

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 4, 2024 – 04:35 PM EST

PDB ID	:	1RQK
Title	:	Structure of the reaction centre from Rhodobacter sphaeroides carotenoidless
		strain R-26.1 reconstituted with 3,4-dihydrospheroidene
Authors	:	Roszak, A.W.; Hashimoto, H.; Gardiner, A.T.; Cogdell, R.J.; Isaacs, N.W.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

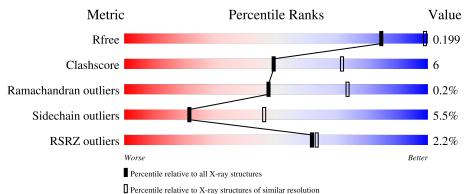
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)		
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	2808 (2.70-2.70)
Clashscore	141614	3122 (2.70-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3069 (2.70-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3069 (2.70-2.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2737 (2.70-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	L	281	% 8 6%	12% •
2	М	307	2% 84%	13% ••
3	Н	260	^{3%} 79%	12% • 7%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
7	LDA	М	906	-	-	-	Х



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7522 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Reaction center protein L chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	L	281	Total 2249	C 1518	N 355	O 368	S 8	0	5	0

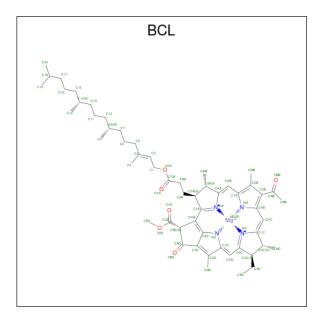
• Molecule 2 is a protein called Reaction center protein M chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	М	302	Total 2423	C 1615	N 400	O 397	S 11	0	3	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Reaction center protein H chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
3	Н	241	Total 1868	C 1190	N 324	0 345	S 9	0	8	0

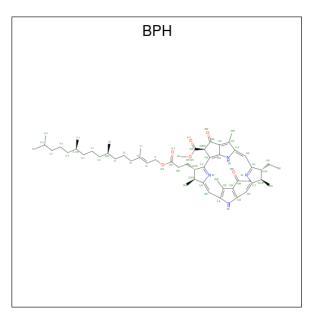
• Molecule 4 is BACTERIOCHLOROPHYLL A (three-letter code: BCL) (formula: $C_{55}H_{74}MgN_4O_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	т	1	Total	С	Mg	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	4 L	I	66	55	1	4	6	0	0
4	Т	1	Total	С	Mg	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	4 L	1	66	55	1	4	6	0	0
4	М	1	Total	С	Mg	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	111	1	66	55	1	4	6	0	0
4	М	1	Total	С	Mg	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	1/1	1	66	55	1	4	6	0	0

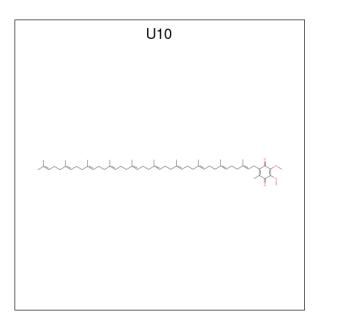
• Molecule 5 is BACTERIOPHEOPHYTIN A (three-letter code: BPH) (formula: $C_{55}H_{76}N_4O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ıs		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	L	1	Total 65				0	0
5	М	1	Total 65	-	N 4	-	0	0

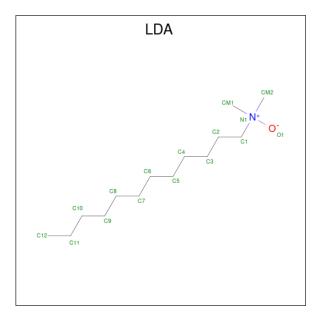
• Molecule 6 is UBIQUINONE-10 (three-letter code: U10) (formula: $C_{59}H_{90}O_4$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	L	1	Total C O 96 88 8	0	1
6	М	1	Total C O 48 44 4	0	0

• Molecule 7 is LAURYL DIMETHYLAMINE-N-OXIDE (three-letter code: LDA) (formula: $C_{14}H_{31}NO$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	L	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	0 1	0	0

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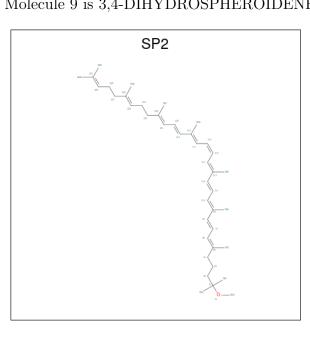


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• Molecule 8 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	М	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 9 is 3,4-DIHYDROSPHEROIDENE (three-letter code: SP2) (formula: $C_{41}H_{62}O$).

