

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Nov 9, 2020 - 05:10 PM GMT

PDB ID : 6T9F

Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF EN ENDOGLUCANASE S308P FROM PENI-

CILLIUM VERRUCULOSUM

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Rozhkova, A.; Sinitsyn, A.

Deposited on : 2019-10-28

Resolution : 2.25 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.14.6

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

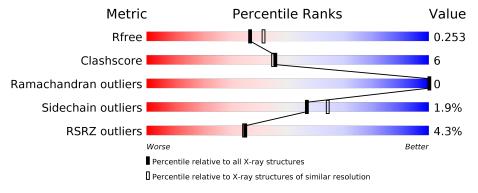
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.14.6

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2391 (2.26-2.22)
Clashscore	141614	2539 (2.26-2.22)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2489 (2.26-2.22)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2490 (2.26-2.22)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2353 (2.26-2.22)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	314	82%	-
1	В	314	84% 12%	ó •
1	С	314	7% 80% 17%	
1	D	314	7% 79% 18%	-
2	Е	2	100%	
2	F	2	100%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9631 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

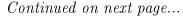
In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Endoglucanase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	304	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	304	2367	1504	367	485	11	U	U	0
1	В	304	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	304	2367	1504	367	485	11	U	U	
1	С	304	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		304	2367	1504	367	485	11	0	U	
1	D	305	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	ש	300	2374	1508	368	487	11	U	1	U

There are 40 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	ALA	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	2	ASN	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	3	SER	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	4	LYS	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	5	GLU	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	6	VAL	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	7	LYS	_	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	8	LYS	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	9	ARG	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
A	308	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	1	ALA	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	2	ASN	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	3	SER	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	4	LYS	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	5	GLU	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	6	VAL	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	7	LYS	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	8	LYS	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	9	ARG	ı	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
В	308	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	1	ALA	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3

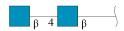




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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	2	ASN	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	3	SER	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	4	LYS	_	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	5	GLU	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	6	VAL	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	7	LYS	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	8	LYS	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	9	ARG	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
С	308	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	1	ALA	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	2	ASN	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	3	SER	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	4	LYS	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	5	GLU	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	6	VAL	_	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	7	LYS	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	8	LYS	-	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	9	ARG	=	conflict	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3
D	308	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP A0A1U7Q1U3

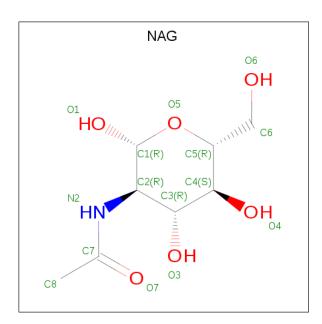
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	Е	2	Total 28	C N 16 2		0	0	0
2	F	2	Total 28	C N 16 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).





Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total				0	0
			14	8	1	5	_	_
3	D	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
)	ש	1	14	8	1	5		U

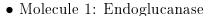
#### • Molecule 4 is water.

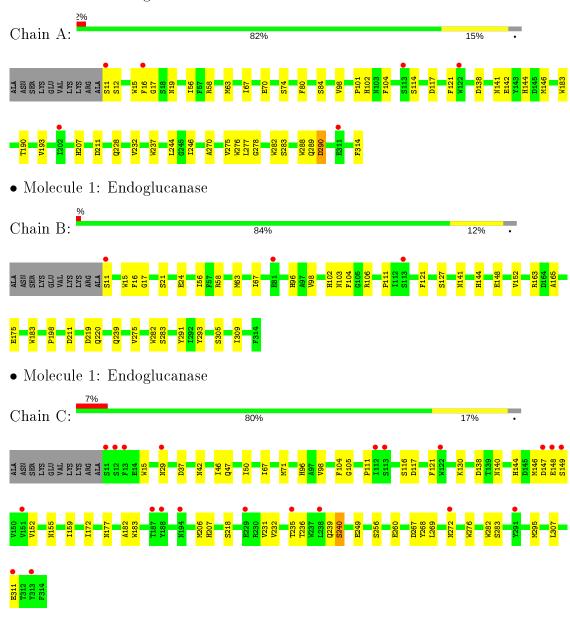
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	22	Total O 22 22	0	0
4	В	21	Total O 21 21	0	0
4	С	15	Total O 15 15	0	0
4	D	14	Total O 14 14	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

