



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 6, 2023 – 05:58 pm BST

PDB ID : 6SUU  
BMRB ID : 34431  
Title : NMR structure of KRAS32R G9T conformer G-quadruplex within KRAS promoter region  
Authors : Marquevielle, J.; Salgado, G.  
Deposited on : 2019-09-16

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33



## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1043 atoms, of which 357 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called KRAS32R G9T.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		P
1	A	32	1041	319	357	149	185	31	0

- Molecule 2 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
2	A	2	Total	K
			2	2

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: KRAS32R G9T

Chain A:  75% 22%

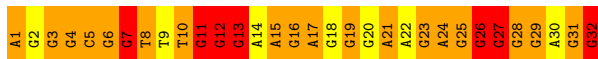


### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: KRAS32R G9T

Chain A:  22% 56% 22%



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 750 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	12
ARIA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	469
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	469
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	70%

## 6 Model quality i

### 6.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:  
K

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	3.50±0.09	119±10/775 ( 15.3± 1.3%)	4.56±0.08	279±14/1202 ( 23.2± 1.1%)
All	All	3.51	1186/7750 ( 15.3%)	4.56	2792/12020 ( 23.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	25.8±1.5
All	All	0	258

5 of 511 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	24	DA	N3-C4	16.68	1.44	1.34	10	3
1	A	9	DT	C5-C7	16.13	1.59	1.50	5	5
1	A	7	DG	C6-N1	14.53	1.49	1.39	8	4
1	A	27	DG	N7-C5	14.21	1.47	1.39	10	2
1	A	25	DG	C2-N2	-14.19	1.20	1.34	5	6

5 of 773 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	8	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	33.67	131.57	108.00	4	6
1	A	29	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	25.37	125.76	108.00	1	10
1	A	9	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	25.31	125.72	108.00	4	10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	30	DA	N1-C6-N6	-22.10	105.34	118.60	1	8
1	A	26	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	20.68	122.47	108.00	10	9

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 32 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	3	DG	Sidechain	10
1	A	4	DG	Sidechain	10
1	A	6	DG	Sidechain	10
1	A	7	DG	Sidechain	10
1	A	8	DT	Sidechain	10

## 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	684	357	324	7±2
All	All	6860	3570	3368	71

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

5 of 34 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:3:DG:H1'	1:A:4:DG:C8	0.60	2.32	2	5
1:A:10:DT:H2''	1:A:11:DG:C8	0.59	2.33	3	4
1:A:12:DG:C2	1:A:25:DG:C8	0.58	2.91	7	5
1:A:28:DG:C8	1:A:28:DG:H5''	0.52	2.38	6	4
1:A:29:DG:N3	1:A:30:DA:H5''	0.52	2.19	3	1



## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 70% for the well-defined parts and 70% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *starch\_output*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	469
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	469
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	26

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 70%, i.e. 460 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 654. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Sugar	344/384 (90%)	216/224 (96%)	128/160 (80%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	116/270 (43%)	64/174 (37%)	39/44 (89%)	13/52 (25%)
Overall	460/654 (70%)	280/398 (70%)	167/204 (82%)	13/52 (25%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules con-

