

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 29, 2024 – 05:58 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4R6I

Title: AtxA protein, a virulence regulator from Bacillus anthracis.

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Deposited on : 2014-08-25

Resolution : 2.65 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

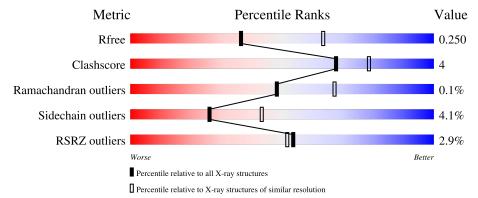
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.65 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	164625	1003 (2.66-2.66)
Clashscore	180529	1063 (2.66-2.66)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1052 (2.66-2.66)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1052 (2.66-2.66)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1003 (2.66-2.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	478	90%		8% •		
1	В	478	80%	13%	• 6%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7787 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

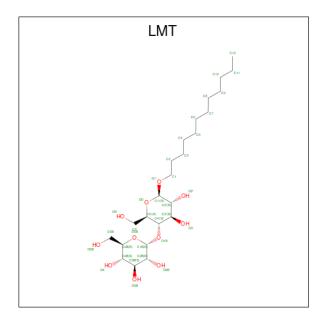
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Anthrax toxin expression trans-acting positive regulator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	A	472	Total 3894	C 2521	N 652	O 706		Se 9	0	0	0
1	В	448	Total 3716	C 2407	N 623	_	S 6	Se 9	0	2	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q44636
A	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q44636
A	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q44636
В	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q44636
В	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q44636
В	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q44636

• Molecule 2 is DODECYL-BETA-D-MALTOSIDE (three-letter code: LMT) (formula: $C_{24}H_{46}O_{11}$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 70 48 22	0	1
2	В	1	Total C O 35 24 11	0	0

$\bullet\,$ Molecule 3 is water.

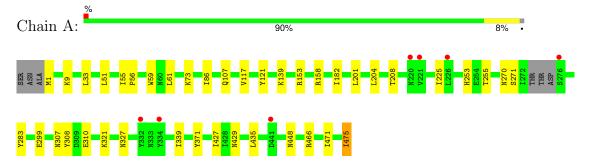
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	49	Total O 49 49	0	0
3	В	23	Total O 23 23	0	0



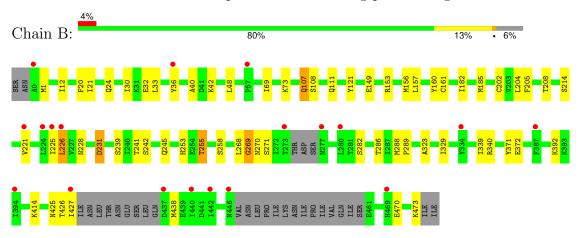
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Anthrax toxin expression trans-acting positive regulator



• Molecule 1: Anthrax toxin expression trans-acting positive regulator





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	130.46Å 135.17Å 180.91Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	$\begin{array}{r} 46.93 & - & 2.65 \\ 46.93 & - & 2.65 \end{array}$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (46.93-2.65)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.5 (46.93-2.65)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
	(Not available)	Depositor
$\frac{R_{sym}}{\langle I/\sigma(I)\rangle^{-1}}$	2.32 (at 2.65Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0071	Depositor
R.R.	0.196 , 0.252	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.195 , 0.250	DCC
R_{free} test set	2344 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	67.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.319	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 42.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.000 \text{ for -k,-h,-l} \\ 0.000 \text{ for -1/2*h+1/2*k-1/2*l,1/2*h-1/2*k-1/2*l,-h-k} \\ 0.000 \text{ for -1/2*h+1/2*k+1/2*l,1/2*h-1/2*k} \\ 0.000 \text{ for -1/2*h+1/2*k+1/2*l,-1/2*h-1/2*k+1/2*l,-h-k} \\ 0.000 \text{ for -1/2*h-1/2*k-1/2*l,-1/2*h-1/2*k-1/2*l,-h-k} \\ 0.000 \text{ for -1/2*h-1/2*k+1/2*l,-1/2*h-1/2*k-1/2*l,-h-k} \end{array}$	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7787	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (\mathring{A}^2)	81.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 30.39 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.3177e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LMT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.58	0/3961	0.71	0/5338	
1	В	0.53	0/3784	0.67	0/5090	
All	All	0.56	0/7745	0.69	0/10428	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3894	0	4036	19	0
1	В	3716	0	3844	28	0
2	A	70	0	92	12	0
2	В	35	0	46	0	0
3	A	49	0	0	1	0
3	В	23	0	0	0	0
All	All	7787	0	8018	55	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 55 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their



clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:601[B]:LMT:H6E		1.38	1.00
2:A:601[B]:LMT:H6E	2:A:601[B]:LMT:C2B	1.92	0.97
2:A:601[B]:LMT:H6E	2:A:601[B]:LMT:C1B	1.98	0.94
2:A:601[B]:LMT:H6E	2:A:601[B]:LMT:H1B	1.56	0.86
2:A:601[A]:LMT:H2B	2:A:601[A]:LMT:O3'	1.77	0.85

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	468/478 (98%)	453 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	442/478 (92%)	427 (97%)	14 (3%)	1 (0%)	44	61
All	All	910/956~(95%)	880 (97%)	29 (3%)	1 (0%)	48	67

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	269	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	450/446 (101%)	437 (97%)	13 (3%)	37	58	
1	В	427/446 (96%)	403 (94%)	24 (6%)	17	30	
All	All	877/892 (98%)	840 (96%)	37 (4%)	26	42	

5 of 37 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	258	SER
1	В	425	ASN
1	В	271	SER
1	В	340	ARG
1	A	475	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	104	ASN
1	В	348	ASN
1	В	417	ASN
1	A	448	ASN
1	A	327	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Res		Dec	T inle	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	LMT	В	601	-	36,36,36	0.47	0	47,47,47	1.45	9 (19%)
2	LMT	A	601[A]	-	36,36,36	0.47	0	47,47,47	0.82	1 (2%)
2	LMT	A	601[B]	-	36,36,36	0.46	0	47,47,47	0.92	1 (2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	LMT	В	601	-	-	10/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
2	LMT	A	601[A]	-	-	13/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
2	LMT	A	601[B]	-	-	8/21/61/61	0/2/2/2

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	601	LMT	O1B-C4'-C5'	3.47	118.57	109.48
2	В	601	LMT	C1B-O5B-C5B	3.14	119.86	113.72
2	В	601	LMT	C1'-O5'-C5'	2.97	119.51	113.72
2	В	601	LMT	C1-O1'-C1'	-2.46	109.47	113.68
2	A	601[A]	LMT	C1B-C2B-C3B	2.38	115.02	110.01

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 31 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601[A]	LMT	O5'-C1'-O1'-C1
2	A	601[B]	LMT	C5'-C4'-O1B-C1B
2	В	601	LMT	C5'-C4'-O1B-C1B
2	В	601	LMT	O5B-C5B-C6B-O6B

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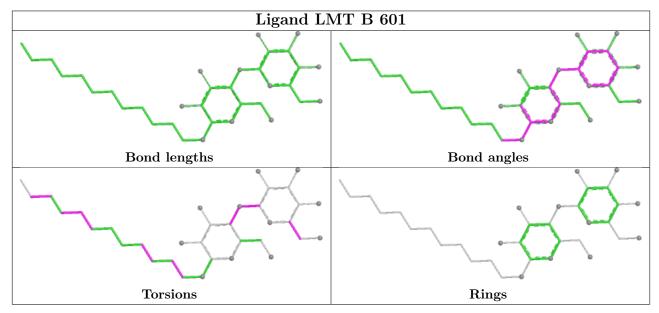
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601[A]	LMT	C2'-C1'-O1'-C1

There are no ring outliers.

