

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Oct 8, 2024 – 03:42 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3QEK

Title: Crystal structure of amino terminal domain of the NMDA receptor subunit

GluN1

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Deposited on : 2011-01-20

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$ 

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1

EDS: 3.0

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

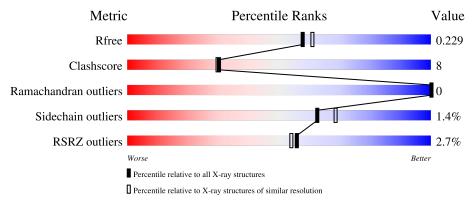
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$		
$R_{free}$	164625	9409 (2.00-2.00)		
Clashscore	180529	10737 (2.00-2.00)		
Ramachandran outliers	177936	10628 (2.00-2.00)		
Sidechain outliers	177891	10627 (2.00-2.00)		
RSRZ outliers	164620	9409 (2.00-2.00)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	384	82%	12%	6%
1	В	384	77%	16%	• 7%
2	С	3	67%	33%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5994 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

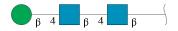
• Molecule 1 is a protein called NMDA glutamate receptor subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	361	Total 2789	C 1779	N 485	O 514	S 2	Se 9	0	0	0
1	В	358	Total 2780	C 1770		O 511	S 2	Se 9	0	2	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	22	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q91977
A	61	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q91977
A	371	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q91977
В	22	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q91977
В	61	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q91977
В	371	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q91977

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

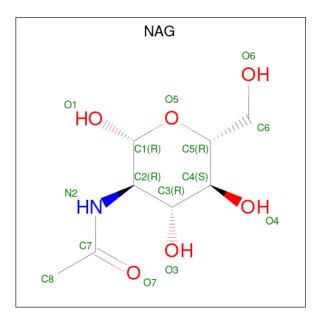
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$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	1	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	1	0
4	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	1	0
4	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

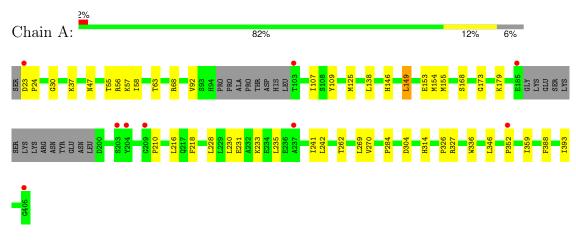
$\mathbf{M}$	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	ó	A	175	Total O 175 175	0	0
5	ó	В	153	Total O 153 153	0	0



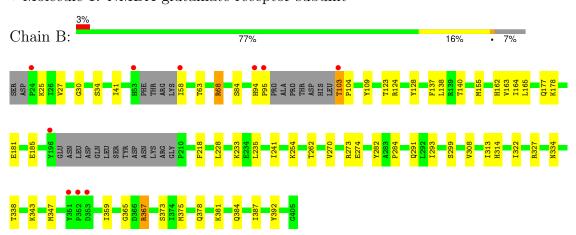
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: NMDA glutamate receptor subunit



• Molecule 1: NMDA glutamate receptor subunit



• Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	47.32Å 92.81Å 209.98Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.95 - 2.00	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	29.95 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	97.2 (29.95-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.6 (29.95-2.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.40	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.16 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.6.4_486)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.192 , 0.226	Depositor
It, It free	0.194 , $0.229$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3211  reflections  (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	33.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.347	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 44.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5994	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.76% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, K, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.40	0/2836	0.54	0/3834	
1	В	0.37	0/2831	0.55	1/3820 (0.0%)	
All	All	0.39	0/5667	0.55	1/7654 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	124	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.00	117.80	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2789	0	2766	31	0
1	В	2780	0	2789	64	0
2	С	39	0	34	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	28	0	26	0	0
4	В	28	0	26	2	0
5	A	175	0	0	6	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	153	0	0	9	0
All	All	5994	0	5641	94	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 94 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:155:MSE:HE2	1:B:163:VAL:HG11	1.10	1.08
1:B:155:MSE:HE3	1:B:241:ILE:HD11	1.36	1.03
1:B:347:MSE:HE2	1:B:365:GLY:HA3	1.39	1.00
1:A:216:LEU:HB3	1:A:228:LEU:HD11	1.46	0.98
1:B:155:MSE:HE2	1:B:163:VAL:CG1	1.95	0.96

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	355/384~(92%)	345 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	352/384~(92%)	346 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	707/768 (92%)	691 (98%)	16 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar



resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	295/321 (92%)	291 (99%)	4 (1%)	62 68
1	В	298/321 (93%)	294 (99%)	4 (1%)	65 71
All	All	593/642 (92%)	585 (99%)	8 (1%)	62 71