taining paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	9	DT	C2'	67.59	34.67 – 45.17	26.3
1	A	1	DA	C2'	67.97	34.96 – 45.68	25.8
1	A	21	DA	C2'	67.97	34.96 – 45.68	25.8
1	A	24	DA	C2'	67.97	34.96 – 45.68	25.8
1	A	17	DA	C2'	67.06	34.96 – 45.68	24.9
1	A	5	DC	C5	66.82	92.01 – 105.04	-24.3
1	A	31	DG	C2'	71.80	32.65 – 47.92	20.6
1	A	6	DG	C2'	71.65	32.65 – 47.92	20.5
1	A	3	DG	C2'	70.07	32.65 – 47.92	19.5
1	A	13	DG	C2'	70.05	32.65 – 47.92	19.5
1	A	5	DC	C2'	69.67	32.52 – 47.86	19.2
1	A	7	DG	C2'	69.37	32.65 – 47.92	19.1
1	A	29	DG	C2'	69.09	32.65 – 47.92	18.9
1	A	4	DG	C2'	68.89	32.65 – 47.92	18.7
1	A	11	DG	C2'	68.62	32.65 – 47.92	18.6
1	A	25	DG	C2'	68.49	32.65 – 47.92	18.5
1	A	32	DG	C2'	68.02	32.65 – 47.92	18.2
1	A	2	DG	C2'	67.42	32.65 – 47.92	17.8
1	A	23	DG	C2'	67.28	32.65 – 47.92	17.7
1	A	27	DG	C2'	67.25	32.65 – 47.92	17.6
1	A	19	DG	C2'	67.06	32.65 – 47.92	17.5
1	A	20	DG	C2'	66.80	32.65 – 47.92	17.4
1	A	18	DG	C2'	66.68	32.65 – 47.92	17.3
1	A	28	DG	C2'	66.24	32.65 – 47.92	17.0
1	A	29	DG	H4'	2.34	3.37 – 5.35	-10.2
1	A	31	DG	H5''	2.40	2.89 – 5.33	-7.0

### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

No *random coil index*(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

## 8 NMR restraints analysis

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	873
Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )	500
Sequential ( $ i-j =1$ )	201
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	54
Long range ( $ i-j \geq 5$ )	118
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	27.3
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	3.7

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

### 8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	87.0	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	156.7	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	45.6	4.98

### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model

Dihedral-angle violations less than  $1^\circ$  are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

## 9 Distance violation analysis [i](#)

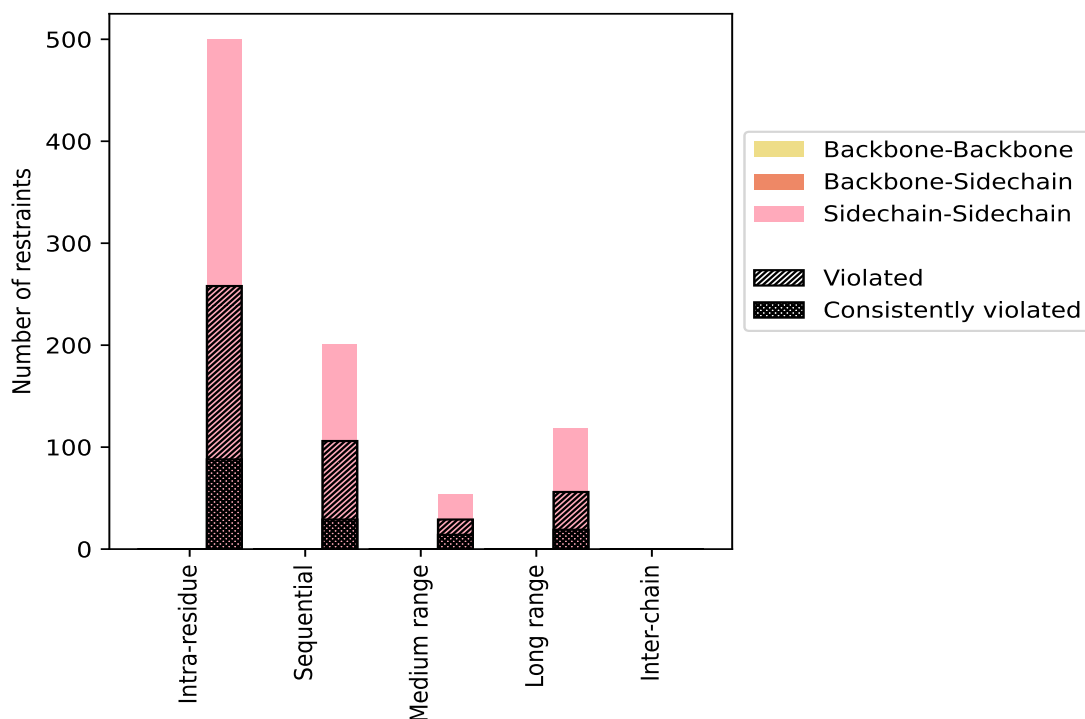
### 9.1 Summary of distance violations [i](#)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% <sup>1</sup>	Violated <sup>3</sup>			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
			Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>	Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>
<b>Intra-residue (<math> i-j =0</math>)</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>57.3</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>51.6</b>	<b>29.6</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>10.1</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	500	57.3	258	51.6	29.6	88	17.6	10.1
<b>Sequential (<math> i-j =1</math>)</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>23.0</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>52.7</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>3.3</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	201	23.0	106	52.7	12.1	29	14.4	3.3
<b>Medium range (<math> i-j &gt;1</math> &amp; <math> i-j &lt;5</math>)</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>53.7</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>25.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	54	6.2	29	53.7	3.3	14	25.9	1.6
<b>Long range (<math> i-j \geq 5</math>)</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>47.5</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>2.2</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	118	13.5	56	47.5	6.4	19	16.1	2.2
<b>Inter-chain</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Hydrogen bond</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Disulfide bond</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>51.4</b>	<b>51.4</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>17.2</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	873	100.0	449	51.4	51.4	150	17.2	17.2

