



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 11, 2022 – 05:47 pm GMT

PDB ID : 6SYT
EMDB ID : EMD-10347
Title : Structure of the SMG1-SMG8-SMG9 complex
Authors : Gat, Y.; Schuller, J.M.; Conti, E.
Deposited on : 2019-10-01
Resolution : 3.45 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

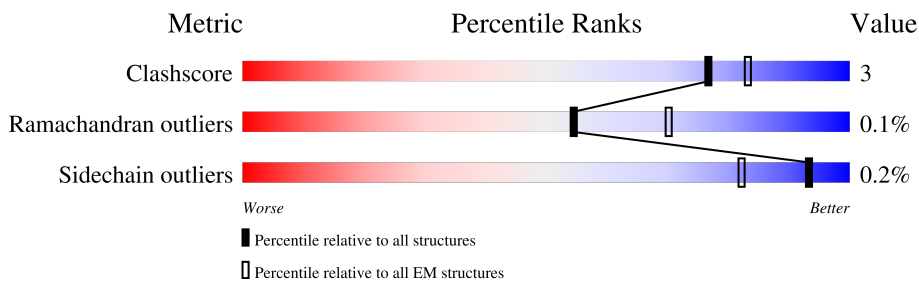
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	3712	
2	B	991	
3	C	520	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 18369 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	1896	13209	8487	2365	2295	62	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	743	ARG	LYS	conflict	UNP Q96Q15
A	2335	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q96Q15

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Protein SMG8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	377	2719	1772	487	447	13	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Protein SMG9.

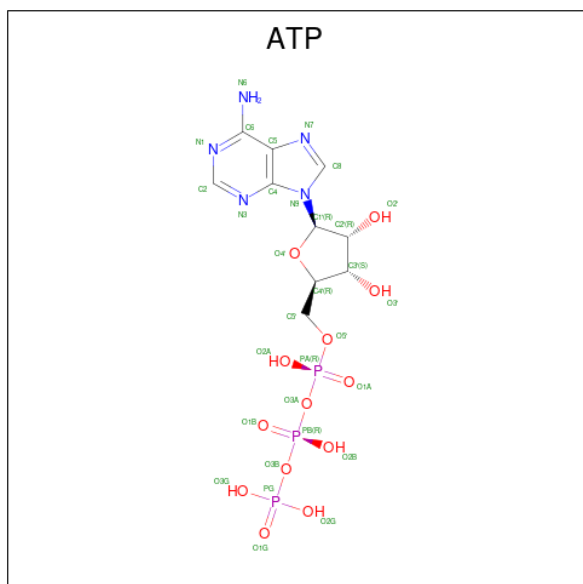
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	309	2373	1554	413	389	17	0	0

- Molecule 4 is INOSITOL HEXAKISPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: IHP) (formula: C₆H₁₈O₂₄P₆) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	P	0
			36	6	24	6	

- Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	

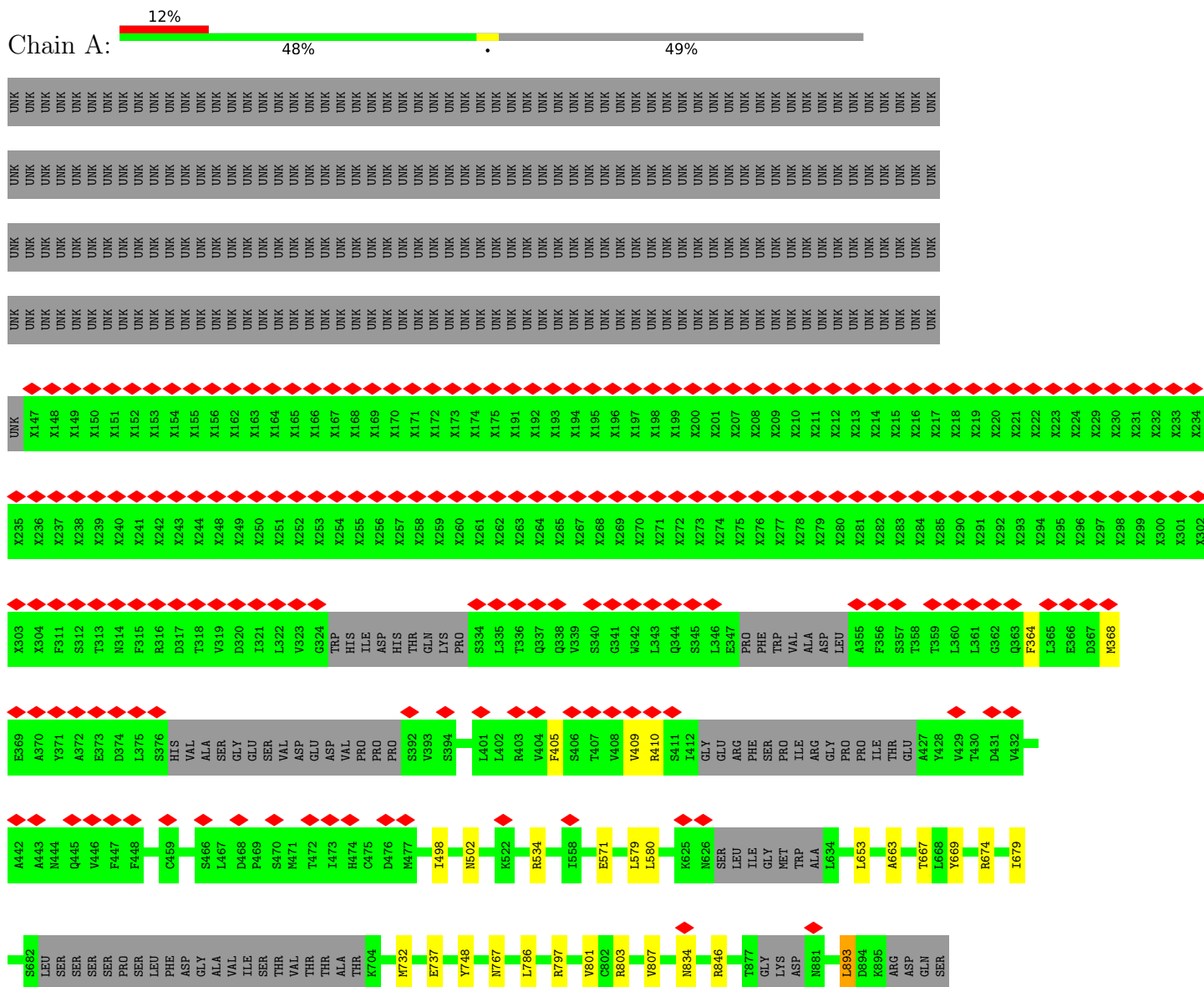
- Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
6	C	1	Total 1	Mg 1	0