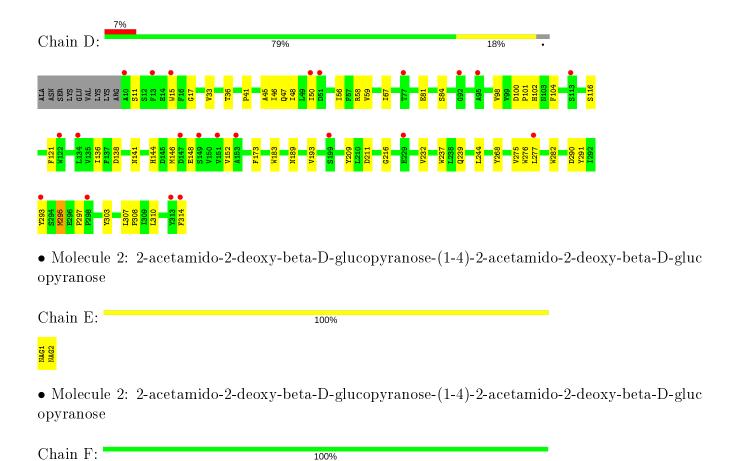
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 1: Endoglucanase





NAG1 NAG2



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	47.36Å 77.39Å 90.92Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$81.81^{\circ}$ $76.69^{\circ}$ $75.86^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	59.75 - 2.25	Depositor
Resolution (A)	88.11 - 2.25	EDS
% Data completeness	97.7 (59.75-2.25)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.8 (88.11-2.25)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.55 (at 2.25Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.10.1_2155	Depositor
P. P.	0.218 , $0.256$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.214 , $0.253$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2810 reflections $(4.98\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.706	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 52.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.51, < L^2> = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	9631	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 12.66% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.53	0/2434	0.61	0/3326	
1	В	0.47	0/2434	0.61	0/3326	
1	С	0.46	0/2434	0.59	0/3326	
1	D	0.46	0/2445	0.59	0/3341	
All	All	0.48	0/9747	0.60	0/13319	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2367	0	2153	28	0
1	В	2367	0	2154	23	0
1	С	2367	0	2154	30	0
1	D	2374	0	2160	38	0
2	Е	28	0	25	0	0
2	F	28	0	25	0	0
3	В	14	0	13	0	0
3	D	14	0	13	0	0
4	A	22	0	0	1	0



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	21	0	0	0	0
4	С	15	0	0	0	0
4	D	14	0	0	1	0
All	All	9631	0	8697	116	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (116) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({ m \AA})$	$oxed{  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) }$
1:D:47:GLN:HA	1:D:50:ILE:HD12	1.67	0.76
1:C:47:GLN:HA	1:C:50:ILE:HD12	1.66	0.76
1:C:155:ASN:O	1:C:159:ILE:HG12	1.92	0.69
1:B:58:ARG:HA	1:B:98:VAL:HB	1.78	0.66
1:A:58:ARG:HA	1:A:98:VAL:HB	1.81	0.63
1:A:19:ASN:HB2	1:A:283:SER:HB2	1.84	0.59
1:C:282:TRP:CD2	1:C:283:SER:HB2	2.39	0.57
1:D:295:MET:O	1:D:295:MET:HG3	2.05	0.57
1:D:295:MET:HE1	1:D:310:LEU:HD12	1.87	0.57
1:B:220:GLN:HG2	1:C:130:LYS:HE2	1.87	0.57
1:C:235:THR:HG21	1:C:272:ASN:OD1	2.04	0.57
1:C:232:VAL:O	1:C:236:THR:HG23	2.06	0.56
1:D:193:VAL:HG13	1:D:237:TRP:CZ2	2.41	0.56
1:A:11:SER:HB3	1:A:314:PHE:O	2.05	0.56
1:C:148:GLU:O	1:C:152:VAL:HG23	2.05	0.56
1:D:297:PRO:HB3	1:D:303:TYR:CZ	2.40	0.56
1:D:15:TRP:HB3	1:D:56:ILE:HG21	1.88	0.55
1:D:101:PRO:HD2	1:D:138:ASP:O	2.06	0.55
1:C:232:VAL:HG13	1:C:268:TYR:OH	2.07	0.55
1:C:67:ILE:HD12	1:C:121:PHE:CD1	2.42	0.55
1:A:101:PRO:HD2	1:A:138:ASP:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:102:HIS:HA	1:A:141:ASN:HB3	1.90	0.54
1:A:190:THR:O	1:A:193:VAL:HG23	2.06	0.54
1:C:148:GLU:OE1	1:C:177:ASN:HB2	2.08	0.54
1:B:220:GLN:HG2	1:C:130:LYS:CE	2.38	0.53
1:D:11:SER:HB3	1:D:314:PHE:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:114:SER:HB3	1:A:117:ASP:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:282:TRP:CD2	1:A:283:SER:HB3	2.45	0.52
1:C:307:LEU:O	1:C:311:GLU:HG3	2.09	0.52
1:C:235:THR:O	1:C:239:GLN:HG3	2.10	0.52



