

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 6, 2022 – 01:01 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5SA0

Title : PanDDA analysis group deposition – Crystal Structure of Trypanosoma brucei

Trypanothione reductase in complex with Z1506050651

Authors : Fiorillo, A.; Ilari, A.

Deposited on : 2021-05-18

Resolution : 1.97 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.28.1buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

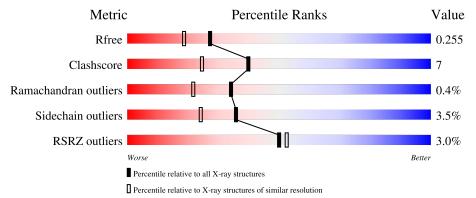
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.28.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.97 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	11647 (2.00-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	1014 (1.98-1.98)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1006 (1.98-1.98)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1006 (1.98-1.98)
RSRZ outliers	127900	11410 (2.00-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	495	81%	16%	
1	В	495	82%	15%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8119 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

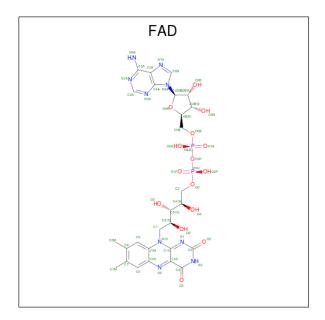
• Molecule 1 is a protein called N(1),N(8)-bis(glutathionyl)spermidine reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	485	Total	С	N	О	S	0	6	0
1	A	460	3741	2383	636	703	19	0	0	U
1	D	483	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	D	400	3679	2339	627	694	19	0	1	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	GLY	-	_	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
A	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
В	-2	GLY	-		UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
В	-1	SER	-	-	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1
В	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A3L6KZJ1

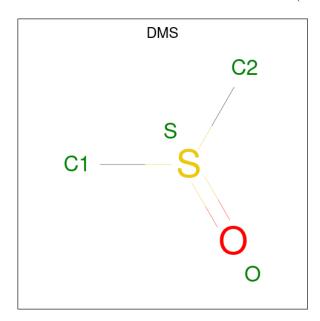
• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Δ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Λ	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	
2	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Ъ	R I		53	27	9	15	2	

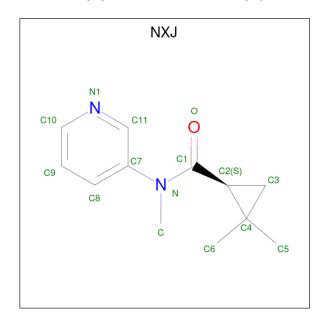
 \bullet Molecule 3 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (three-letter code: DMS) (formula: $\mathrm{C_2H_6OS}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O S 4 2 1 1	0	0



• Molecule 4 is (1S)-N,2,2-trimethyl-N-(pyridin-3-yl)cyclopropane-1-carboxamide (three-letter code: NXJ) (formula: $C_{12}H_{16}N_2O$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 15				0	0
4	В	1	Total 15	_	N 2	O 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
5	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is BROMIDE ION (three-letter code: BR) (formula: Br).

Mo	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6		В	1	Total Br 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	257	Total O 257 257	0	0