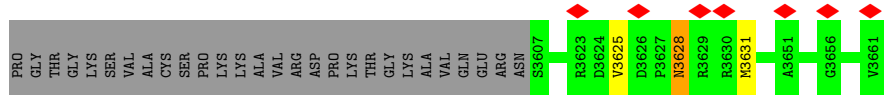
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

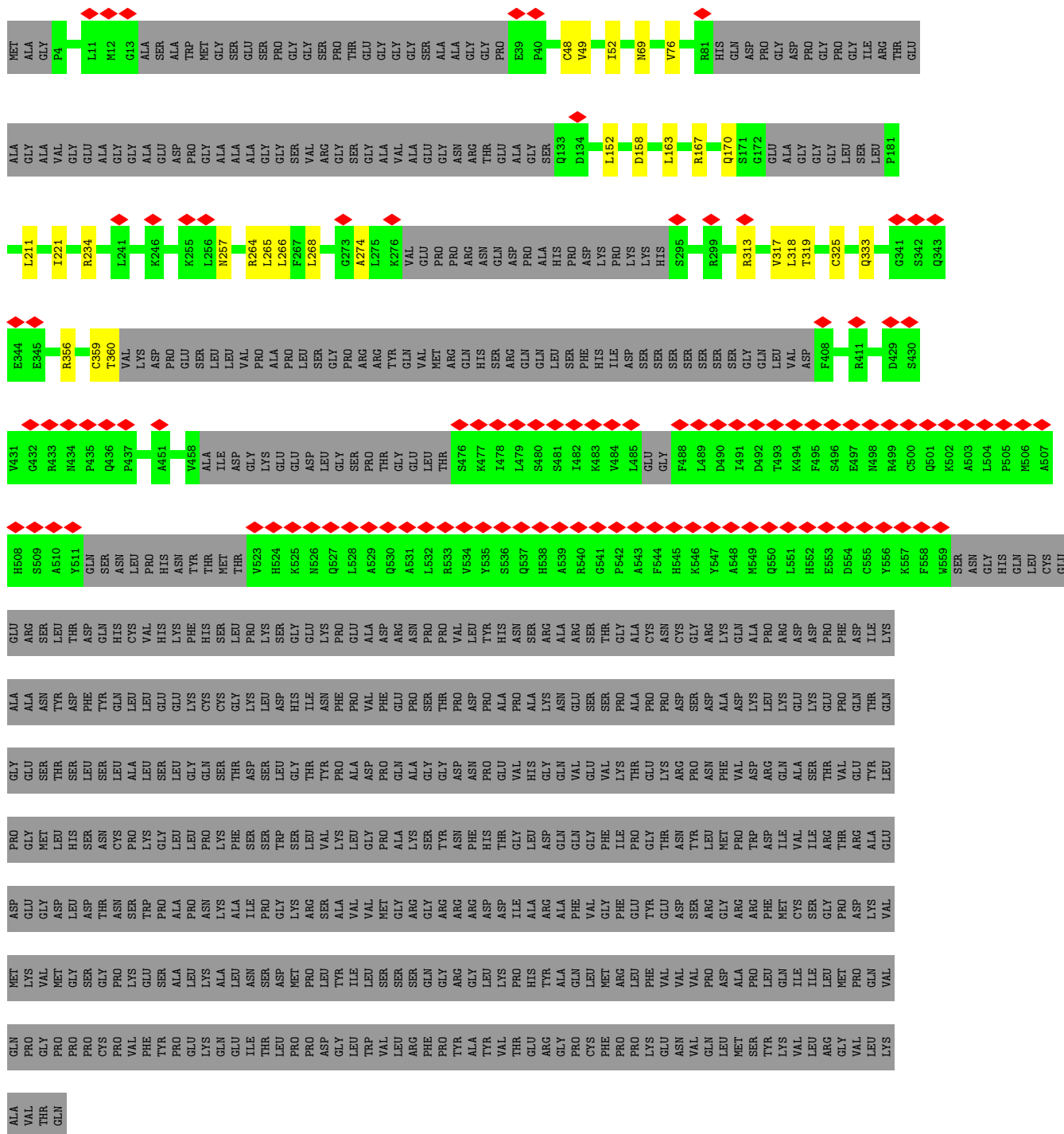
- Molecule 1: SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1,SMG1,Serine/threonine-protein kinase SMG1



L2300	C2304	T2305	E2309	H2310	T2314	Q2315	T2321	S2325	H2337	L2338	H2345	T2346	F2359	K2360	K2361	G2362	K2364	L2365	H2366	K2370	V2371	R2374	V2391	K2405	E2408	T2412	D2420	D2424	V2425	T2426	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	ALA	GLY	GLY	ALA	VAL	TYR												
GLY	GLY	GLY	GLN	GLN	GLU	SER	SER	ARG	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	VAL	VAL	GLU	VAL	ASN	ASN	ARG	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	ALA	GLY	GLY	ALA	VAL	TYR							
GLN	GLN	GLU	THR	THR	VAL	GLY	GLY	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	VAL	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR					
GLU	PHE	GLU	TRP	ILE	THR	TYR	HIS	THR	HIS	THR	GLN	GLN	GLU	ALA	ILE	ALA	THR	THR	THR	GLN	ASP	ASP	TYR	TYR	VAL	PRO	THR	ALA	PHE	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN				
LEU	GLU	GLY	VAL	GLY	ALA	LEU	LEU	GLY	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLU	GLU	GLN	GLY	HIS	HIS	THR	THR	GLN	TYR	PRO	PRO	GLN	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY				
ARG	CYS	GLN	GLU	LEU	TYR	TYR	LYS	ARG	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO			
GLU	ASP	GLN	LEU	GLY	GLU	GLU	ILE	GLY	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLU	GLU	GLY	SER	SER	SER	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE		
ARG	ASP	GLY	THR	PHE	LEU	GLU	GLY	LEU	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLU	GLU	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY			
SER	ASN	PHE	ARG	ILE	ILE	PRO	PRO	PHE	GLY	GLY	TYR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR			
GLU	GLU	GLU	THR	HIS	TYR	ILE	HIS	LEU	VAL	VAL	GLY	GLU	GLU	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE		
VAL	GLU	LYS	THR	ASN	GLY	ILE	VAL	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE		
PHE	SER	THR	LEU	GLY	SER	GLY	SER	GLY	GLY	PRO	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL			
ASN	GLN	ALA	LEU	GLY	THR	CYS	THR	LEU	VAL	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	
ALA	THR	VAL	LEU	ALA	SER	THR	ASP	THR	THR	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	
PRO	PRO	PRO	ARG	ALA	ALA	THR	LYS	LYS	LYS	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE
GLU	ALA	THR	ALA	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG		
PHE	ALA	GLN	GLN	VAL	SER	VAL	VAL	LEU	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL		
THR	VAL	CYS	THR	THR	ILE	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	
TYR	LYS	TRP	GLN	ASP	ASN	ILE	GLN	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	
THR	ASP	ALA	THR	ASN	SER	PRO	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	