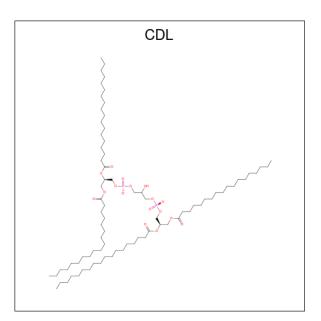


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	М	1	Total 42	C 41	0 1	0	0

• Molecule 10 is CARDIOLIPIN (three-letter code: CDL) (formula: $C_{81}H_{156}O_{17}P_2$).



Residues ZeroOcc AltConf Mol Chain Atoms Total С Ν Ο 0 7 L 0 1 1614 1 1 С Total Ν Ο 7Μ 1 0 0 16 14 1 1 Total С Ν Ο 7Μ 1 0 0 16 1 141 С Total Ν 0 7Μ 1 0 0 141 161 Total С Ν Ο 7Μ 1 0 0 16 14 1 1 Total С Ν Ο 7Η 0 0 1 1614 1 1



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	м	1	Total	С	Ο	Р	0	0
10	111		81	62	17	2	U	U

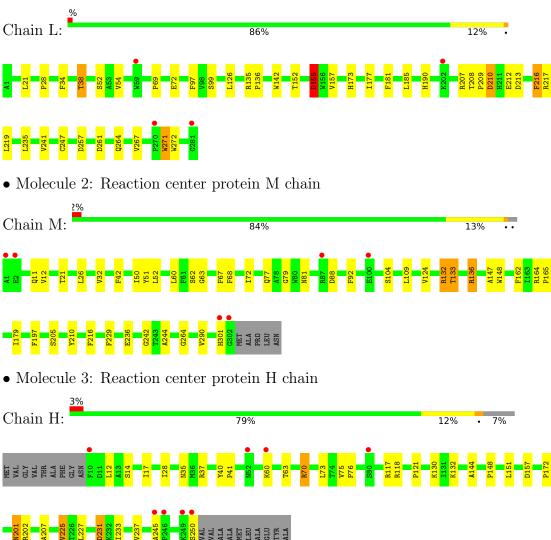
• Molecule 11 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	L	57	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 57 & 57 \end{array}$	0	0
11	М	66	Total O 66 66	0	0
11	Н	85	Total O 85 85	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Reaction center protein L chain



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	141.72Å 141.72Å 187.18Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	-
Resolution (Å)	15.29 - 2.70	Depositor
	15.28 - 2.70	EDS
% Data completeness	95.7(15.29-2.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.4(15.28-2.70)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.47 (at 2.69 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.9999	Depositor
D D	0.162 , 0.194	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.169 , 0.199	DCC
R_{free} test set	2864 reflections $(4.97%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	49.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.025	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 83.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.014 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7522	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	49.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.67% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LDA, U10, FE, BPH, BCL, SP2, CDL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain Bond lengths		Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	L	0.73	0/2362	0.79	7/3232~(0.2%)
2	М	0.72	0/2530	0.76	1/3452~(0.0%)
3	Н	0.80	0/1956	0.89	3/2657~(0.1%)
All	All	0.75	0/6848	0.81	11/9341~(0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	L	213	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	8.90	126.31	118.30
3	Н	157	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.28	124.85	118.30
1	L	210	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.75	124.38	118.30
2	М	88	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.53	124.18	118.30
1	L	261	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.46	124.11	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	L	2249	0	2205	27	0
2	М	2423	0	2344	30	0
3	Н	1868	0	1880	20	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	L	132	0	148	5	0
4	М	132	0	148	9	0
5	L	65	0	76	5	0
5	М	65	0	76	8	0
6	L	96	0	126	10	0
6	М	48	0	63	0	0
7	Η	16	0	31	1	0
7	L	32	0	62	0	0
7	М	64	0	124	4	0
8	М	1	0	0	0	0
9	М	42	0	62	0	0
10	М	81	0	106	2	0
11	Η	85	0	0	2	0
11	L	57	0	0	0	0
11	М	66	0	0	1	0
All	All	7522	0	7451	87	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 87 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:H:130[A]:LYS:NZ	3:H:173[A]:GLU:OE2	2.04	0.90
5:L:402:BPH:HHC	5:L:402:BPH:HBB3	1.55	0.88
1:L:241:VAL:HG21	5:L:402:BPH:HAC1	1.72	0.71
3:H:117[A]:ARG:NH2	3:H:227:LEU:HD22	2.06	0.71
2:M:51:TYR:O	2:M:132:ARG:NH2	2.24	0.70

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	L	284/281~(101%)	278~(98%)	6(2%)	0	100	100
2	М	303/307~(99%)	288~(95%)	14~(5%)	1 (0%)	41	66
3	Н	247/260~(95%)	242 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	34	60
All	All	834/848~(98%)	808 (97%)	24 (3%)	2(0%)	47	73

