

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 22, 2020 - 05:02 PM BST

PDB ID : 6QBT

Title : Structure of the HTLV-2 integrase catalytic core domain in complex with mag-

nesium (trimeric form)

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Deposited on : 2018-12-21

Resolution : 2.29 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Mol Probity & : & 4.02b\text{-}467 \\ Xtriage & (Phenix) & : & 1.13 \end{array}$ 

EDS : 2.14.6

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) oteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

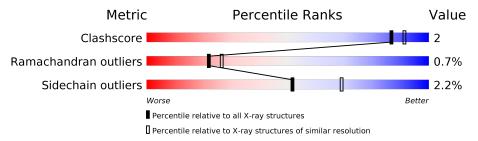
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.14.6

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.29 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar  resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,  resolution  range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	169	78%	8%	12%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1255 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called HTLV-2 integrase catalytic core domain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	148	Total 1195	C 767	N 210	O 212	S 6	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mo	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2		A	1	Total Mg	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

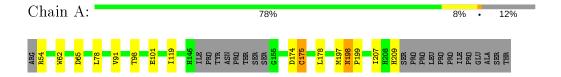
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	59	Total O 59 59	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HTLV-2 integrase catalytic core domain





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants	115.92Å 115.92Å 115.92Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.98 - 2.29	Depositor
Resolution (A)	40.98 - 2.29	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (40.98-2.29)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	93.3 (40.98-2.29)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.02	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.16 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
D D.	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.233 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	42.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.35\;,39.2$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	1255	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	39.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.08% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.72	$1/1227 \ (0.1\%)$	0.86	5/1664 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	174	ASP	C-N	-12.61	1.05	1.34

#### All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	174	ASP	C-N-CA	12.56	153.10	121.70
1	A	198	ASN	C-N-CD	-9.02	100.75	120.60
1	A	174	ASP	O-C-N	-8.29	109.44	122.70
1	A	65	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.64	123.38	118.30
1	A	174	ASP	CA-C-N	5.59	129.49	117.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	175	CYS	Mainchain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	198	ASN	Mainchain,Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1195	0	1187	5	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	59	0	0	1	2
All	All	1255	0	1187	5	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (5) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:209:HIS:O	3:A:401:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
1:A:98:THR:OG1	1:A:101:GLU:OE1	2.18	0.52
1:A:175:CYS:HB3	1:A:178:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.52
1:A:197:MET:CE	1:A:207:ILE:HD12	2.48	0.44
1:A:62:TRP:HB2	1:A:119:ILE:HG22	2.03	0.41

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
3:A:436:HOH:O	3:A:446:HOH:O[7_665]	1.49	0.71
3:A:441:HOH:O	3:A:456:HOH:O[10_646]	2.19	0.01



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	144/169 (85%)	140 (97%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	22 26

#### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	199	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles	
1	A	134/154 (87%)	131 (98%)	3 (2%)	52 69

#### All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	$\mathbf{Type}$	
1	A	54	ARG	
1	A	78	LEU	
1	A	91	VAL	

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	79	HIS
1	A	133	GLN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	
1	A	174:ASP	С	175:CYS	N	1.05



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