• Molecule 2: Protein SMG8



• Molecule 3: Protein SMG9



MET	GLN	SER	GLU	LYS	THR	PRO	GLY	HIS	SER	GLN	PRO	GLY	TYR	ILE	GLU	ARG	ARG	ARG	TRP	LYS	GLU	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLY	PRO	GLN	ASN	LEU	SER	GLY	PRO	GLY	GLY	ARG	GLU	ARG	ASP	TYR	ILE	ALA	PRO	TRP	ARG	GLU	ARG	GLY	ARG	GLY	PRO	ASP	ALA	VAL	THR	THR	SER	THR	VAL
GLY	THR	ALA	PRO	PRO	PRO	ALA	ALA	ALA	PRO	PRO	LYS	GLY	GLU	GLY	GLN	ARG	ARG	THR	THR	GLN	VAL	TYR	GLN	ILE	GLN	ASN	ARG	GLY	MET	GLY	THR	ALA	ALA	PRO	ASP	PRO	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLY	GLN	ALA	LYS	L171	L172	P173	P174	T202	D203	Y209	T361							
Q213	G216	K217	S218	M219	S222	N227	R239	A240	D269	T270	Q271	P272	S275	S277	I278	L279	D280	H281	N285	ASP	ARG	LYS	LEU	PRO	PRO	GLY	GLU	Y293	F333	T336	S343	THR	PRO	SER	PRO	SER	SER	HIS	GLU	SER	SER	SER	SER	SER	SER	GLY	SER	ASP	GLU	GLY	T361							
R375	R382	D420	D423	P432	F453	M454	D435	SER	GLU	ALA	GLU	SER	SER	ASN	PRO	PRO	ARG	ALA	PRO	GLY	GLY	SER	SER	P452	S475	Q476	S479	H487	T488	T489	R501	S509	S510	A511	L512	A513	E514	Y515	S516	R517	L518	L519	ALA															

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	214254	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	52.8	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.381	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.234	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.008	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.07	Depositor
Map size (Å)	317.99997, 317.99997, 317.99997	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.06, 1.06, 1.06	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ATP, IHP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.76	0/12363	0.67	7/16876 (0.0%)
2	B	0.67	0/2777	0.69	1/3783 (0.0%)
3	C	0.94	0/2433	0.75	0/3308
All	All	0.77	0/17573	0.69	8/23967 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	893	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	7.66	124.03	111.00
1	A	803	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.09	123.35	120.30
1	A	979	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.48	123.04	120.30
1	A	579	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.34	127.58	115.30
1	A	948	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.33	117.64	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	13209	0	11704	65	0
2	B	2719	0	2502	18	0
3	C	2373	0	2311	22	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	36	0	4	1	0
5	C	31	0	12	8	0
6	C	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	18369	0	16533	103	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 103 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:846:ARG:NH2	1:A:2309:GLU:OE2	2.10	0.84
1:A:964:TRP:HZ2	1:A:980:LEU:HD13	1.42	0.84
3:C:272:PRO:HG3	5:C:601:ATP:O3G	1.81	0.81
3:C:218:SER:OG	3:C:269:ASP:OD2	2.00	0.80
1:A:1297:SER:O	1:A:1402:TYR:OH	2.01	0.78

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1617/3712 (44%)	1507 (93%)	109 (7%)	1 (0%)	51 84
2	B	359/991 (36%)	328 (91%)	30 (8%)	1 (0%)	41 75
3	C	301/520 (58%)	269 (89%)	32 (11%)	0	100 100
All	All	2277/5223 (44%)	2104 (92%)	171 (8%)	2 (0%)	54 84

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	3628	ASN
2	B	274	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1114/2768 (40%)	1112 (100%)	2 (0%)	93	98
2	B	238/847 (28%)	237 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	97
3	C	238/450 (53%)	238 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1590/4065 (39%)	1587 (100%)	3 (0%)	93	98

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	786	LEU
1	A	3628	ASN
2	B	170	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	546	HIS
1	A	1564	ASN
3	C	252	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	ATP	C	601	6	26,33,33	0.66	0	31,52,52	0.72	1 (3%)
4	IHP	A	3701	-	36,36,36	1.47	6 (16%)	54,60,60	2.00	9 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ATP	C	601	6	-	4/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	IHP	A	3701	-	-	5/30/54/54	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	3701	IHP	P5-O15	3.20	1.65	1.59
4	A	3701	IHP	P6-O16	3.09	1.65	1.59
4	A	3701	IHP	P4-O14	3.05	1.65	1.59
4	A	3701	IHP	P3-O13	2.85	1.64	1.59
4	A	3701	IHP	P1-O11	2.75	1.64	1.59

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	3701	IHP	O14-C4-C5	6.01	122.85	108.69

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	3701	IHP	O15-C5-C4	5.39	121.40	108.69
4	A	3701	IHP	C4-C3-C2	5.22	121.84	110.41
4	A	3701	IHP	O15-C5-C6	5.21	120.97	108.69
4	A	3701	IHP	O13-C3-C2	4.91	120.26	108.69