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	М	79	GLY
3	Н	245	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	L	225/220~(102%)	208~(92%)	17 (8%)		13	30
2	М	239/240~(100%)	224 (94%)	15~(6%)		18	40
3	Н	203/208~(98%)	196~(97%)	7(3%)		37	66
All	All	667/668~(100%)	628 (94%)	39~(6%)		21	43

5 of 39 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	М	133	THR
3	Н	202	ARG
2	М	136	ARG
3	Н	28	ILE
3	Н	231	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type				
2	М	44	ASN				
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	М	77	GLN
2	М	299	GLN
3	Н	201	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 19 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 18 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trune	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bo	ond angl	es
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
4	BCL	L	304	1	64,74,74	1.07	3 (4%)	78,115,115	1.52	16 (20%)
10	CDL	М	800	-	80,80,99	1.14	4 (5%)	86,92,111	1.16	9 (10%)
7	LDA	М	902	-	12,15,15	1.96	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.79	0
7	LDA	М	906	-	12,15,15	1.90	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.58	0
6	U10	L	502[A]	-	48,48,63	1.10	2 (4%)	58,61,79	1.33	9 (15%)
6	U10	L	502[B]	-	48,48,63	1.03	2 (4%)	58,61,79	1.49	7 (12%)
4	BCL	L	302	1	64,74,74	1.30	4 (6%)	78,115,115	1.50	18 (23%)
4	BCL	М	501	2	64,74,74	1.18	3 (4%)	78,115,115	1.90	19 (24%)
7	LDA	М	903	-	$12,\!15,\!15$	1.91	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.66	0



Mol	Trung	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bo	ond angl	es
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
6	U10	М	503	-	48,48,63	1.11	3 (6%)	$58,\!61,\!79$	1.34	9 (15%)
7	LDA	L	904	-	12,15,15	2.17	1 (8%)	$14,\!17,\!17$	0.56	0
5	BPH	L	402	-	51,70,70	0.73	1 (1%)	52,101,101	1.49	8 (15%)
7	LDA	М	905	-	12,15,15	1.91	1 (8%)	$14,\!17,\!17$	0.69	0
4	BCL	М	502	2	64,74,74	1.22	5 (7%)	78,115,115	1.38	11 (14%)
5	BPH	М	401	-	51,70,70	0.78	1 (1%)	52,101,101	1.38	10 (19%)
7	LDA	Н	901	-	12,15,15	2.15	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.81	0
7	LDA	L	908	-	12,15,15	1.86	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.53	0
9	SP2	М	600	-	41,41,41	1.19	3 (7%)	47,50,50	1.69	12 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	BCL	L	304	1	-	3/37/137/137	-
10	CDL	М	800	-	-	33/91/91/110	-
7	LDA	М	902	-	-	4/13/13/13	-
7	LDA	М	906	-	-	4/13/13/13	-
6	U10	L	502[A]	-	-	16/45/69/87	0/1/1/1
6	U10	L	502[B]	-	-	13/45/69/87	0/1/1/1
4	BCL	L	302	1	-	6/37/137/137	-
4	BCL	М	501	2	-	9/37/137/137	-
7	LDA	М	903	-	-	5/13/13/13	-
6	U10	М	503	-	-	9/45/69/87	0/1/1/1
7	LDA	L	904	-	-	6/13/13/13	-
5	BPH	L	402	-	-	6/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
7	LDA	М	905	-	-	6/13/13/13	-
4	BCL	М	502	2	-	3/37/137/137	-
5	BPH	М	401	-	-	13/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
7	LDA	Н	901	-	-	5/13/13/13	-
7	LDA	L	908	-	-	5/13/13/13	-
9	SP2	М	600	-	-	7/47/47/47	-

The worst 5 of 38 bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
7	L	904	LDA	01-N1	-7.40	1.24	1.42
7	Н	901	LDA	01-N1	-7.38	1.24	1.42
7	М	902	LDA	01-N1	-6.57	1.26	1.42
7	М	905	LDA	01-N1	-6.56	1.26	1.42
7	М	903	LDA	01-N1	-6.54	1.26	1.42

The worst 5 of 128 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	М	501	BCL	CMB-C2B-C1B	-5.71	119.69	128.46
4	М	501	BCL	C1-O2A-CGA	5.03	129.63	116.44
10	М	800	CDL	OB6-CB5-C51	4.78	121.80	111.50
4	М	501	BCL	CHD-C1D-ND	-4.77	120.07	124.45
4	L	304	BCL	CAC-C3C-C2C	-4.35	103.39	114.26

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 153 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	L	302	BCL	C14-C13-C15-C16
5	L	402	BPH	C4C-C3C-CAC-CBC
5	L	402	BPH	C2C-C3C-CAC-CBC
5	М	401	BPH	C4C-C3C-CAC-CBC
5	М	401	BPH	C2C-C3C-CAC-CBC