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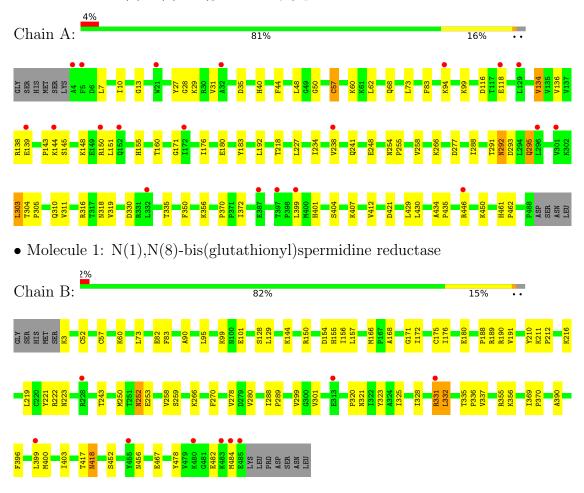
Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	В	263	Total O 263 263	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: N(1),N(8)-bis(glutathionyl)spermidine reductase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	79.58Å 108.28Å 112.36Å	Domositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	77.97 - 1.97	Depositor
Resolution (A)	77.97 - 1.97	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (77.97-1.97)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (77.97-1.97)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.47 (at 1.97Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
D D	0.193 , 0.251	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.206 , 0.255	DCC
R_{free} test set	3416 reflections (4.91%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	41.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.035	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 46.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.003 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	8119	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	50.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.74% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NXJ, BR, DMS, FAD, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.76	0/3821	0.90	0/5185	
1	В	0.75	0/3756	0.89	0/5095	
All	All	0.75	0/7577	0.89	0/10280	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3741	0	3746	60	0
1	В	3679	0	3684	53	0
2	A	53	0	31	1	0
2	В	53	0	31	0	0
3	A	24	0	36	1	0
3	В	16	0	24	3	0
4	A	15	0	0	0	0
4	В	15	0	0	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	В	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	257	0	0	7	1
7	В	263	0	0	15	1
All	All	8119	0	7552	110	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 110 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:446[B]:ARG:HH21	1:A:446[B]:ARG:HB2	1.19	1.03
1:A:446[B]:ARG:HB2	1:A:446[B]:ARG:NH2	1.92	0.84
1:B:399:LEU:N	7:B:605:HOH:O	2.23	0.72
1:B:101:GLU:HG3	7:B:857:HOH:O	1.90	0.71
1:A:44:PHE:HD2	7:A:621:HOH:O	1.73	0.71

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1 Atom-2		$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
7:A:834:HOH:O	7:B:622:HOH:O[3_544]	2.14	0.06

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	ntiles	
1	A	489/495 (99%)	462 (94%)	25 (5%)	2 (0%)	34	22
1	В	482/495 (97%)	464 (96%)	16 (3%)	2 (0%)	34	22
All	All	971/990 (98%)	926 (95%)	41 (4%)	4 (0%)	34	22

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	28	GLY
1	В	331	ARG
1	В	168	ALA
1	A	48	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	otameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	404/407 (99%)	391 (97%)	13 (3%)	39	28		
1	В	397/407 (98%)	382 (96%)	15 (4%)	33	21		
All	All	801/814 (98%)	773 (96%)	28 (4%)	36	24		

5 of 28 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	57	CYS
1	В	484	MET
1	В	144	LYS
1	В	356	LYS
1	В	99	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	155	HIS
1	В	252	ASN
1	В	448	ASN
1	В	352	ASN
1	A	295	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 17 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 14 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	ain Res Link		Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	DMS	A	507	-	3,3,3	0.31	0	3,3,3	0.14	0
3	DMS	A	503	-	3,3,3	0.32	0	3,3,3	0.11	0
3	DMS	A	505	-	3,3,3	0.37	0	3,3,3	0.23	0
3	DMS	В	503	-	3,3,3	0.46	0	3,3,3	0.34	0
2	FAD	В	501	-	51,58,58	1.11	3 (5%)	60,89,89	1.74	7 (11%)
3	DMS	A	506	-	3,3,3	0.34	0	3,3,3	0.04	0
4	NXJ	В	506	-	15,16,16	1.22	2 (13%)	23,24,24	0.77	0
3	DMS	A	504	-	3,3,3	0.25	0	3,3,3	0.12	0
3	DMS	В	502	-	3,3,3	0.30	0	3,3,3	0.12	0
2	FAD	A	501	-	51,58,58	1.21	2 (3%)	60,89,89	1.92	9 (15%)
3	DMS	В	504	-	3,3,3	0.27	0	3,3,3	0.08	0
4	NXJ	A	508	-	15,16,16	1.18	1 (6%)	23,24,24	0.82	0
3	DMS	A	502	-	3,3,3	0.26	0	3,3,3	0.36	0
3	DMS	В	505	-	3,3,3	0.33	0	3,3,3	0.11	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	A	501	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	NXJ	В	506	-	-	0/12/20/20	0/2/2/2
4	NXJ	A	508	-	-	0/12/20/20	0/2/2/2
2	FAD	В	501	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{A})$	Ideal(A)
2	A	501	FAD	C4X-C10	6.21	1.45	1.38
2	В	501	FAD	C4X-C10	5.16	1.44	1.38
4	A	508	NXJ	C2-C1	-3.55	1.47	1.52
4	В	506	NXJ	C2-C1	-3.42	1.48	1.52
2	A	501	FAD	C4-N3	2.76	1.37	1.33