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

### 9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfid bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

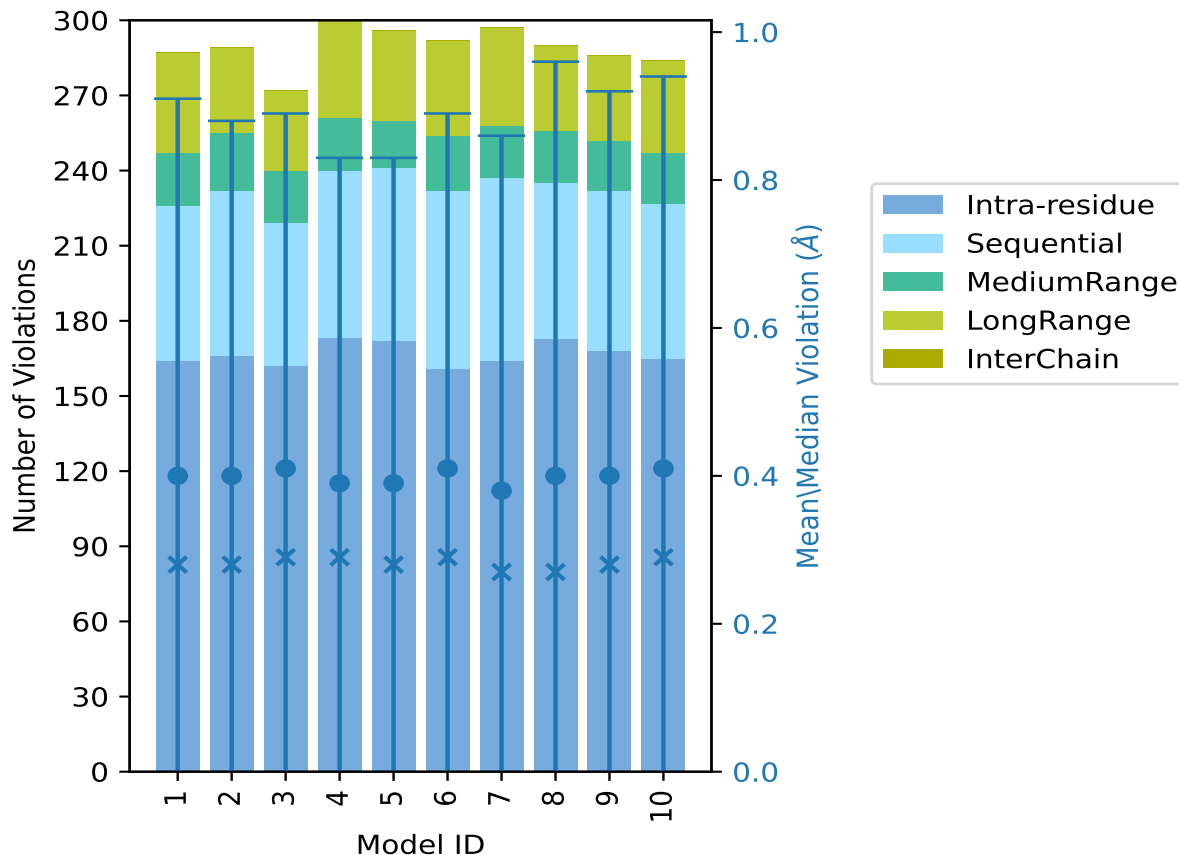
The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD <sup>6</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total				
1	164	62	21	40	0	287	0.4	4.34	0.51	0.28
2	166	66	23	34	0	289	0.4	3.9	0.48	0.28
3	162	57	21	32	0	272	0.41	3.74	0.48	0.29
4	173	67	21	39	0	300	0.39	3.33	0.44	0.29
5	172	69	19	36	0	296	0.39	3.28	0.44	0.28
6	161	71	22	38	0	292	0.41	3.77	0.48	0.29
7	164	73	21	39	0	297	0.38	4.04	0.48	0.27
8	173	62	21	34	0	290	0.4	4.98	0.56	0.27
9	168	64	20	34	0	286	0.4	4.31	0.52	0.28
10	165	62	20	37	0	284	0.41	4.58	0.53	0.29