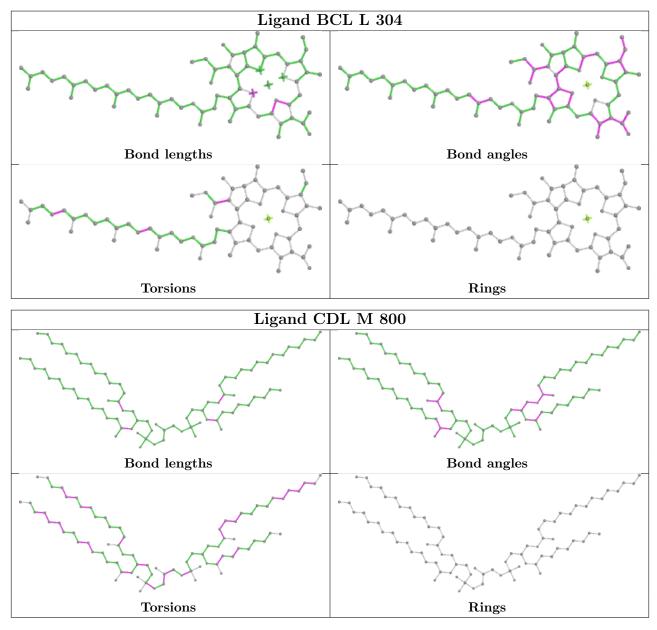
There are no ring outliers.

13 monomers are involved in 42 short contacts:

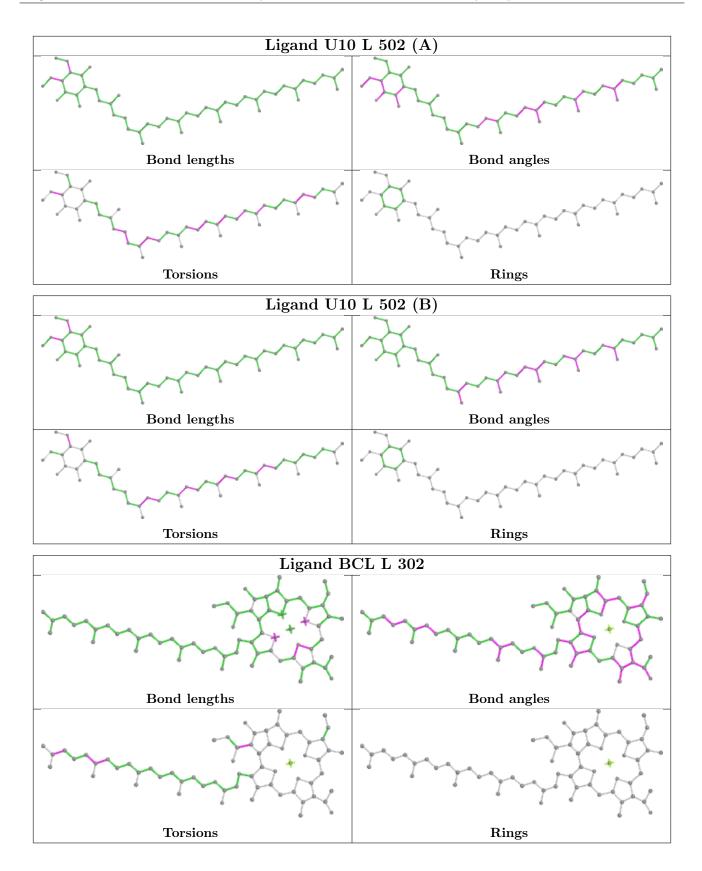
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	L	304	BCL	1	0
10	М	800	CDL	2	0
7	М	902	LDA	1	0
6	L	502[A]	U10	5	0
6	L	502[B]	U10	5	0
4	L	302	BCL	4	0
4	М	501	BCL	3	0
7	М	903	LDA	2	0
5	L	402	BPH	5	0
7	М	905	LDA	1	0
4	М	502	BCL	6	0
5	М	401	BPH	8	0
7	Н	901	LDA	1	0