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Continuea from prev		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance} \; ({f \mathring{A}})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:102:HIS:HA	1:B:141:ASN:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:D:136:ILE:HG21	1:D:173:PHE:CE2	2.45	0.52
1:D:211:ASP:OD1	1:D:211:ASP:N	2.43	0.51
1:A:211:ASP:N	1:A:211:ASP:OD1	2.42	0.51
1:A:193:VAL:HG22	1:A:237:TRP:CZ2	2.46	0.51
1:D:239:GLN:HG3	1:D:275:VAL:CG1	2.41	0.51
1:B:282:TRP:CD2	1:B:283:SER:HB2	2.46	0.51
1:C:295:MET:HG3	1:C:295:MET:O	2.10	0.50
1:A:144:HIS:O	1:A:146:MET:HG3	2.11	0.50
1:A:142:GLU:OE2	1:A:207:HIS:ND1	2.41	0.50
1:C:159:ILE:HD13	1:C:172:ILE:HG21	1.93	0.50
1:C:42:ASN:O	1:C:46:ILE:HG13	2.12	0.50
1:D:232:VAL:HG13	1:D:268:TYR:OH	2.12	0.50
1:D:291:TYR:CE2	1:D:293:TYR:HB2	2.48	0.49
1:A:104:PHE:HA	1:A:142:GLU:O	2.12	0.48
1:D:46:ILE:O	1:D:50:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.48
1:C:207:HIS:CG	1:C:249:GLU:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:A:275:VAL:HG23	1:A:276:TRP:CD1	2.48	0.48
1:D:282:TRP:O	1:D:293:TYR:HB3	2.14	0.48
1:D:17:GLY:HA3	1:D:56:ILE:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:17:GLY:HA3	1:A:56:ILE:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:80:PHE:O	1:A:84:SER:OG	2.27	0.47
1:B:17:GLY:HA3	1:B:56:ILE:O	2.15	0.47
1:D:239:GLN:HG3	1:D:275:VAL:HG11	1.96	0.47
1:D:33:VAL:HG13	1:D:36:THR:HB	1.96	0.47
1:D:295:MET:HE1	1:D:310:LEU:CD1	2.45	0.47
1:B:104:PHE:HB3	1:B:144:HIS:CD2	2.49	0.46
1:C:182:ALA:HB2	1:C:206:MET:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:D:148:GLU:O	1:D:152:VAL:HG23	2.16	0.46
1:A:67:ILE:HD12	1:A:121:PHE:CD2	2.50	0.46
1:B:67:ILE:HD12	1:B:121:PHE:CD2	2.51	0.45
1:B:63:MET:HB2	1:B:103:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.45
1:C:15:TRP:HE1	1:C:96:HIS:CE1	2.34	0.45
1:B:219:ASP:OD1	1:C:130:LYS:HE3	2.16	0.45
1:D:209:TYR:CD2	1:D:216:GLY:HA3	2.52	0.45
1:D:58:ARG:HA	1:D:98:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.45
1:B:21:SER:HB3	1:B:24:GLU:OE2	2.16	0.45
1:D:244:LEU:HD13	1:D:277:LEU:HD21	1.98	0.45
1:C:256:SER:O	1:C:260:GLU:HG3	2.18	0.44
1:D:102:HIS:HA	1:D:141:ASN:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:B:291:TYR:CE2	1:B:293:TYR:HB2	2.52	0.44