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints,

<sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup>Standard deviation

### 9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

### 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 424(IR:242, SQ:95, MR:25, LR:62, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
30	14	4	8	0	56	1	10.0
22	7	1	3	0	33	2	20.0
15	7	2	3	0	27	3	30.0
13	12	0	5	0	30	4	40.0

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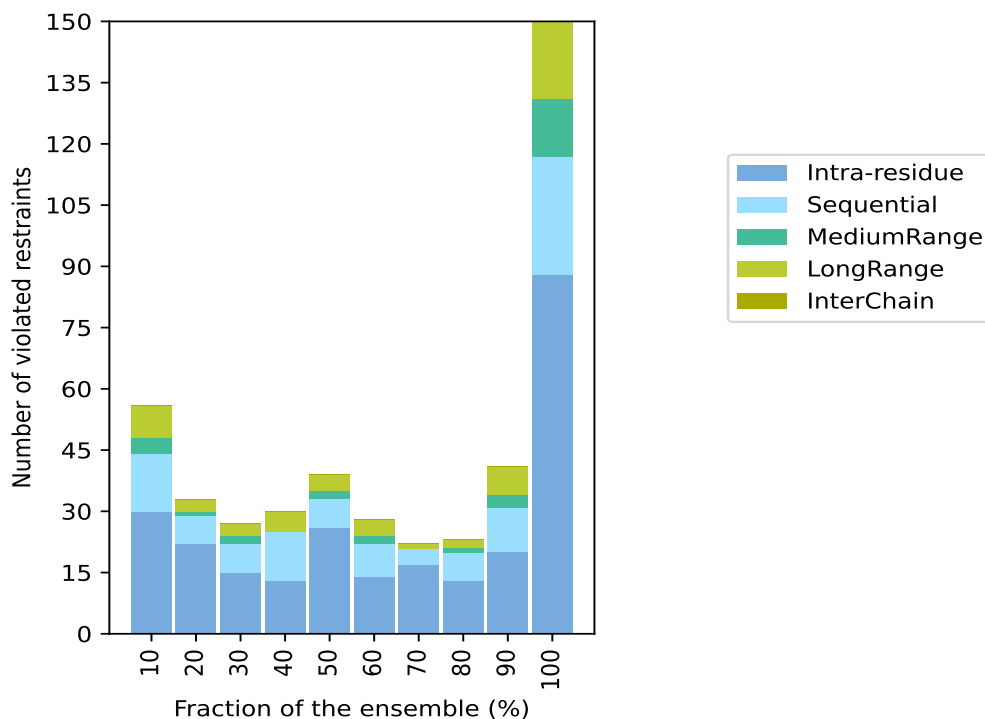


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Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
26	7	2	4	0	39	5	50.0
14	8	2	4	0	28	6	60.0
17	4	0	1	0	22	7	70.0
13	7	1	2	0	23	8	80.0
20	11	3	7	0	41	9	90.0
88	29	14	19	0	150	10	100.0