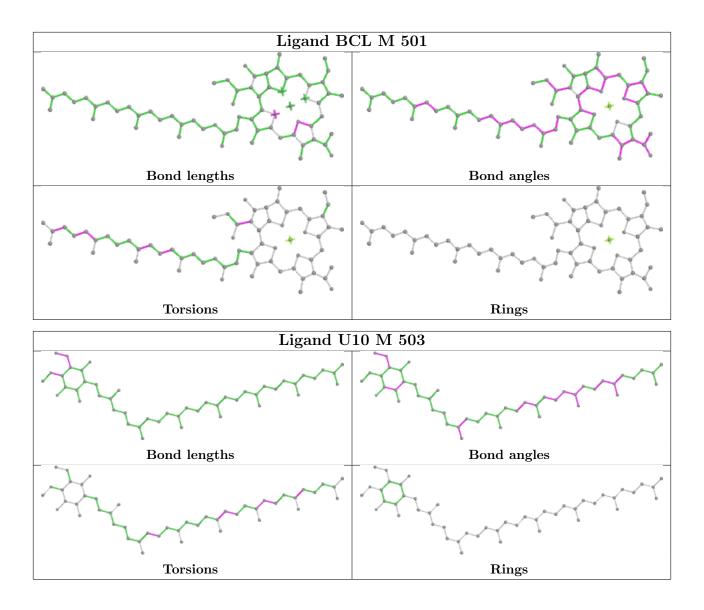
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



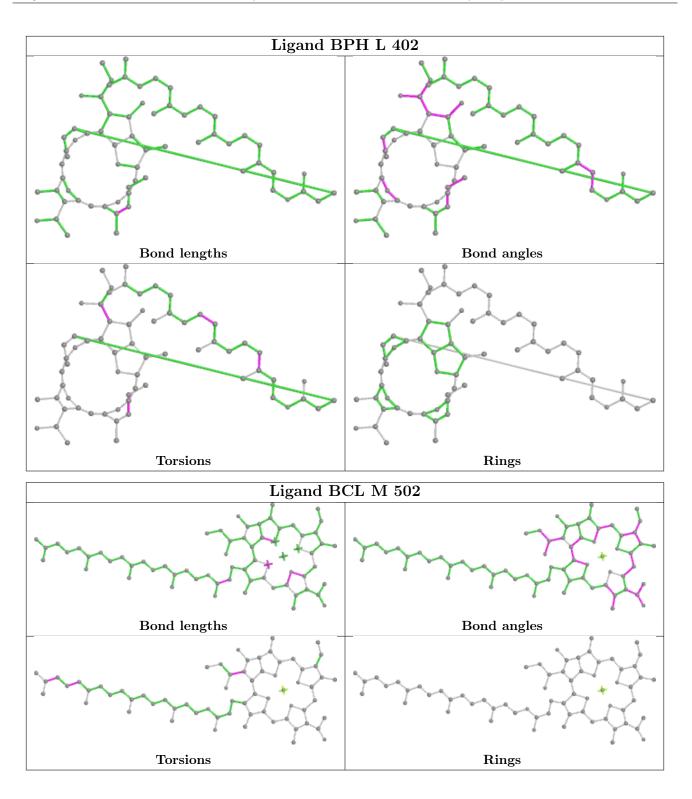




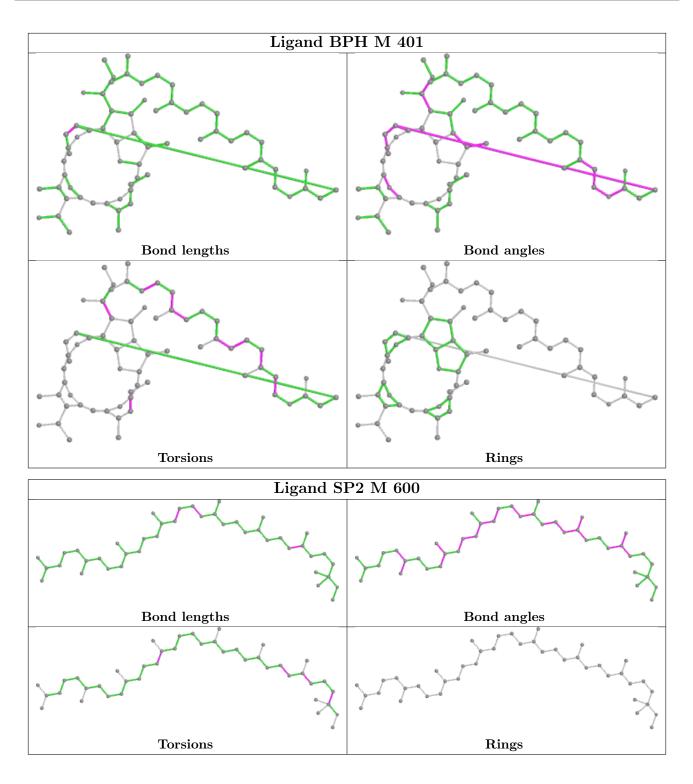












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	L	281/281 (100%)	-0.71	4 (1%) 75 77	38, 47, 61, 67	0
2	М	302/307~(98%)	-0.63	6 (1%) 65 67	41, 48, 59, 85	0
3	Н	241/260~(92%)	-0.51	8 (3%) 46 46	39, 46, 60, 94	0
All	All	824/848~(97%)	-0.62	18 (2%) 62 63	38, 47, 60, 94	0