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Continuea from prev		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA})$	overlap(A)	
1:B:163:ARG:HG3	1:B:198:PRO:HG2	1.99	0.44	
1:C:111:PRO:HB3	1:C:146:MET:HE1	1.98	0.44	
1:D:67:ILE:HD12	1:D:121:PHE:CD2	2.52	0.44	
1:B:15:TRP:HB3	1:B:56:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.44	
1:D:45:ALA:HA	1:D:48:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.44	
1:D:297:PRO:HB3	1:D:303:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.44	
1:B:127:SER:HB3	1:B:165:ALA:HB1	2.00	0.43	
1:A:104:PHE:HB3	1:A:144:HIS:CD2	2.53	0.43	
1:A:12:SER:HB3	1:A:270:ALA:HB1	2.00	0.43	
1:B:211:ASP:OD1	1:B:211:ASP:N	2.50	0.43	
1:B:106:ARG:HG3	1:B:111:PRO:HA	2.01	0.43	
1:C:98:VAL:HG12	1:C:138:ASP:HB2	2.00	0.43	
1:D:189:ASN:ND2	4:D:604:HOH:O	2.51	0.43	
1:A:246:ILE:HG13	1:A:278:GLY:O	2.19	0.43	
1:D:104:PHE:HB3	1:D:144:HIS:CD2	2.53	0.43	
1:C:104:PHE:HB3	1:C:144:HIS:CD2	2.54	0.42	
1:C:236:THR:O	1:C:240:SER:N	2.40	0.42	
1:B:239:GLN:HG3	1:B:275:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42	
1:B:63:MET:HG2	1:B:121:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.42	
1:D:100:ASP:OD1	1:D:141:ASN:HB2	2.19	0.42	
1:A:63:MET:HG2	1:A:121:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.42	
1:A:15:TRP:HB3	1:A:56:ILE:HG21	2.01	0.42	
1:A:289:GLN:HB3	1:A:290:ASP:H	1.46	0.42	
1:A:11:SER:HA	1:A:314:PHE:OXT	2.20	0.42	
1:C:29:ASN:HD22	1:C:37:ASP:CG	2.23	0.42	
1:D:81:GLU:HA	1:D:84:SER:OG	2.19	0.41	
1:A:277:LEU:HA	4:A:611:HOH:O	2.20	0.41	
1:D:144:HIS:O	1:D:146:MET:HG3	2.19	0.41	
1:D:41:PRO:HG2	1:D:59:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.41	
1:D:46:ILE:HG22	1:D:50:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41	
1:A:244:LEU:HD13	1:A:277:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41	
1:A:283:SER:OG	1:A:288:TRP:NE1	2.53	0.41	
1:C:71:MET:HG2	1:C:117:ASP:HB3	2.03	0.41	
1:B:305:SER:O	1:B:309:ILE:HD12	2.20	0.41	
1:C:105:GLY:N	1:C:140:ASN:OD1	2.41	0.41	
1:C:269:LEU:HD22	1:C:276:TRP:CE2	2.56	0.41	
1:D:275:VAL:HG23	1:D:276:TRP:CD1	2.56	0.41	
1:B:148:GLU:O	1:B:152:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.40	
1:B:15:TRP:HE1	1:B:96:HIS:CE1	2.40	0.40	
1:D:98:VAL:HA	1:D:136:ILE:O	2.21	0.40	
1:B:141:ASN:HA	1:B:175:GLU:OE2	2.21	0.40	



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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash	
		$\operatorname{distance}\left( ext{\AA} ight)$	overlap(A)	
1:C:231:VAL:HG23	1:C:268:TYR:HD2	1.86	0.40	
1:D:136:ILE:HD13	1:D:173:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.40	
1:D:307:LEU:N	1:D:308:PRO:HD2	2.36	0.40	
1:A:228:GLN:O	1:A:232:VAL:HG13	2.22	0.40	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	302/314~(96%)	288 (95%)	14 (5%)	0	100	100
1	В	302/314~(96%)	289 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100	100
1	С	302/314~(96%)	290 (96%)	12 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	$304/314 \ (97\%)$	286 (94%)	18 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1210/1256~(96%)	1153 (95%)	57 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric C		Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$252/260\ (97\%)$	247 (98%)	5 (2%)	55 62
1	В	252/260 (97%)	249 (99%)	3 (1%)	71 78



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Rotameric   Outliers	
1	С	$252/260 \ (97\%)$	245 (97%)	7 (3%)	43 49
1	D	$253/260 \ (97\%)$	249 (98%)	4 (2%)	62 70
All	All	1009/1040 (97%)	990 (98%)	19 (2%)	57 64