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	501	FAD	C2-N3-C4	8.57	122.38	115.14
2	В	501	FAD	C2-N3-C4	7.73	121.67	115.14
2	A	501	FAD	C10-C4X-C4	-5.21	116.50	119.95
2	A	501	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	5.01	124.72	121.26
2	В	501	FAD	C4X-C4-N3	-4.84	116.82	123.43

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	501	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	501	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	В	501	FAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	501	FAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	501	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O5'

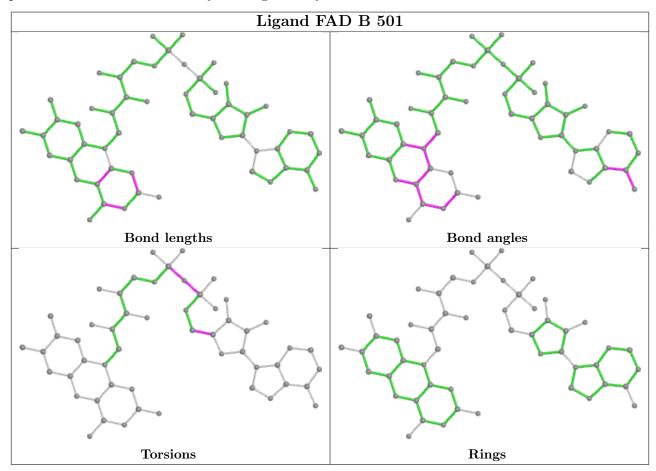
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

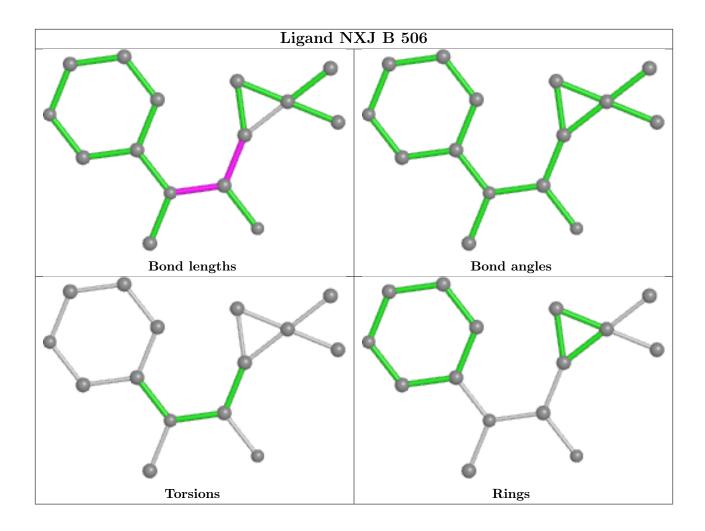
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	502	DMS	1	0
2	A	501	FAD	1	0
3	В	504	DMS	2	0
3	A	502	DMS	1	0