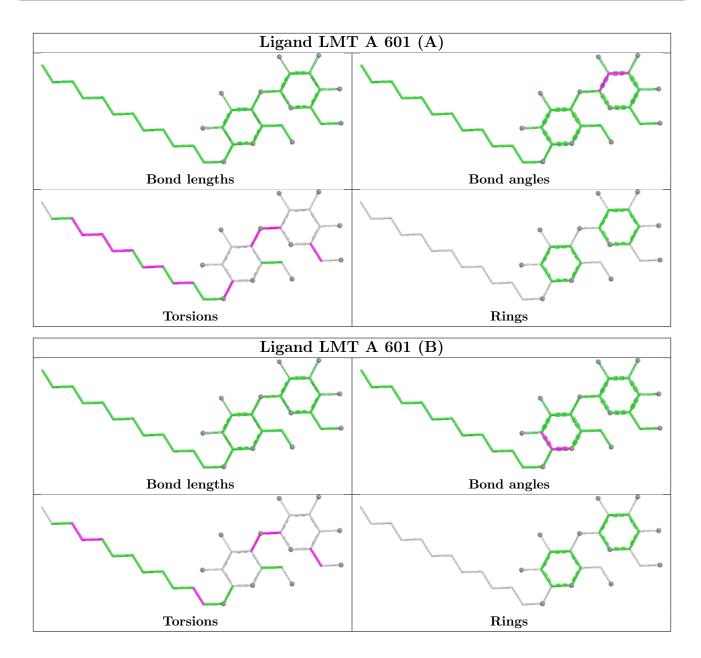
2 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	601[A]	LMT	5	0
2	A	601[B]	LMT	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	463/478 (96%)	-0.25	7 (1%) 71 69	47, 69, 107, 131	0
1	В	439/478 (91%)	0.12	19 (4%) 40 37	47, 85, 136, 160	2 (0%)
All	All	902/956 (94%)	-0.07	26 (2%) 54 52	47, 75, 127, 160	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 26 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	226	LEU	6.8
1	В	427	ILE	5.3
1	A	226	LEU	4.8
1	В	446	ASN	4.2
1	В	0	ALA	4.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

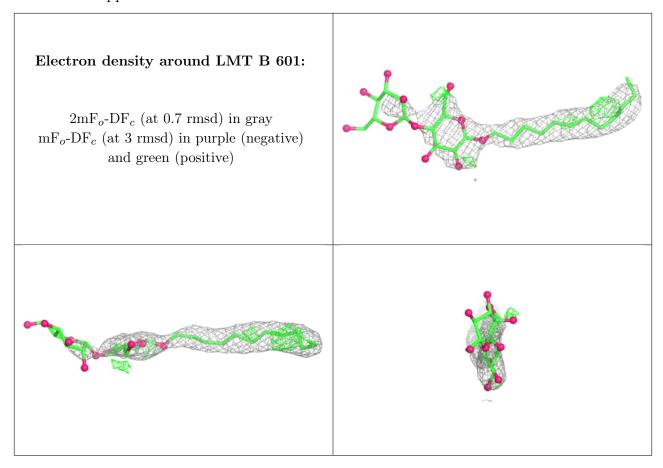
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	LMT	В	601	35/35	0.89	0.22	58,88,110,114	35
2	LMT	A	601[B]	35/35	0.93	0.12	63,99,116,121	35
2	LMT	A	601[A]	35/35	0.93	0.12	72,107,133,136	35

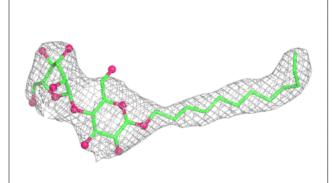
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

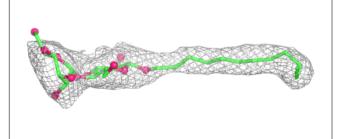


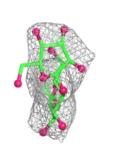


Electron density around LMT A 601 (B):

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

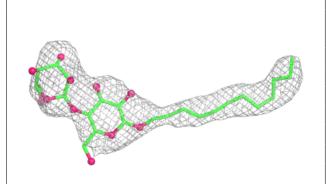


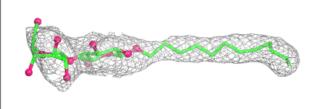


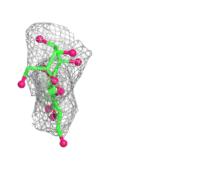


Electron density around LMT A 601 (A):

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

