

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 4, 2021 – 04:40 PM EST

PDB ID : 1TLS

Title : THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE TERNARY COMPLEX WITH FDUMP AND

 ${\tt METHYLENETETRAHYDROFOLATE}$ 

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Deposited on : 1996-12-03

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.17.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

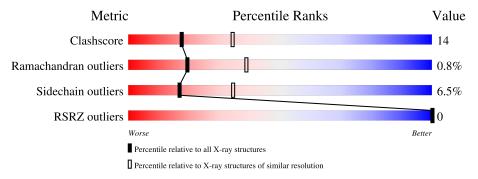
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.17.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
10100110	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	264	63%	31%	5% •			
1	В	264	65%	29%	5% •			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

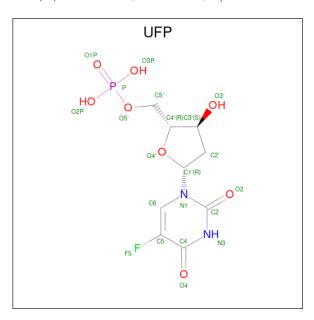
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4608 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	264	Total 2153	C 1375	N 371	O 395	S 12	0	0	0
1	В	264	Total 2153	C 1375	N 371	O 395	S 12	0	0	0

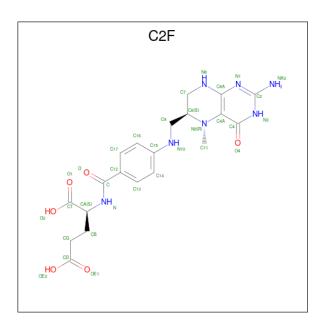
• Molecule 2 is 5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXYURIDINE-5'-MONOPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: UFP) (formula:  $C_9H_{12}FN_2O_8P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	С	F	N	О	Р	0	0
	2   A	1	21	9	1	2	8	1	0	0
9	D	1	Total	С	F	N	О	Р	0	0
	2   B	1	21	9	1	2	8	1	0	U

• Molecule 3 is 5-METHYL-5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDROFOLIC ACID (three-letter code: C2F) (formula:  $C_{20}H_{25}N_7O_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 33			0	0
3	В	1	Total 33		N 7	0	0

#### • Molecule 4 is water.

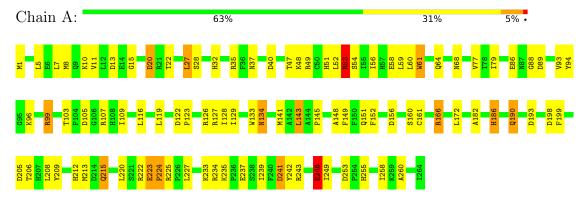
Mo	l Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	110	Total O 110 110	0	0
4	В	84	Total O 84 84	0	0



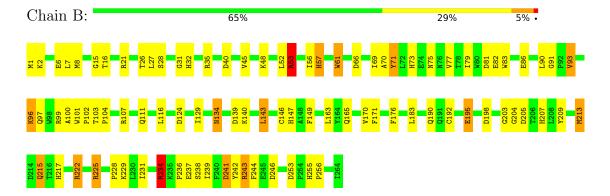
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE



• Molecule 1: THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63	Depositor
Cell constants	126.78Å 126.78Å 67.71Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	14.80 - 2.60	Depositor
resolution (A)	14.85 - 2.60	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (14.80-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	89.5 (14.85-2.60)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.10	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.76 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	GPRLSA	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.180 , (Not available)	Depositor
it, it free	0.161 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.416	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.28, 47.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.53, < L^2>=0.36$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.025 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4608	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.27% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: UFP, C2F, CXM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.97	0/2202	1.87	$47/2990 \ (1.6\%)$	
1	В	0.96	0/2202	1.74	35/2990 (1.2%)	
All	All	0.97	0/4404	1.80	82/5980 (1.4%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 82 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	243	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-18.01	111.29	120.30
1	A	198	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	14.30	131.17	118.30
1	A	35	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.18	113.71	120.30
1	A	243	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.69	126.64	120.30
1	A	53	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.57	126.09	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	49	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	99	ARG	Sidechain