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

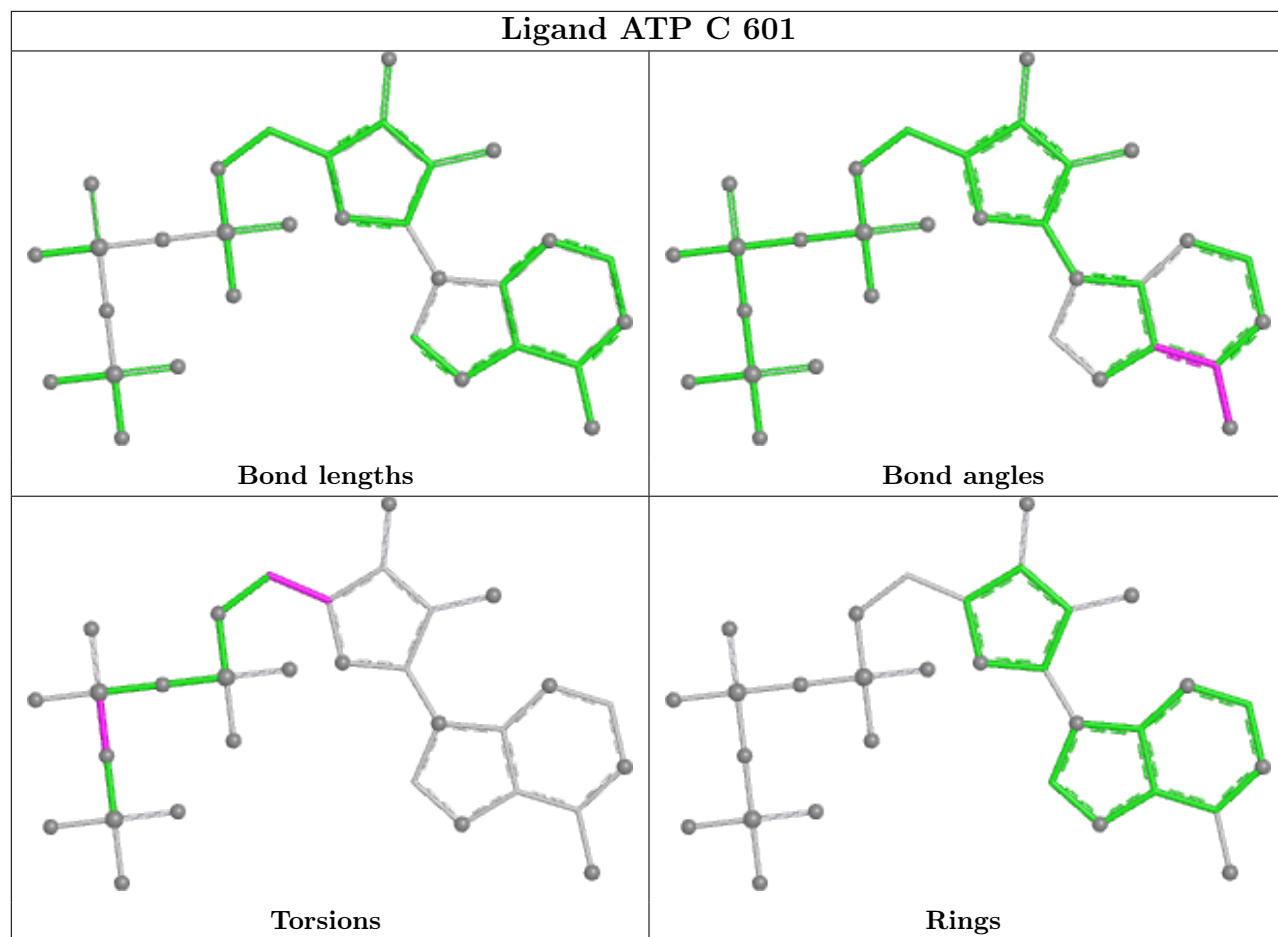
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	3701	IHP	C5-C4-O14-P4
4	A	3701	IHP	C6-C5-O15-P5
5	C	601	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	A	3701	IHP	C1-O11-P1-O21
4	A	3701	IHP	C2-C3-O13-P3

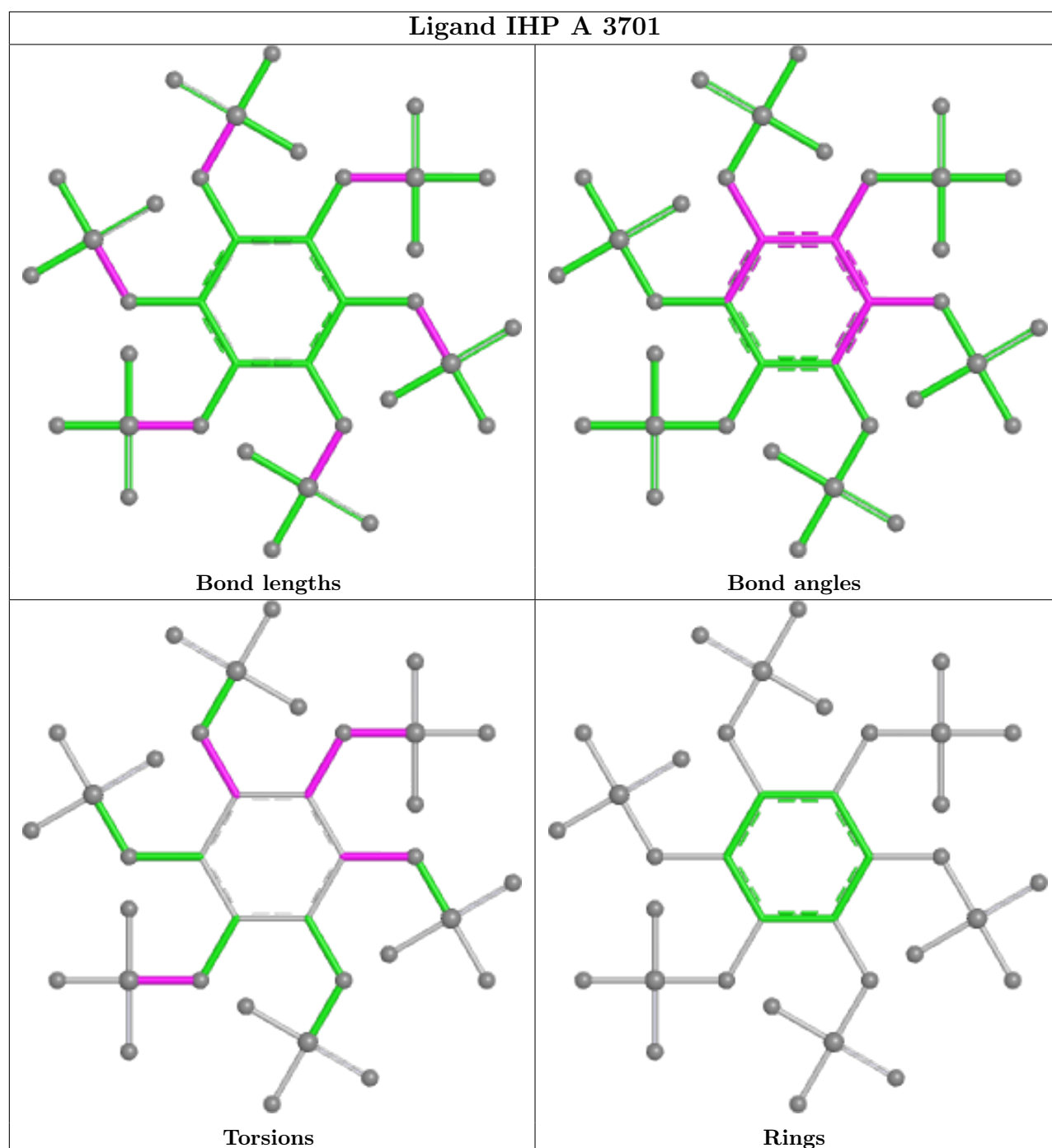
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	C	601	ATP	8	0
4	A	3701	IHP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	14

The worst 5 of 14 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	1717:UNK	C	1727:GLU	N	16.23
1	A	1677:UNK	C	1703:UNK	N	13.65
1	A	175:UNK	C	191:UNK	N	13.07
1	A	2021:UNK	C	2035:PRO	N	12.55
1	A	304:UNK	C	311:PHE	N	12.30