The worst 5 of 18 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	Н	250	SER	5.6
2	М	1	ALA	5.5
3	Н	249	LYS	4.3
2	М	301	HIS	4.0
2	М	2	GLU	3.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

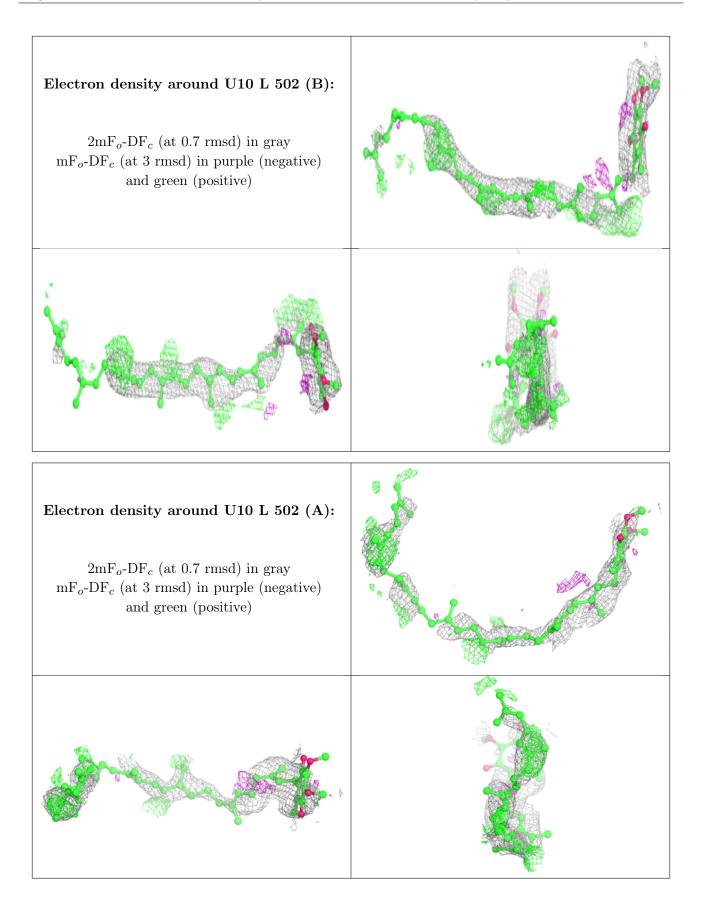
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



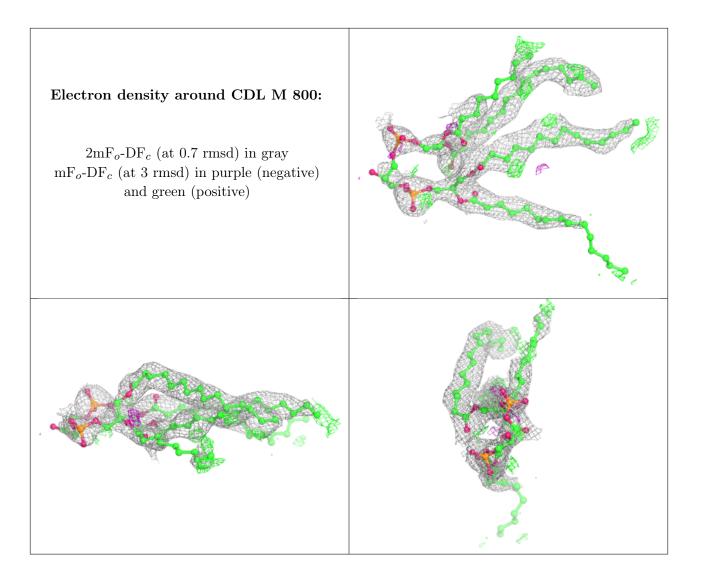
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B -factors($Å^2$)	Q<0.9
7	LDA	М	906	16/16	0.44	0.41	$53,\!56,\!63,\!63$	16
7	LDA	L	908	16/16	0.62	0.33	57,61,77,78	16
7	LDA	М	905	16/16	0.68	0.34	52,56,60,61	16
7	LDA	М	903	16/16	0.68	0.30	52,57,64,65	16
7	LDA	L	904	16/16	0.70	0.37	52,55,57,57	16
6	U10	L	502[B]	48/63	0.74	0.36	52,61,74,74	48
6	U10	L	502[A]	48/63	0.74	0.36	61,69,71,72	48
10	CDL	М	800	81/100	0.76	0.30	47,60,68,71	81
7	LDA	М	902	16/16	0.85	0.21	61,62,68,69	16
9	SP2	М	600	42/42	0.88	0.21	52,61,83,84	0
6	U10	М	503	48/63	0.93	0.15	44,56,82,83	0
4	BCL	М	501	66/66	0.93	0.14	42,48,101,103	0
5	BPH	М	401	65/65	0.93	0.14	47,51,100,102	0
7	LDA	Н	901	16/16	0.94	0.14	60,64,71,72	16
4	BCL	М	502	66/66	0.96	0.13	40,43,68,78	0
4	BCL	L	302	66/66	0.96	0.12	35,43,60,65	0
5	BPH	L	402	65/65	0.97	0.11	39,46,54,55	0
4	BCL	L	304	66/66	0.97	0.10	36,44,62,65	0
8	FE	М	500	1/1	1.00	0.05	49,49,49,49	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