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2153	0	2079	66	0
1	В	2153	0	2079	52	0
2	A	21	0	9	1	0
2	В	21	0	9	1	0
3	A	33	0	21	5	0
3	В	33	0	21	1	0
4	A	110	0	0	3	0
4	В	84	0	0	2	0
All	All	4608	0	4218	118	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 118 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:52:LEU:CD1	1:A:249:ILE:HD13	1.54	1.33
1:A:52:LEU:HD11	1:A:249:ILE:CD1	1.84	1.08
1:B:129:ILE:HG21	1:B:149:PHE:CZ	2.02	0.95
1:A:52:LEU:CD1	1:A:249:ILE:CD1	2.42	0.94
1:A:215:GLN:HE21	1:A:215:GLN:H	1.19	0.90

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentile	es
1	A	262/264~(99%)	249 (95%)	12 (5%)	1 (0%)	34 57	
1	В	262/264 (99%)	248 (95%)	11 (4%)	3 (1%)	14 30	
All	All	524/528 (99%)	497 (95%)	23 (4%)	4 (1%)	19 39	

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	93	VAL
1	В	228	PRO
1	В	31	GLY
1	В	93	VAL

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	232/232 (100%)	218 (94%)	14 (6%)	19	39
1	В	232/232 (100%)	216 (93%)	16 (7%)	15	31
All	All	464/464 (100%)	434 (94%)	30 (6%)	17	34

5 of 30 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	2	LYS
1	В	234	ARG
1	В	53	ARG
1	В	253	ASP
1	В	215	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 19 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	121	ASN
1	В	215	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	217	HIS
1	В	151	GLN
1	A	215	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trmo	Chain	Dec	Tiple		ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
1	CXM	A	1	1	6,10,11	0.67	0	5,11,13	2.47	2 (40%)
1	CXM	В	1	1	6,10,11	0.68	0	5,11,13	3.29	2 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CXM	A	1	1	-	1/7/10/12	-
1	CXM	В	1	1	-	1/7/10/12	_

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	1	CXM	O-C-CA	-5.93	109.24	124.78
1	В	1	CXM	C-CA-N	-4.31	101.95	109.73
1	A	1	CXM	C-CA-N	-3.78	102.91	109.73

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	1	CXM	O-C-CA	-3.72	115.02	124.78

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	1	CXM	O-C-CA-CB
1	В	1	CXM	CB-CG-SD-CE

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type	Tuno	Clasia	Res	Dag	Das	Dag	Das	Dag	Dag	Dag	Dag	Das	Dag	Link	B	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Mol Type Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2											
3	C2F	A	266	2	27,35,35	2.78	12 (44%)	27,49,49	2.88	13 (48%)										
3	C2F	В	266	2	27,35,35	2.70	11 (40%)	27,49,49	3.59	10 (37%)										
2	UFP	A	265	3,1	19,22,22	5.83	5 (26%)	24,33,33	2.76	6 (25%)										
2	UFP	В	265	3,1	19,22,22	5.84	6 (31%)	24,33,33	3.13	7 (29%)										

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	C2F	A	266	2	-	2/16/35/35	0/3/3/3
3	C2F	В	266	2	-	2/16/35/35	0/3/3/3
2	UFP	A	265	3,1	-	2/7/22/22	0/2/2/2
2	UFP	В	265	3,1	-	1/7/22/22	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 34 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
2	A	265	UFP	C4-C5	20.51	1.63	1.38
2	В	265	UFP	C4-C5	20.03	1.63	1.38
2	В	265	UFP	C6-C5	14.21	1.62	1.38
2	A	265	UFP	C6-C5	12.65	1.59	1.38
3	A	266	C2F	C4-C4A	7.92	1.52	1.41

The worst 5 of 36 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	265	UFP	C4-N3-C2	11.93	125.21	115.14
3	В	266	C2F	C4-C4A-C8A	11.27	123.25	114.44
2	A	265	UFP	C4-N3-C2	10.17	123.73	115.14
3	В	266	C2F	CG-CB-CA	9.46	132.15	113.04
3	A	266	C2F	CA-N-C	-7.93	112.12	122.34

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	266	C2F	C6-C9-N10-C15
3	A	266	C2F	CT-CA-N-C
3	В	266	C2F	N-CA-CB-CG
2	A	265	UFP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	A	265	UFP	C4'-C5'-O5'-P