All (19) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	16	PHE
1	A	70	GLU
1	A	74	SER
1	A	183	TRP
1	A	290	ASP
1	В	11	SER
1	В	16	PHE
1	В	183	TRP
1	С	116	SER
1	С	147	ASP
1	С	149	SER
1	С	183	TRP
1	С	218	SER
1	С	240	SER
1	С	267	ASP
1	D	116	SER
1	D	183	TRP
1	D	290	ASP
1	D	295	MET

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	29	ASN
1	С	228	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Iol Toma Chain		rpe Chain Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles										
10101	Type	Chain	nes	nes	nes	nes	nes	nes	nes	nes	nes	LINK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.79	1 (5%)								
2	NAG	Е	2	2	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	1.27	1 (5%)								
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.61	0								
2	NAG	F	2	2	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.61	0								

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	${ m Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	2	2	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	Е	2	NAG	C3-C4-C5	3.41	116.32	110.24
2	Е	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.09	105.52	110.35

There are no chirality outliers.



All (10) torsion outliers are listed below:

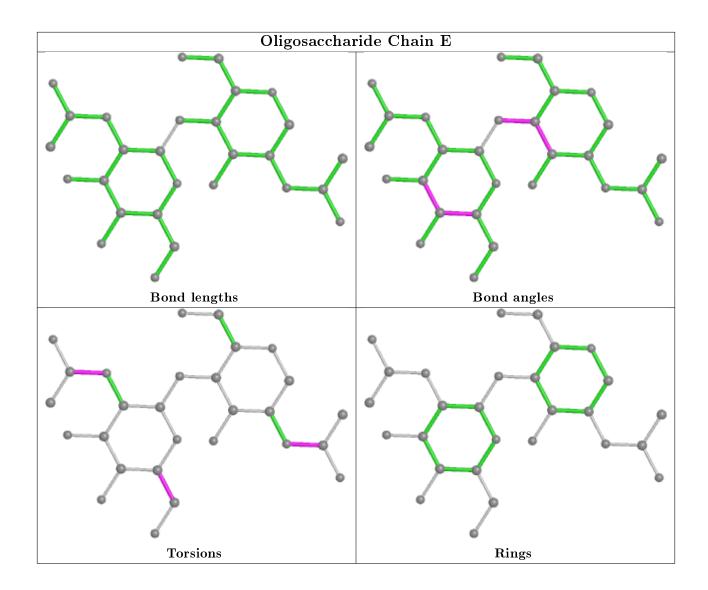
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	F	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	F	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	E	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	E	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	E	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	E	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	E	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	E	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

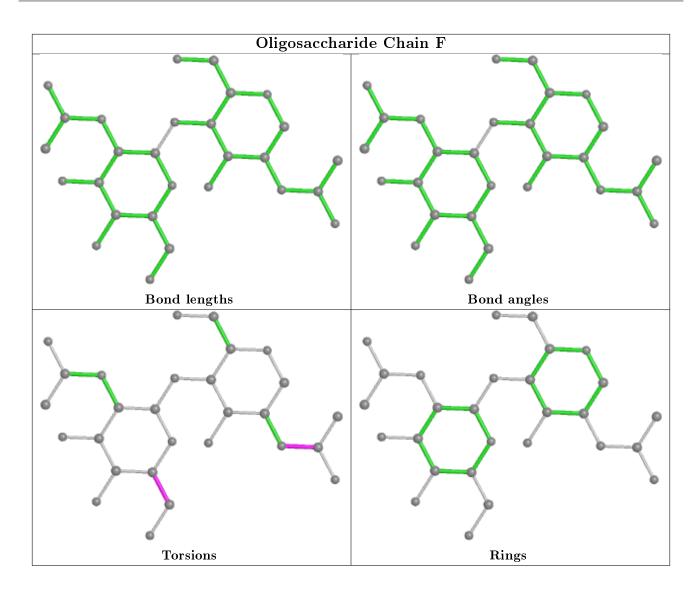
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

#### 2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chair	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Des	~   T : 1-	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les
			Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2										
3	NAG	В	501	1	14,14,15	0.60	0	17,19,21	0.86	1 (5%)										
3	NAG	D	501	1	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.60	0										



