

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 17, 2023 – 11:51 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4TUO

Title: Crystal structure of monoclonal antibody against neuroblastoma associated

antigen.

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Deposited on : 2014-06-24

Resolution : 1.55 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

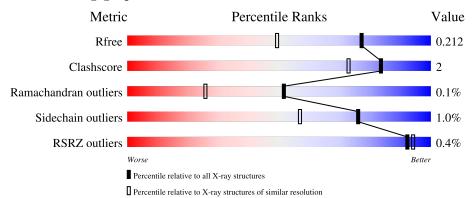
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.55 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$		
$R_{free}$	130704	1483 (1.56-1.56)		
Clashscore	141614	1529 (1.56-1.56)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1498 (1.56-1.56)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	1495 (1.56-1.56)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	1465 (1.56-1.56)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	214		86%	10% •			
1	С	214	.% •	92%	7% •			
2	В	220		90%	9%			
2	D	220		94%	5% •			
3	Е	5	20%	80%				

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
4	F	5	20%	80%					



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7332 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

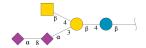
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Heavy chain of monoclonal antibody against neuroblastoma associated antigen.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	٨	205	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
I A	205	1545	984	245	303	13	0	8	0	
1	С	911	Total	С	N	О	S	0	7	0
1		211	1582	998	252	320	12	0	1	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Light chain of monoclonal antibody against neuroblastoma associated antigen.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	219	Total 1687	C 1053	- 1	O 241	S	0	6	0
			1007	1000	200	341	1			
9	D	218	Total	$\mathbf{C}$	N	Ο	S	0	9	
	D	210	1674	1048	285	335	6	0	2	

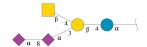
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-8)-N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)]beta-D-galactopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	Е	5	Total 77	C 42	N 3	O 32	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-8)-N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)]beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	F	5	Total 77	C 42	N 3	O 32	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0
5	D	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	138	Total O 138 138	0	0
6	В	182	Total O 182 182	0	0
6	С	158	Total O 158 158	0	0
6	D	210	Total O 210 210	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Heavy chain of monoclonal antibody against neuroblastoma associated antigen



e Chain E: 20% 80%





• Molecule 3: N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-8)-N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-[2-aceta mido-2-deoxy-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)]beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranos

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 4: N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-} (2-8)-\text{N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-} (2-3)-\text{[2-aceta mido-2-deoxy-beta-D-galactopyranose-} (1-4)] beta-D-galactopyranose-} (1-4)-\text{alpha-D-galactopyranose-} (1-4)-\text{alpha-D-galactopy$ 

Chain F: 20% 80%





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	58.09Å 61.09Å 65.36Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$107.79^{\circ}$ $113.43^{\circ}$ $95.68^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	56.28 - 1.55	Depositor
resolution (A)	56.29 - 1.55	EDS
% Data completeness	90.4 (56.28-1.55)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.4 (56.29-1.55)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.33  (at  1.55Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
P.P.	0.166 , 0.206	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.175 , $0.212$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4981  reflections  (4.99%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.401	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 44.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7332	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	16.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 24.45 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.8238e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA, SIA, GLC, BGC, NGA, GAL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.00	0/1605	0.97	$4/2186 \; (0.2\%)$	
1	С	1.04	$2/1638 \; (0.1\%)$	1.02	$1/2238 \; (0.0\%)$	
2	В	0.97	0/1742	1.05	3/2369 (0.1%)	
2	D	1.06	1/1719 (0.1%)	1.08	$4/2337 \ (0.2\%)$	
All	All	1.02	3/6704 (0.0%)	1.03	12/9130 (0.1%)	

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	С	59	SER	CB-OG	-5.90	1.34	1.42
2	D	179	TYR	CE1-CZ	-5.41	1.31	1.38
1	С	166	PHE	CG-CD1	5.17	1.46	1.38

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	D	32	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.79	124.70	120.30
2	D	32	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.96	116.32	120.30
1	A	173	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.26	124.84	118.30
2	В	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.71	116.94	120.30
1	A	67	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.34	123.47	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1545	0	1503	11	0
1	С	1582	0	1512	6	0
2	В	1687	0	1619	9	0
2	D	1674	0	1608	6	0
3	Е	77	0	65	0	0
4	F	77	0	65	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
5	D	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	138	0	0	1	1
6	В	182	0	0	0	0
6	С	158	0	0	2	0
6	D	210	0	0	4	1
All	All	7332	0	6372	31	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 31 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:3:GLN:N	6:C:450:HOH:O	2.19	0.74
2:D:157:ASP:OD2	6:D:561:HOH:O	2.06	0.73
2:B:128:SER:O	2:B:132:THR:HG23	1.96	0.66
1:A:2:VAL:HG22	1:A:27:SER:HB3	1.81	0.63
1:A:10:GLU:HG3	1:A:18[A]:VAL:HG11	1.83	0.60