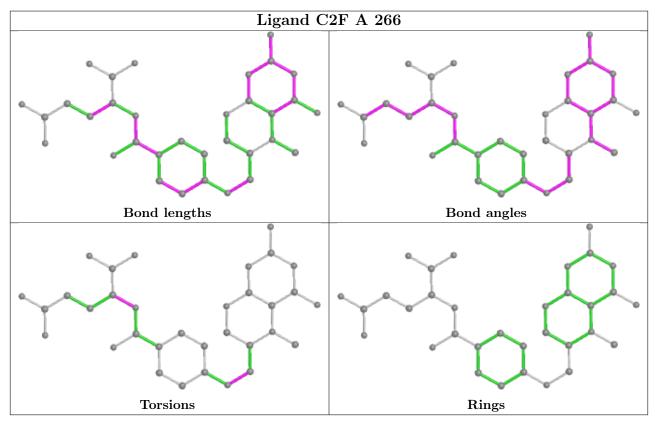
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

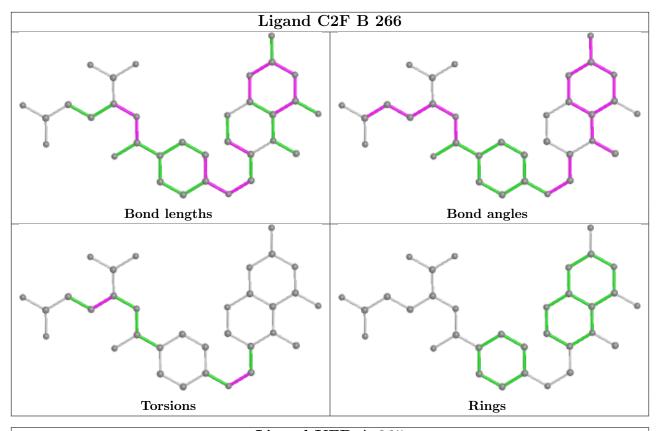
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	266	C2F	5	0
3	В	266	C2F	1	0
2	A	265	UFP	1	0
2	В	265	UFP	1	0

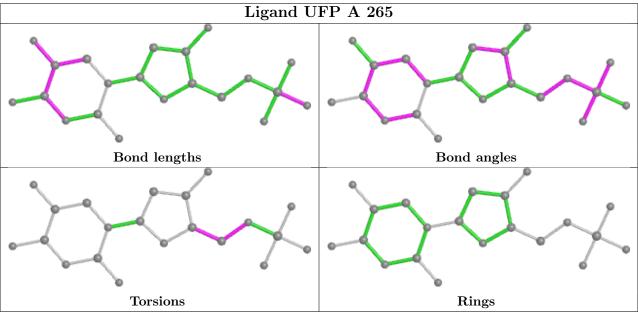


The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

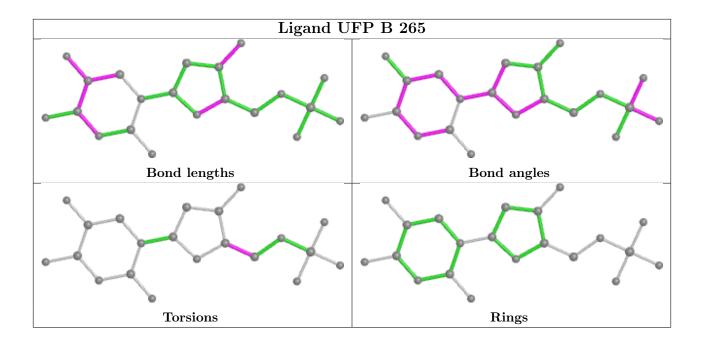












### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	RSRZ> $#RSRZ>2$		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	263/264 (99%)	-1.06	0 10	100	2, 13, 28, 45	0
1	В	263/264~(99%)	-0.90	0 10	100	3, 18, 39, 54	0
All	All	526/528 (99%)	-0.98	0 10	00 100	2, 15, 35, 54	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	CXM	В	1	11/12	0.96	0.10	17,20,26,26	0
1	CXM	A	1	11/12	0.98	0.08	13,17,20,20	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