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	В	501	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	501	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	В	501	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.15	115.11	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

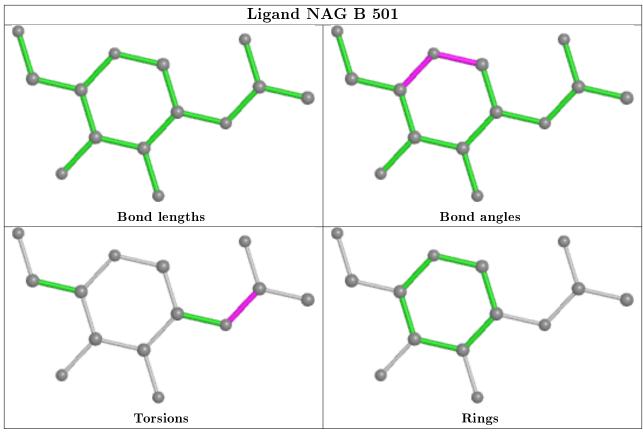
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	501	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	В	501	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	D	501	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	D	501	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

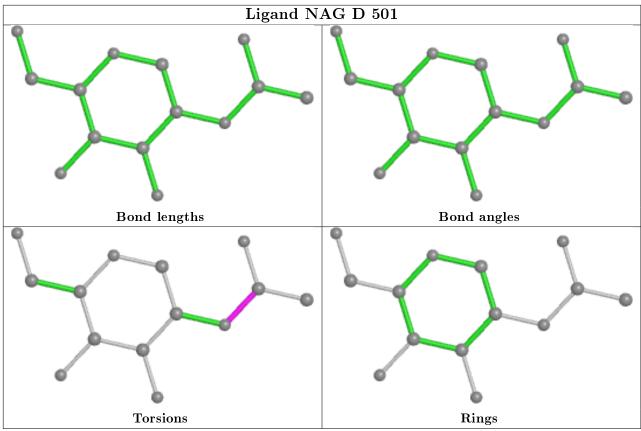
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	304/314 (96%)	0.43	6 (1%) 65 66	20, 31, 46, 66	0
1	В	304/314 (96%)	0.43	3 (0%) 82 83	22, 31, 44, 69	0
1	С	304/314 (96%)	0.70	21 (6%) 16 16	24, 37, 54, 78	0
1	D	305/314 (97%)	0.73	22 (7%) 15 14	25, 39, 58, 80	0
All	All	1217/1256 (96%)	0.57	52 (4%) 35 34	20, 35, 54, 80	0

All (52) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	11	SER	5.7
1	С	12	SER	4.7
1	D	95	ALA	4.1
1	С	11	SER	4.1
1	В	11	SER	4.1
1	D	313	TYR	3.8
1	D	298	PRO	3.6
1	С	151	VAL	3.6
1	С	113	SER	3.5
1	D	92	GLY	3.4
1	D	13	PHE	3.2
1	D	199	SER	3.1
1	С	188	TYR	3.0
1	С	238	LEU	3.0
1	D	149	SER	2.9
1	С	13	PHE	2.9
1	В	113	SER	2.9
1	D	293	TYR	2.8
1	С	112	ILE	2.8
1	D	314	PHE	2.8
1	D	51	ASP	2.7



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	10	ALA	2.7
1	A	202	ILE	2.7
1	С	229	GLU	2.6
1	D	229	GLU	2.6
1	С	272	ASN	2.6
1	A	113	SER	2.6
1	С	122	TRP	2.4
1	С	148	GLU	2.3
1	D	122	TRP	2.3
1	С	313	TYR	2.3
1	D	153	ALA	2.2
1	D	277	LEU	2.2
1	D	15	TRP	2.2
1	D	77	THR	2.2
1	С	291	TYR	2.2
1	В	81	GLU	2.2
1	С	187	THR	2.2
1	A	311	GLU	2.2
1	С	149	SER	2.2
1	D	147	ASP	2.2
1	D	50	ILE	2.1
1	D	134	LEU	2.1
1	С	311	GLU	2.1
1	С	235	THR	2.1
1	С	147	ASP	2.1
1	A	16	PHE	2.1
1	A	122	TRP	2.1
1	D	151	VAL	2.1
1	С	29	ASN	2.0
1	D	113	SER	2.0
1	С	194	ASN	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