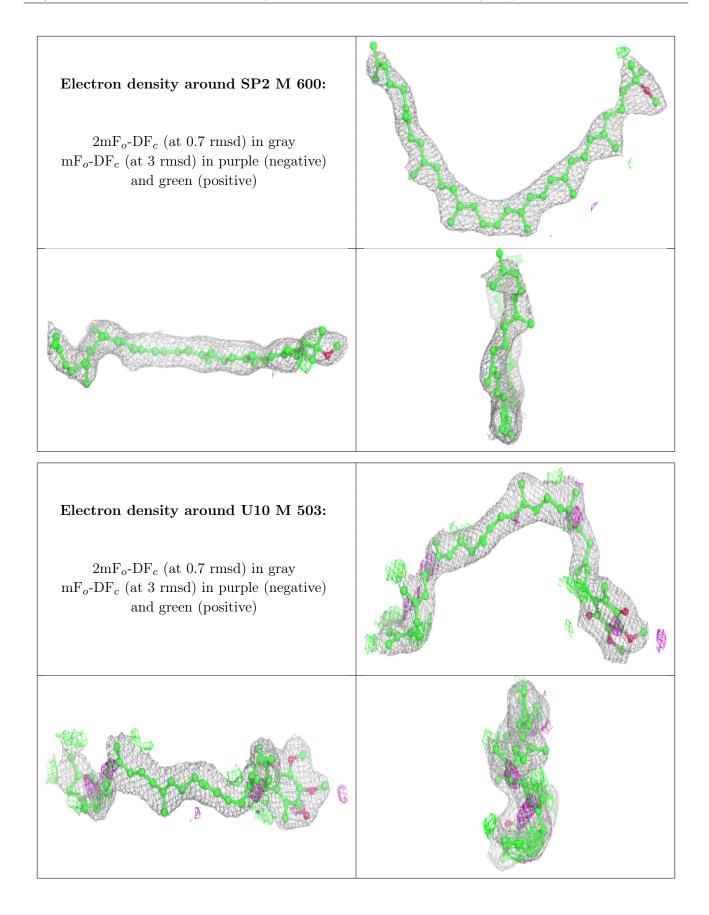




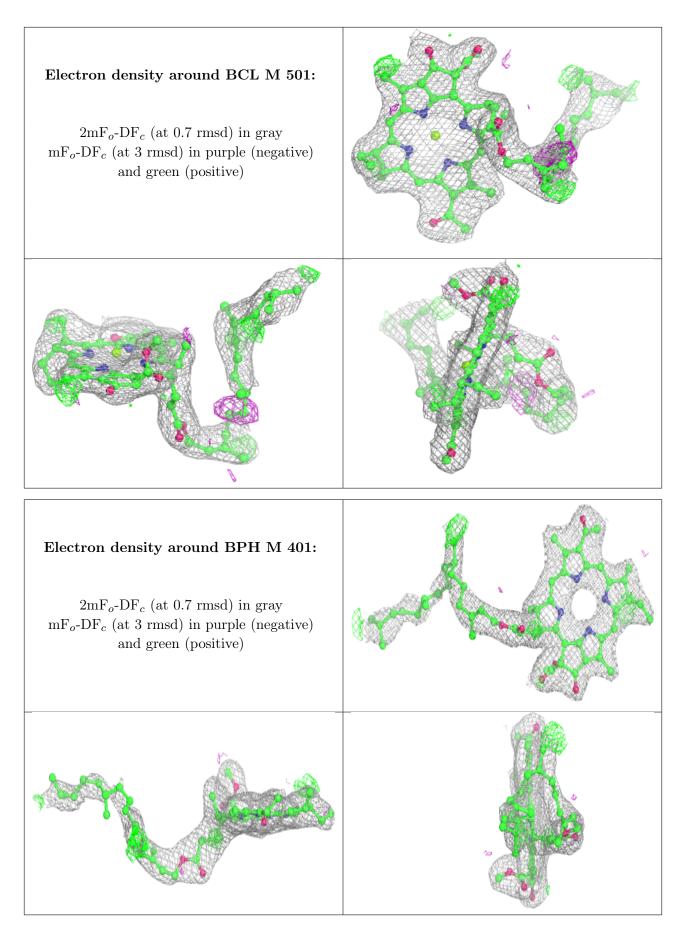




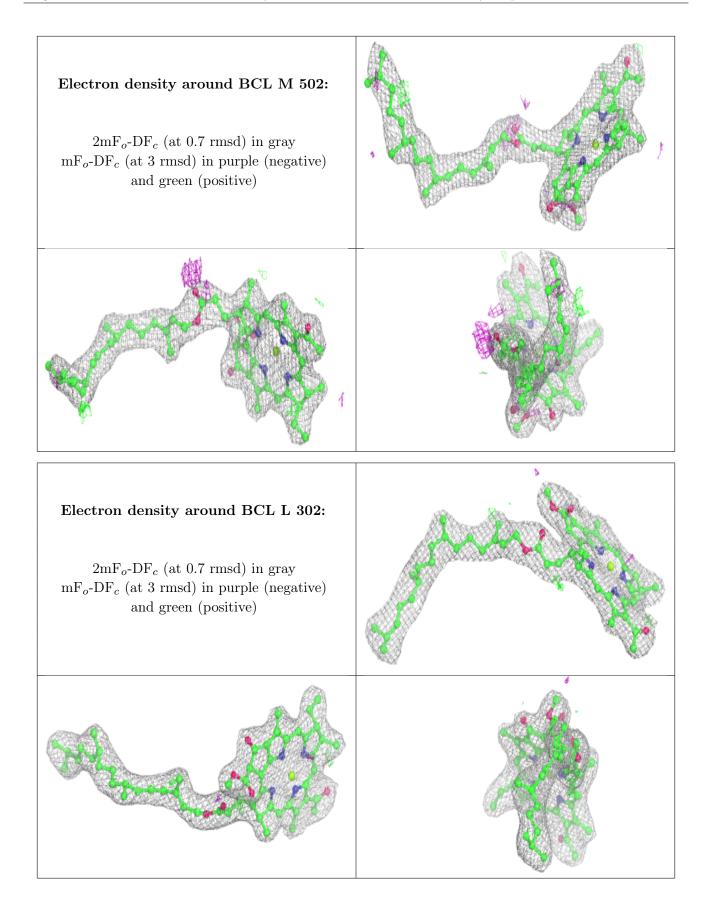