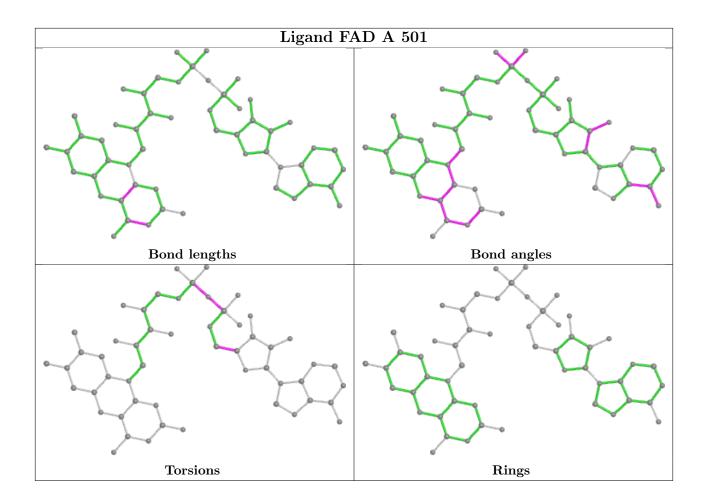
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



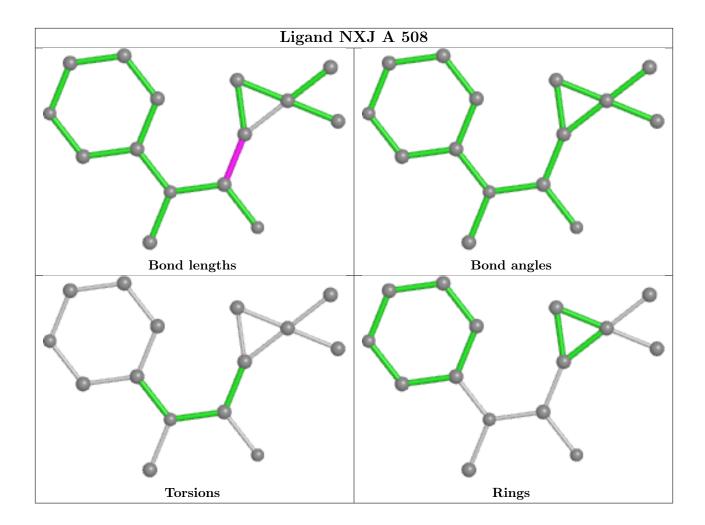












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	485/495 (97%)	0.19	20 (4%) 37 39	30, 48, 81, 114	6 (1%)
1	В	483/495 (97%)	-0.01	9 (1%) 66 68	32, 46, 70, 88	6 (1%)
All	All	968/990 (97%)	0.09	29 (2%) 50 52	30, 47, 76, 114	12 (1%)

The worst 5 of 29 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	21[A]	TRP	10.4
1	В	484	MET	8.9
1	A	238[A]	VAL	7.8
1	В	485	GLU	7.4
1	A	446[A]	ARG	7.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

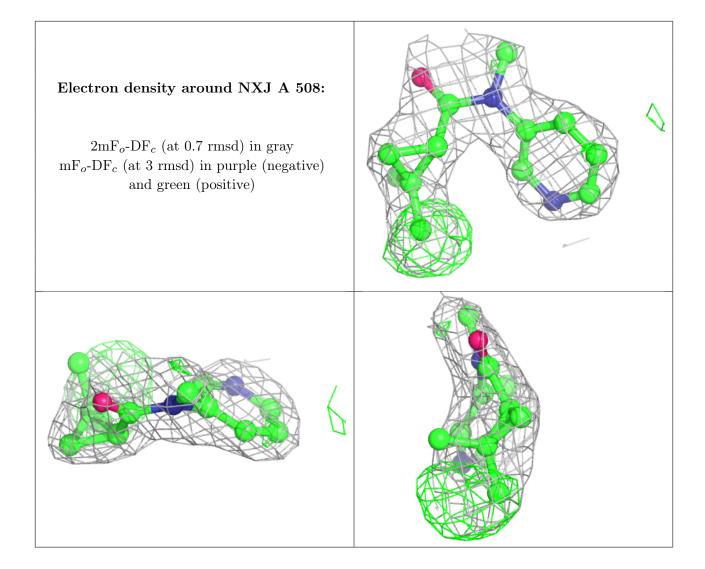
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