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \AA) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
6:A:339:HOH:O	6:D:470:HOH:O[1_645]	1.98	0.22



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	$207/214\ (97\%)$	205 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	215/214 (100%)	211 (98%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	29	9
2	В	223/220 (101%)	221 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	D	$218/220\ (99\%)$	213 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	863/868 (99%)	850 (98%)	12 (1%)	1 (0%)	51	26

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	131	THR

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	174/183 (95%)	169 (97%)	5 (3%)	42 13
1	$\mathbf{C}$	179/183~(98%)	178 (99%)	1 (1%)	86 73
2	В	194/198 (98%)	192 (99%)	2 (1%)	76 57
2	D	191/198 (96%)	191 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	738/762 (97%)	730 (99%)	8 (1%)	76 53

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	77	SER
2	В	194	ARG
1	A	200	PRO
1	A	187	THR
2	В	112	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	18	GLN
2	В	47	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain I		n Res Lin	Link	Вс	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	ries	rtes	nes	es Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	BGC	Е	1	3	12,12,12	0.82	0	17,17,17	1.29	3 (17%)		
3	GAL	E	2	3	11,11,12	1.11	1 (9%)	15,15,17	0.94	0		
3	SIA	E	3	3	20,20,21	1.82	6 (30%)	24,28,31	1.74	5 (20%)		
3	SIA	Е	4	3	20,20,21	1.39	3 (15%)	24,28,31	1.32	4 (16%)		
3	NGA	Е	5	3	14,14,15	0.94	0	17,19,21	0.87	0		
4	GLC	F	1	4	12,12,12	0.69	0	17,17,17	1.68	6 (35%)		



Mal	Mol Type Chai		Chain Res Li		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	GAL	F	2	4	11,11,12	0.71	0	15,15,17	0.88	0
4	SIA	F	3	4	20,20,21	1.90	5 (25%)	24,28,31	2.21	9 (37%)
4	SIA	F	4	4	20,20,21	1.11	1 (5%)	24,28,31	1.39	5 (20%)
4	NGA	F	5	4	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	1.33	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	BGC	Е	1	3	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	GAL	Ε	2	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	E	3	3	-	5/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	E	4	3	-	1/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
3	NGA	${ m E}$	5	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	GLC	F	1	4	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	F	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	SIA	F	3	4	-	5/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
4	SIA	F	4	4	-	1/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
4	NGA	F	5	4	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 16 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
4	F	3	SIA	C2-C1	-5.67	1.47	1.52
3	Е	3	SIA	C2-C1	-3.99	1.48	1.52
3	Е	3	SIA	C11-C10	-3.42	1.43	1.50
4	F	3	SIA	O1A-C1	3.41	1.32	1.22
3	Е	3	SIA	O10-C10	3.01	1.30	1.23

The worst 5 of 35 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	F	3	SIA	O6-C2-C3	-4.48	104.29	110.46
3	Е	3	SIA	C3-C4-C5	-4.40	106.14	111.46
4	F	3	SIA	O6-C2-C1	4.37	116.27	107.70
4	F	3	SIA	C6-O6-C2	3.78	119.42	111.34
4	F	3	SIA	O1B-C1-C2	3.57	123.22	113.03

There are no chirality outliers.



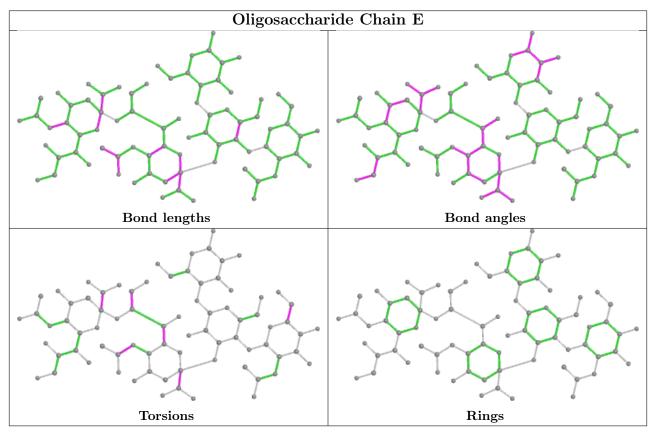
5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	Е	3	SIA	C11-C10-N5-C5
3	Е	3	SIA	O10-C10-N5-C5
4	F	3	SIA	C11-C10-N5-C5
4	F	3	SIA	O10-C10-N5-C5
3	Е	5	NGA	O5-C5-C6-O6