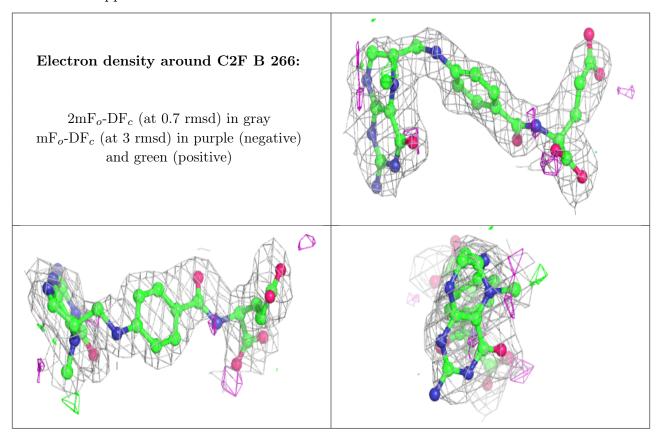
#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

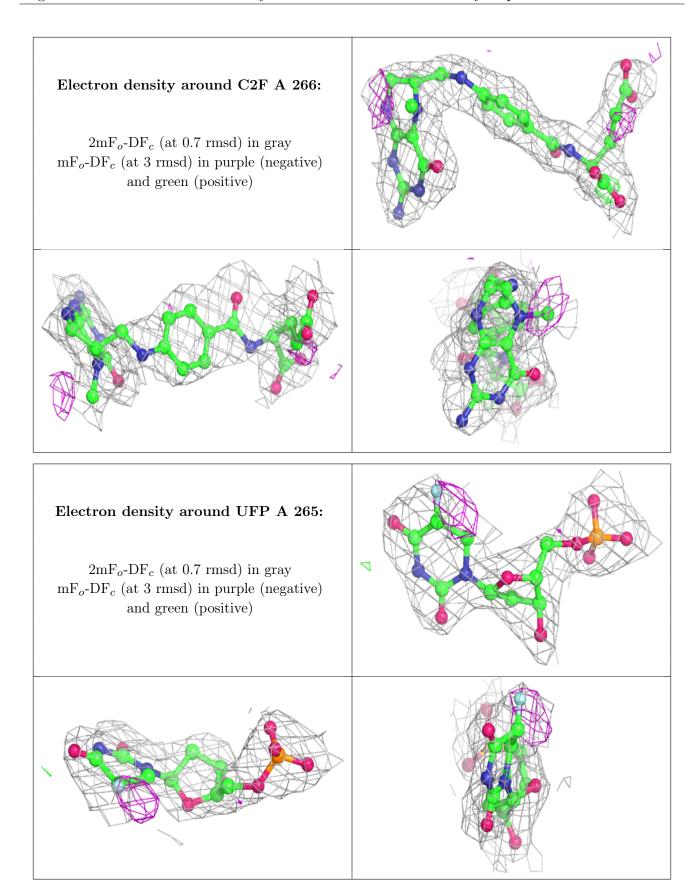


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	C2F	В	266	33/33	0.86	0.18	20,33,50,53	0
3	C2F	A	266	33/33	0.87	0.15	15,26,46,47	0
2	UFP	A	265	21/21	0.96	0.12	8,13,16,18	0
2	UFP	В	265	21/21	0.96	0.12	13,17,19,20	0

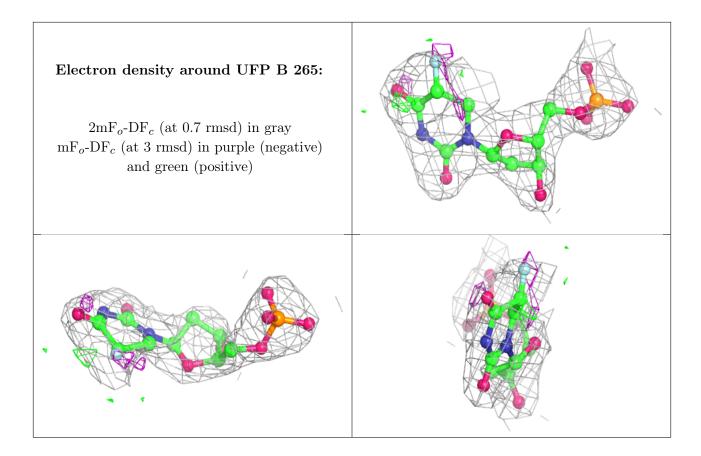
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