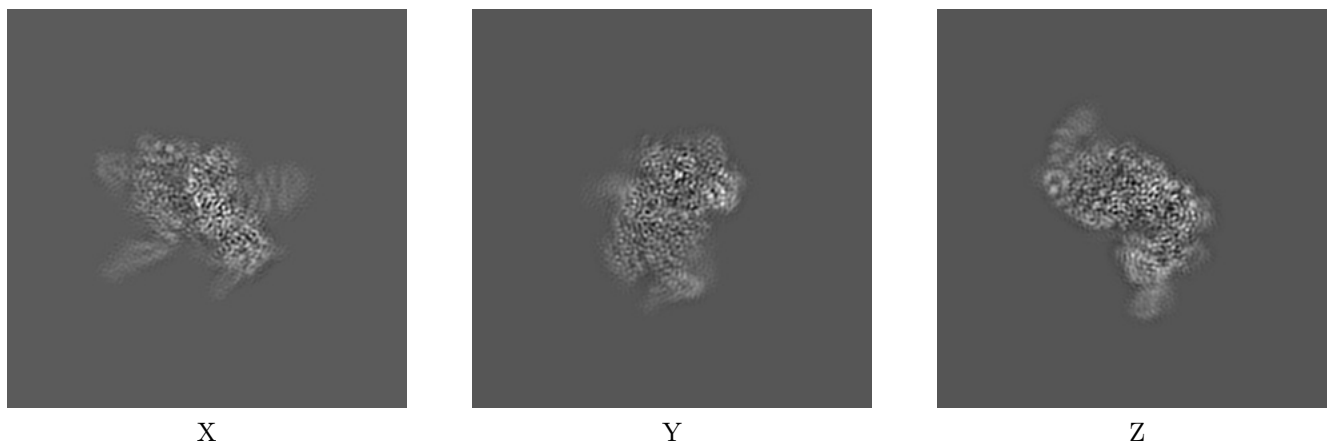
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-10347. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

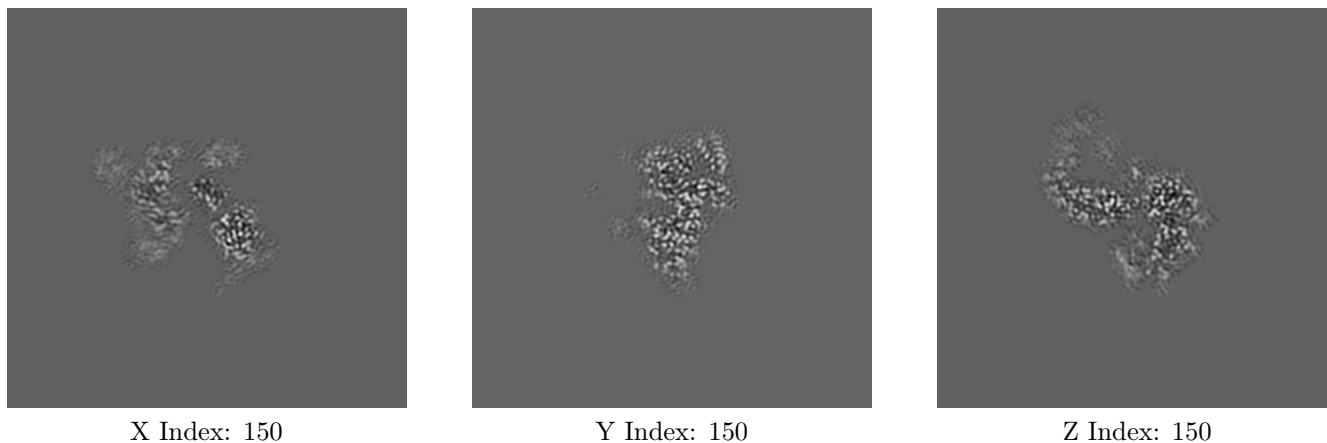
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

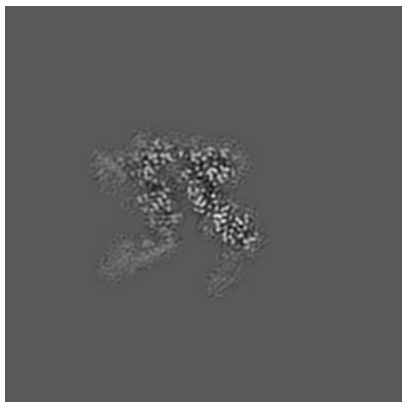
6.2.1 Primary map



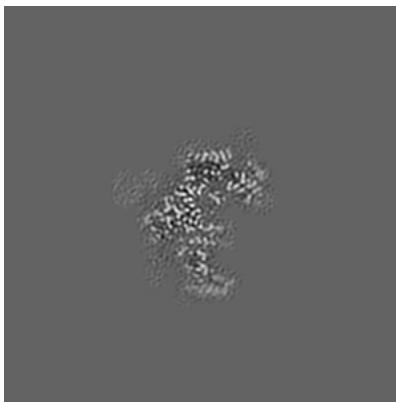
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

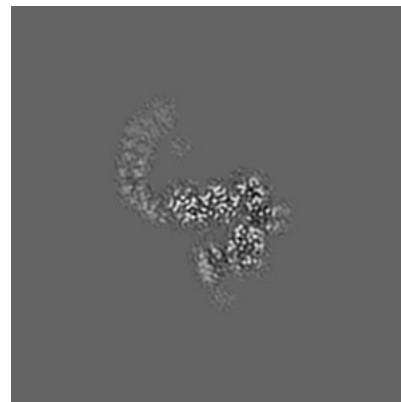
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 162



Y Index: 162

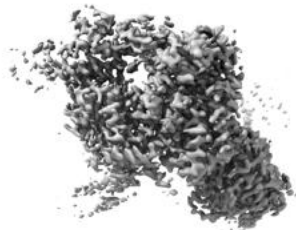


Z Index: 160

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.07. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