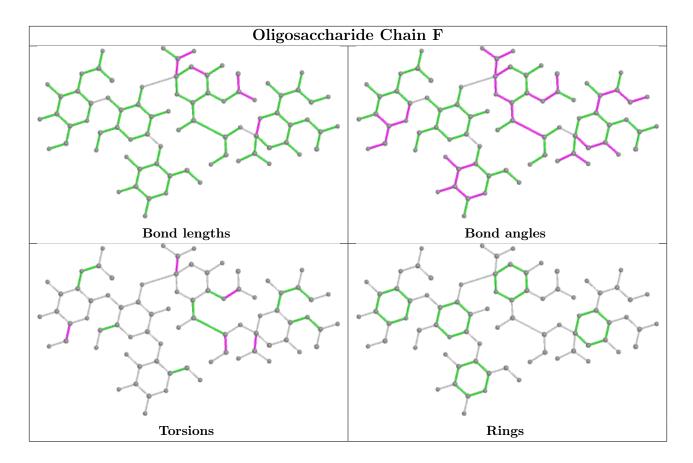
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	205/214 (95%)	-0.12	1 (0%) 91 93	10, 17, 29, 40	0
1	С	211/214 (98%)	-0.12	2 (0%) 84 87	8, 16, 29, 57	0
2	В	219/220 (99%)	-0.24	0 100 100	9, 15, 26, 42	0
2	D	218/220 (99%)	-0.28	0 100 100	8, 13, 25, 37	0
All	All	853/868 (98%)	-0.19	3 (0%) 92 94	8, 15, 28, 57	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	54	TYR	4.1
1	С	131	THR	2.8
1	С	132	THR	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GLC	F	1	12/12	0.89	0.12	19,29,34,38	0
3	SIA	E	3	20/21	0.93	0.09	13,14,20,26	0
3	BGC	Ε	1	12/12	0.94	0.14	16,22,25,25	0
3	NGA	Е	5	14/15	0.96	0.08	12,14,19,19	0

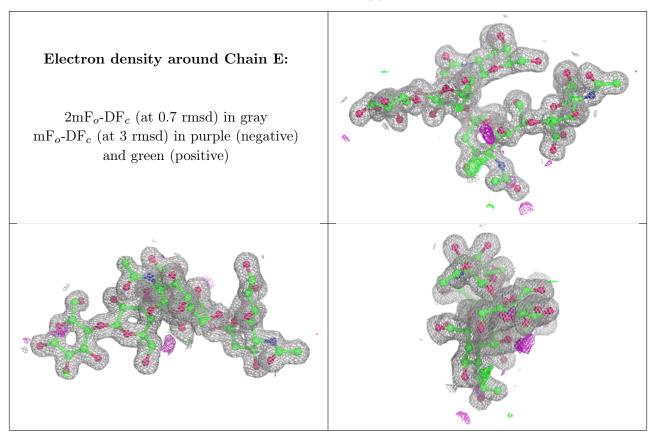
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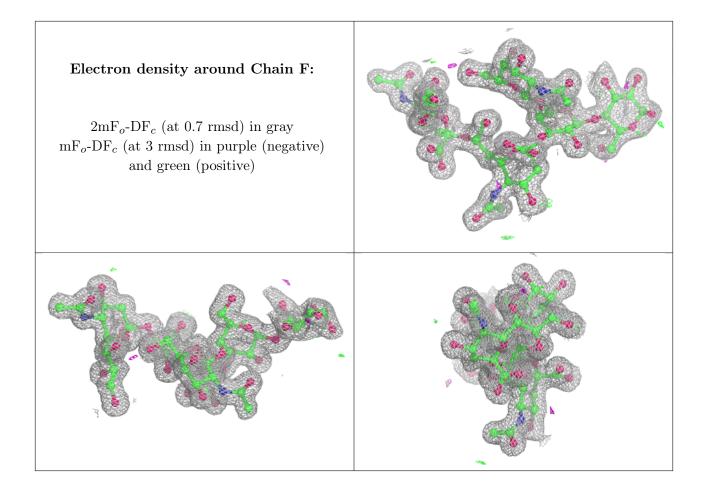
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	GAL	Ε	2	11/12	0.96	0.06	14,15,17,18	0
3	SIA	Ε	4	20/21	0.97	0.08	10,11,13,15	0
4	GAL	F	2	11/12	0.97	0.06	14,15,18,18	0
4	SIA	F	3	20/21	0.97	0.06	12,15,20,21	0
4	NGA	F	5	14/15	0.97	0.07	12,13,18,19	0
4	SIA	F	4	20/21	0.98	0.06	11,12,14,14	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	NA	В	301	1/1	0.97	0.08	22,22,22,22	0
5	NA	D	301	1/1	0.99	0.09	12,12,12,12	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