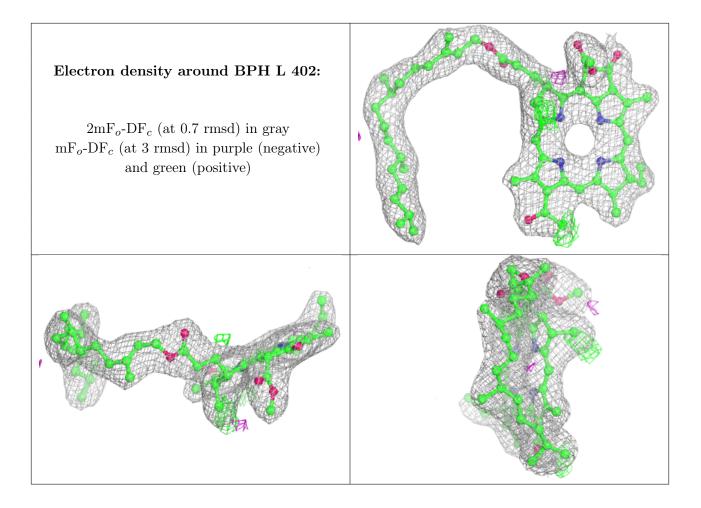




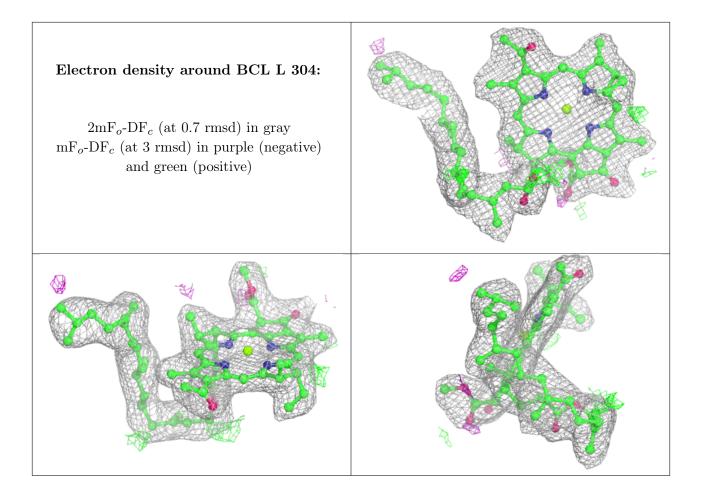












6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