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints, <sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup> Number of models with violations

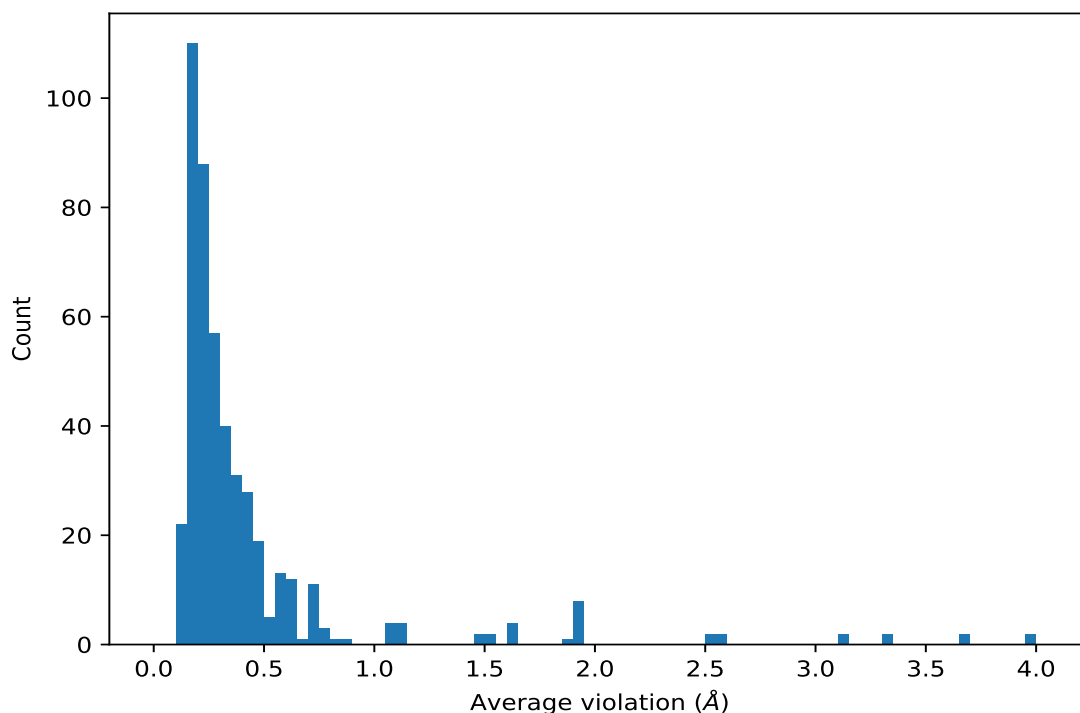
### 9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

### 9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean (Å)	SD <sup>1</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:6:DG:H8	10	3.96	0.56	3.9
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:6:DG:H8	10	3.96	0.56	3.9
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:6:DG:H2 <sup>7</sup>	10	3.69	0.5	3.65
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:6:DG:H2 <sup>7</sup>	10	3.69	0.5	3.65
(1,163)	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:6:DG:H1 <sup>7</sup>	10	3.3	0.43	3.3
(1,163)	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:6:DG:H1 <sup>7</sup>	10	3.3	0.43	3.3
(1,228)	1:A:2:DG:H1	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	3.11	0.37	3.11
(1,228)	1:A:2:DG:H1	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	3.11	0.37	3.11
(1,806)	1:A:9:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:32:DG:H8	10	2.57	0.23	2.58
(1,806)	1:A:9:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:32:DG:H8	10	2.57	0.23	2.58
(1,808)	1:A:9:DT:H2 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:8:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	2.51	0.74	2.46
(1,808)	1:A:9:DT:H2 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:8:DT:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	2.51	0.74	2.46
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H2 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H2 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H2 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H2 <sup>7</sup>	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>7</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96