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	367	ARG
1	В	138	LEU
1	В	68	ARG
1	A	346	LEU
1	В	103	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	В	294	ASN
1	В	334	ASN
1	В	384	GLN
1	A	384	GLN
1	A	94	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and



the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	in Res Link Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.63	0
2	BMA	С	3	2	11,11,12	1.14	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.96	6 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mo	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	С	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	С	3	BMA	C4-C5	2.60	1.58	1.53

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	С	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	-3.08	105.16	109.64
2	С	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6	3.01	113.52	107.66
2	С	3	BMA	O3-C3-C2	2.68	115.53	110.05
2	С	3	BMA	O2-C2-C3	2.64	115.61	110.15
2	С	3	BMA	O3-C3-C4	2.50	116.26	110.38

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

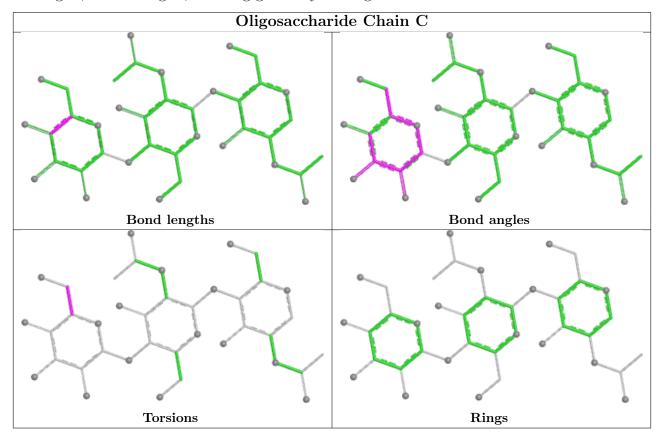
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.



No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trme	oe Chain	n Res	es Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type				Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	A	503	1	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.72	0
4	NAG	В	502	1	14,14,15	0.60	0	17,19,21	0.78	0
4	NAG	В	503	1	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	0.74	1 (5%)
4	NAG	A	502	1	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.95	1 (5%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	503	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	502	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	503	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	502	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
4	A	502	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.78	119.17	122.90
4	В	503	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.03	114.90	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	502	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	В	502	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	A	502	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	502	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	503	NAG	2	0

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	352/384 (91%)	0.04	9 (2%) 57 55	19, 34, 61, 78	0
1	В	349/384 (90%)	0.09	10 (2%) 54 52	21, 37, 56, 68	2 (0%)
All	All	701/768 (91%)	0.07	19 (2%) 56 54	19, 36, 58, 78	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 19 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	95	PRO	4.2
1	В	24	PRO	4.0
1	A	23	ASP	3.9
1	A	203	SER	3.6
1	A	204	TYR	3.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

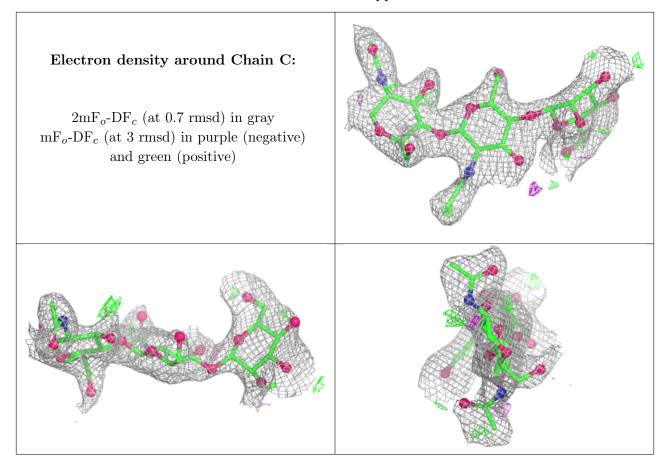
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.67	0.14	61,64,69,71	3
2	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.74	0.16	51,55,62,63	4
2	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.75	0.14	65,68,72,72	3

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosac-



charide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NAG	В	502	14/15	0.59	0.15	56,67,72,73	4
4	NAG	A	503	14/15	0.77	0.13	52,58,68,73	3
4	NAG	В	503	14/15	0.78	0.11	63,68,74,78	2
4	NAG	A	502	14/15	0.82	0.11	44,53,60,60	3
3	K	В	501	1/1	0.99	0.05	30,30,30,30	0
3	K	A	501	1/1	1.00	0.06	25,25,25,25	0

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