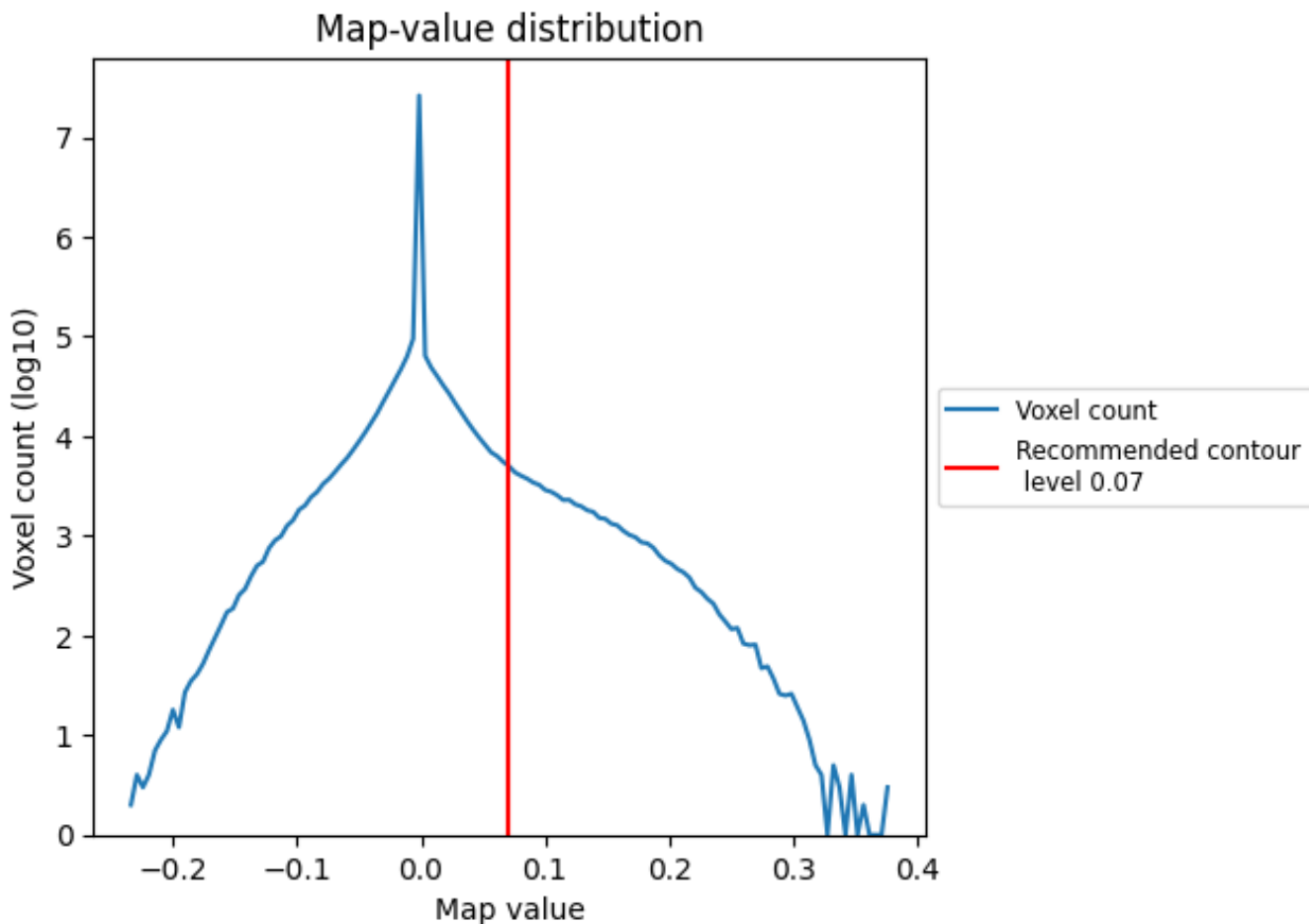
6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

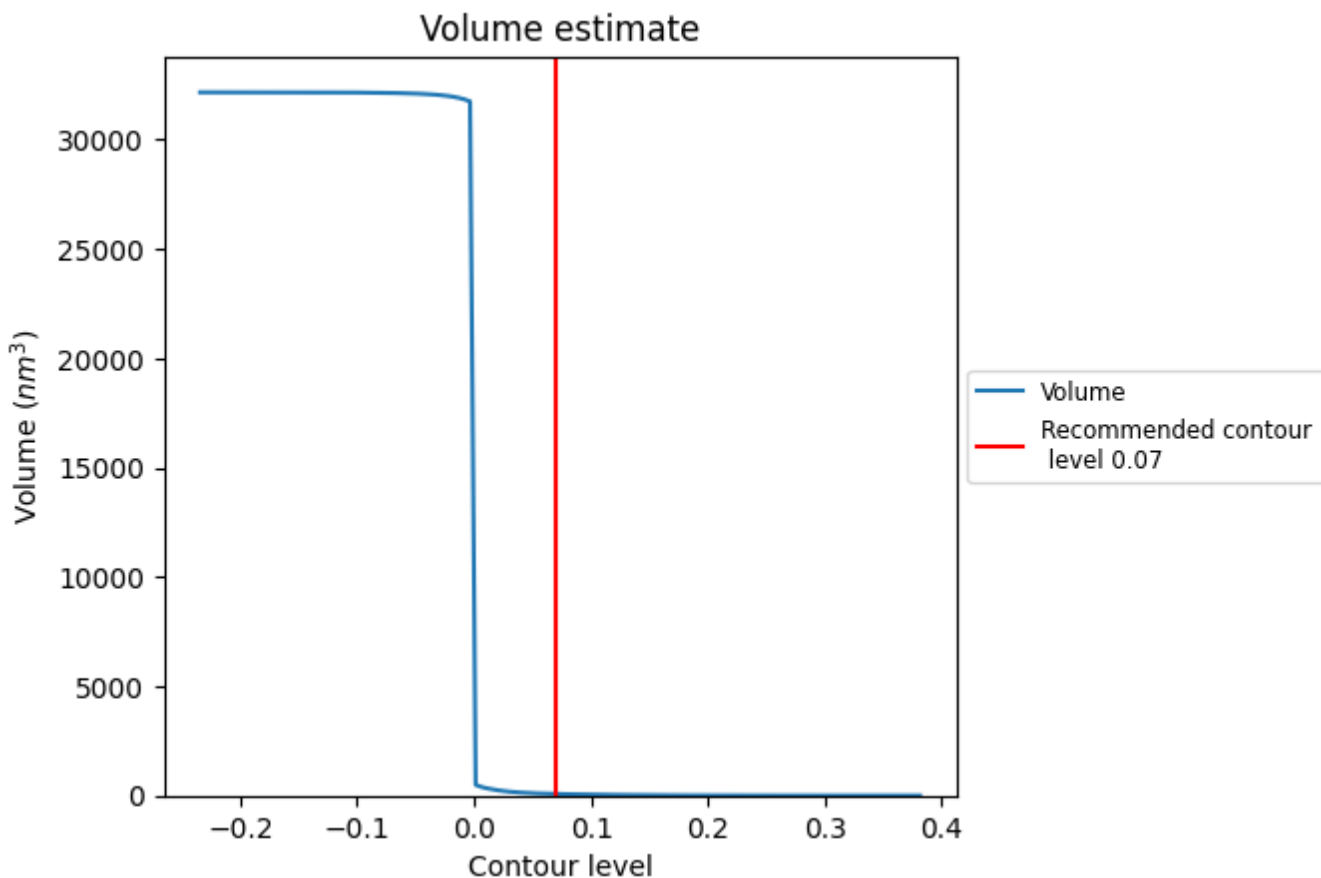
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