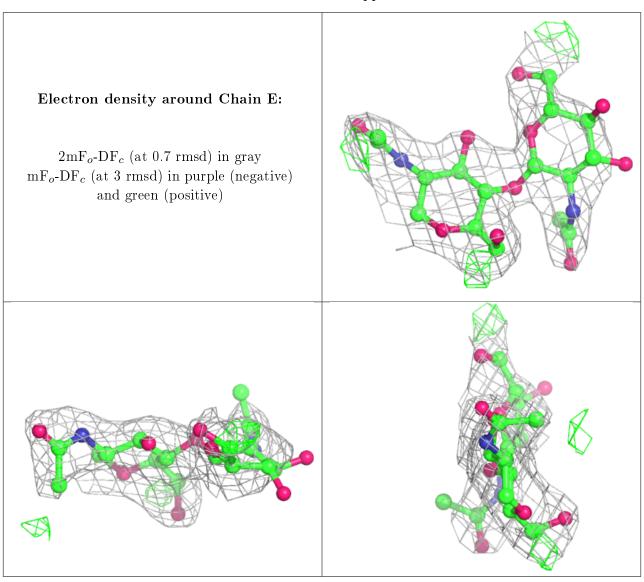
#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

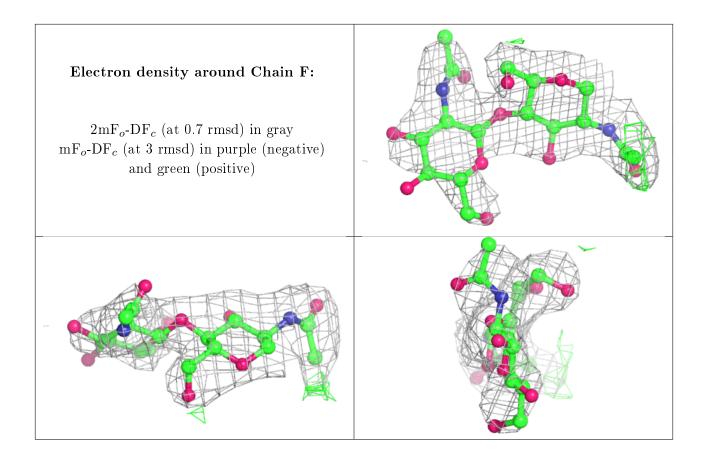


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.79	0.25	47,62,74,77	0
2	NAG	E	2	14/15	0.84	0.26	63,73,78,79	0
2	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.88	0.17	31,46,60,65	0
2	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.88	0.17	32,46,52,52	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

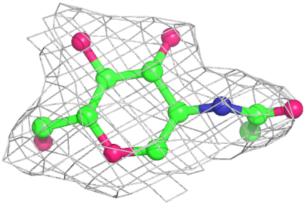
Mol	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	${ m Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NAG	D	501	14/15	0.89	0.15	37,50,56,61	0
3	NAG	В	501	14/15	0.92	0.15	31,36,48,48	0

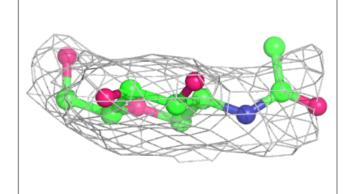
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

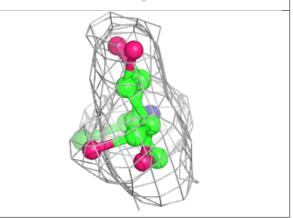


# Electron density around NAG D 501: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c \ (\mathrm{at}\ 0.7\ \mathrm{rmsd}) \ \mathrm{in}\ \mathrm{gray}$

 ${
m mF}_o{
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

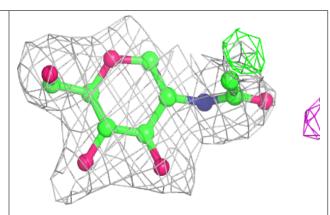


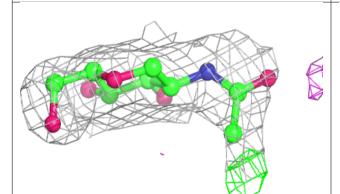


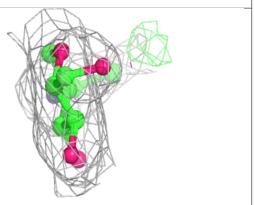


#### Electron density around NAG B 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

