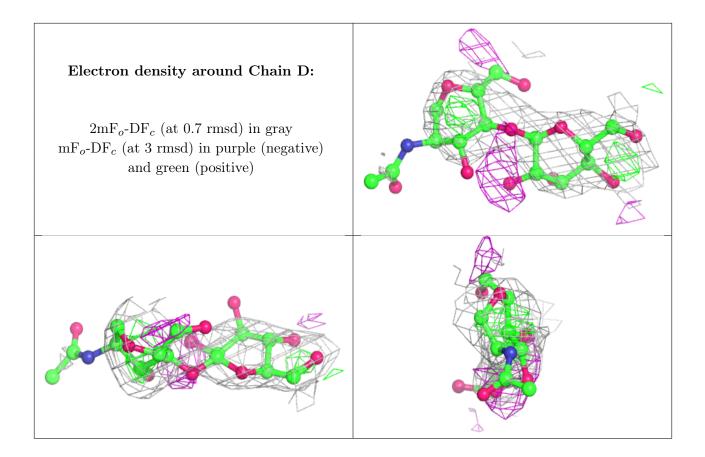


#### charide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









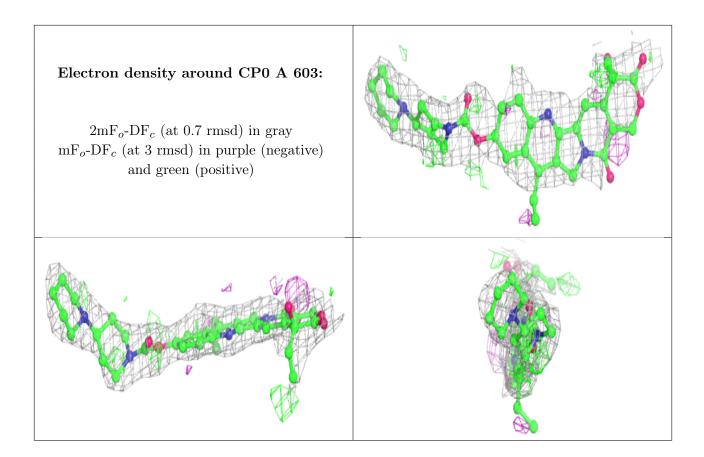
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(A^2)$	Q<0.9
6	CP0	А	603	43/43	0.80	0.26	44,76,89,91	0
5	NAG	А	601	14/15	0.81	0.34	113,114,114,114	0
5	NAG	А	602	14/15	0.90	0.20	62,64,67,67	0
7	IOD	А	604	1/1	0.93	0.06	66,66,66,66	1

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