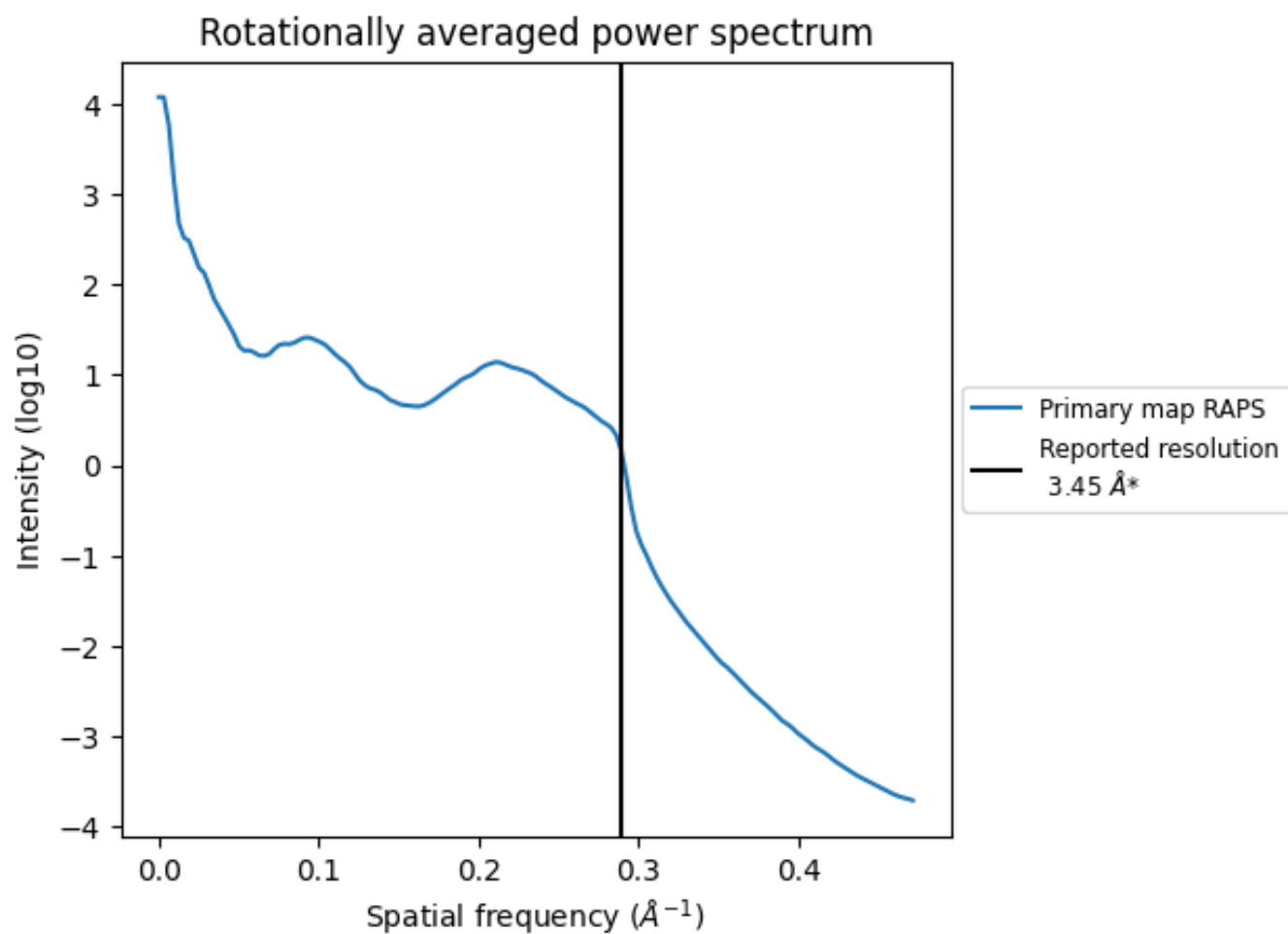
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 74 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 66 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.290 Å⁻¹

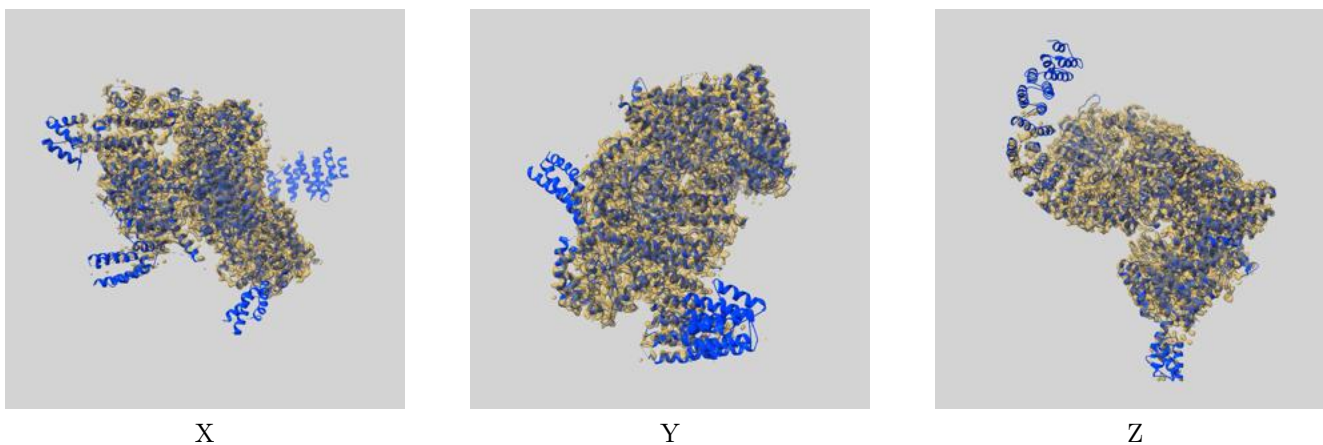
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