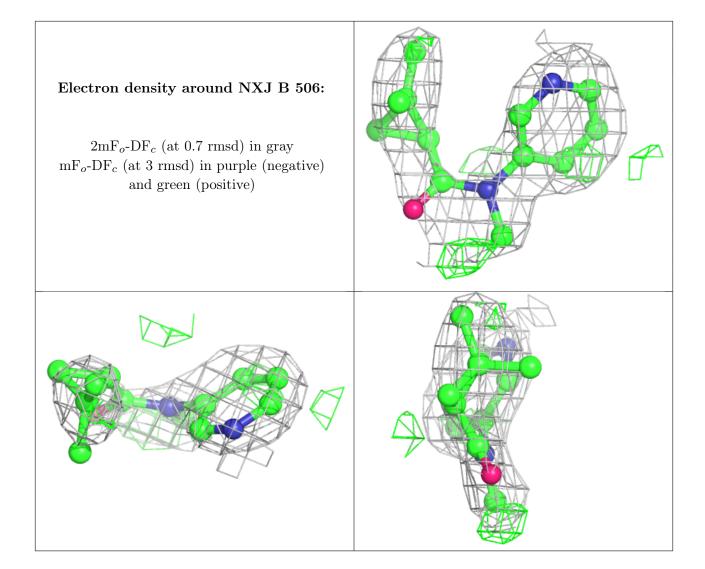
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	DMS	A	507	4/4	0.74	0.32	71,92,102,110	0
3	DMS	A	505	4/4	0.77	0.23	83,90,94,104	0
4	NXJ	A	508	15/15	0.78	0.24	43,46,51,51	15
4	NXJ	В	506	15/15	0.81	0.23	45,56,63,63	15
5	MG	A	509	1/1	0.83	0.10	90,90,90,90	0
3	DMS	В	505	4/4	0.89	0.24	74,87,95,97	0
3	DMS	A	506	4/4	0.92	0.17	77,83,84,91	0
3	DMS	В	503	4/4	0.93	0.15	70,74,75,79	0
3	DMS	В	504	4/4	0.93	0.10	67,71,74,77	0
3	DMS	В	502	4/4	0.93	0.12	71,74,82,87	0
5	MG	В	508	1/1	0.93	0.05	63,63,63,63	0
6	BR	В	507	1/1	0.94	0.12	88,88,88,88	0
3	DMS	A	503	4/4	0.95	0.10	66,73,74,78	0
3	DMS	A	504	4/4	0.95	0.23	84,98,100,101	0
3	DMS	A	502	4/4	0.96	0.14	63,69,77,78	0
2	FAD	A	501	53/53	0.97	0.10	29,38,53,57	0
2	FAD	В	501	53/53	0.98	0.08	30,35,49,52	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





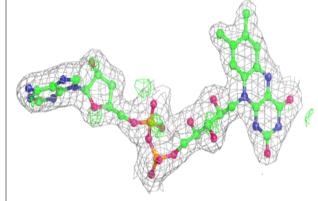


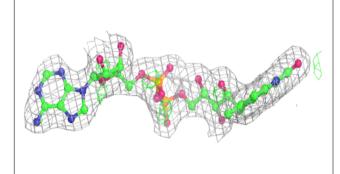


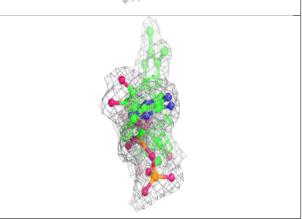


Electron density around FAD A 501:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

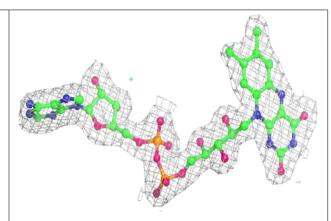


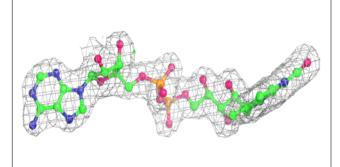


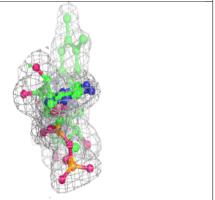


Electron density around FAD B 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