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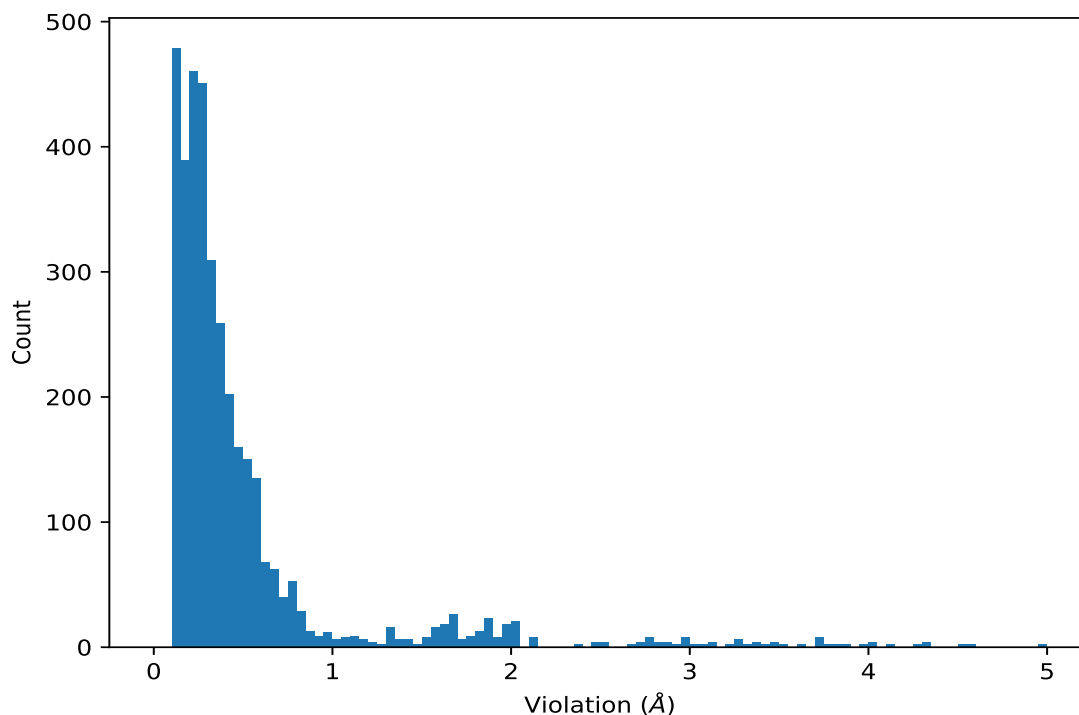
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean (Å)	SD <sup>1</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H21	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>?</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H21	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>??</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H22	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>?</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96
(1,781)	1:A:28:DG:H22	1:A:29:DG:H5 <sup>??</sup>	10	1.92	0.12	1.96
(1,793)	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>??</sup>	1:A:10:DT:H5 <sup>?</sup>	10	1.88	0.09	1.87
(1,322)	1:A:28:DG:H2 <sup>?</sup>	1:A:28:DG:H1 <sup>?</sup>	10	1.64	0.06	1.66
(1,322)	1:A:28:DG:H2 <sup>??</sup>	1:A:28:DG:H1 <sup>?</sup>	10	1.64	0.06	1.66
(1,322)	1:A:28:DG:H21	1:A:28:DG:H1 <sup>?</sup>	10	1.64	0.06	1.66
(1,322)	1:A:28:DG:H22	1:A:28:DG:H1 <sup>?</sup>	10	1.64	0.06	1.66
(1,635)	1:A:28:DG:H5 <sup>?</sup>	1:A:27:DG:H2 <sup>??</sup>	10	1.5	0.07	1.53

<sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

## 9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

### 9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



### 9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H8	8	4.98
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H8	8	4.98
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H8	10	4.58
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H8	10	4.58
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H2'	8	4.51
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H2'	8	4.51
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H8	1	4.34
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H8	1	4.34
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H8	9	4.31
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H8	9	4.31
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H2'	10	4.25
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H2'	10	4.25
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H2'	9	4.12
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H2'	9	4.12
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H8	7	4.04
(1,165)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H8	7	4.04
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H2'	1	4.03
(1,796)	1:A:10:DT:H5''	1:A:6:DG:H2'	1	4.03
(1,163)	1:A:10:DT:H5'	1:A:6:DG:H1'	8	3.98

## 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis

No dihedral-angle restraints found