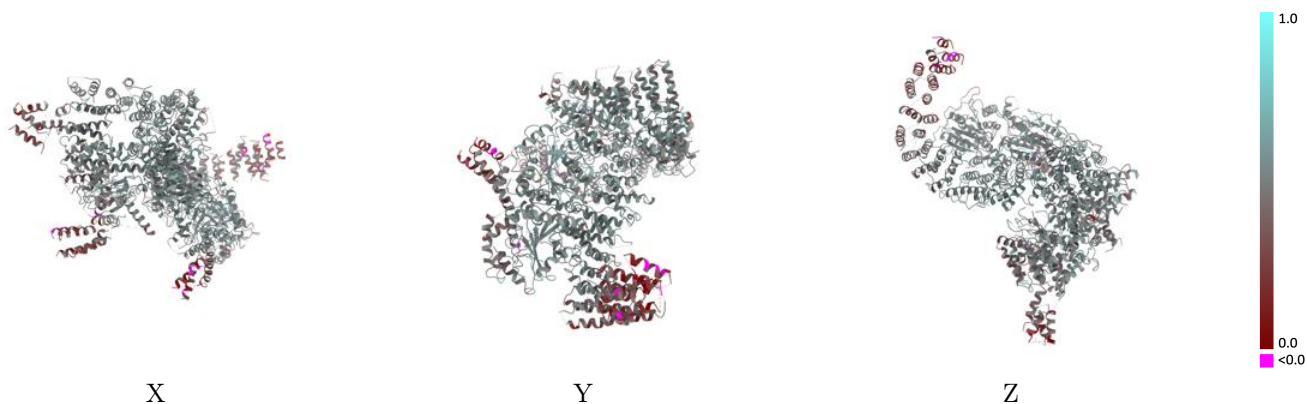
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-10347 and PDB model 6SYT. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



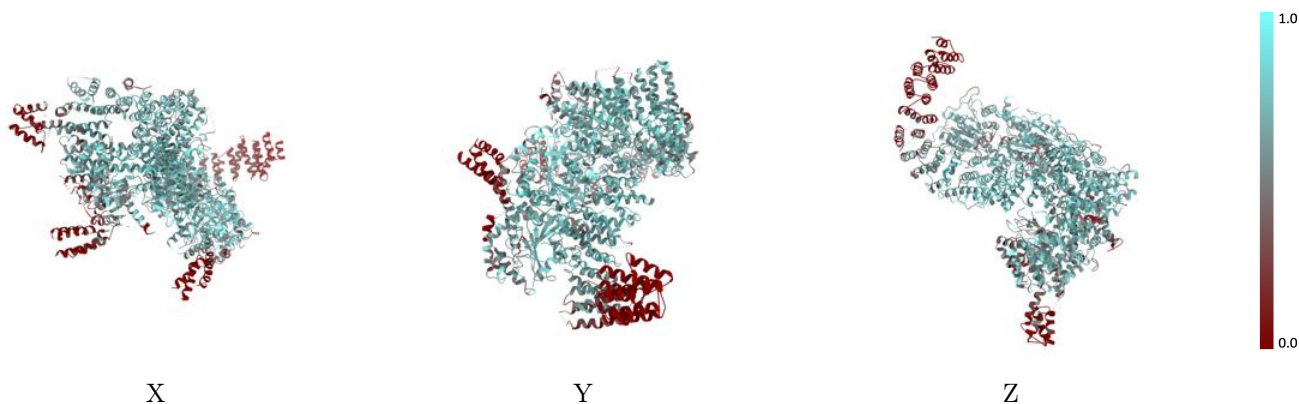
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.07 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



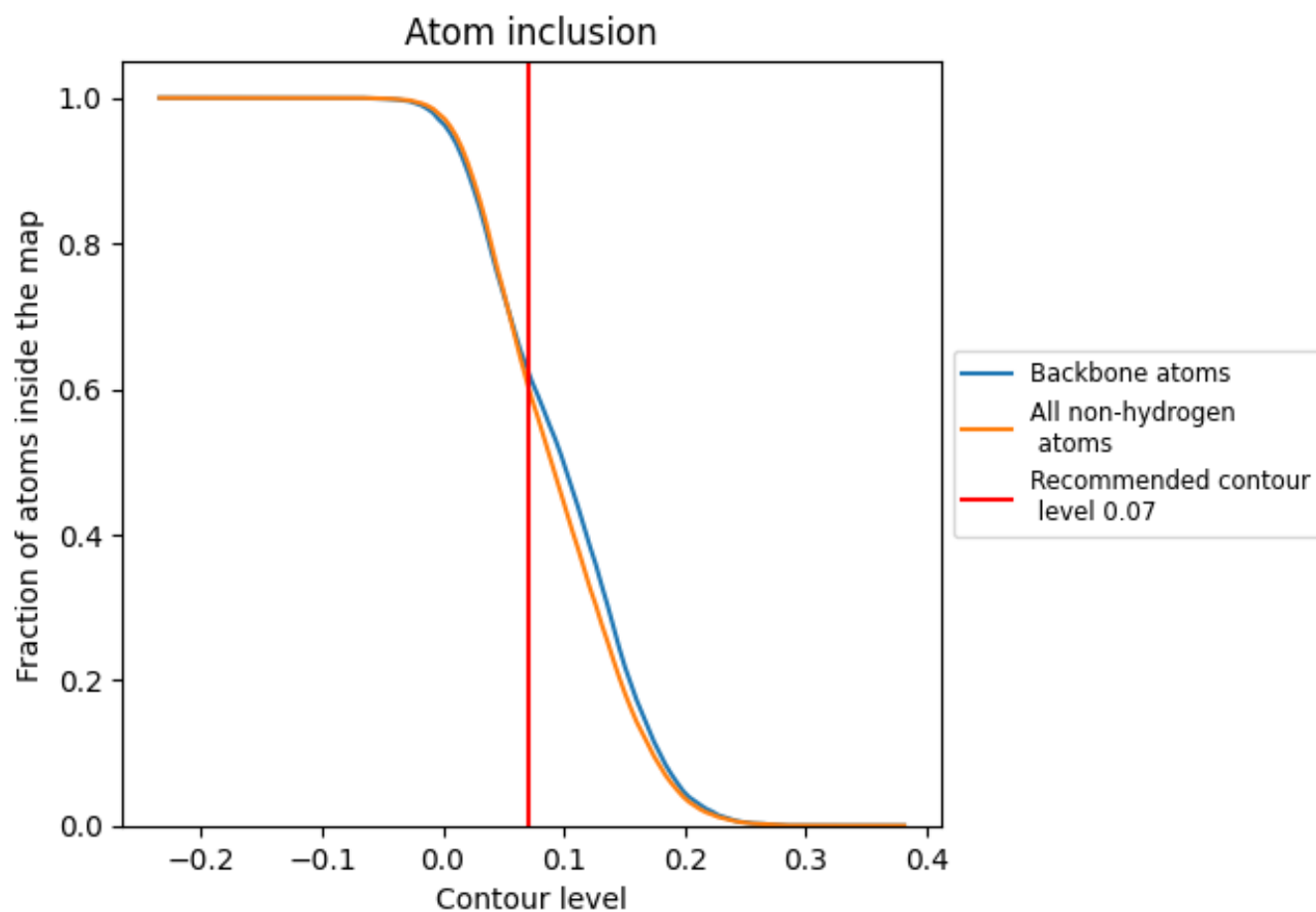
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.07).









9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 63% of all backbone atoms, 61% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.07) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6064	 0.4920
A	 0.5970	 0.4860
B	 0.5417	 0.4770
C	 0.7312	 0.5380

